```
import java.awt.Cursor;
import java.awt.GridLayout;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import javax.swing.JButton;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
import javax.swing.JScrollPane;
import javax.swing.JTextArea;
/**
 * View class.
 * @author Bruce W. Weide
* @author Paolo Bucci
 */
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
public final class AppendUndoView1 extends JFrame implements AppendUndoView {
    /**
     * Controller object.
     */
    private AppendUndoController controller;
    /**
     * GUI widgets that need to be in scope in actionPerformed method, and
     * related constants. (Each should have its own Javadoc comment, but these
     * are elided here to keep the code shorter.)
    private static final int LINES IN TEXT AREAS = 5,
            LINE_LENGTHS_IN_TEXT_AREAS = 20, ROWS_IN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID = 1,
            COLUMNS IN BUTTON PANEL GRID = 2, ROWS IN THIS GRID = 3,
            COLUMNS IN THIS GRID = 1;
    /**
     * Text areas.
    private final JTextArea inputText, outputText;
    /**
     * Buttons.
    private final JButton resetButton, appendButton, undoButton;
    /**
     * No-argument constructor.
     */
    public AppendUndoView1() {
        // Create the JFrame being extended
        /*
```

```
* Call the JFrame (superclass) constructor with a String parameter to
 * name the window in its title bar
super("Simple GUI Demo With MVC");
// Set up the GUI widgets ------
/*
* Create widgets
this.inputText = new JTextArea("", LINES_IN_TEXT_AREAS,
        LINE LENGTHS IN TEXT AREAS);
this.outputText = new JTextArea("", LINES_IN_TEXT_AREAS,
        LINE LENGTHS IN TEXT AREAS);
this.resetButton = new JButton("Reset");
this.appendButton = new JButton("Append");
this.undoButton = new JButton("Undo");
/*
 * Text areas should wrap lines, and outputText should be read-only
this.inputText.setEditable(true);
this.inputText.setLineWrap(true);
this.inputText.setWrapStyleWord(true);
this.outputText.setEditable(false);
this.outputText.setLineWrap(true);
this.outputText.setWrapStyleWord(true);
/*
 * Create scroll panes for the text areas in case text is long enough to
* require scrolling in one or both dimensions
 */
JScrollPane inputTextScrollPane = new JScrollPane(this.inputText);
JScrollPane outputTextScrollPane = new JScrollPane(this.outputText);
/*
* Create a button panel organized using grid layout
JPanel buttonPanel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(
       ROWS_IN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID, COLUMNS_IN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID));
 * Add the buttons to the button panel, from left to right and top to
* bottom
 */
buttonPanel.add(this.resetButton);
buttonPanel.add(this.appendButton);
buttonPanel.add(this.undoButton);
/*
* Organize main window using grid layout
this.setLayout(new GridLayout(ROWS IN THIS GRID, COLUMNS IN THIS GRID));
 * Add scroll panes and button panel to main window, from left to right
 * and top to bottom
```

```
*/
   this.add(inputTextScrollPane);
   this.add(buttonPanel);
   this.add(outputTextScrollPane);
   * Register this object as the observer for all GUI events
   this.resetButton.addActionListener(this);
   this.appendButton.addActionListener(this);
   this.undoButton.addActionListener(this);
   // Start the main application window ------
    * Make sure the main window is appropriately sized for the widgets in
    * it, that it exits this program when closed, and that it becomes
    * visible to the user now
    */
   this.pack();
   this.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
   this.setVisible(true);
}
/**
 * Register argument as observer/listener of this; this must be done first,
* before any other methods of this class are called.
* @param controller
            controller to register
*/
@Override
public void registerObserver(AppendUndoController controller) {
   this.controller = controller;
/**
* Updates input display based on String provided as argument.
* @param input
           new value of input display
*/
@Override
public void updateInputDisplay(String input) {
   this.inputText.setText(input);
/**
 * Updates output display based on String provided as argument.
```

```
* @param output
              new value of output display
 */
@Override
public void updateOutputDisplay(String output) {
    this.outputText.setText(output);
@Override
public void updateUndoAllowed(boolean allowed) {
    this.undoButton.setEnabled(allowed);
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {
     * Set cursor to indicate computation on-going; this matters only if
     * processing the event might take a noticeable amount of time as seen
     * by the user
     */
    this.setCursor(Cursor.getPredefinedCursor(Cursor.WAIT CURSOR));
     * Determine which event has occurred that we are being notified of by
     * this callback; in this case, the source of the event (i.e, the widget
     * calling actionPerformed) is all we need because only buttons are
     * involved here, so the event must be a button press; in each case,
     * tell the controller to do whatever is needed to update the model and
     * to refresh the view
     */
    Object source = event.getSource();
    if (source == this.resetButton) {
        this.controller.processResetEvent();
    } else if (source == this.appendButton) {
        this.controller.processAppendEvent(this.inputText.getText());
    } else if (source == this.undoButton) {
        this.controller.processUndoEvent();
    /*
     * Set the cursor back to normal (because we changed it at the beginning
     * of the method body)
     */
    this.setCursor(Cursor.getDefaultCursor());
```

}