## Supplement: Analysis and code for 'Testing Accuracy in Charts with Surveys'

June 19, 2023

 ${\bf Abstract}$ 

## 1 Survey rounds

The data for this paper were collected in several rounds as part of the NORC Omnibus.

Table 1: Survey rounds: dates, number of participants (nominal sample size), and sum of weights.

Name	Date	# Participants	Weights $\sum_{i} w_{i}$
Round 1	April 2022	942	934.9
Round 2	May 2022	960	953.4

O'Muircheartaigh & Pedlow (2002) suggest combining surveys  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  by multiplying weights in  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  by  $\lambda$  and  $1 - \lambda$ , respectively.

$$\lambda = \frac{n_1/d_1}{n_1/d_1 + n_2/d_2},$$

where  $n_1$  and  $n_2$  are the nominal sample sizes and  $d_1$  and  $d_2$  are the design effects for the estimators. Instead of using design effects itself,  $d_1$  and  $d_2$  are estimated as

$$d_1=1+CV(w_i\in S_1)^2 \quad \text{ and } \quad d_2=1+CV(w_i\in S_2)^2$$

CV is the coefficient of variation of the weights within each sample.

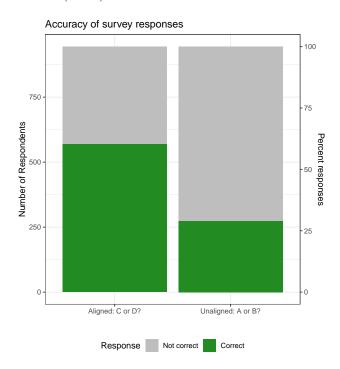
O'Muircheartaigh & Pedlow (2002) calculated  $\lambda$  separately for any combination of race/ethnicity by sex.

We will calculate  $\lambda$  separately whenever we include demographic variables in the analysis, otherwise we will use a single adjustment for the weights.

All calculations are done in R (?) using the survey package (Lumley 2004) version 4.0 (Lumley 2020) based on Lumley (2010).

## 2 Model 1

Accuracy comparing aligned versus unaligned bars. The data used for this is a combination of rounds 1 and 2 using the strategy of weighted sampling weights proposed by O'Muircheartaigh & Pedlow (2002).



## References

Lumley, T. (2004), 'Analysis of complex survey samples', Journal of Statistical Software 9(1), 1–19.

Lumley, T. (2010), Complex Surveys: A Guide to Analysis Using R: A Guide to Analysis Using R, John Wiley and Sons.

Lumley, T. (2020), 'Survey: Analysis of complex survey samples'.

O'Muircheartaigh, C. & Pedlow, S. (2002), Combining Samples Vs. Cumulating Cases: A Comparison of Two Weighting Strategies in NLSY97, in 'ASA Proceedings of the Joint

Statistical Meetings', pp. 2557–2562.

 $\mathbf{URL:}\ http://www.asasrms.org/Proceedings/y2002/Files/JSM2002-001082.pdf$