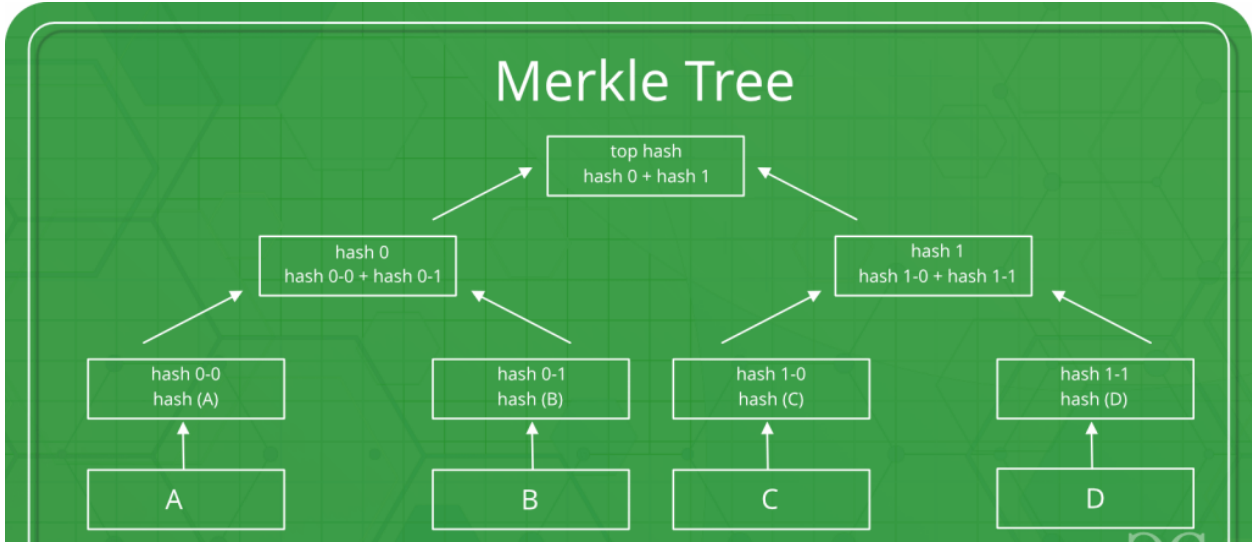


Input	Output
None	Merkle root

Process
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Get transactions hashes as function parameter 2. Concatenate every two hashes and hash them using SHA-512 algorithm in ecc package. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Import module: from ecc import sha512 b. Use algorithm: "sha512.Sha512(string.encode(utf-8')).hexdigest()", returns 64 byte hex string 3. Hash the concatenated hashes and repeat until only one hash is left, that hash is the Merkle Root

A diagram to help



A B C D = transaction hashes
Where the *top hash* is the Merkle Root.

MerkleTreeNode.MerkleTreeNode() class constructor IPO

Input	Output
None	None

Process
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Initialize self.left, self.right to None 2. Initialize self.data to parameter data 3. Initialize self.hash to the hashes value of self.data

MerkleTree.get_root() IPO

Input	Output
None	Merkle root

Process
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Convert transaction list to MerkleTreeNode object and add to a list named nodes 2. Loop through nodes by incrementing by 2 3. Concatenate node1 and node2 and convert this data into MerkleTreeNode object and append to a temporary list. 4. Assign the temporary list to nodes list 5. Loop through until loop finishes 6. Nodes[0] is the merkle root