

VideoRAG: Retrieval-Augmented Generation with Extreme Long-Context Videos

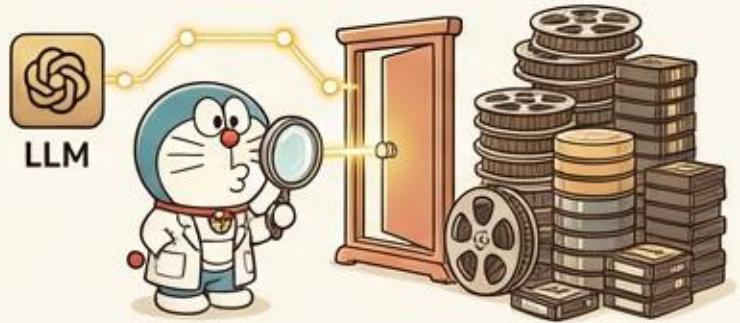


Xubin Ren, Lingrui Xu, Long Xia, Chao Huang from The University of Hong Kong;
Shuaiqiang Wang, Dawei Yin from Baidu Inc.

Research Problem and Motivation



The paper addresses significant challenges in Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) for understanding extremely long-context videos. VideoRAG introduces a novel framework to enhance large language models (LLMs) by integrating external knowledge through tailored retrieval mechanisms for video content.

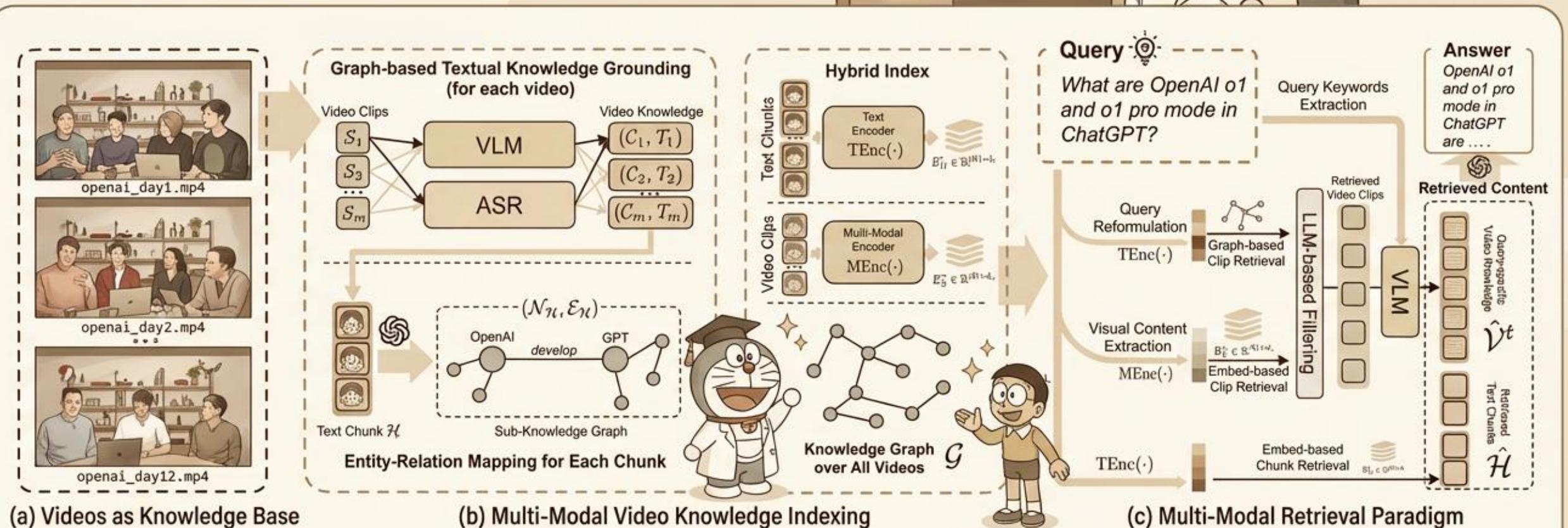


Current models inadequately handle long-context videos, fail to integrate multi-modal data effectively, often losing contextual relevance, and rely on inefficient external tools for extraction, thus compromising retrieval precision and utility.

- **Inadequately handle long-context videos**
- **Fail to integrate multi-modal data effectively**
- **Losing contextual relevance**
- **Reliant on inefficient external tools**



VideoRAG Framework Overview



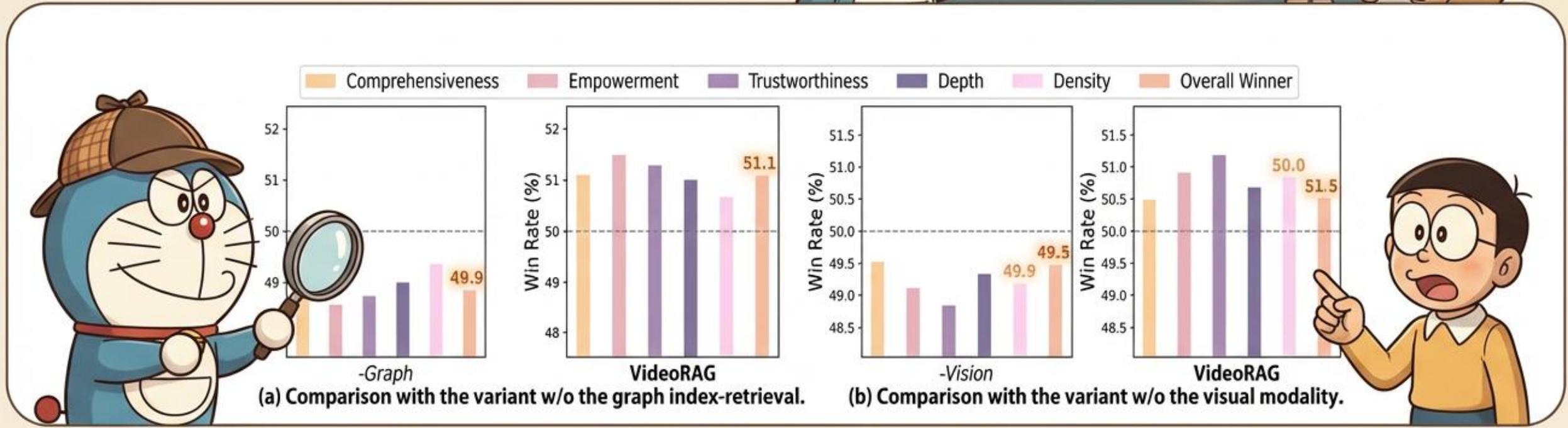
(a) Videos as Knowledge Base

(b) Multi-Modal Video Knowledge Indexing

(c) Multi-Modal Retrieval Paradigm

VideoRAG employs a dual-channel architecture combining Graph-based Textual Knowledge Grounding and Multi-Modal Context Encoding. Graph-based knowledge representation constructs a comprehensive graph capturing complex relationships across videos. Efficient retrieval is achieved via hybrid paradigms ensuring rapid and precise information extraction. Key formulas include: $C_j = \text{VLM}(\mathcal{T}_j, \{\mathbf{F}_1, \dots, \mathbf{F}_k\} | \mathbf{F} \in S_j, \mathbf{F} \in S_j)$ representing caption generation and $\hat{D} = \varphi(\mathcal{D}) = (\mathcal{G}, \mathbf{E}_H^t, \mathbf{E}_S^v)$ for structured output representation.

Method Components



VideoRAG utilizes a **graph-based grounding** to maintain semantic coherence, capturing multi-modal information effectively.



The **multi-modal context encoding** captures visual and audio aspects preserving temporal dynamics.



This framework is evaluated using benchmark datasets such as **LongerVideos**, demonstrating superior performance against existing models including GraphRAG and LightRAG.

Experimental Results and Comparison



The LongerVideos dataset comprises 164 videos totalling 134.6 hours with 602 queries. VideoRAG demonstrates enhanced comprehensiveness, empowerment, trustworthiness, and depth compared to NaiveRAG, GraphRAG, and LightRAG. Ablation studies show the impact of graph-based and visual retrieval components. Comparisons with models such as LLaMA-VID and VideoAgent highlight VideoRAG's exceptional performance.

Method	Comprehensiveness	Empowerment	Trustworthiness
VideoRAG	52.34%	55.35%	54.49%
NaiveRAG	47.66%	44.65%	45.51%



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comprehensiveness.



• Empowerment
Demonstratm;
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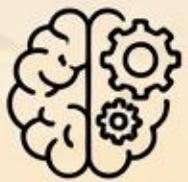
• Trustworthiness
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and trustworthiness.



• depth
Diving evauration
of the depth.



Conclusion



- **Significant Advancements in Video Comprehension:** Effectively addresses limitations of existing models with a unique dual-channel architecture.
- **Integration of Multi-Modal Retrieval:** Successfully enhances retrieval speed and accuracy.
- **Superior Performance:** Quantitative comparisons and case studies underscore notable improvements in comprehensiveness, empowerment, and trustworthiness.

