

HO CHI MINH CITY UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

Faculty of Computer Science & Engineering



Computer Networks

Assignment 1

Instructor: Mr. Nguyen Manh Thin

Group: 4 - CC04
Students: Mai Ton Nhat Khanh - 1852038
Vo Le Hai Dang - 1852321
Cao Hoang Kiet - 2053165
Cao Tuan Kiet - 2053166

Ho Chi Minh City, November 2021



Contents

1	Requirement Analysis	3
1.1	The Client	3
1.1.1	SET UP	3
1.1.2	PLAY	3
1.1.3	PAUSE	3
1.1.4	TEARDOWN	3
1.2	The Server	4
1.3	Functional	4
1.4	Non-functional	5
2	Function Description	5
2.1	Client.py	5
2.2	RtpPacket.py	6
2.3	Server.py	6
2.4	ServerWorker.py	6
2.5	VideoStream.py	6
3	Class diagram	7
4	Model and data flow	8
5	Summary results	9
6	User manual	9
7	Full source code	10
7.1	Client.py	10
7.2	ClientLauncher.py	18
7.3	Server.py	18
7.4	RtpPacket.py	19
7.5	ServerWorker.py	21
7.6	Result:	25
7.6.1	Whenever click on Setup button, we receive the following results:	25
7.6.2	Whenever click on Play button, we receive the following results:	26



7.6.3	Whenever click on Pause button, we receive the following results:	27
7.6.4	Whenever click on Teardown button, we receive the following results:	28



1 Requirement Analysis

1.1 The Client

Our first task is to implement the RTSP protocol on the client side. To do this, we need to complete the functions that are called when the user clicks on the buttons on the user interface. we will need to implement the actions for the following request types. When the client starts, it also opens the RTSP socket to the server. Use this socket for sending all RTSP requests.

1.1.1 SET UP

- Send SETUP request to the server. We will need to insert the Transport header in which we specify the port for the RTP data socket we just created.
- Read the server's response and parse the Session header (from the response) to get the RTSP session ID.
- Create a datagram socket for receiving RTP data and set the timeout on the socket to 0.5 seconds.

1.1.2 PLAY

- Send PLAY request. We must insert the Session header and use the session ID returned in the SETUP response. We must not put the Transport header in this request.
- Read the server's response.

1.1.3 PAUSE

- Send PAUSE request. We must insert the Session header and use the session ID returned in the SETUP response. We must not put the Transport header in this request.
- Read the server's response.

1.1.4 TEARDOWN

- Send TEARDOWN request. We must insert the Session header and use the session ID returned in the SETUP response. We must not put the Transport header in this request.



- Read the server's response. Note: We must insert the CSeq header in every request you send. The value of the CSeq header is a number which starts at 1 and is incremented by one for each request We send.

1.2 The Server

On the server side, we will need to implement the packetization of the video data into RTP packets. We will need to create the packet, set the fields in the packet header and copy the payload (i.e., one video frame) into the packet. When the server receives the PLAY-request from the client, the server reads one video frame from the file and creates a RtpPacket-object which is the RTP-encapsulation of the video frame. It then sends the frame to the client over UDP every 50 milliseconds. For the encapsulation, the server calls the encode function of the RtpPacket class. My task is to write this function. We will need to do the following: (the letters in parenthesis refer to the fields in the RTP packet format below).

- Set the RTP-version field (V). You must set this to 2.
- Set padding (P), extension (X), number of contributing sources (CC), and marker (M) fields. These are all set to zero in this lab.
- Set payload type field (PT). In this lab we use MJPEG and the type for that is 26.
- Set the sequence number. The server gives this the sequence number as the frameNbr argument to the encode function.
- Set the timestamp using the Python's time module.
- Set the source identifier (SSRC). This field identifies the server. You can pick any integer value you like.
- Because we have no other contributing sources (field CC == 0), the CSRC-field does not exist. The length of the packet header is therefore 12 bytes, or the first three lines from the diagram below.

1.3 Functional

- The movie can be stopped, played, paused.
- Multiple people can use the server and watch the movie at the same time.



1.4 Non-functional

- The server needs to respond within 1 second.

2 Function Description

2.1 Client.py

- `__init__`: Initialize the program
- `createWidgets`: Build the users interface to play the video
- `setupMovie`: Set up the movie ready to be played
- `exitClient`: Terminate the program
- `pauseMovie`: Handle the pause signal sent by the user
- `playMovie`: Handle the play signal sent by the user
- `listenRtp`: Listen for RTP packets
- `writeFrame`: Write the received frame to a temp image file
- `updateMovie`: Update the image file as video frame in the GUI
- `connectToServer`: Connect to the Server. Start a new RTSP/TCP session
- `sendRtspRequest`: Send RTSP request to the server
- `recvRtspReply`: Receive RTSP reply from the server
- `parseRtspReply`: Parse the RTSP reply from the server
- `openRtpPort`: Open RTP socket binded to a specified port
- `handler`: Handler on explicitly closing the GUI window



2.2 RtpPacket.py

- `__init__`: pass(didn't implement)
- `encode`: Encode the RTP packet with header fields and payload
- `decode`: Decode the RTP packet
- `version`: Return RTP version
- `seqNum`: Return sequence (frame) number
- `timestamp`: Return timestamp
- `payloadType`: Return payload type
- `getPayload`: Return payload
- `getPacket`: Return RTP packet

2.3 Server.py

- `main`: Initialize the server

2.4 ServerWorker.py

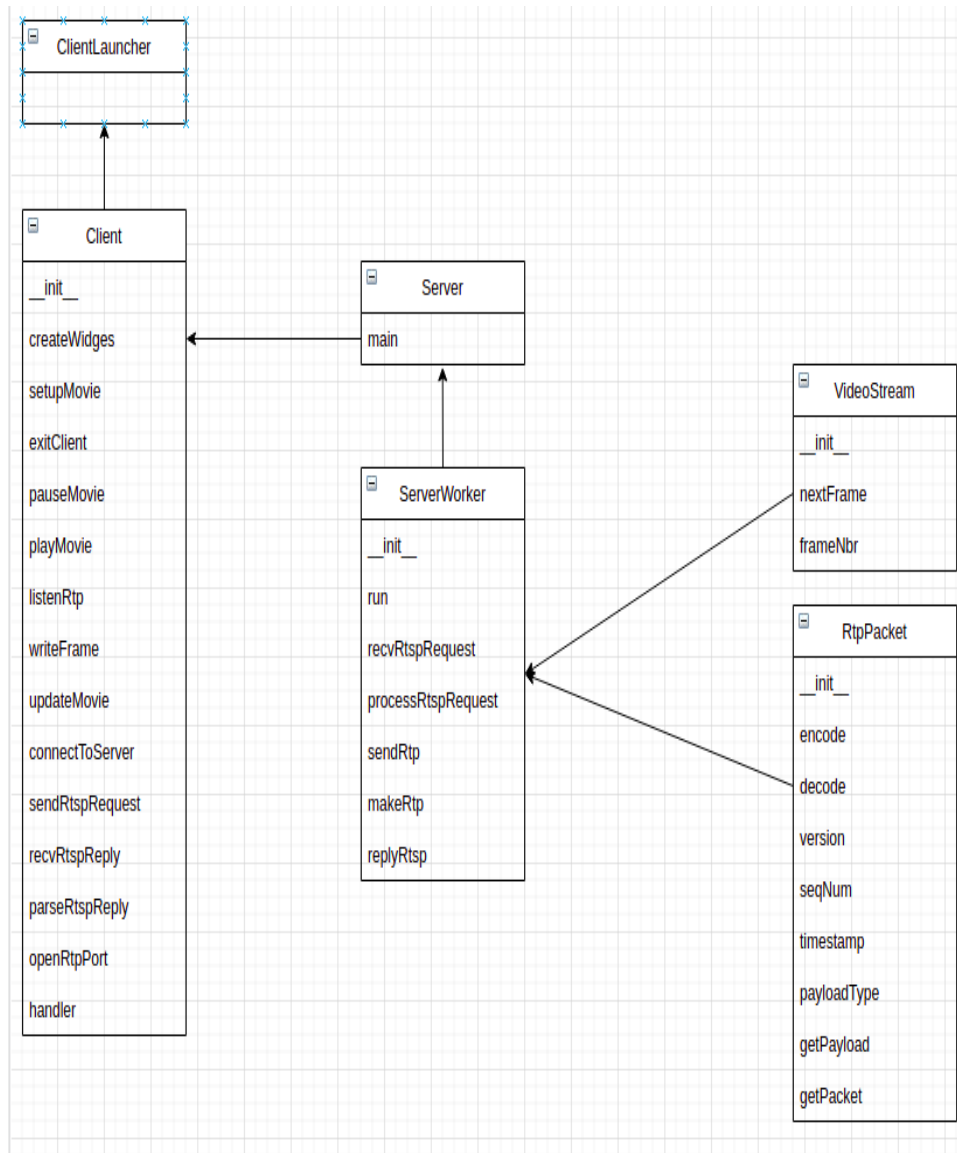
- `__init__`: Initialize the client info
- `run`: Initialize the thread to run the program
- `recvRtspRequest`: Receive RTSP request from the client
- `processRtspRequest`: Process RTSP request sent from the client
- `sendRtp`: Send RTP packets over UDP
- `makeRtp`: RTP-packetize the video data
- `replyRtsp`: Send RTSP reply to the client

2.5 VideoStream.py

- `__init__`: Initialize the filename
- `nextFrame`: Get next frame
- `frameNbr`: Get frame number

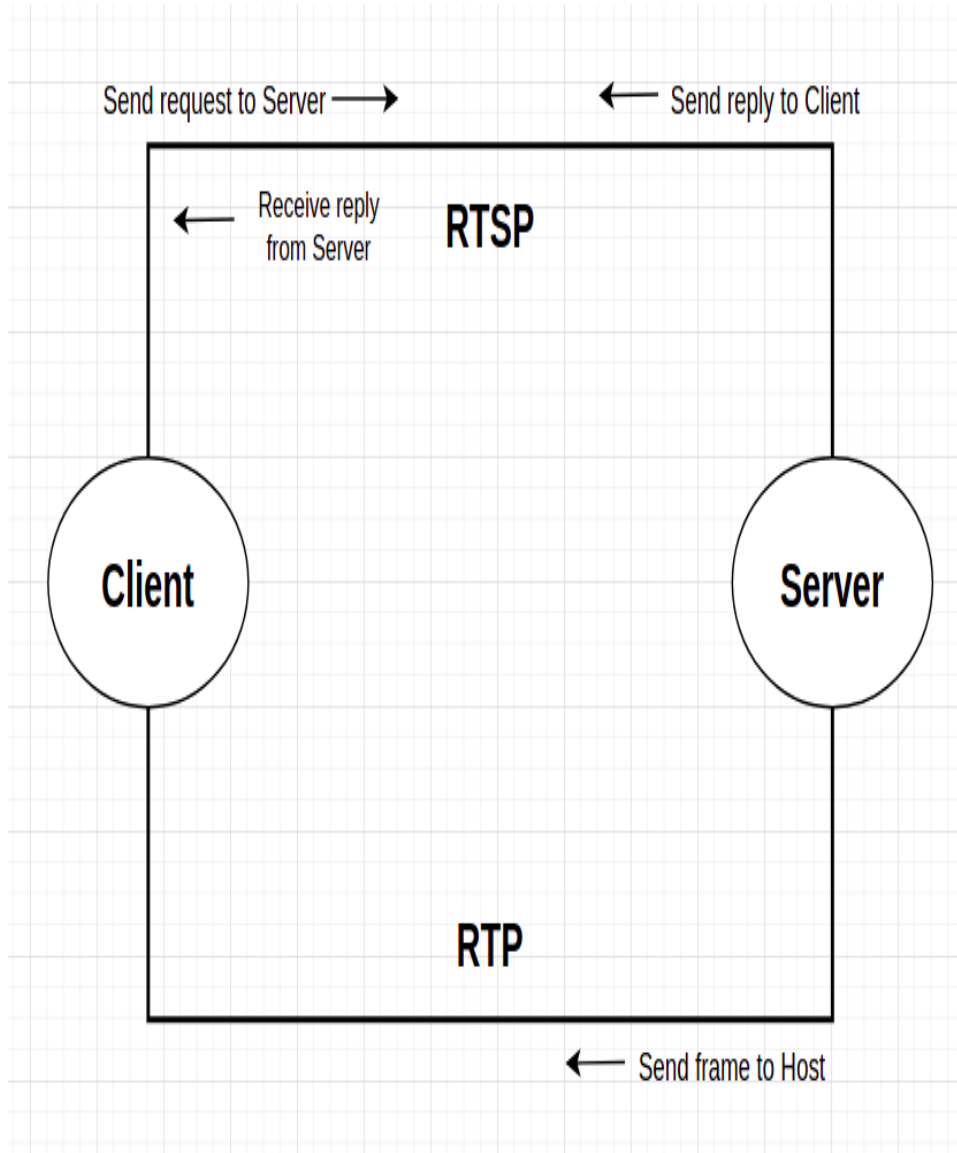


3 Class diagram

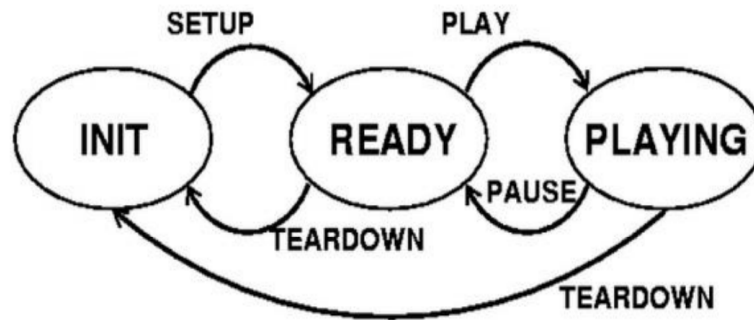




4 Model and data flow



5 Summary results



As shown in the figure above, there are 3 state of the Client launcher, INIT, READY, PLAYING. If we start the program, it will automatically set up the movie for streaming. The users can press PLAY to watch the movie, press PAUSE to temporarily pause the movie and then continue to watch it. If the users press STOP, it will stop the movie and set it back to its initial state which is the beginning.

After finishing this assignment, we've study on how a server operate and how to implement a server. Furthermore, we also learned on how to implement a small program that allows us to connect to server and stream a movie.

6 User manual

First you need to open the program folder with Visual Studio Code and go to the terminal, type in the following command:

- `python2 Server.py <Port number>` (Port number is any number greater than 1024)

Then start a new terminal and type in the following command:

- `python2 ClientLauncher.py <Server's IP> <Server's port number> <RTP's port> <Video file>`



7 Full source code

7.1 Client.py

```
1 from Tkinter import *
2 from PIL import Image, ImageTk
3 import socket, threading, sys, traceback, os
4
5 from RtpPacket import RtpPacket
6
7 CACHE_FILE_NAME = "cache-"
8 CACHE_FILE_EXT = ".jpg"
9
10 class Client:
11
12     SETUP_STR = 'SETUP'
13     PLAY_STR = 'PLAY'
14     PAUSE_STR = 'PAUSE'
15     TEARDOWN_STR = 'TEARDOWN'
16     INIT = 0
17     READY = 1
18     PLAYING = 2
19     state = INIT
20
21     SETUP = 0
22     PLAY = 1
23     PAUSE = 2
24     TEARDOWN = 3
25
26     RTSP_VER = "RTSP/1.0"
27     TRANSPORT = "RTP/UDP"
28
29
30
31     # Initiation..
32     def __init__(self, master, serveraddr, serverport, rtpport, filename):
33         self.master = master
34         self.master.protocol("WM_DELETE_WINDOW", self.handler)
35         self.createWidgets()
36         self.serverAddr = serveraddr
37         self.serverPort = int(serverport)
```



```
38         self.rtpPort = int(rtpport)
39         self.fileName = filename
40         self.rtspSeq = 0
41         self.sessionId = 0
42         self.requestSent = -1
43         self.teardownAcked = 0
44         self.connectToServer()
45         self.frameNbr = 0
46
47     def createWidgets(self):
48         """Build GUI."""
49         # Create Setup button
50         self.setup = Button(self.master, width=20, padx=3, pady=3)
51         self.setup["text"] = "Setup"
52         self.setup["command"] = self.setupMovie
53         self.setup.grid(row=1, column=0, padx=2, pady=2)
54
55         # Create Play button
56         self.start = Button(self.master, width=20, padx=3, pady=3)
57         self.start["text"] = "Play"
58         self.start["command"] = self.playMovie
59         self.start.grid(row=1, column=1, padx=2, pady=2)
60
61         # Create Pause button
62         self.pause = Button(self.master, width=20, padx=3,
63                             pady=3)
64         self.pause["text"] = "Pause"
65         self.pause["command"] = self.pauseMovie
66         self.pause.grid(row=1, column=2, padx=2, pady=2)
67
68         # Create Teardown button
69         self.teardown = Button(self.master, width=20, padx=3, pady=3)
70         self.teardown["text"] = "Teardown"
71         self.teardown["command"] = self.exitClient
72         self.teardown.grid(row=1, column=3, padx=2, pady=2)
73
74         # Create a label to display the movie
75         self.label = Label(self.master, height=19)
76         self.label.grid(row=0, column=0,
77                         columnspan=4, sticky=W+E+N+S, padx=5, pady=5)
78
```



```
79     def setupMovie(self):
80         """Setup button handler."""
81         if self.state == self.INIT:
82             self.sendRtspRequest(self.SETUP)
83
84     def exitClient(self):
85         """Tear down button handler."""
86         self.sendRtspRequest(self.TEARDOWN)
87
88         # Close the gui window
89         self.master.destroy()
90
91         # Delete the cache image from video
92         os.remove(CACHE_FILE_NAME + str(self.sessionId) + CACHE_FILE_EXT)
93
94     def pauseMovie(self):
95         """Pause button handler."""
96         if self.state == self.PLAYING:
97             self.sendRtspRequest(self.PAUSE)
98
99     def playMovie(self):
100         """Play button handler."""
101         if self.state == self.READY:
102             # Create a new thread to listen for RTP packets
103             threading.Thread(target=self.listenRtp).start()
104             self.playEvent = threading.Event()
105             self.playEvent.clear()
106             self.sendRtspRequest(self.PLAY)
107
108     def listenRtp(self):
109         """Listen for RTP packets."""
110         while True:
111             try:
112                 print("LISTENING...")
113                 data = self.rtpSocket.recv(20480)
114                 if data:
115                     rtpPacket = RtpPacket()
116                     rtpPacket.decode(data)
117
118                     currFrameNbr = rtpPacket.seqNum()
119                     print("CURRENT SEQUENCE NUM: " + str(currFrameNbr))
```



```
120
121         if currFrameNbr > self.frameNbr:
122             self.frameNbr = currFrameNbr
123             self.updateMovie(self.writeFrame(
124                 rtpPacket.getPayload()))
125     except:
126         # Stop listening upon requesting PAUSE or TEARDOWN
127         if self.playEvent.isSet():
128             break
129
130         # Upon receiving ACK for TEARDOWN request,
131         # Close the RTP socket
132         if self.teardownAked == 1:
133             self.rtpSocket.shutdown(socket.SHUT_RDWR)
134             self.rtpSocket.close()
135             break
136
137     def writeFrame(self, data):
138         """Write the received frame to a temp image file.
139         Return the image file."""
140         cachename = CACHE_FILE_NAME + str(self.sessionId) + CACHE_FILE_EXT
141         file = open(cachename, "wb")
142         file.write(data)
143         file.close()
144
145         return cachename
146
147     def updateMovie(self, imageFile):
148         """Update the image file as video frame in the GUI."""
149         photo = ImageTk.PhotoImage(Image.open(imageFile))
150         self.label.configure(image = photo, height=288)
151         self.label.image = photo
152
153     def connectToServer(self):
154         """Connect to the Server. Start a new RTSP/TCP session."""
155         self.rtspSocket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
156         try:
157             self.rtspSocket.connect((self.serverAddr, self.serverPort))
158         except:
159             messagebox.showwarning('Connection Failed',
160                 'Connection to \'%s\' failed.' % self.serverAddr)
```



```
161
162     def sendRtspRequest(self, requestCode):
163         """Send RTSP request to the server."""
164         #-----
165         # TO COMPLETE
166         #-----
167
168         # Setup request
169         if requestCode == self.SETUP and self.state == self.INIT:
170             threading.Thread(target=self.recvRtspReply).start()
171
172             # Update RTSP sequence number.
173             self.rtpSeq+=1
174
175             # Write the RTSP request to be sent.
176             request = "%s %s %s" %
177                 (self.SETUP_STR,self.fileName,self.RTSP_VER)
178             request+="\nCSeq: %d" % self.rtpSeq
179             request+="\nTransport: %s; client_port= %d" %
180                 (self.TRANSPORT,self.rtpPort)
181
182             # Keep track of the sent request.
183             self.requestSent = self.SETUP
184
185             # Play request
186         elif requestCode == self.PLAY and self.state == self.READY:
187
188             # Update RTSP sequence number.
189             self.rtpSeq+=1
190
191             # Write the RTSP request to be sent.
192             request = "%s %s %s" %
193                 (self.PLAY_STR,self.fileName,self.RTSP_VER)
194             request+="\nCSeq: %d" % self.rtpSeq
195             request+="\nSession: %d"%self.sessionId
196
197
198             # Keep track of the sent request.
199             self.requestSent = self.PLAY
200
201
```



```
202         # Pause request
203         elif requestCode == self.PAUSE and self.state == self.PLAYING:
204
205             # Update RTSP sequence number.
206             self.rtpSeq+=1
207
208             request = "%s %s %s" %
209             (self.PAUSE_STR,self.fileName,self.RTSP_VER)
210             request+="\nCSeq: %d" % self.rtpSeq
211             request+="\nSession: %d"%self.sessionId
212
213             self.requestSent = self.PAUSE
214
215             # Teardown request
216             elif requestCode == self.TEARDOWN and not self.state == self.INIT:
217
218                 # Update RTSP sequence number.
219                 self.rtpSeq+=1
220
221                 # Write the RTSP request to be sent.
222                 request = "%s %s %s" % (self.TEARDOWN_STR,
223                 self.fileName, self.RTSP_VER)
224                 request+="\nCSeq: %d" % self.rtpSeq
225                 request+="\nSession: %d" % self.sessionId
226
227                 self.requestSent = self.TEARDOWN
228
229             else:
230                 return
231
232             # Send the RTSP request using rtspSocket.
233             self.rtpSocket.send(request)
234
235             print ('\nData Sent:\n' + request)
236
237         def recvRtpReply(self):
238             """Receive RTSP reply from the server."""
239             while True:
240                 reply = self.rtpSocket.recv(1024)
241
242                 if reply:
```




```
243         self.parseRtspReply(reply)
244
245         # Close the RTSP socket upon requesting Teardown
246         if self.requestSent == self.TEARDOWN:
247             self.rtspSocket.shutdown(socket.SHUT_RDWR)
248             self.rtspSocket.close()
249             break
250
251     def parseRtspReply(self, data):
252         """Parse the RTSP reply from the server."""
253         lines = data.split('\n')
254         seqNum = int(lines[1].split(' ')[1])
255
256         # Process only if the server reply's sequence
257         number is the same as the request's
258         if seqNum == self.rtspSeq:
259             session = int(lines[2].split(' ')[1])
260             # New RTSP session ID
261             if self.sessionId == 0:
262                 self.sessionId = session
263
264             # Process only if the session ID is the same
265             if self.sessionId == session:
266                 if int(lines[0].split(' ')[1]) == 200:
267                     if self.requestSent == self.SETUP:
268                         #-----
269                         # TO COMPLETE
270                         #-----
271
272                         # Update RTSP state.
273                         self.state = self.READY
274
275                         # Open RTP port.
276                         self.openRtpPort()
277                     elif self.requestSent == self.PLAY:
278                         self.state = self.PLAYING
279                     elif self.requestSent == self.PAUSE:
280                         self.state = self.READY
281
282
283
```



```
284         # The play thread exits. A new thread is created on resume.
285         self.playEvent.set()
286         elif self.requestSent == self.TEARDOWN:
287             self.state = self.INIT
288
289         # Flag the teardownAked to close the socket.
290         self.teardownAked = 1
291
292     def openRtpPort(self):
293         """Open RTP socket binded to a specified port."""
294
295         #-----
296         # TO COMPLETE
297         #-----
298
299
300         # Create a new datagram socket to receive RTP packets from
301         # the server
302         self.rtpSocket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM)
303
304
305         # Set the timeout value of the socket to 0.5sec
306         self.rtpSocket.settimeout(0.5)
307
308         try:
309             # Bind the socket to the address using the RTP port given by
310             # the client user.
311             self.state=self.READY
312             self.rtpSocket.bind(('',self.rtpPort))
313         except:
314             messagebox.showwarning('Unable to Bind', 'Unable to bind
315             PORT=%d' %self.rtpPort)
316
317     def handler(self):
318         """Handler on explicitly closing the GUI window."""
319         self.pauseMovie()
320         if messagebox.askokcancel("Quit?", "Are you sure you want to quit?"):
321             self.exitClient()
322         else: # When the user presses cancel, resume playing.
323             self.playMovie()
```



7.2 ClientLauncher.py

```
1 import sys
2 from Tkinter import Tk
3 from Client import Client
4
5 if __name__ == "__main__":
6     try:
7         serverAddr = sys.argv[1]
8         serverPort = sys.argv[2]
9         rtpPort = sys.argv[3]
10        fileName = sys.argv[4]
11    except:
12        print("[Usage: ClientLauncher.py Server_name Server_port
13RTP_port Video_file]\n")
14
15    root = Tk()
16
17    # Create a new client
18    app = Client(root, serverAddr, serverPort, rtpPort, fileName)
19    app.master.title("RTSPClient")
20    root.mainloop()
```

7.3 Server.py

```
1 import sys, socket
2 from ServerWorker import ServerWorker
3 class Server:
4
5     def main(self):
6         try:
7             SERVER_PORT = int(sys.argv[1])
8         except:
9             print("[Usage: Server.py Server_port]\n")
10            rtspSocket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
11            rtspSocket.bind(('', SERVER_PORT))
12            rtspSocket.listen(5)
13
14            # Receive client info (address,port) through RTSP/TCP session
15            while True:
16                clientInfo = {}
```



```
17         clientInfo['rtspSocket'] = rtspSocket.accept()
18         ServerWorker(clientInfo).run()
19
20 if __name__ == "__main__":
21     (Server()).main()
```

7.4 RtpPacket.py

```
1  import sys
2  from time import time
3  HEADER_SIZE = 12
4
5
6  class RtpPacket:
7      header = bytearray(HEADER_SIZE)
8
9      def __init__(self):
10         pass
11
12     def encode(self, version, padding, extension, cc,
13 seqnum, marker, pt, ssrc, payload):
14         """Encode the RTP packet with header fields and
15         payload."""
16
17         timestamp = int(time())
18         header = bytearray(HEADER_SIZE)
19
20         # -----
21         # TO COMPLETE
22         # -----
23
24         # Fill the header bytearray with RTP header fields
25         header[0] = (header[0] | version << 6) & 0xC0
26         header[0] = (header[0] | padding << 5)
27         header[0] = (header[0] | extension << 4)
28         header[0] = (header[0] | (cc & 0x0F))
29         header[1] = (header[1] | marker << 7)
30         header[1] = (header[1] | (pt & 0x7f))
31         header[2] = (seqnum & 0xFF00) >> 8
32         header[3] = (seqnum & 0xFF)
33         for i in range(4):
```



```
34         header[7-i] = (timestamp >> 8 * i) & 0xFF
35         header[11-i] = (ssrc >> 8 * i) & 0xFF
36
37     self.header = header
38
39     # Get the payload from the argument
40     self.payload = payload
41
42     def decode(self, byteStream):
43         """Decode the RTP packet."""
44
45         self.header = bytearray(byteStream[:HEADER_SIZE])
46         self.payload = byteStream[HEADER_SIZE:]
47
48     def version(self):
49         """Return RTP version."""
50         return int(self.header[0] >> 6)
51
52     def seqNum(self):
53         """Return sequence (frame) number."""
54         seqNum = self.header[2] << 8 | self.header[3]
55         return int(seqNum)
56
57     def timestamp(self):
58         """Return timestamp."""
59         timestamp = self.header[4] << 24 | self.header[5] << 16 |
60         self.header[6] << 8 | self.header[7]
61         return int(timestamp)
62
63     def payloadType(self):
64         """Return payload type."""
65         pt = self.header[1] & 127
66         return int(pt)
67
68     def getPayload(self):
69         """Return payload."""
70         return self.payload
71
72     def getPacket(self):
73         """Return RTP packet."""
74         return self.header + self.payload
```



7.5 ServerWorker.py

```
1 from random import randint
2 import sys
3 import traceback
4 import threading
5 import socket
6
7 from VideoStream import VideoStream
8 from RtpPacket import RtpPacket
9
10
11 class ServerWorker:
12     SETUP = 'SETUP'
13     PLAY = 'PLAY'
14     PAUSE = 'PAUSE'
15     TEARDOWN = 'TEARDOWN'
16
17     INIT = 0
18     READY = 1
19     PLAYING = 2
20     state = INIT
21
22     OK_200 = 0
23     FILE_NOT_FOUND_404 = 1
24     CON_ERR_500 = 2
25
26     clientInfo = {}
27
28     def __init__(self, clientInfo):
29         self.clientInfo = clientInfo
30
31     def run(self):
32         threading.Thread(target=self.recvRtspRequest).start()
33
34     def recvRtspRequest(self):
35         """Receive RTSP request from the client."""
36         connSocket = self.clientInfo['rtspSocket'][0]
37         while True:
38             data = connSocket.recv(256)
39             if data:
```



```
40         self.processRtspRequest(data)
41
42     def processRtspRequest(self, data):
43         """Process RTSP request sent from the client."""
44         # Get the request type
45         request = data.split('\n')
46         line1 = request[0].split(' ')
47         requestType = line1[0]
48
49         # Get the media file name
50         filename = line1[1]
51
52         # Get the RTSP sequence number
53         seq = request[1].split(' ')
54
55         # Process SETUP request
56         if requestType == self.SETUP:
57             if self.state == self.INIT:
58                 # Update state
59                 print("\nPROCESSING SETUP")
60
61                 try:
62                     self.clientInfo['videoStream'] = VideoStream(filename)
63                     self.state = self.READY
64                 except IOError:
65                     self.replyRtsp(self.FILE_NOT_FOUND_404, seq[1])
66
67                 # Generate a randomized RTSP session ID
68                 self.clientInfo['session'] = 123456
69
70                 # Send RTSP reply
71                 self.replyRtsp(self.OK_200, seq[1])
72
73                 # Get the RTP/UDP port from the last line
74                 self.clientInfo['rtpPort'] = request[2].split(' ')[3]
75
76         # Process PLAY request
77         elif requestType == self.PLAY:
78             if self.state == self.READY:
79                 print("\nPROCESSING PLAY")
80                 self.state = self.PLAYING
```



```
81
82         # Create a new socket for RTP/UDP
83         self.clientInfo["rtpSocket"] = socket.socket(socket.
84         AF_INET, socket.SOCK_DGRAM)
85
86         self.replyRtsp(self.OK_200, seq[1])
87
88         # Create a new thread and start sending RTP packets
89         self.clientInfo['event'] = threading.Event()
90         self.clientInfo['worker'] = threading.Thread(target=
91         self.sendRtp)
92         self.clientInfo['worker'].start()
93
94         # Process PAUSE request
95         elif requestType == self.PAUSE:
96             if self.state == self.PLAYING:
97                 print("\nPROCESSING PAUSE")
98                 self.state = self.READY
99
100                 self.clientInfo['event'].set()
101
102                 self.replyRtsp(self.OK_200, seq[1])
103
104         # Process TEARDOWN request
105         elif requestType == self.TEARDOWN:
106             print("\nPROCESSING TEARDOWN")
107
108             self.clientInfo['event'].set()
109
110             self.replyRtsp(self.OK_200, seq[1])
111
112         # Close the RTP socket
113         self.clientInfo['rtpSocket'].close()
114
115     def sendRtp(self):
116         """Send RTP packets over UDP."""
117         while True:
118             self.clientInfo['event'].wait(0.05)
119
120             # Stop sending if request is PAUSE or TEARDOWN
121             if self.clientInfo['event'].isSet():
```




```
122         break
123
124         data = self.clientInfo['videoStream'].nextFrame()
125         if data:
126             frameNumber = self.clientInfo['videoStream'].frameNbr()
127             try:
128                 address = self.clientInfo['rtspSocket'][1][0]
129                 port = int(self.clientInfo['rtspPort'])
130                 self.clientInfo['rtspSocket'].sendto(self.makeRtp(data,
131 frameNumber), (address, port))
132             except:
133                 print("Connection Error")
134
135         def makeRtp(self, payload, frameNbr):
136             """RTP-packetize the video data."""
137             version = 2
138             padding = 0
139             extension = 0
140             cc = 0
141             marker = 0
142             pt = 26 # MJPEG type
143             seqnum = frameNbr
144             ssrc = 0
145
146             rtpPacket = RtpPacket()
147
148             rtpPacket.encode(version, padding, extension, cc, seqnum, marker,
149 pt, ssrc, payload)
150
151             return rtpPacket.getPacket()
152
153         def replyRtsp(self, code, seq):
154             """Send RTSP reply to the client."""
155             if code == self.OK_200:
156                 # print "200 OK"
157                 reply = 'RTSP/1.0 200 OK\nCSeq: ' + seq + \ '\nSession: ' +
158 str(self.clientInfo['session'])
159                 print(reply)
160                 connSocket = self.clientInfo['rtspSocket'][0]
161                 connSocket.send(reply)
162
```



```
163     # Error messages
164     elif code == self.FILE_NOT_FOUND_404:
165         print("404 NOT FOUND")
166     elif code == self.CON_ERR_500:
167         print("500 CONNECTION ERROR")
```

7.6 Result:

7.6.1 Whenever click on Setup button, we receive the following results:

```
[caparies@Caparies170102] → Assignment Net (UIP main) python2 ClientLauncher.py Caparies170102 1234 25000 movie.Mjpeg
Data Sent:
SETUP movie.Mjpeg RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 1
Transport: RTP/UDP; client_port= 25000

[caparies@Caparies170102] → Assignment Net (UIP main) python2 Server.py 1234
PROCESSING SETUP
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 1
Session: 123456
```

Figure 1: Click SETUP button



7.6.2 Whenever click on Play button, we receive the following results:

```
PROCESSING SETUP
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 1
Session: 123456

PROCESSING PLAY
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Session: 123456

Data Sent:
SETUP movie.Mjpeg RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 1
Transport: RTP/UDP; client_port= 25000
LISTENING...

Data Sent:
PLAY movie.Mjpeg RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 2
Session: 123456
CURRENT SEQUENCE NUM: 1
LISTENING...
CURRENT SEQUENCE NUM: 2
LISTENING...
CURRENT SEQUENCE NUM: 3
LISTENING...
CURRENT SEQUENCE NUM: 4
LISTENING...
CURRENT SEQUENCE NUM: 5
LISTENING...
```

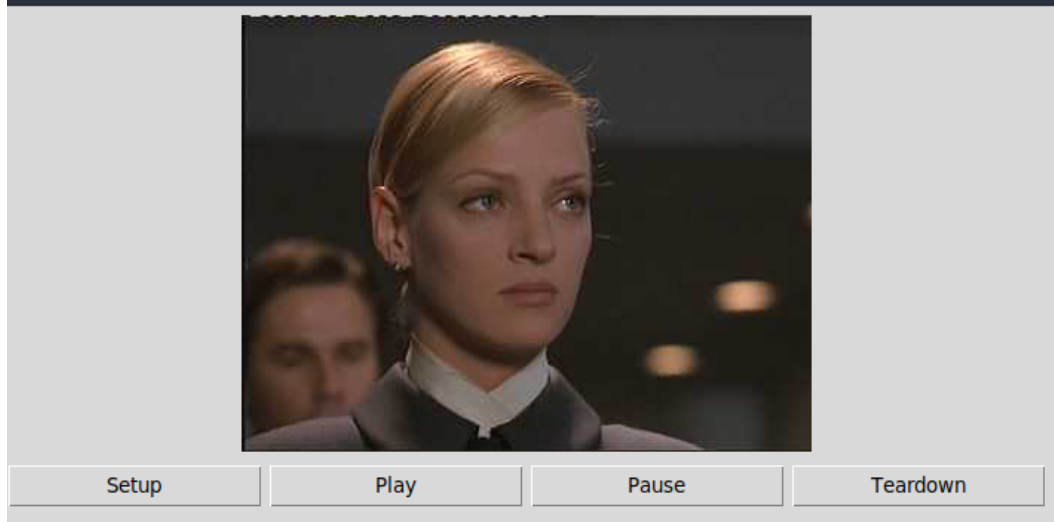


Figure 2: Click PLAY button



7.6.3 Whenever click on Pause button, we receive the following results:

```
PROCESSING SETUP
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 1
Session: 123456

PROCESSING PLAY
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Session: 123456

PROCESSING PAUSE
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 3
Session: 123456
```

```
Data Sent:
PAUSE movie.Mjpeg RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 3
Session: 123456
```

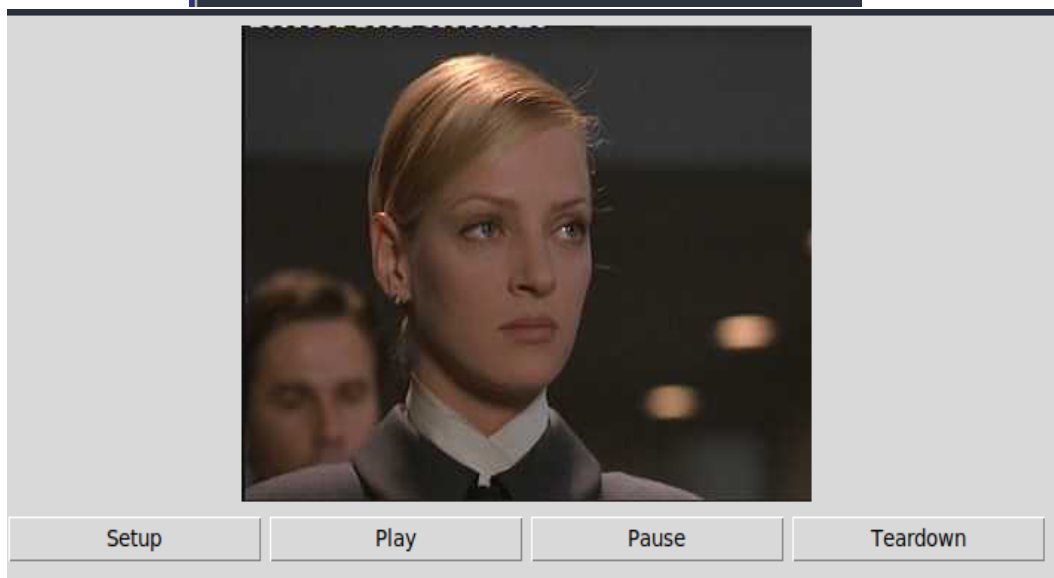


Figure 3: Click PAUSE button



7.6.4 Whenever click on Teardown button, we receive the following results:

```
Data Sent:
PAUSE movie.Mjpeg RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 3
Session: 123456

Data Sent:
TEARDOWN movie.Mjpeg RTSP/1.0
CSeq: 4
Session: 123456

PROCESSING SETUP
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 1
Session: 123456

PROCESSING PLAY
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 2
Session: 123456

PROCESSING PAUSE
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 3
Session: 123456

PROCESSING TEARDOWN
RTSP/1.0 200 OK
CSeq: 4
Session: 123456
```

Figure 4: Click TEARDOWN button