# ELEC 139/141 Analogue Electronics Lab 4 - BJT Amplifier \*

## Lecturer

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<sup>\*</sup>document produced by Stuart MacVeigh

## 1 Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT) Amplifier

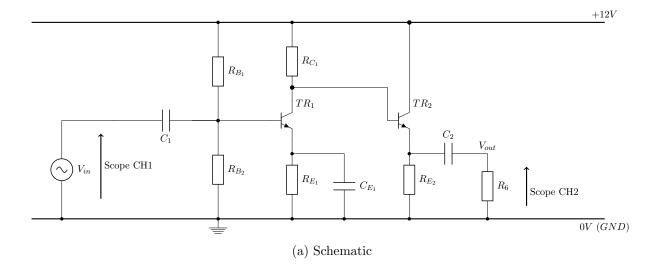
This lab investigates the design of a Common Emitter (CE) single stage amplifier with an Emitter Follower output stage based upon the BC547 series transistor. Construct the circuit shown in Fig 1a below on the breadboard.

## 1.1 Learning Outcomes

By the end of this lab exercise you should be able to:

- Identify types of transistor amplifier circuits
- Fully analyse a transistor amplifier circuit
- Design and build a transistor amplifier circuit to satisfy a specified frequency response

#### 1.2 BJT Information



Circuit Ref	Value
$C_1$	680nF
$R_{B_1}$	$47k\Omega$
$R_{B_2}$	$13k\Omega$
$TR_1$	BC547
$R_{C_1}$	$5.1k\Omega$
$R_{E_1}$	$2k\Omega$
$C_{E_1}$	680nF
$TR_2$	BC547
$R_{E_2}$	$1.8k\Omega$
$C_2$	$10\mu F$
$R_6$	$10k\Omega$
$R_4$	51R

(b) Component Values

Figure 1: BJT Amplifier Circuit

## 1.3 Tasks for Common-Emitter amplifier

- 1. Calculate the quiescent bias voltages and currents using the approximation method, also carry out measurements to confirm the theory
- 2. Experimentally confirm the Common-Emitter amplifier is inverting
- 3. Measure and show calculations of the -3dB frequency, include derivation of the formula
- 4. Understand the principle of a passive High-Pass filter
- 5. Proteus simulation of Bode plots
- 6. Measure the mid-band voltage gain of  $TR_1$  without  $C_{E_1}$  present, confirm the theory
- 7. Calculate the mid-band stage input and output impedance of  $TR_1$
- 8. Insert the emitter bypass capacitor  $C_{E_1}$  and examine by experiment the effect on the mid band gain of the amplifier and also its effect on the stage input impedance of  $TR_1$
- 9. Experimentally verify the mid-band frequency response of the circuit with  $C_{E_1}$  in place (low frequency end). The first low frequency corner is given by

$$f_{1_{LF}} = \frac{1}{2\pi C_{E_1} r_e} = \frac{1}{2\pi \times 680 nF \times 25} = 9.36 kHz$$

- 10. Build the complete circuit in Proteus and carry out the simulation to confirm your experimental results and theoretical predictions
- 11. Confirm the unity gain of  $TR_2$
- 12. Calculate the mid-band stage output impedance of the emitter follower  $TR_2$