

# Python: RESTful API application

ITFROVN - Python 2

# Python Flask

03



# 1. Flask environment prepare

1. Install virtual environment và libpq-dev:

```
apt install python3-venv libpq-dev
```

2. Download Flask boilerplate:

```
git clone -b db  
https://github.com/abpabab/flask-boilerplate
```

3. Tạo mới virtual environment:

```
cd flask-boilerplate
```

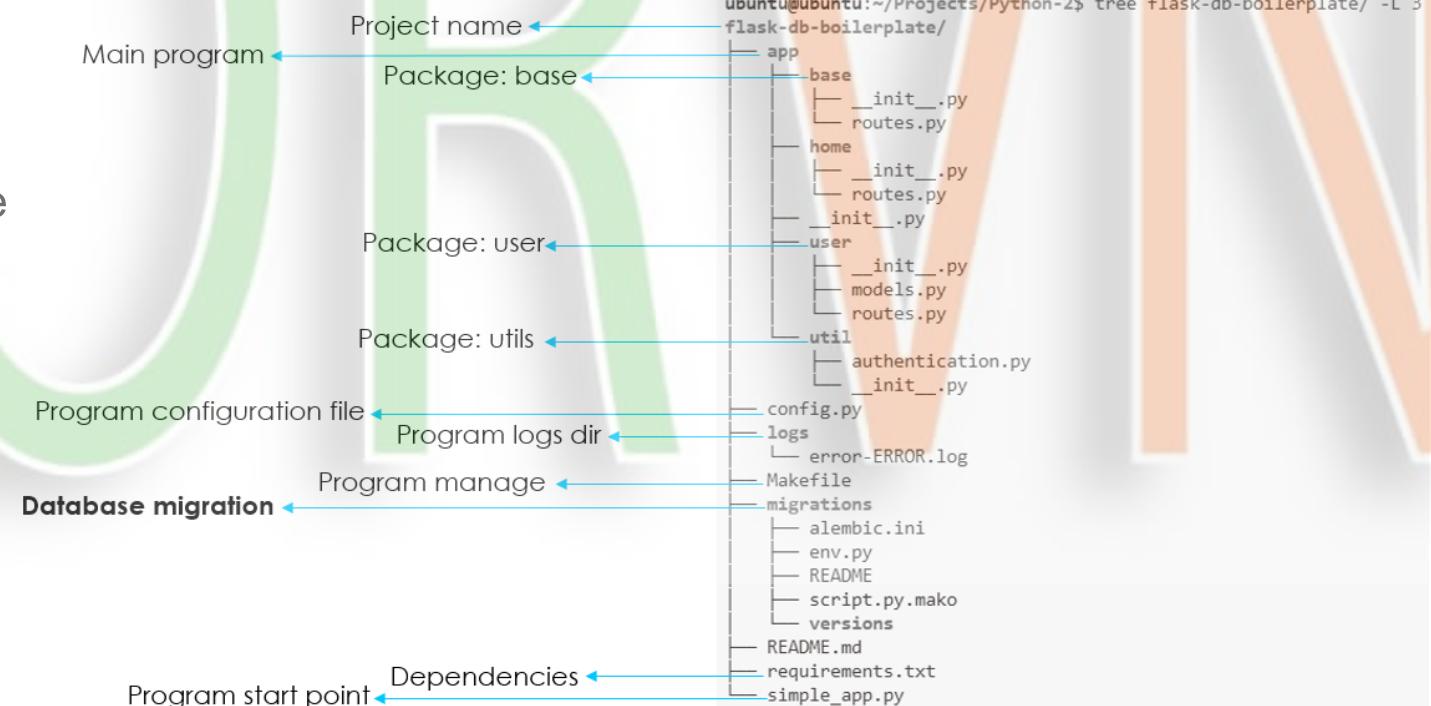
```
python3 -m venv .venv
```

4. Kích hoạt virtual environment:

```
source .venv/bin/activate
```

5. Cài đặt project dependency modules:

```
pip3 install -r requirements.txt
```



## 2. Database prepare - MySQL

- MySQL 8.0 on Ubuntu 20.04:
  - Install MySQL server: apt install mysql-server
  - Create Database and User:

```
(root) # mysql

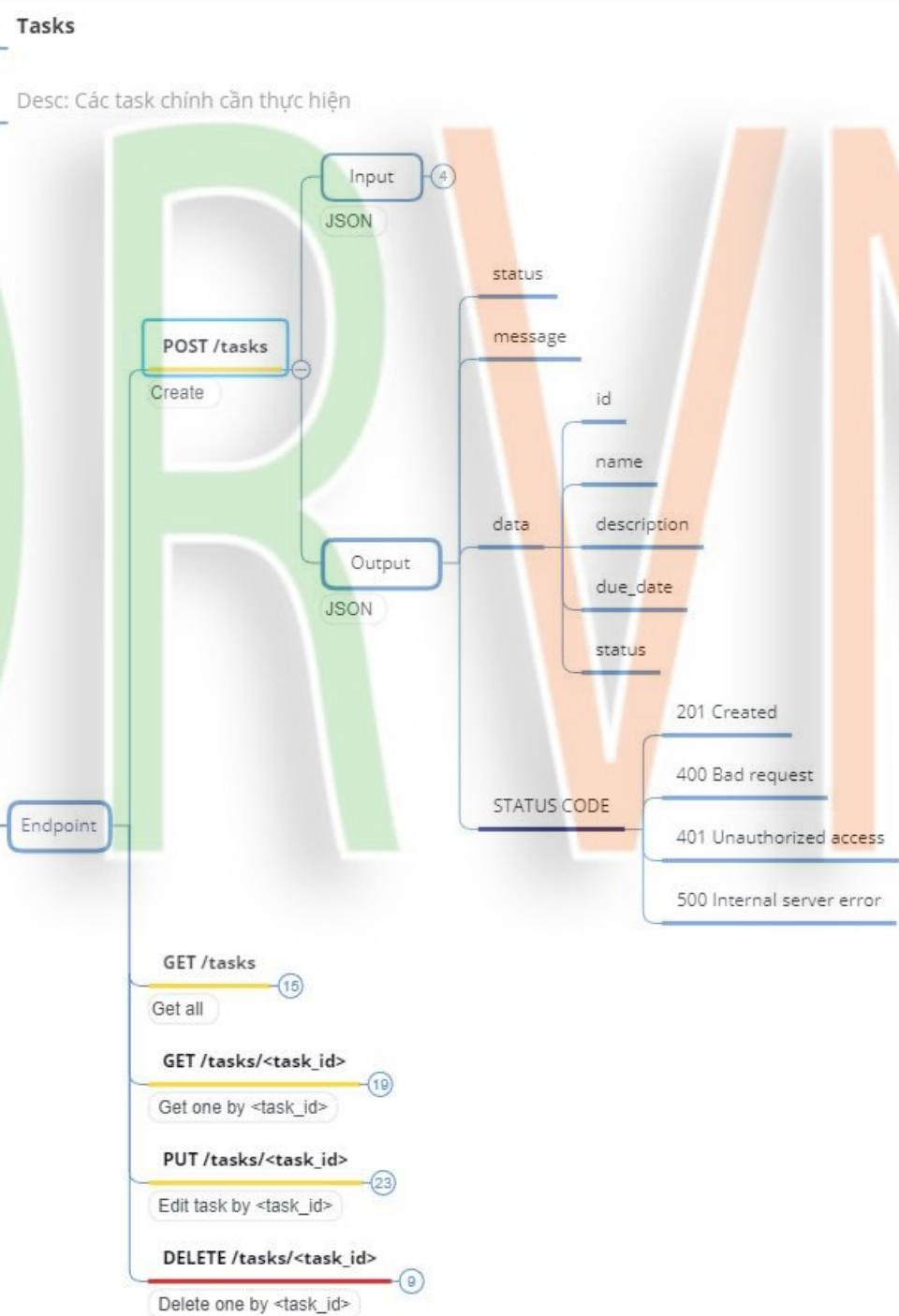
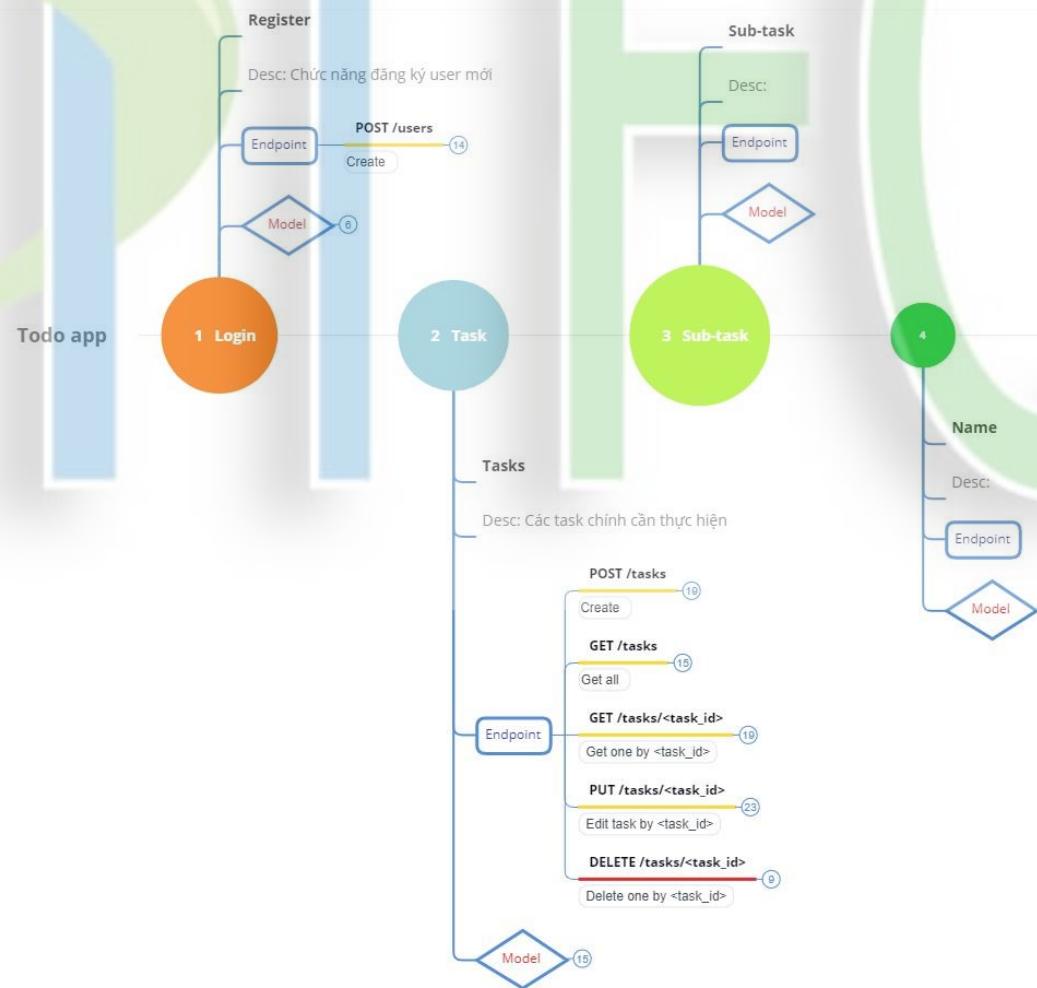
mysql> CREATE DATABASE tasks_db;
mysql> CREATE USER 'tasks_user'@'localhost' \
    -> IDENTIFIED WITH mysql_native_password \
    -> BY 'MyStrongPassword';
mysql> GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, CREATE, INDEX, DROP, ALTER, CREATE TEMPORARY TABLES, LOCK TABLES \
    -> ON tasks_db.* \
    -> TO 'tasks_user'@'localhost';
```



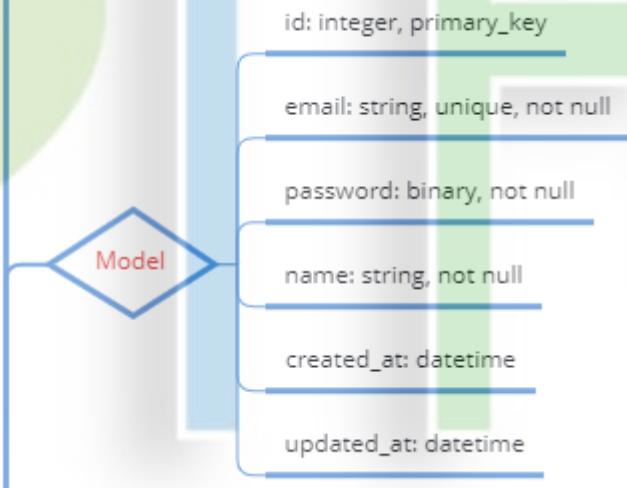
Database nên phân quyền đúng và đủ cho user, tránh dùng “GRANT ALL”

# 3. Functional design

# 4. Endpoint design



# 5. Model design



```
from bcrypt import gensalt, hashpw
from flask_login import UserMixin
from datetime import datetime
from sqlalchemy import (
    Integer,
    BINARY,
    DateTime,
    String
)
from app import db, login_manager

class User(db.Model, UserMixin):
    """
    User model
    """

    __tablename__ = 'User'

    id = db.Column(Integer, primary_key=True)
    email = db.Column(String(100), unique=True, nullable=False)
    password = db.Column(BINARY, nullable=False)
    name = db.Column(String(50), nullable=False)
    created_time = db.Column(DateTime, default=datetime.utcnow)
    updated_time = db.Column(DateTime, default=datetime.utcnow, onupdate=datetime.utcnow)

    def __init__(self, user_data):
        for key, value in user_data.items():
            if key == 'password':
                value = hashpw(value.encode('utf8'), gensalt())
            setattr(self, key, value)

    def __repr__(self):
        return str(self.email)
```

The code defines a Python class named 'User' that inherits from 'db.Model' and 'UserMixin'. It uses SQLAlchemy's Column and Integer types for its attributes. The 'User' class has a table name of 'User'. It includes columns for 'id' (primary key), 'email' (unique and not null), 'password' (BINARY type), 'name' (String type), 'created\_time' (DateTime type with default value of datetime.utcnow), and 'updated\_time' (DateTime type with default value of datetime.utcnow and onupdate value of datetime.utcnow). The class also includes an \_\_init\_\_ method to handle password hashing and a \_\_repr\_\_ method to return the email address.

## 6. Coding ...

1. Edit config.py
2. Create all app/<package> structure:
  - a. \_\_init\_\_.py
  - b. routes.py
  - c. models.py
3. Create models
4. Database migration: make db\_upgrade



*Phải thực hiện import model vào routes.py trước khi thực hiện migration*

5. Coding routing logic

# 6.1 Get posted JSON

- Import:

```
from bcrypt import checkpw, hashpw, gensalt
```

- Register - generate password:

```
hashpw(value.encode('utf8'), gensalt())
```

- Login - check password:

```
checkpw(submit_pwd.encode('utf8'), stored_pwd):
```

- Get posted JSON:

```
"""
{
    "email": "admin@gmail.com",
    "name": "Johny Deep"
}

from flask import request

try:
    data = request.get_json()
except:
    abort(400)
```

- Lưu ý:

- request header Content-Type: application/json
- request.get\_json(force = True): sẽ bỏ qua bước check header

## 6. Database: sqlalchemy

- SQLAlchemy is the Python SQL toolkit and Object Relational Mapper that gives application developers the full power and flexibility of SQL.
- Insert:

```
from app import db
from app.user.models import User

user = User({'email':'admin@gmail.com', 'name': 'Johny Deep'})
db.session.add(user)
db.session.commit()

user.id # returned inserted id
```

- Delete:

```
from app import db
from app.user.models import User

User.query.filter_by(id=123).delete()
## --- or --- ##
User.query.filter(User.id == 123).delete()

db.session.commit()
```