lec3

August 12, 2016

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In [ ]: #We are going to go over concepts from yesterday and things
        #That people might be confused about.
        #How to define a function and what it means
        #Calling functions within functions
        #Calling functions confused when to define functions
        #and when to define variables
        #Intuition behind functions
            #e.g. Def inches to centimeters x
        #Make connection that x is input in a function
        #The word return
        #Go through lab 1
        #Indentation, columns
        #Different brackets
In [130]: #Write a function called myMultiplier
          #that takes in 3 variables and returns the
          #multiplication of those 3 variables. And those
          #Variables can be int, float, long,
          def myMultiplier(a,b,c):
              return a*b*c
          x=3
          y=4
          z=5
          timnit= myMultiplier(x,y,z)
          \#timnit = myMultiplier(3, 4, 5)
          print timnit
60
In [254]: def timnit_multiplier(a,b,c,d,e,f):
              return myMultiplier(a,b,c) *myMultiplier(d,e,f)
          #what does this return?
In [115]: def passing_grade(h):
              if h>50:
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print 'good'#True
                  return True
              else:
                  print 'bad'#False
                  return False
In []: #One function can call another function. What does this function do?
        def candy_for_grade(g):
            if passing_grade(g):
                return 'candy'
            else:
                return 'no_candy'
In [119]: y=candy_for_grade(100)
          print 'y='+str(y)
good
y=no_candy
In [123]: #if x is None it is evaluated as False.
          x=None
          if x:
              print 'good'
          else:
              print 'bad'
bad
In [255]: candy_for_grade(51)
good
Out [255]: 'no_candy'
In [59]: y=timnit_multiplier(3,4,5,6,7,8)
         print x
In [ ]: #How to define a function (review from lab 1)
        def inchesToCentimeters(x):
             return x*2.54
        def doubleIt(x):
             return 2*x
        def timeFromSeconds(x):
            hour = x/60/60
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minutes = x/60%60
            seconds = x%60
            return str(hour) + ':' + str(minutes) + ':' + str(seconds)
In [241]: #for loops
          fruits=['orange', 'pineapple', 'banana', 'mango']
          x='timnit'
          x='meseret'
          for x in fruits:
              if x=='pineapple':
                  print x
                  #break
                   #continue
              print x
orange
pineapple
pineapple
banana
mango
In [217]: x=[]
          str='a b c d e'
          y=range(0,len(str)/2)
          for y in range (0, len(str)/2):
              x += [y]
          print x
[0, 1, 2, 3]
In [223]: y=range(0, len(str)/2)
          print y
          у[0]
          type(y[0])
          print [y[0]]
          print (type([y[0]]))
[0, 1, 2, 3]
[0]
<type 'list'>
In [195]: numbers=[1,2,3,4,5,6]
          for x in xrange(7):
              if x==3:
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continue
                  #break
              print x
          print x
0
1
2
4
5
6
6
In [ ]: my_fruits=[]
        len (my_fruits)
        my_fruits += ['my_'+fruits[0]]
        my_fruits += ['my_'+fruits[1]]
        my_fruits += ['my_'+fruits[2]]
        my_fruits += ['my_'+fruits[3]]
        print my_fruits
        x = 67
        x = ([67])
        y=[]
        y += [x[0]]
        print y
In [253]: fruits=['orange', 'pineapple', 'banana', 'mango']
          #my_fruits=['my_orange', 'my_pineapple','my_banana','my_mango']
          #my_favorite_fruits=['pineapple','mango']
          #best_fruit = 'banana'
In [158]: #what does this print?
          fruits=['orange', 'pineapple', 'banana', 'mango']
          x='timnit'
          x='meseret'
          for x in fruits:
                  print x
          print x
orange
pineapple
In [ ]: #what does this print?
        fruits=['orange', 'pineapple', 'banana', 'mango']
        x='timnit'
        x='meseret'
```

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for y in fruits:
            if y=='pineapple':
                break
        print y
        print x
In [ ]: #what does this print?
        fruits=['orange', 'pineapple', 'banana', 'mango']
        x='timnit'
        x='meseret'
        for y in fruits:
            if y=='pineapple':
                break
        print y
        print x
In [156]: #what does this print?
          fruits=['orange', 'pineapple', 'banana', 'mango']
          x='timnit'
          x='meseret'
          for y in fruits:
              if y=='pineapple':
                  break
          print y
          print x
pineapple
meseret
In [256]: #what does this print?
          fruits=['orange', 'pineapple', 'banana', 'mango']
          my_fruits=[]
          for x in fruits:
              print my_fruits
[]
[]
[]
[]
In [257]: #Example of for loop
          fruits = ['orange', 'pineapple', 'banana', 'mango']
          my_fruits=[]
          for x in fruits:
              print x
              my_fruits += ['my_'+x]
          my_fruits
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pineapple
banana
mango
Out[257]: ['my_orange', 'my_pineapple', 'my_banana', 'my_mango']
In [258]: #Other useful functions:
          #It will be helpful for today's lab to know the
          #following functions.
          #len(x) returns the length of an iterable data
          #type (such as a str or list) as an int. For example,
          print len('abc')
          print len(['a', 'b', 'c'])
          print len(['a', ['b', 'c', 'd']])
3
3
2
In [259]: #range(x) returns a list of ints from 0 to x - 1.
          #example,
          print range(5)
          print range(2, 5) #Start at 2
          print range(0, 10, 2) #give every 2 values back
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
[2, 3, 4]
[0, 2, 4, 6, 8]
In [ ]: #What does this do
        # Example 1
        for x in range(1000):
           if x == 6:
              break
           print x
In [ ]: #Convert ints to strings
        #Say I have 3 variables
        hours=0
        minutes=1
        seconds=0
        #I want to output '0:1:0'
        #The code below does that
        str(hours)+':'+str(minutes)+':'+str(seconds)
        #str(x) converts x to string from int
```

orange