

Foreign Dependency Criteria: Applies to less developed countries still dependent on ex-colonial states for aid, expertise, and technology. These countries may struggle to defend and promote their national interests due to this dependency.

Realist and Idealist Perspectives:

Realist Perspective (Hans Morgenthau): Realists reject ideological, legal, and moral criteria, emphasizing pragmatism and practical necessity. Hans Morgenthau defines national interest in terms of power pursuit, focusing on control and influence to ensure state survival and security.

Idealist Perspective: Idealists believe in the relevance of legal, ideological, and moral elements in defining national interest. They see actions derived from moral and legal guidelines and principles. The marriage of different criteria, including prudence and pragmatism, shapes national interest.

Exam Questions:

1. Compare and contrast the synoptic and incremental styles of operation in decision-making. Provide examples to illustrate each approach.
2. Examine the role of ideological criteria in shaping international relations, citing historical examples such as the Cold War. How can ideological differences influence cooperation or conflict between countries?
3. Discuss the significance of moral and legal criteria in international politics. Provide examples of actions that can be justified on moral and legal grounds in foreign policy.
4. Explain the pragmatic criteria in decision-making. How does this orientation differ from normative issues, and how does it impact a country's foreign policy?
5. Evaluate the influence of professional advancement criteria on bureaucratic behavior and decision-making in large organizations. How does conformity contribute to success in bureaucratic settings?
6. Examine the role of partisan criteria in decision-making. How can prioritizing the interests of political parties or specific groups impact a country's foreign policy?
7. Discuss the concept of foreign dependency criteria, particularly in less developed countries. How does external dependency influence a nation's ability to defend and promote its national interests?
8. Analyze Hans Morgenthau's realist perspective on national interest. How does he define national interest, and why does he prioritize pragmatic criteria over legal, ideological, and moral considerations?
9. Contrast the realist and idealist perspectives on national interest. How do they differ in their approaches to defining and shaping a country's foreign policy?
10. Explore the US military presence in Afghanistan using both realist and idealist perspectives on national interest. How do these perspectives provide different insights into the situation?

Explanation: