

Big O Analysis

1. Array search:

Input: array type int, value type int.

Output: true or false;

```
public static boolean arraySearch(int[] arr, int value) {  
    boolean found = false;           ===>O(1)  
    for(int i = 0 ; i<arr.length; i++) {   ===>O(n)  
        if(arr[i] == value) {  
            found = true;           ===>O(1)  
            break;  
        }  
    }  
    return found;                     ===>O(1)  
}
```

$$T(n) = O(1) + O(n) + (O(n) + O(1) + O(1)) = 3*O(n) + 3*O(1) = O(n).$$

2. AVL tree search

Input: data type int, node type Node.

Output: true or false;

```
public boolean search(int data, Node node) {  
    if(node == null)  
        return false;           ===>O(1)  
    else {  
        if(data < node.data)  
            return search(data, node.left);   ===>O(logn)  
        else if(data > node.data)  
            return search(data, node.right);   ===>O(logn)  
        else {  
            return true;           ===>O(1)  
        }  
    }  
}
```

$$T(n) = O(1) + O(\log n) + O(\log n) + O(1) = 2*O(\log n) + 2*O(1) = O(\log n).$$