Advanced lighting in 2D graphics

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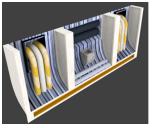
April 4, 2013

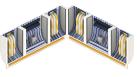
Why 2D

- ► Low HW requirements
- Good graphics everywhere (integrated, mobile, old GPUs)
- Easy to code
- Easy to create art (even from 3D)
- Artists can "cheat", and are not HW-limited
- Don't always need 3D (RTS, isometric RPG)

Pre-rendered graphics

- ▶ 3D -> tool -> 2D -> postprocessing -> game
- 3D without game optimizations
- Can look photorealistic





Common 2D lighting techniques

► Static lighting



Temple of Elemental Evil game by Troika Games

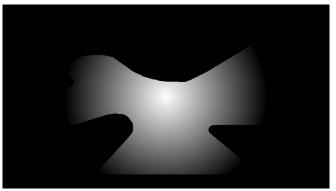
Common 2D lighting techniques

► Lighting in a 2D circle around the source



Common 2D lighting techniques

► Shadows in special cases (e.g. interior with vertical walls)



Demo by Rabid Lion Games

Dynamic "3D" lighting?

- ▶ How to dynamically light 2D images representing 3D objects?
- Recently, progress using normal maps (Stasis, Legend of Dungeon)



Stasis game by Christopher Bischoff

But no public tools, documentation



Goals

- Realistic dynamic lighting in 2D
- ▶ Utilize hardware features that didn't exist back in 2000
- ► Run on low-end hardware (old, integrated, mobile GPU)
- General-purpose open source tools for any project

Blinn-Phong reflection model

- Very common in (non-high-end) 3D games
- Good speed/result ratio
- Ambient, diffuse, specular

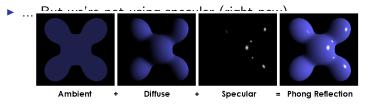


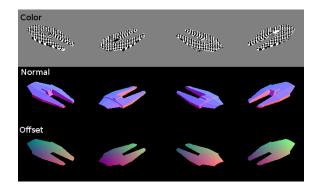
Image from en.wikipedia.org

Awesome2D

- ▶ Blinn-Phong "in 2D"
- Generating 3D data on pixels of a 2D image on the GPU.
- Calculating lighting using a 3D lighting model.
- Per-pixel data:
 - Relative 3D position
 - World-space normal
 - Color
- Data from game simulation
 - Object 3D position (even if the game is 2D)
 - Lights
- Can be extended later using existing techniques from the 3D world.
 - Self-shadowed radiosity normal mapping, HDR, etc.

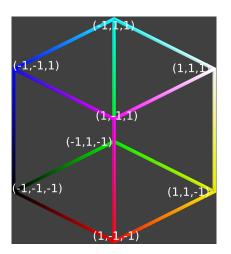
Encoding

- RGBA diffuse color
- ► RGB (3D vector) normal
- ▶ RGB (3D vector) position



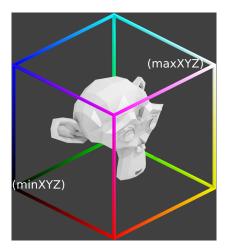
Encoding - Normals

▶ RGB to XYZ, 0-255 to -1 - 1



Encoding - Positions

- Bounding box (one per sprite)
- ▶ RGB to XYZ, 0-255 to bounds.min bounds.max



Pre-renderer

- OpenGL, using GPU shaders in GLSL
- Creates 2D images from 3D
- Generates data for the Blinn-Phong model (color, normals, offsets)
- Usable by any project implementing our lighting model

Demo & Lighting implementation

- OpenGL/GLSL again
- Lighting processed per pixel (GLSL fragment shader)
- No specular (yet?)
- ▶ Demo with a tiled dimetric map (pixel processing stress test)

Video

Performance scaling: 3D

► Time: 3D transform, vertices/triangles, screenful of pixels

► Memory: vertices, indices, textures



Dwarf model by thecubber from http://opengameart.org

Performance scaling: 2D

- Minimum vertex overhead
- ► Time: pixel copy (fast)
- Memory: images (32bpp)
 - ► Animations can take a lot of memory (Need a separate image for each step of an animation)



Performance scaling: 2D with lighting

- Minimum vertex overhead
- ► Time: screenful of pixels
- Memory: images (80bpp)
 - ► Animations can take a lot of memory (Need a separate image for each step of an animation)



Feeding the GPU

- Many 4-vertex buffers are slow
- Many small non-power-of-two textures are slow
- Pack pixel and vertex data
 - Pack vertices for multiple images in one buffer
 - Pack images into power-of-two texture atlases



Texture atlas example by Christian Knudsen

- Reduce GPU/CPU communication to minimum
 - Upload buffers/textures to the GPU once, don't touch them later

Current performance

► Acceptable: 24FPS

Tilemap stress test - 1024×768		
GPU	Min FPS	Avg FPS
Intel HD3000	60	60 (vsync)
GeForce 8400M G	15	19
GeForce 9600	60	60 (vsync)
Radeon 4550M	40	46
Radeon 6770	890	900
Radeon 6850	1800	1900

Tilemap stress test - 1920×1080		
GPU	Min FPS	Avg FPS
Intel HD3000	30	35
Radeon 6770	180	200

Current status

- ▶ Working demo with an isometric map & random stuff
- Basic pre-renderer
 - ► No AA Yes AA
 - No animations
 - Single-model scenes only (an image can only contain one object)

Roadmap

- Improve worst-case performance
- Improve demo, pre-renderer
- Spatial light management
- Lower bit-depth data (memory usage)? (less possible normal vectors)
- Future:
 - Revisit cut features, HDR, self-shadowing ...

More info

- http://kiithcoding.nfshost.com
- https://github.com/kiith-sa/awesome2D
- D
- ► OpenGL2/GLSL
- Assimp
- FreeType
- ► SDL2

Sources

- Inspiration: normal mapping in 3D games
- Bui Tuong Phong. <u>Illumination for computer generated pictures.</u> Communications of ACM 18, no. 6, 311-317 (1975)
- James F. Blinn. Models of light reflection for computer synthesized pictures. SIGGRAPH Comput. Graph. 11, 2, 192-198 (1977)
- Blinn, J. F. 1978. Simulation of wrinkled surfaces. SIGGRAPH 1978.
- P. Cignoni et. al. A general method for preserving attribute values on simplified meshes. (VIS '98).

Thank you for your attention!