

Lesson 4

Python Fundamental

Revisit

For loop reinforcement – enhance dice program

While loop

Comparison of for loop and while loop

Boolean Operators (and, or, not)

Boolean Values (True / False)

Functions: range(start, stop, step)

Control Structure: for loop, while loop

Lab: The dice program enhancement, a while loop to sum positive inputs

Exercise: a program that simulates basic backing transactions

Technique We've Learned

Random Library

Decision Making: if-elif-else

Logical Operators (==, !=, <, <=, >, >=)

Boolean Operators (and, or, not)

Boolean Values (True / False)

Functions: range(start, stop, step)

Control Structure: for loop, while loop

Exercise 3 Review

• Refer to <u>code repository</u>

```
__mod = modifier_ob.
  mirror object to mirror
mirror_mod.mirror_object
 peration == "MIRROR_X":
_mod.use_x = True
urror_mod.use_y = False
__mod.use_z = False
 _operation == "MIRROR_Y"
lrror_mod.use_x = False
lrror_mod.use_y = True
 lrror_mod.use_z = False
  _operation == "MIRROR_Z":
  rror_mod.use_x = False
  rror_mod.use_y = False
  rror_mod.use_z = True
  melection at the end -add
   ob.select= 1
   er ob.select=1
   ntext.scene.objects.action
   "Selected" + str(modified
   irror ob.select = 0
  bpy.context.selected_obj
   ata.objects[one.name].se
  wint("please select exactle
  OPERATOR CLASSES ----
     X mirror to the selecter
   ject.mirror_mirror_x"
  oxt.active_object is not
```

Data Structure: List

- A list is a collection of items stored in a specific order.
- The items can be of any type, like numbers, words, or even other lists.
- What is the output of below <u>print</u> statement?

```
mylist = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
print(mylist[2])
```

List - Positioning

Try to print below content:print (mylist[2])

print(mylist[-2])

mylist:	1	2	3	4	5
forward position:	0	1	2	3	4
backward position:	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1

Made with Whimsical

Quiz 1

- True or False:
- A list in Python only store values of the same data type?

(e.g., only numbers or only strings).

Multiple Data Types in a List

Different data types can be stored in a list

```
1 mylist = [1, 2, 'Apple', 3.141592, [4, 5], 'Banana']
2 print(mylist[3], mylist[4])

Running: test.pv
3.141592 [4, 5]
>>>
```

Question: How can you print the number '5' form mylist?

List - Slicing

```
1 mylist = [1, 2, 'Apple', 3.141592, [4, 5], 'Banana']
 print(mylist[3], mylist[4][1])
 3 print(mylist[3], mylist[-2][1])
Running: test.pv
3.141592 5
3.141592 5
                                             2
                         mylist:
                                                  Apple
                                                         3.141592
                                                                   [4.5]
                                                                            Banana
>>>
                     forward position:
                                       0
                                                                    4
                                                                  0
                                             -5
                                                                    -2
                     backward position:
                                      -6
                                                   -4
                                                           -3
                                                                             -1
                                                                  0
```

Quiz 2

- What will be the output of the following code?
- A) 1
- B) 3
- C) 4
- D) 5

```
mylist = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
print(mylist[-2])
```

List – Manipulations

```
mylist = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
mylist.append(6)
                             # append a new item to mylist
print(mylist)
anotherList = mylist.copy() # copy mylist to anotherList
print(anotherList)
anotherList.clear()
                             # clear all content of anotherList
print(anotherList)
print(mylist.index(3))
                             #return the index of first element
mylist.insert(2, 2.5)
                             # insert an item to position 2

print(mylist)

mylist.pop(2)
                             # remove item from position 2
print(mylist)
mylist.remove(1)
                             # remove the first occurrence of '1' from mylist

print(mylist)

mylist.sort()
print(mylist)
                             # sort the list in ascending order
 mylist.sort(reverse=True)
print(mylist)
                             # sort the list in descending order
```

```
🖟 append()
            clear()
            🛪 copy()
            ∢count()
            → extend()
list
           → index()
            → insert()
            > pop()
            `remove()
            'reverse()
             sort()؛
```

Quiz 3

• The following list is given:

```
mylist = ["apple", "banana", "cherry", "mango"]
```

- How would you modify this list to:
 - Add "grape" to the end? (.append)
 - Remove "banana"? (.remove)
 - Sot mylist (.sort)
 - Print all elements one by one? (for loop)

List, Tuples, Sets, Dictionaries

Tutorial

Exercise

Create a shopping list:

- 1. Start with an Empty List
 - · Create an empty list called shoppingList.
- Add Items to the List:
 - Ask the user to enter one shopping item at a time.
 - Use a **for** loop to ask for 5 items.
 - After the user enters each item, add (append) it to the shoppingList
 - After all 5 items are entered, sort the shoppingList in alphabetical order.
- 3. Display the List:
 - Use another for loop to print each item in the sorted shoppingList.
- 4. Output should look like this:

```
Enter item 1: milk
Enter item 2: bread
Enter item 3: eggs
Enter item 4: apples
Enter item 5: cereal
Your shopping list is: ['milk', 'bread', 'eggs', 'apples', 'cereal']
```