```
import java.util.Comparator;
import components.map.Map;
import components.map.Map1L;
import components.queue.Queue;
import components.queue.Queue1L;
import components.set.Set;
import components.set.Set1L;
import components.simplereader.SimpleReader;
import components.simplereader.SimpleReader1L;
import components.simplewriter.SimpleWriter;
import components.simplewriter.SimpleWriter1L;
/**
* Creating a glossary facility for a client.
 * @author Gabe Azzarita
public final class Glossary {
    /**
     * No argument constructor--private to prevent instantiation.
    private Glossary() {
        // no code needed here
    /**
     * Compare {@code String}s in lexicographic order.
    private static class StringLT implements Comparator<String> {
        @Override
        /**
         * @param o1
                      first string
         * @param o2
         *
                      second string
         * @ensures positive int, zero, or negative int if o1 is greater than,
                    equal to, or less than o2
         * @return integer signaling which string is bigger
         */
        public int compare(String o1, String o2) {
            return o1.compareTo(o2);
    }
     * Adds all elements in inputFile (words and definitions) into a map, and
     * adds all words in a queue.
     * @param pairMap
```

```
Map of words, definitions
  @param wordQueue
              ArrayList of words
  @param inputFile
              SimpleReader for file
  @ensures wordQueue and pairMap are filled with words and words + def
 */
public static void getElements(Map<String, String> pairMap,
        Queue<String> wordQueue, SimpleReader inputFile) {
    String tempWord = "";
    String tempDef = "";
    String tempLine = "";
    /*
     * Add words and definitions into a map until end of file Add words to a
     * queue to sort later
     */
    while (!inputFile.atEOS()) {
        /*
         * File follows word + \n + term + \n + \n repeat, so we have to
         * account and ignore the empty line
         */
        tempLine = inputFile.nextLine();
        if (!tempLine.equals("")) {
            tempWord = tempLine;
            tempDef = inputFile.nextLine();
            tempLine = inputFile.nextLine();
            // This is needed in case definitions are multiple lines
            while (!tempLine.equals("")) {
                tempDef += tempLine;
                tempLine = inputFile.nextLine();
            }
            // Add word to queue and word + definition to map
            wordQueue.enqueue(tempWord);
            pairMap.add(tempWord, tempDef);
        }
}
/**
 st Outputs the "opening" tags in the generated HTML file.
  @param wordQueue
              sorted wordQueue
  @param out
              the output stream
 * @ensures out.content = #out.content * [the HTML "opening" tags]
```

```
*/
public static void outputHeader(Queue<String> wordQueue, SimpleWriter out) {
   out.println("<html>");
   out.println(" <head>");
   out.println("
                   <title> Sample Glossary </title>");
   out.println(" </head>");
   out.println(" <body>");
   out.println("
                    <h2> Sample Glossary </h2>");
   out.println("<hr>");
   out.println("
                  <h3> Index </h3>");
   out.println(" ");
   Queue<String> wordQueueCopy = new Queue1L<>();
    // Print each word in wordQueue with link to its page
   while (wordQueue.length() != 0) {
       String tempWord = wordOueue.degueue();
       wordQueueCopy.enqueue(tempWord);
                          <a href=" + tempWord + ".html" + ">"
       out.println("
               + tempWord + "</a> ");
   wordQueue.transferFrom(wordQueueCopy);
}
/**
 ^st Processes one word and definition and outputs it to a corresponding HTML.
  @param word
  @param def
 *
             definition associated with word
  @param out
             output stream
  @param separators
             the {@code Set} of separator characters
  @param pairMap
             Map of words, definitions
  @ensures out.content = #out.content * [an HTML page with the word, its
           definition, any linked words, and a return to index page option]
 *
 */
public static void processItem(String word, String def, SimpleWriter out,
       Set<Character> separators, Map<String, String> pairMap) {
   out.println("<html>");
   out.println(" <head>");
   out.println("
                   <title>" + word + "</title>");
   out.println(" </head>");
   out.println(" <body>");
   out.println(" <h2><b><i><font color=\"#ff0000\">" + word
           + "</font></i></b></h2>");
   out.print(" ");
```

```
// Printing text using nextWordOrSeparator
    int position = 0;
    while (position < def.length()) {</pre>
       String token = nextWordOrSeparator(def, position, separators);
       // Checking to see if word has a linked definition
       if (pairMap.hasKey(token)) {
           out.print("<a href=\"" + token + ".html" + "\">" + token
                   + "</a>");
        } else {
           out.print(token);
       position += token.length();
    }
   out.println(" ");
    out.println("<hr>");
   out.println("  Return to <a href=\"" + "index.html" + "\">"
           + "index" + "</a>");
    out.println(" </body>");
}
/**
 * Returns the first "word" (maximal length string of characters not in
 * {@code separators}) or "separator string" (maximal length string of
 * characters in {@code separators}) in the given {@code text} starting at
 * the given {@code position}.
 * @param text
             the {@code String} from which to get the word or separator
              string
  @param position
             the starting index
 * @param separators
             the {@code Set} of separator characters
 * @return the first word or separator string found in {@code text} starting
          at index {@code position}
 * @requires 0 <= position < |text|
 * @ensures 
 * nextWordOrSeparator =
    text[position, position + |nextWordOrSeparator|) and
 * if entries(text[position, position + 1)) intersection separators = {}
 * then
     entries(nextWordOrSeparator) intersection separators = {} and
     (position + |nextWordOrSeparator| = |text| or
     entries(text[position, position + |nextWordOrSeparator| + 1))
       intersection separators /= {})
 * else
     entries(nextWordOrSeparator) is subset of separators and
     (position + |nextWordOrSeparator| = |text| or
     entries(text[position, position + |nextWordOrSeparator| + 1))
       is not subset of separators)
```

```
* 
 */
public static String nextWordOrSeparator(String text, int position,
        Set<Character> separators) {
    assert text != null : "Violation of: text is not null";
    assert separators != null : "Violation of: separators is not null";
    assert 0 <= position : "Violation of: 0 <= position";
    assert position < text.length() : "Violation of: position < |text|";</pre>
    String resultStr = "";
    String subStr = text.substring(position);
    char ch = text.charAt(position);
    boolean containsCh = separators.contains(ch);
    if (!containsCh) {
        // If first char is not separator, loop until separator is found
        for (int i = 0; i < subStr.length(); i++) {
            ch = text.charAt(position + i);
            if (!separators.contains(ch)) {
                resultStr += ch;
            } else { // As soon as next char is separator
                // Essentially a break
                i = text.substring(position).length();
    } else { // Separator found, return separator
        resultStr += ch;
    return resultStr;
}
/**
 * Outputs the "closing" tags in the generated HTML file.
 * @param out
              the output stream
 * @ensures out.content = #out.content * [the HTML "closing" tags]
 */
public static void outputFooter(SimpleWriter out) {
    assert out != null : "Violation of: out is not null";
    assert out.isOpen() : "Violation of: out.is_open";
   out.println(" ");
   out.println(" </body>");
   out.println("</html>");
}
/**
 * Main method.
```

```
* @param args
              the command line arguments; unused here
 */
public static void main(String[] args) {
    SimpleReader in = new SimpleReader1L();
    SimpleWriter out = new SimpleWriter1L();
    // Grab input file and output folder and create reader/writer
    out.print("Name of input file: ");
    String fileName = in.nextLine();
    SimpleReader inputFile = new SimpleReader1L(fileName);
    out.print("Name of output folder: ");
    String outputFolder = in.nextLine();
    SimpleWriter outMain = new SimpleWriter1L(outputFolder + "/index.html");
    // Create map and queue and fill using getElements
   Map<String, String> pairMap = new Map1L<>();
    Queue<String> wordQueue = new Queue1L<>();
    getElements(pairMap, wordQueue, inputFile);
    // Create separator set and fill with necessary separators
    Set<Character> separators = new Set1L<>();
    separators.add(' ');
    separators.add(',');
    // Sort wordQueue in alphabetical order
    wordQueue.sort(new StringLT());
    outputHeader(wordQueue, outMain);
    // Process each item in the queue and create corresponding HTML page
    while (wordQueue.length() != 0) {
        String word = wordQueue.dequeue();
        String def = pairMap.value(word);
        SimpleWriter outWord = new SimpleWriter1L(
                outputFolder + "/" + word + ".html");
        processItem(word, def, outWord, separators, pairMap);
        outWord.close();
    outputFooter(outMain);
    // Close readers
    in.close();
   out.close();
```

}