

## Support Vector Classifier

In linear discrimination, we seek an affine function that classifies the points. i.e.

$$\begin{cases} \underline{a^T x_i - b} > 0 & (i = 1, \dots, N) \\ \underline{a^T y_i - b} < 0 & (i = 1, \dots, M) \end{cases} \quad (8.20)$$

Since the inequalities above are homogeneous in  $a$  and  $b$ , (8.20) is feasible if and only if

$$\begin{cases} \underline{a^T x_i - b} \geq 1 & (i = 1, \dots, N) \\ \underline{a^T y_i - b} \leq -1 & (i = 1, \dots, M) \end{cases}$$

is feasible.

relax by  
introducing nonnegative  
variables  $u_i, v_i$

$$\begin{cases} \underline{a^T x_i - b} \geq 1 - u_i & (i = 1, \dots, N) \end{cases}$$



$$Q^T y_i - b \leq -1 + v_i \quad (i=1, \dots, m)$$



$$\min. \quad \mathbf{1}^T u + \mathbf{1}^T v$$

$$\text{s.t.} \quad Q^T x_i - b \geq 1 - u_i \quad (i=1, \dots, N)$$

$$Q^T y_i - b \leq -1 + v_i \quad (i=1, \dots, m)$$

$$u \geq 0 \quad v \geq 0$$

Linear Program