## 임베디드응용및실습

-리눅스 간단 명령 수행하기

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<파일 압축 해제>

1. IFC181.tar 파일을 받아 ~/embedded/week5 로 옮긴다.

```
    kihon@pi:~ $ mkdir embedded
    kihon@pi:~ $ cd embedded
    kihon@pi:~/embedded $ mkdir week5
```

kihon@pi:~/embedded \$ cd ~

kihon@pi:~ \$ mv IFC181.tar ~/embedded/week5

2. tar 명령으로 압축을 해제한다.

```
kihon@pi:~ $ cd embedded/week5
kihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ tar -xvf IFC181.tar
IFC181_14.pdf
IFC181_01.pdf
IFC181_02.pdf
IFC181_03.pdf
IFC181_04.pdf

Open file in editor (ctrl + click)

IFC181_07.pdf
IFC181_09.pdf
IFC181_10.pdf
IFC181_10.pdf
IFC181_11.pdf
IFC181_12.pdf
IFC181_13.pdf
```

```
∨ embedded/week5
 IFC181_01.pdf
 IFC181_02.pdf
 IFC181_03.pdf
 IFC181_04.pdf
 IFC181_05.pdf
 IFC181_06.pdf
 IFC181_07.pdf
 IFC181_08.pdf
 IFC181_09.pdf
 IFC181_10.pdf
 IFC181_11.pdf
 IFC181_12.pdf
 IFC181_13.pdf
 IFC181_14.pdf

    ■ IFC181.tar
```

3. 2에서 압축해제된 파일들을 IFC181\_re.tar로 압축한다.

```
kihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ tar -cvf IFC181_re.tar IFC181*.pdf
IFC181_01.pdf
IFC181_02.pdf
IFC181_03.pdf
IFC181_04.pdf
IFC181_05.pdf
IFC181_06.pdf
IFC181_07.pdf
IFC181_09.pdf
IFC181_100.pdf
IFC181_100.pdf
IFC181_100.pdf
IFC181_100.pdf
IFC181_100.pdf
IFC181_100.pdf
IFC181_11.pdf
IFC181_11.pdf
IFC181_11.pdf
IFC181_11.pdf
IFC181_11.pdf
```

```
✓ embedded/week5

JFC181_01.pdf
JFC181_02.pdf
▶ IFC181_03.pdf
J IFC181_04.pdf
J IFC181_05.pdf

↓ IFC181_06.pdf

J IFC181_07.pdf
▶ IFC181_08.pdf
J IFC181_09.pdf

↓ IFC181_10.pdf

▶ IFC181_11.pdf
▶ IFC181_12.pdf
JFC181_13.pdf

↓ IFC181_14.pdf

■ IFC181_re.tar
```

- 4. 2에서 압축해제된 파일들을 zip명령으로 IFC181\_re.zip으로 압축한다.
- 이때 zip 명령을 수행할 수 있도록 zip을 설치한다.

: sudo apt-get install zip

```
kihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ zip IFC181_re.zip IFC181*.pdf
adding: IFC181_01.pdf (deflated 20%)
adding: IFC181_02.pdf (deflated 5%)
adding: IFC181_03.pdf (deflated 22%)
adding: IFC181_04.pdf (deflated 19%)
adding: IFC181_05.pdf (deflated 13%)
adding: IFC181_06.pdf (deflated 15%)
adding: IFC181_07.pdf (deflated 13%)
adding: IFC181_09.pdf (deflated 15%)
adding: IFC181_09.pdf (deflated 10%)
adding: IFC181_10.pdf (deflated 21%)
adding: IFC181_11.pdf (deflated 21%)
adding: IFC181_12.pdf (deflated 15%)
adding: IFC181_13.pdf (deflated 18%)
adding: IFC181_13.pdf (deflated 17%)
adding: IFC181_14.pdf (deflated 19%)
```

■ IFC181\_re.zip

5. 4에서 나온 IFC181\_re.zip 파일을 unzip 명령을 통해 압축해제 한다.

```
kihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ unzip IFC181 re.zip
  Archive: IFC181 re.zip
  replace IFC181_01.pdf? [y]es, [n]o, [A]ll, [N]one, [r]ename: A
    inflating: IFC181_01.pdf
    inflating: IFC181 02.pdf
    inflating: IFC181 03.pdf
    inflating: IFC181 04.pdf
    inflating: IFC181_05.pdf
    inflating: IFC181 06.pdf
    inflating: IFC181 07.pdf
    inflating: IFC181 08.pdf
    inflating: IFC181_09.pdf
    inflating: IFC181 10.pdf
    inflating: IFC181_11.pdf
    inflating: IFC181_12.pdf
    inflating: IFC181 13.pdf
    inflating: IFC181_14.pdf
```

<find 명령어 연습>

6. ~ (home) 디렉토리로 이동하고 find 명령을 통해 embedded폴더에서(하위폴더 포함) .pdf 파일을 찾는 명령을 수행해본다.

```
kihon@pi:~ $ find ~/embedded -name "*.pdf"
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_05.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_04.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_08.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_12.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_09.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_07.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_13.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_02.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_01.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_11.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_11.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_10.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_03.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_03.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_06.pdf
```

7. 아래의 명령 결과가 동일한지 아닌지 결과를 보이고 동작 결과를 설명하시오 동작결과 설명: 1,2,3은 find 다음에 .을 써서 파일경로가 ./형태로 시작했지만 4,5는 find 다음에 ~를 써서 /home/kihon이 붙었다. 아래는 결과사진 첨부입니다.

innosm@innosm:~ \$find . -name \*.pdf

```
kihon@pi:~ $ find . -name *.pdf
./Bookshelf/BeginnersGuide-4thEd-Eng v2.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 05.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 04.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 08.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 12.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 09.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_07.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_13.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 02.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 01.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_14.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 11.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_10.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 03.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 06.pdf
```

```
innosm@innosm:~ $find ./ -name *.pdf
```

```
kihon@pi:~ $ find ./ -name *.pdf
./Bookshelf/BeginnersGuide-4thEd-Eng v2.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 05.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_04.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 08.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_12.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_09.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 07.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 13.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_02.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 01.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 14.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_11.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 10.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181 03.pdf
./embedded/week5/IFC181_06.pdf
```

innosm@innosm:~ \$find -name \*.pdf

```
▶ kihon@pi:~ $ find -name *.pdf
 ./Bookshelf/BeginnersGuide-4thEd-Eng v2.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 05.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 04.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 08.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 12.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 09.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 07.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 13.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181_02.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 01.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 14.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 11.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 10.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 03.pdf
 ./embedded/week5/IFC181 06.pdf
```

innosm@innosm:~ \$find ~ -name \*.pdf

```
kihon@pi:~ $ find ~ -name *.pdf
/home/kihon/Bookshelf/BeginnersGuide-4thEd-Eng v2.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 05.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 04.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 08.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 12.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 09.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 07.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 13.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 02.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 01.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 14.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 11.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 10.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 03.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 06.pdf
```

innosm@innosm:~ \$find /home/innosm -name \*.pdf

```
kihon@pi:~ $ find /home/kihon -name *.pdf
/home/kihon/Bookshelf/BeginnersGuide-4thEd-Eng v2.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 05.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 04.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 08.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 12.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 09.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 07.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 13.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 02.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 01.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 14.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181_11.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 10.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 03.pdf
/home/kihon/embedded/week5/IFC181 06.pdf
```

8. ~ (home) 디렉토리로 이동하고, week5 폴더가 있는지 검색하려고 한다. 적절한 명령을 수행하여 week5 폴더를 검색하고 결과를 보이시오.

```
wihon@pi:~ $ find ./ -name week5
./embedded/week5
```

<파일 용량 확인>

9. 아래 명령을 수행한 결과를 보이시오.

df -h

```
kihon@pi:~ $ df -h
 Filesystem
                Size Used Avail Use% Mounted on
 /dev/root
                15G 3.5G
                          11G 26% /
                        0 1.8G
                                 0% /dev
 devtmpfs
                1.8G
 tmpfs
                1.9G
                        0 1.9G 0% /dev/shm
                1.9G 8.6M 1.9G
                                1% /run
 tmpfs
 tmpfs
                5.0M 4.0K 5.0M
                                1% /run/lock
 tmpfs
                1.9G
                        0 1.9G
                                 0% /sys/fs/cgroup
 /dev/mmcblk0p1 253M
                     49M 204M 20% /boot
                384M 4.0K 384M
                                 1% /run/user/1000
```

10. 아래 명령을 수행한 결과를 보이시오.

cd ~

cd embedded

du -h

```
kihon@pi:~ $ cd ~
kihon@pi:~ $ cd embedded
kihon@pi:~/embedded $ du -h
16M ./week5
16M .
```

11. 10번에서 현재 embedded 폴더의 총 사용량은(하위폴더 포함, 단위 표시)? 답: 16M

12. cd embedded/week5 를 수행하여 위치를 이동하고, 아래 명령을 차례로 수행하시오

1) df.

```
kihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ df .
Filesystem 1K-blocks Used Available Use% Mounted on
/dev/root 14986204 3641088 10683608 26% /
```

2) 이 폴더에 temp\_file 파일 생성하고 파일에 1을 기록

```
wihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ touch temp_file
wihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ echo 1 > temp_file
```

3) stat temp\_file 명령을 통해 파일의 크기를 확인

```
kihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ stat temp_file
   File: temp file
                                                              일반 파일
   Size: 2
                                            IO Block: 4096
                          Blocks: 8
 Device: b302h/45826d
                         Inode: 264826
                                            Links: 1
 Access: (0644/-rw-r--r--) Uid: ( 1000/
                                           kihon) Gid: (1000/
                                                                    kihon)
 Access: 2024-10-07 22:30:27.112138858 +0900
 Modify: 2024-10-07 22:30:29.272094990 +0900
 Change: 2024-10-07 22:30:29.272094990 +0900
  Birth: -
\overline{4}) df.
```

```
hihon@pi:~/embedded/week5 $ df .
Filesystem 1K-blocks Used Available Use% Mounted on
/dev/root 14986204 3641092 10683604 26% /
```

1)과 4)에서 줄어든 용량과 3)에서 확인한 용량이 다르다면 그 이유는? 파일의 실제 크기는 2바이트지만 파일을 블록 단위로 저장된다. 1블록은 4k 바이트이다. 따라서 1, 4와 3에서 확인한 용량에서 차이가 나는 것이다.

<cpu architecture>

13. 현재 사용하는 라즈비언 OS가 몇비트 시스템인지 확인하고 결과를 첨부하시오.

```
● kihon@pi:~ $ uname -m
armv71
32비트 시스템이다.
```