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import java.awt.Cursor;
import java.awt.FlowLayout;
import java.awt.GridLayout;
import java.awt.event.ActionEvent;
import javax.swing.JButton;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
import javax.swing.JScrollPane;
import javax.swing.JTextArea;
import components.naturalnumber.NaturalNumber;
/**
* View class.
 * @author Gabe Azzarita
public final class NNCalcView1 extends JFrame implements NNCalcView {
    /**
     * Controller object registered with this view to observe user-interaction
     * events.
    private NNCalcController controller;
    /**
     * State of user interaction: last event "seen".
    private enum State {
        /**
         * Last event was clear, enter, another operator, or digit entry, resp.
        SAW CLEAR, SAW ENTER OR SWAP, SAW OTHER OP, SAW DIGIT
    }
    /**
     * State variable to keep track of which event happened last; needed to
     * prepare for digit to be added to bottom operand.
    private State currentState;
    /**
     * Text areas.
    private final JTextArea tTop, tBottom;
    /**
     * Operator and related buttons.
     */
    private final JButton bClear, bSwap, bEnter, bAdd, bSubtract, bMultiply,
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bDivide, bPower, bRoot;
 * Digit entry buttons.
private final JButton[] bDigits;
/**
 * Useful constants.
private static final int TEXT AREA HEIGHT = 5, TEXT AREA WIDTH = 20,
       DIGIT BUTTONS = 10, MAIN BUTTON PANEL GRID ROWS = 4,
       MAIN BUTTON PANEL GRID COLUMNS = 4, SIDE BUTTON PANEL GRID ROWS = 3,
       SIDE_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID_COLUMNS = 1, CALC_GRID_ROWS = 3,
       CALC GRID COLUMNS = 1;
/**
 * No argument constructor.
public NNCalcView1() {
    // Create the JFrame being extended
    * Call the JFrame (superclass) constructor with a String parameter to
    * name the window in its title bar
    super("Natural Number Calculator");
    // Set up the GUI widgets ------
    * Set up initial state of GUI to behave like last event was "Clear";
    * currentState is not a GUI widget per se, but is needed to process
    * digit button events appropriately
    this.currentState = State.SAW CLEAR;
    // Create widgets
    this.tTop = new JTextArea("", TEXT AREA HEIGHT, TEXT AREA WIDTH);
    this.tBottom = new JTextArea("", TEXT_AREA_HEIGHT, TEXT_AREA_WIDTH);
    // Add function buttons
    this.bClear = new JButton("Clear");
    this.bSwap = new JButton("Swap");
    this.bEnter = new JButton("Enter");
    this.bAdd = new JButton("+");
    this.bSubtract = new JButton("-");
    this.bMultiply = new JButton("*");
    this.bDivide = new JButton("/");
    this.bPower = new JButton("Power");
    this.bRoot = new JButton("Root");
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// Add digit buttons
this.bDigits = new JButton[DIGIT BUTTONS];
for (int i = 0; i < this.bDigits.length; i++) {</pre>
    this.bDigits[i] = new JButton("" + i);
// Set up the GUI widgets -----
 * Text areas should wrap lines, and should be read-only; they cannot be
 * edited because allowing keyboard entry would require checking whether
 * entries are digits, which we don't want to have to do
 */
this.tTop.setEditable(false);
this.tTop.setLineWrap(true);
this.tTop.setWrapStyleWord(true);
this.tBottom.setEditable(false);
this.tBottom.setLineWrap(true);
this.tBottom.setWrapStyleWord(true);
// Set to default value
this.tTop.setText("0");
this.tBottom.setText("0");
/*
 * Initially, the following buttons should be disabled: divide (divisor
 * must not be 0) and root (root must be at least 2) -- hint: see the
 * JButton method setEnabled
 */
this.bDivide.setEnabled(false);
this.bRoot.setEnabled(false);
// Creating scroll panes in case numbers are big enough
JScrollPane topScroll = new JScrollPane(this.tTop);
JScrollPane bottomScroll = new JScrollPane(this.tBottom);
// Create main button panel
JPanel mainButtonPanel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(
        MAIN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID_ROWS, MAIN_BUTTON_PANEL_GRID_COLUMNS));
// Add buttons to main panel (left to right, top to bottom)
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[7]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[8]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[9]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bAdd);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[4]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[5]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[6]);
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mainButtonPanel.add(this.bSubtract);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[1]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[2]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[3]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bMultiply);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDigits[0]);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bPower);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bRoot);
mainButtonPanel.add(this.bDivide);
// Create side button panel
JPanel sideButtonPanel = new JPanel(new GridLayout(
        SIDE BUTTON PANEL GRID ROWS, SIDE BUTTON PANEL GRID COLUMNS));
// Add buttons to side panel (left to right, top to bottom)
sideButtonPanel.add(this.bClear);
sideButtonPanel.add(this.bSwap);
sideButtonPanel.add(this.bEnter);
 * Create combined button panel organized using flow layout, which is
 * simple and does the right thing: sizes of nested panels are natural,
 * not necessarily equal as with grid layout
 */
JPanel combinedPanel = new JPanel(new FlowLayout());
// Add the other two button panels to the combined button panel
combinedPanel.add(mainButtonPanel);
combinedPanel.add(sideButtonPanel);
// Organize main window
this.setLayout(new GridLayout(CALC GRID ROWS, CALC GRID COLUMNS));
// Add scroll panes and button panel to main (left to right, top to bot)
this.add(topScroll);
this.add(bottomScroll);
this.add(combinedPanel);
// Set up the observers ------
// Register this object as the observer for all GUI events
this.bClear.addActionListener(this);
this.bSwap.addActionListener(this);
this.bEnter.addActionListener(this);
this.bAdd.addActionListener(this);
this.bSubtract.addActionListener(this);
this.bMultiply.addActionListener(this);
this.bDivide.addActionListener(this);
this.bPower.addActionListener(this);
this.bRoot.addActionListener(this);
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// Loop to fill bDigit[0-10]
    for (int i = 0; i < this.bDigits.length; i++) {
        this.bDigits[i].addActionListener(this);
    // Set up the main application window ------
    // Make main visible to user, properly sized, and exits program on close
    this.pack();
    this.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
    this.setVisible(true);
}
@Override
public void registerObserver(NNCalcController controller) {
    this.controller = controller;
@Override
public void updateTopDisplay(NaturalNumber n) {
    this.tTop.setText(n.toString());
@Override
public void updateBottomDisplay(NaturalNumber n) {
    this.tBottom.setText(n.toString());
@Override
public void updateSubtractAllowed(boolean allowed) {
    this.bSubtract.setEnabled(allowed);
@Override
public void updateDivideAllowed(boolean allowed) {
    this.bDivide.setEnabled(allowed);
@Override
public void updatePowerAllowed(boolean allowed) {
    this.bPower.setEnabled(allowed);
@Override
public void updateRootAllowed(boolean allowed) {
    this.bRoot.setEnabled(allowed);
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent event) {
    /*
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* Set cursor to indicate computation on-going; this matters only if
* processing the event might take a noticeable amount of time as seen
* by the user
 */
this.setCursor(Cursor.getPredefinedCursor(Cursor.WAIT CURSOR));
* Determine which event has occurred that we are being notified of by
* this callback; in this case, the source of the event (i.e, the widget
* calling actionPerformed) is all we need because only buttons are
* involved here, so the event must be a button press; in each case,
* tell the controller to do whatever is needed to update the model and
* to refresh the view
*/
Object source = event.getSource();
if (source == this.bClear) {
    this.controller.processClearEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW CLEAR;
} else if (source == this.bSwap) {
    this.controller.processSwapEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW ENTER OR SWAP;
} else if (source == this.bEnter) {
    this.controller.processEnterEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW ENTER OR SWAP;
} else if (source == this.bAdd) {
    this.controller.processAddEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW OTHER OP;
} else if (source == this.bSubtract) {
    this.controller.processSubtractEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW OTHER OP;
} else if (source == this.bMultiply) {
    this.controller.processMultiplyEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW OTHER OP;
} else if (source == this.bDivide) {
    this.controller.processDivideEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW OTHER OP;
} else if (source == this.bPower) {
    this.controller.processPowerEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW OTHER OP;
} else if (source == this.bRoot) {
    this.controller.processRootEvent();
    this.currentState = State.SAW OTHER OP;
} else {
    for (int i = 0; i < DIGIT BUTTONS; i++) {</pre>
        if (source == this.bDigits[i]) {
            switch (this.currentState) {
                case SAW ENTER OR SWAP:
                    this.controller.processClearEvent();
                    break;
                case SAW_OTHER_OP:
                    this.controller.processEnterEvent();
                    this.controller.processClearEvent();
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break;
    default:
        break;
}
this.controller.processAddNewDigitEvent(i);
this.currentState = State.SAW_DIGIT;
break;
}

* Set the cursor back to normal (because we changed it at the beginning * of the method body)
*/
this.setCursor(Cursor.getDefaultCursor());
}
```