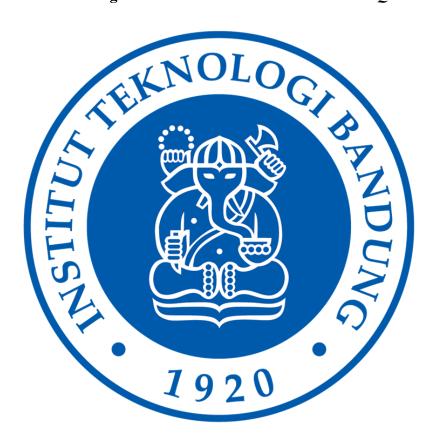
## TUGAS KECIL 2 IF2211 STRATEGI ALGORITMA:

# IMPLEMENTASI CONVEX HULL untuk VISUALISASI TES LINEAR SEPARABILITY DATASET dengan ALGORITMA DIVIDE AND CONQUER



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PROGRAM STUDI TEKNIK INFORMATIKA
SEKOLAH TEKNIK ELEKTRO DAN INFORMATIKA
INSTITUT TEKNOLOGI BANDUNG

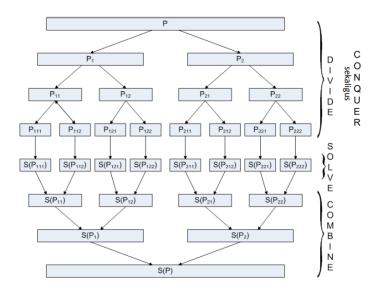
BANDUNG

2022

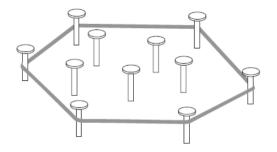
# A. Algoritma Divide and Conquer

#### 1. Definisi

Divide and Conquer adalah suatu algoritma yang membagi sebuah persoalan menjadi beberapa sub-persoalan yang memiliki kemiripan dengan persoalan semua namun berukuran lebih kecil. Algoritma ini melakukan dua buah aksi penting, yaitu conquer(solve) dan combine. Conquer menyelesaikan masing masing sub-persoalan dan combine adalah menggabungkan solusi masing masing sub-persoalan sehingga membentuk solusi persoalan semula. Berikut ilustrasi dari algoritma Divide and Conquer.



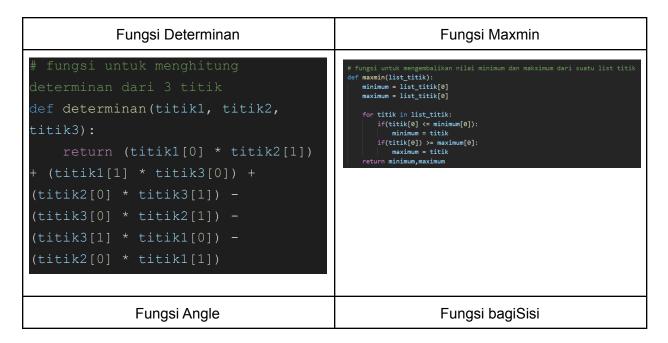
2. Implementasi Algoritma Divide and Conquer untuk menyelesaikan masalah Convex Hull Convex hull adalah salah satu permasalahan yang berkaitan dengan bidang geometri komputasional. Convex hull ini didefinisikan sebagai himpunan titik terkecil yang mengandung koordinat yang sifatnya convex. Suatu koordinat bisa dikatakan convex apabila 2 buah titik sembarang pada semua segmen garis berakhir pada kedua titik tersebut terdapat pada koordinat tersebut.



Pada permasalahan ini, terdapat beberapa algoritma yang dapat digunakan seperti, algoritma *Graham Scan*, algoritma, *Jarvis's March*, dan algoritma *Quickhull*. Pada tugas kecil 2 ini, saya menggunakan algoritma *Quickhull* dan menggunakan konsep strategi Divide and Conquer. Berikut merupakan langkah langkah untuk mencari *Convex Hull* dengan menggunakan algoritma *Quickhull*:

- 1. Cari titik maksimum(kanan) dan minimum(kiri) dari suatu set of titik.
- 2. Setelah didapatkan titik titik yang saling berkaitan maka partisi set of titik dibagi menjadi dua dengan menggunakan determinan, apabila nilai determinan bernilai minus, maka set titik tersebut berada di segmen kiri(bawah) S1 dan apabila nilai determinan bernilai positif, maka set titik tersebut berada di segmen kanan(atas) S2.
- 3. Kumpulan titik pada S1 akan membentuk convex hull bagian bawah, dan kumpulan titik pada S2 akan membentuk convex hull bagian atas. S merupakan hasil gabungan (merge) dari S1 dan S2.
- 4. Sebelum dilakukan penggabungan pada S1 dan S2. diterapkan algoritma divide and conquer pada S1 dan S2, dalam program saya menggunakan algoritma quickhull dengan menggunakan fungsi quickhull\_kiri dan quickhull\_kanan, secara rekursif sampai tidak ada lagi titik yang bisa diproses lagi.
- 5. Hasil dari langkah ke-4 dilakukan penggabungan antara hasil rekursif S1 dan hasil rekursif S2 yang menjadi hasil penggabungan S.
- 6. Kembalikan pasangan titik yang dihasilkan.

# B. Kode Program



```
fungsi untuk membagi 2 sisi kiri
def angle(A,B,C):
   Ax, Ay = A[0]-B[0], A[1]-B[1]
   Cx, Cy = C[0]-B[0], C[1]-B[1]
   a = atan2(Ay, Ax)
   c = atan2(Cy, Cx)
   if a < 0: a += pi*2
   if c < 0: c += pi*2
   return (pi*2 + c - a) if a > c else (c - a)
                                             def bagiSisi(points,min,max):
                                                 kiri = []
                                                  for titik in points:
                                                      if(not((titik[0] == min[0])
                                             and (titik[1] == min[1])) and
                                             not((titik[0] == max[0]) and
                                             if(determinan(min, max, titik) > 0):
                                                                kanan.append(titik)
                                             if(determinan(min, max, titik) < 0):</pre>
                                                                kiri.append(titik)
            Fungsi cariIndeks
                                                            Fungsi merge
def cariIndeks(titik,coordinate):
                                              # Fungsi untuk menyatukan 2 buah list
                                              def merge(list1, list2):
     if(coordinate[0] == a[0] and coordinate[1] == a[1]):
                                                   for x in list2:
                                                       list1.append(x)
                                                   return list1
           Fungsi quickhull kiri
                                                       Fungsi quickhull_kanan
```

```
def quickhull_kanan(kanan,min_absis,max_absis,titik):
    if(len(kanan)==0):
        result = [[cariIndeks(titik,min_absis),cariIndeks(titik,max_absis)]]
        return result
    else:
        sudut = 0
        temp = kanan[0]
        for coordinate in kanan:
            if(sudut < angle(max_absis,min_absis,coordinate)):
                 sudut = angle(max_absis,min_absis,coordinate)
                 temp = coordinate
                 _,kanan_baru1 = bagiSisi(kanan,min_absis,temp)
                 _,kanan_baru2 = bagiSisi(kanan,temp,max_absis)
    # bagian yagn rekursi
    result1 = quickhull_kanan(kanan_baru1,min_absis,temp,titik)
    result2 = quickhull_kanan(kanan_baru2,temp,max_absis,titik)
    return merge(result1, result2)</pre>
```

## Fungsi myhull

```
# setelah melakukan quickhull pada masing masing sisi, maka dilakukan penggabungan antara
# quickhull kiri dan kanan
def myHull(titik):
    result = []
    min_absis,max_absis = maxmin(titik)
    kiri,kanan = bagiSisi(titik,min_absis,max_absis)
    result_kiri = quickhull_kiri(kiri,min_absis,max_absis,titik)
    result_kanan = quickhull_kanan(kanan,min_absis,max_absis,titik)
    result = merge(result_kanan, result_kiri)
    return result
```

# convexhull.py Keseluruhan:

```
def maxmin(list_titik):
    minimum = list_titik[0]
    maximum = list_titik[0]
   for titik in list_titik:
    if(titik[0] <= minimum[0]):
        minimum = titik
    if(titik[0]) >= maximum[0]:
        maximum = titik
    return minimum,maximum
def angle(A,B,C):
    Ax, Ay = A[0]-B[0], A[1]-B[1]
    Cx, Cy = C[0]-B[0], C[1]-B[1]
    a = atan2(Ay, Ax)
    c = atan2(Cy, Cx)
    if a < 0: a == pi*2
    return (pi*2 + c - a) if a > c else (c - a)
def cariIndeks(titik,coordinate):
       "carlinese."
i = 0
for a in titk:
    if(condinate[0] == a[0] and coordinate[1] == a[1]):
        return i
else:
        i == 1
def merge(list1, list2):
    for x in list2:
        list1.append(x)
def merge(list1, list2):
    for x in list2:
        list1.append(x)
    return list1
 def quickhull_kiri(kiri,min_absis,max_absis,titik):
          #print(kiri_barul,kiri_baru2)
result1 = quickhull_kiri(kiri_baru1,min_absis,temp,titik)
result2 = quickhull_kiri(kiri_baru2,temp,max_absis,titik)
return merge(result1, result2)
 def quickhull_kanan(kanan,min_absis,max_absis,titik):
   if(lan(kanan)==0):
        result = [[cariIndeks(titik,min_absis),cariIndeks(titik,max_absis)]]
        return result
                  se:
    sudut = 0
    temp = kaman(0)
    for coordinate in kanan:
        if(sudut < angla(max_absis,min_absis,coordinate)):
            sudut = angla(max_absis,min_absis,coordinate)
            sudut = angla(max_absis,min_absis,coordinate)
            __kaman_barut = bagsisii(kanan,min_absis,temp)
            __kaman_barut = bagsisii(kanan,temp,max_absis)
            result1 = quickhull, kanan(kanan_barut,min_absis,temp,titik)
            result2 = quickhull, kanan(kanan_barut,temp,max_absis,titik)
            return merge(result1, result2)
 def myHull(titik):
    result = []
```

```
🅏 main.py > .
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      from convexhull import myHull
     import pandas as pd
     x = True
     while x:
          print("Berikut daftar dataset yang bisa digunakan: ")
          print("1. Iris")
          print("2. Breast Cancer")
          print("3. Wine")
          pilihan = int(input("Pilihan Dataset: "))
          if(pilihan >= 1 and pilihan<= 3):
              if(pilihan == 1):
                  data = datasets.load_iris()
              elif(pilihan == 2):
                  data = datasets.load_breast_cancer()
              elif(pilihan == 3):
                  data = datasets.load_wine()
              df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
              df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
              jumlahAttribut = len(data.feature_names)
              print(" ")
              print("Berikut daftar attribute: ")
              for i in range(jumlahAttribut):
             print(str(i+1) + "." +data.feature_names[i])
x = int(input("Pilihan attribute x: "))
y = int(input("Pilihan attribute y: "))
              if ((x>=1 and x<= jumlahAttribut) and (y>=1 and y <= jumlahAttribut) and (x != y)):
                  plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
                   label = len(df['Target'].unique())
                  plt.title(str(data.feature_names[x-1])+" vs "+str(data.feature_names[y-1]))
                  plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[x-1])
                  plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[y-1])
                   for i in range(label):
                      bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
                      bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[x-1,y-1]].values
                      hull = myHull(bucket) #implementasi convexhull
                      plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i], color=colors[i])
                       for simplex in hull:
                          plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], color=colors[i])
                  plt.legend()
                  plt.show()
                  plt.close('all')
                  print("invalid attribute")
              print("Masukan Salah")
          endState = input("\nMau coba dataset yang lain? (Y/N): ")
          if endState.upper() != "Y":
```

#### C. Screenshot

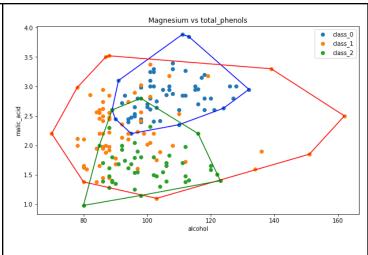
#### Dataset Iris:

```
Petal Width vs Petal Length
 from sklearn import datasets
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    setosa
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          versicolor
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         virginica
                                                                                                                                         4.0
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
                                                                                                                                      Ê 3.5 ⋅
 print(df.head())
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Petal Width vs Petal Length')
plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
                                                                                                                                     width
                                                                                                                                     0.8 ga
 for in range(len(data.target_names)):
   bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
   bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[0,1]].values
   hull = myHull(bucket)
                                                                                                                                         2.5
       plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
                                                                                                                                         2.0
       for simplex in hull:
           plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
                                                                                                                                                                            5.0
                                                                                                                                                          4.5
                                                                                                                                                                                            5.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                             6.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                               6.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 7.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  7.5
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   8.0
  plt.legend()
                                                                                                                                                                                                         sepal length (cm)
                                                                                                                                                                                              Sepal Width vs Sepal Length
                                                                                                                                                  setosaversicolor
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                                                                                                                                  virginica
data = datasets.load iris()
                                                                                                                                         2.0
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
print(df.shape)
                                                                                                                                      Ē 1.5
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Sepal Width vs Sepal Length')
plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
                                                                                                                                     width
                                                                                                                                     8 1.0
plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
  bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
  bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[2,3]].values
                                                                                                                                         0.5
      hull = myHull(bucket)
       plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
      for simplex in hull:
    plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
                                                                                                                                                                                                         sepal length (cm)
```

## **Dataset Wine:**

```
Alcohol vs malic acid
                                                                                                                                                                                 dass_0
                                                                                                                                                                                 dass_1
                                                                                                                                                                                 dass_2
 data = datasets.load_wine()
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
print(df.shape)
                                                                                             malic_acid
w
 print(df.head())
 plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
 colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Alcohol vs malic_acid')
 plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
                                                                                               2
 plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
     bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[0,1]].values
     hull = myHull(bucket)
                                                                                                                                            13.0
alcohol
                                                                                                   11.0
                                                                                                              11.5
                                                                                                                         12.0
                                                                                                                                    12.5
                                                                                                                                                         13.5
                                                                                                                                                                    14.0
                                                                                                                                                                               14.5
                                                                                                                                                                                          15.0
     plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
         plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
plt.legend()
                                                                                                                                     Ash vs Alcalinity of ash
                                                                                               30.0
                                                                                                      dass_0
                                                                                                         class_1
                                                                                                      •
                                                                                                         dass 2
                                                                                               27.5
data = datasets.load_wine()
                                                                                               25.0
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
                                                                                               22.5
print(df.shape)
print(df.head())
                                                                                               20.0
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
                                                                                               17.5
colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Ash vs Alcalinity of ash')
                                                                                               15.0
plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
                                                                                               12.5
for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
    bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
                                                                                               10.0
     bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[2,3]].values
                                                                                                                                                                                       3.25
                                                                                                            1.50
                                                                                                                       1.75
                                                                                                                                                                  2.75
                                                                                                                                  2.00
                                                                                                                                                       2.50
                                                                                                                                                                             3.00
     hull = myHull(bucket)
                                                                                                                                             alcohol
     plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
     for simplex in hull:
         plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
plt.legend()
```

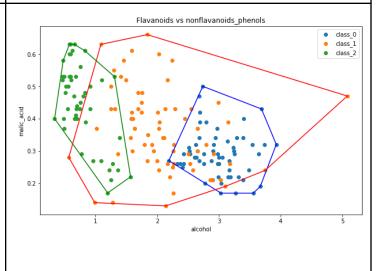
```
import pandas as pd
data = datasets.load_wine()
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
print(df.shape)
print(df.head())
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Magnesium vs total_phenols')
plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
   bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[4,5]].values
    hull = myHull(bucket)
    plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
     for simplex in hull:
        plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
plt.legend()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import datasets
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

data = datasets.load_wine()
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
print(df.shape)
print(df.shape)
print(df.head())

plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Flavanoids vs nonflavanoids_phenols')
plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
    bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
    bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[6,7]].values
    hull = myHull(bucket)
    plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
    for simplex in hull:
        plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
plt.legend()
```



#### **Dataset Cancerbreast:**

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                                                                                                                               Mean radius vs mean texture
                                                                                             40
                                                                                                                                                                                 malignant
                                                                                                                                                                              benign
                                                                                             35
data = datasets.load_breast_cancer()
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
                                                                                             30
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
print(df.shape)
print(df.head())
                                                                                            25
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Mean radius vs mean texture')
                                                                                             20
plt.xlabel(data.feature names[0])
plt.vlabel(data.feature names[1])
                                                                                             15
 for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
    bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[0,1]].values
    hull = myHull(bucket)
    plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
     for simplex in hull:
        plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
plt.legend()
                                                                                                                                Mean perimeter vs mean area
from sklearn import datasets
                                                                                             2500

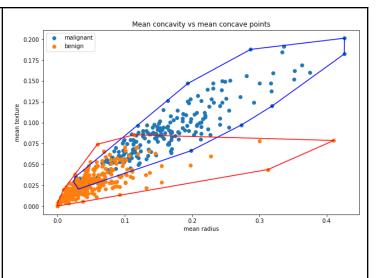
    malignant

import pandas as pd
                                                                                                        benign
data = datasets.load_breast_cancer()
                                                                                             2000
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
print(df.shape)
                                                                                         mean texture
1000
print(df.head())
plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Mean perimeter vs mean area')
plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
                                                                                             1000
plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
 for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
                                                                                              500
    bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[2,3]].values
    hull = myHull(bucket)
    plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
                                                                                                              60
                                                                                                                          80
                                                                                                                                    100
                                                                                                                                               120
                                                                                                                                                           140
                                                                                                                                                                      160
                                                                                                                                                                                 180
     for simplex in hull:
        plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
                                                                                                                          Mean smoothness vs mean compactness
                                                                                             0.35
                                                                                                                                                                                malignant
 import pandas as pd
                                                                                             0.30
 data = datasets.load breast cancer()
 df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
                                                                                             0.25
 df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
print(df.shape)
                                                                                            0.20
 print(df.head())
                                                                                          E 0.15
 plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
 colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Mean smoothness vs mean compactness')
                                                                                             0.10
 plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
 plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
 for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
                                                                                             0.05
      bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[4,5]].values
      hull = myHull(bucket)
                                                                                                         0.06
                                                                                                                                                                   0.14
                                                                                                                                                                                  0.16
      plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
                                                                                                                                         mean radius
      for simplex in hull:
         plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
 plt.legend()
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import datasets
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

data = datasets.load_breast_cancer()
df = pd.DataFrame(data.data, columns=data.feature_names)
df['Target'] = pd.DataFrame(data.target)
print(df.shape)
print(df.head())

plt.figure(figsize = (10, 6))
colors = ['b','r','g']
plt.title('Mean concavity vs mean concave points')
plt.xlabel(data.feature_names[0])
plt.ylabel(data.feature_names[1])
for i in range(len(data.target_names)):
    bucket = df[df['Target'] == i]
    bucket = bucket.iloc[:,[6,7]].values
    hull = myHull(bucket)
    plt.scatter(bucket[:, 0], bucket[:, 1], label=data.target_names[i])
    for simplex in hull:
        plt.plot(bucket[simplex, 0], bucket[simplex, 1], colors[i])
plt.legend()
```



# D. Alamat Drive dan Link Github

Link Drive:

Link Github: https://github.com/kibare/13520111 Tucil2

## E. CHECKLIST

Point	YA	TIDAK
Pustaka myConvexHull berhasil dibuat dan tidak ada kesalahan	>	
2. Convex hull yang dihasilkan sudah benar	<b>&gt;</b>	
3. Pustaka myConvexHull dapat digunakan untuk menampilkan convex hull setiap label dengan warna yang berbeda	>	
4. <b>Bonus</b> : program dapat menerima input dan menuliskan output untuk dataset lainnya	V	