iPWS Cup 2023 rules Ver 1.0

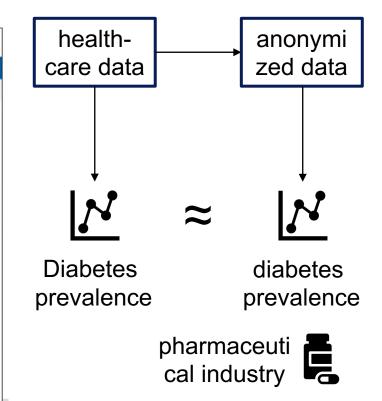
"diabetes challenge" iPWS Cup committee (2023 June 8)

Objectives

Make healthcare data anonymous so that no re-identification is feasible

(M) Centers for Disease Control and Prevention CDC 24/7: Saving Lives, Protecting People* National Center for Health Statistics (f) (D) (D) (O) (O) CDC > NCHS > National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey A National Health and Nutrition National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey **Examination Survey** About NHANES NHANES Questionnaires, Datasets, and Related What's New Documentation Questionnaires, Datasets, and Related Documentation Survey Methods Search Variables Plan & Operations, Sample Design, Estimation Simple keyword search for Continuous Survey Methods and Analytic & Weighting Procedures, Analytic Guidelines, NHANES (1999 and on) variables Guidelines Search Variables Frequently Asked Questions Continuous NHANES All Continuous NHANES NHANES NHANES NHANES NHANES NHANES 2019-2020 2017-2018 2015-2016 2019-2020 2013-2014 NHANES 2017-2018 NHANES NHANES NHANES NHANES NHANES 2015-2016 2011-2012 2009-2010 2005-2006 2007-2008 NHANES 2013-2014 NHANES 2011-2012 NHANES NHANES NHANES 2003-2004 2001-2002 1999-2000 NHANES 2009-2010

Preserve utility of data good for medical analysis



NHANES

- National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey
 - □ US CDC study, 5,000 subject per year since 1960

activ_diabet9_csv.py Csv/B.csv

12 attr.

gen	age	race	edu	mar	bmi	dep	pir	gh	mets	qm	dia
Male	62	White	Graduate	Married	27.8	0	0	0	0	Q2	1
Male	53	White	HighSchool	Divorced	30.8	0	1	0	0	Q1	0
Male	78	White	HighSchool	Married	28.8	0	0	0	0	Q3	1
Female	56	White	Graduate	Parther	42.4	1	0	0	0	Q3	0
Female	42	Black	College	Divorced	20.3	1	0	0	0	Q4	0
Female	72	Mexican	11th	Separated	28.6	0	0	0	0	Q1	0

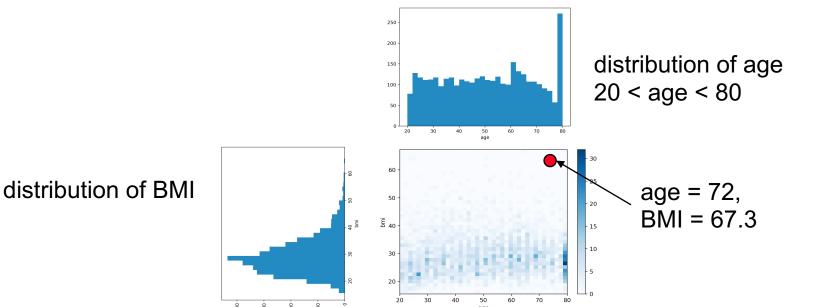
continuous values

n = 4,190 individuals

dependent variable (diabetes)

Idiosyncratic data (1)

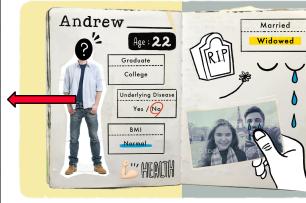
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Female	72	Mexican	11th	Separated	67.3	0	0	0	0	Q1	0



Idiosyncratic data (1)

- Single-out data
 - □unique combination of values

gen	age	race	edu	mar	N
Male	50	White	Graduate	Widowed	2
Male	50	White	Graduate	Widowed	
Male	20	White	Graduate	Married	2
Male	20	White	Graduate	Married	
Male	20	White	Graduate	Widowed	1
Female	60	White	Graduate	Widowed	2
Female	60	White	Graduate	Widowed	
Female	50	White	Graduate	Divorced	
Female	50	White	Graduate	Divorced	3
Female	50	White	Graduate	Divorced	
Female	20	White	Graduate	Married	2
Female	20	White	Graduate	Married	



Story

Players



- □ Data processor (anonymizer)
 - » owns demographic data and medical examination data



- □ Data subject (attacker)
 - » curious to know if my data was disclosed



- □ Data consumer(utility)
 - » wish to use the anonymized data to estimate diabetes prevalence risk given medical examination results.

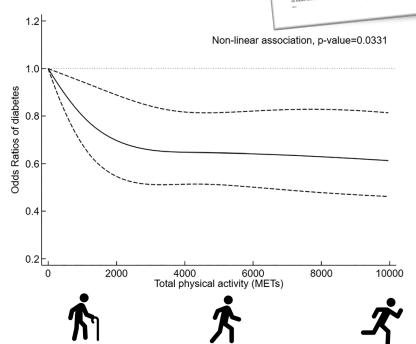


- □ Judge (organizer)
 - » determines which anonymization is most robust against re-identification

Diabetes prevalence

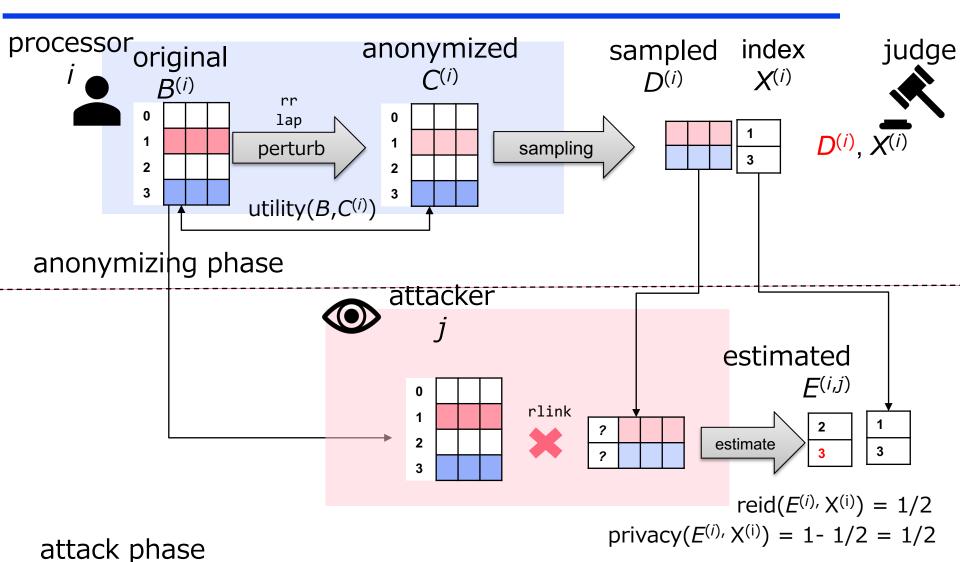
ORs (Model III, adjusted)

METs	OR	95% Conf. int.	P value	
Q1	1			
Q2	0.71	0.56-0.89	0.003	
Q3	0.66	0.52-0.84	0.001	
Q4	0.58	0.44-0.75	< 0.001	



Fanfan Zhao, et. al (The First Affiliated Hospital of Jinan, Xi'an Jiaoton Univ.), "Physical Activity Levels and Diabetes Prevalence in US Adults: Findings from NHANES 2015–2016", Diabets Ther 2020.

Overview



Utility metrics

rate diabetes prevalence (33x2) Table 1 [Zhao 2020]

cnt rate 0 diabetes 407 Female 1710 0.408 0.097 Male 1607 466 0.384 0.111 (19, 44)1574 110 0.376 0.026 379 0.090 (44, 64) 1033 0.247 (64, 80] 710 384 0.169 0.092 208 0.050 Black 647 0.154 0.030 127 0.106 Hispanic 443 200 0.048 Mexican 518 0.124 0.027 Other 537 112 0.128 White 1172 226 0.280 0.054 120 0.029 11th 373 0.089 9th 386 168 0.092 0.040 975 239 College 0.233 0.057 156 Graduate 851 0.203 0.037 190 HighSchool 732 0.175 0.045 Divorced 103 0.082 0.025 342 502 Married 1669 0.398 0.120 Never 652 0.156 0.021 57 Parther 0.079 0.014 331 32 0.008 Separated 101 0.024 Widowed 222 0.053 0.022 0.001 (15.0, 18.5) 0.015 (18.5, 25.0) 0.027 1027 114 0.245 (25.0, 30.0] 241 1149 0.274 0.058 (30.0, 70.0] 1075 514 0.257 0.123 647 dep 0 2666 0.636 0.154 651 226 0.155 0.054 dep 1 2656 650 0.634 pir 0 0.155

cor covariance matrix (30x30)

	0_Male	0_Female	1	2_White	2_Black	2.
0_Male	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
0_Female	-1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1	0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2_White	0.02	-0.02	0.12	0.00	0.00	
2_Black	-0.02	0.02	-0.05	-0.37	0.00	
2_Mexican	-0.02	0.02	-0.03	-0.34	-0.23	
2_Other	0.04	-0.04	-0.11	-0.30	-0.20	
2_Hispanic	-0.03	0.03	0.02	-0.29	-0.19	
3_Graduate	0.01	-0.01	-0.06	0.09	-0.07	
3_HighSchool	0.03	-0.03	-0.01	0.02	0.07	
3_College	-0.06	0.06	-0.05	0.11	0.07	
3_11th	0.04	-0.04	0.01	-0.10	0.02	
3_9th	-0.01	0.01	0.16	-0.21	-0.10	
3_nan	-0.02	0.02	0.02	-0.01	-0.01	
4_Married	0.10	-0.10	0.14	0.04	-0.15	
4_Divorced	-0.06	0.06	0.14	0.03	0.04	
4_Parther	0.02	-0.02	-0.21	-0.03	0.00	
4_Separated	-0.03	0.03	0.02	-0.06	0.04	
4_Never	0.00	0.00	-0.37	-0.08	0.16	
4_Widowed	-0.14	0.14	0.34	0.07	-0.01	
5	-0.08	0.08	0.06	-0.04	0.09	
6	-0.08	0.08	-0.03	0.03	-0.04	
7	-0.03	0.03	0.00	-0.21	0.04	
10_Q2	-0.06	0.06	0.09	0.00	0.01	
10_Q1	-0.11	0.11	0.21	-0.08	-0.03	
10.03	0.02	-0.02	-0.07	0.07	-0.04	

OR

odds retio

(21x2)

Table 2 [Zhao 2020

• •			
	Coef	OR	pvalue
ntercept	-7.319	0.001	0.0
gen[T.Male]	0.380		0.0
race[T.Hispanic]	-0.302	0.740	0.0
race[T.Mexican]	0.084	1.088	0.5
race[T.Other]	0.020	1.020	0.90
race[T.White]	-0.844	0.430	0.0
edu[T.9th]	-0.151	0.860	0.40
edu[T.College]	-0.073	0.930	0.6
edu[T.Graduate]	-0.150	0.861	0.39
edu[T.HighSchool]	-0.192	0.825	0.24
mar[T.Married]	0.278	1.320	0.0
mar[T.Never]	0.326	1.386	0.10
mar[T.Parther]	0.316	1.372	0.10
mar[T.Separated]	0.081	1.084	0.7
mar[T.Widowed]	-0.134	0.875	0.5
qm[T.Q2]	-0.228	0.796	0.0
qm[T.Q3]	-0.328	0.720	0.0
qm[T.Q4]	-0.401	0.670	0.0
age	0.057	1.058	0.0
omi	0.097	1.102	0.0
dep	0.440	1.552	0.0
oir	0.147	1.158	0.1

Umark (Utility benchmark)

Utility score

$$U(B,C) = \left(\prod_{u \in \{rate, cor, or, age, bmi, cat\}} (1 - \Delta(u(B), u(C)))
ight)^{1/6}$$

□where distances are defined

$$\Delta(x,y) = \max |u(x) - u(y)|$$

$$\Delta(x,y) = \max \frac{\min(|u(x) - u(y)|, 20)}{20}$$

$$\Delta(x,y) = \max \frac{|\{u(x) \neq u(y)\}|}{8}$$

for utility metrics
 (rate, cor, or)
for numerical values
 (age, bmi)
for categorical
 values (gender,
 marital, ...)

Privacy score

- Not re-identification ratio
 - □A fraction of **not** correctly identified record of i-th anonymized data estimated by j-th attacker, defined by

$$P(E^{(i,j)},X^{(i)}) = rac{|\{k\in\{1,\ldots,N\}|e_k
eq x_k\}|}{N}$$

□where E and X are N-dimensional vectors for record indexes

$$E^{(i,j)} = (e_1, \dots, e_N), X^{(i)} = (x_1, \dots, x_N)$$

judge

Winner

- Utility-Privacy score
 - \Box F1 = 2/(1/U + 1/P)) if U ≠ 0 and P ≠ 0; otherwise F1 = 0
 - ☐ U: Utility score
 - □ P: Privacy score
 - » Minimum privacy score for i-th anonymized data against j-th attacker $P^{(i)} = \min_{j \neq i} P^{(i,j)}$
- Attack score
 - □ Attacker j-th has attacking score as the mean reidentification ratio for all teams as A^(j)=1 average(P^(i,j))
- Awards
 - ☐ Top three teams with high overall F1 scores (Tied teams will be awarded evenly)
 - ☐ The team with the best overall attack score

Reference

- Zhao, Fanfan, Wu, Wentao, Feng, Xiaojie, Li, Chengzhuo, Han, Didi, Guo, Xiaojuan, et al. Physical Activity Levels and Diabetes Prevalence in US Adults: Findings from NHANES 2015-2016. Adis Journals. Figure. DOI 10.6084/m9.figshare.12073557.v1 (2020): (NHANES)
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey Data. Hyattsville, MD: U.S. Department of Health and Hu- man Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- Takao Murakami, Hiromi Arai, Koki Hamada, Takuma Hatano, Makoto Iguchi, Hiroaki Kikuchi, Atsushi Kuromasa, Hiroshi Nakagawa, Yuichi Nakamura, Kenshiro Nishiyama, Ryo Nojima Hidenobu Oguri, Chiemi Watanabe, Akira Yamada, Takayasu Yamaguchi, and Yuji Yamaoka, "Designing a Location Trace Anonymization Contest ", Proceedings on Privacy Enhancing Technologies (PoPETs), vol. 2023, no. 1, pp.225-243, 2023.

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