

Intermediate Results

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Introduction

This report presents the latest results of our work on the project. We will present the results of our analysis on the data we have been given, mostly through visualizations.

We will conduct our analysis country by country, focusing on Europe through Ukraine, Poland, Spain and Portugal. For each country we will conduct analysis on data at the country level, then we will do it for specific geographical points. All t-tests are performed at the 5% level.

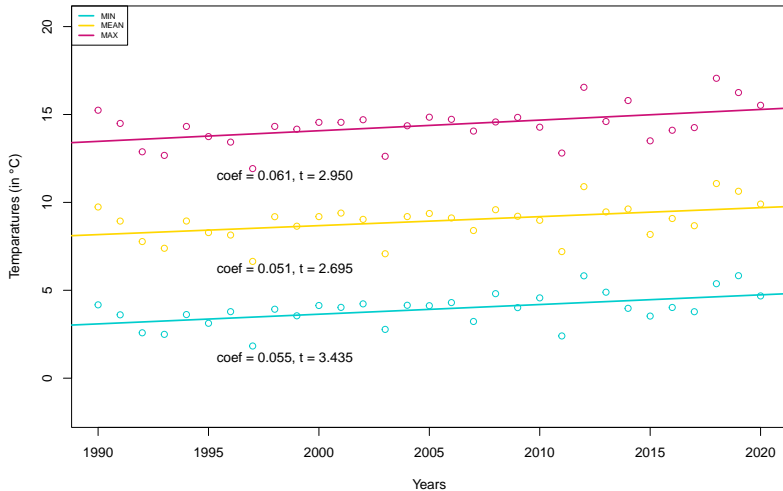
Ukraine

Country level

First, we plot the regression line of the median of our 3 statistics: minimum, maximum and mean temperature.

Median

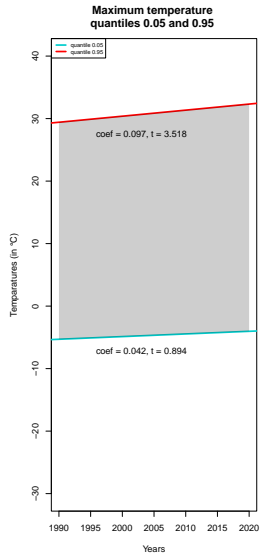
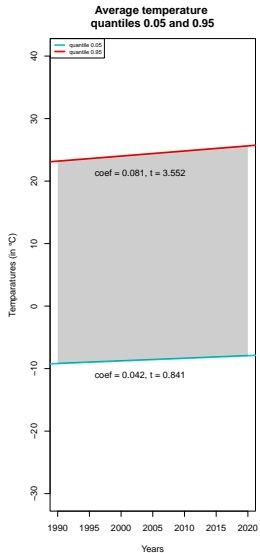
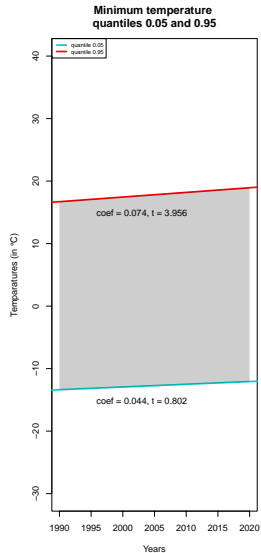
Regression of the median temperature in Ukraine across years



We can see that the median mean, minimum and maximum temperatures are slightly increasing (but still increasing) over the years. The t-tests support this observation, the variable 'Years' is significant. For example, every year, the median of the maximum temperature increases in average by 0.061°C . This is similar to an increase of approximately 1.8°C of the median temperature over 30 years.

We will now analyze the quantiles of order 0.05 and 0.95 of each variable, instead of the medians. We will also plot the regression lines of these quantiles.

Quantiles



The variable is significant for the quantiles of order 0.05 and 0.95 of all variables of temperature. This means that the quantiles of order 0.05 and 0.95 of the minimum, average and maximum temperatures are increasing over the years. This is consistent with the results obtained with the medians. The quantile of order 0.95 shows a much stronger increase than the quantile of order 0.05. This means that the maximum temperatures are increasing much more than the minimum temperatures. For example, the quantile of order 0.95 of the maximum temperature has increased by almost 3°C over 30 years.

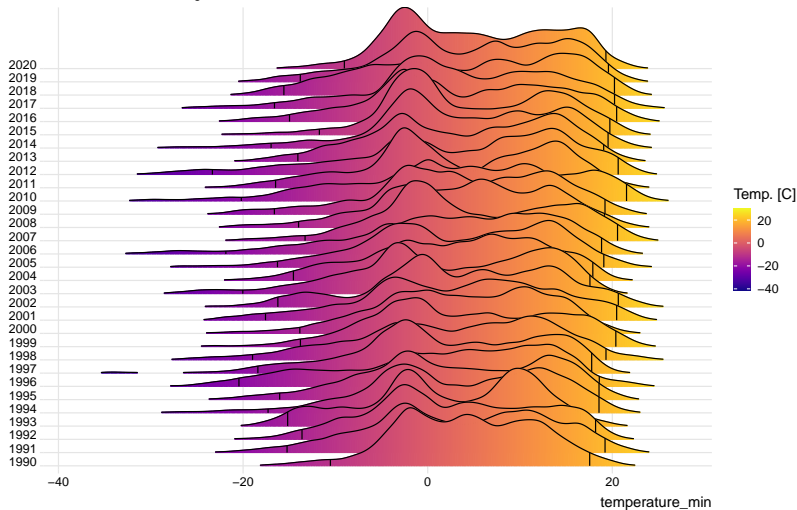
We will now look at the minimum and maximum temperature densities across years in Ukraine.

Densities

Minimum temperature

Temperatures in Ukraine

temperature_min (Celsius) by year between 1990 and 2020
bandwidth = 0.75, kernel = gaussian

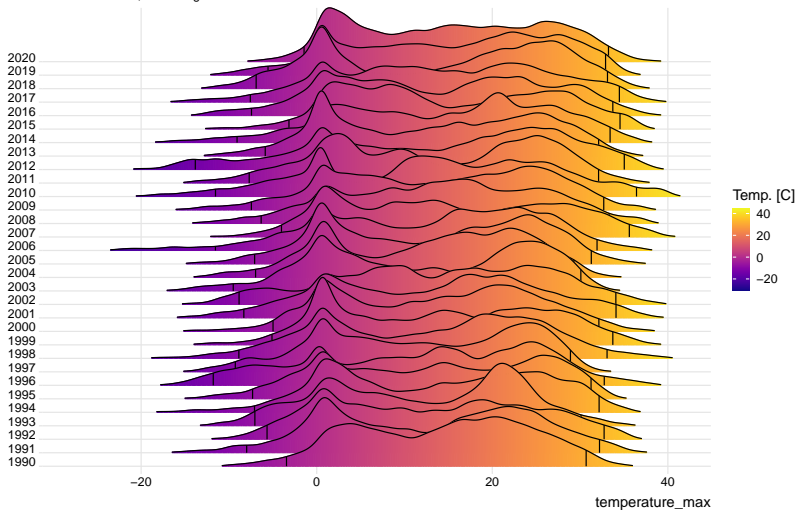


Maximum temperature

Temperatures in Ukraine

temperature_max (Celsius) by year between 1990 and 2020

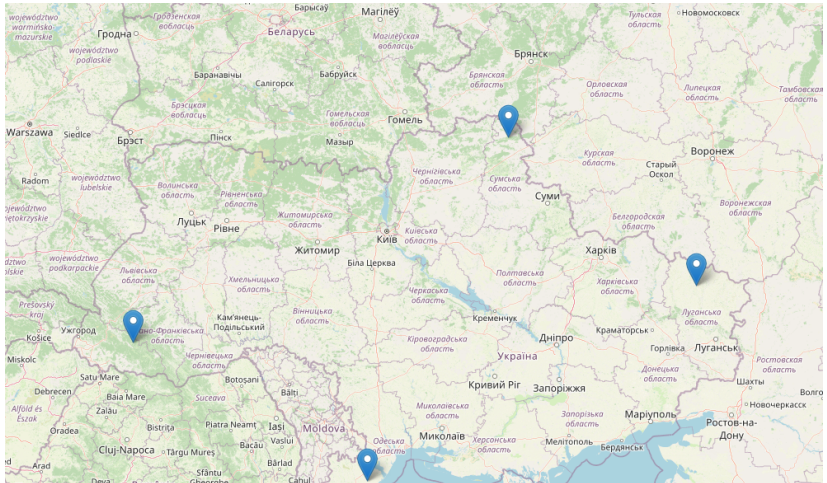
bandwidth = 0.75, kernel = gaussian



We can see that the maximum values seem to be increasing over the years.

Geographical points analysis

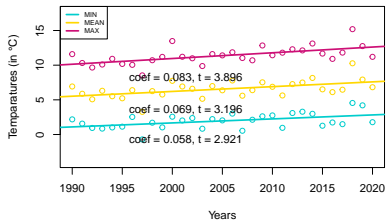
We will now analyze the data at specific geographical points. We will focus on 4 points in Ukraine, one at the West, that is in a mountainous area, one at the East, that is in a flat area, one at the North which has a continental climate, and one at the South, that is in an area close to the sea.



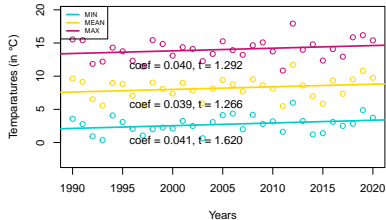
Median

We will first look at the regression lines of the median of the minimum, average and maximum temperatures at each point for our four geographical points.

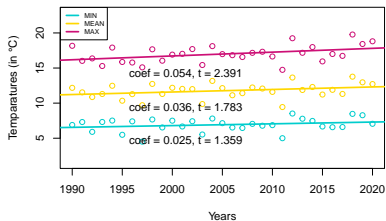
**Regression of the median temperature
in Ukraine across years (West)**



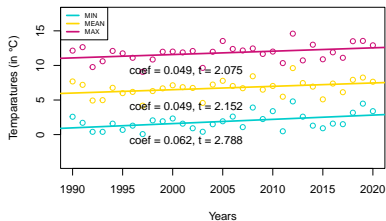
**Regression of the median temperature
in Ukraine across years (East)**



**Regression of the median temperature
in Ukraine across years (South)**



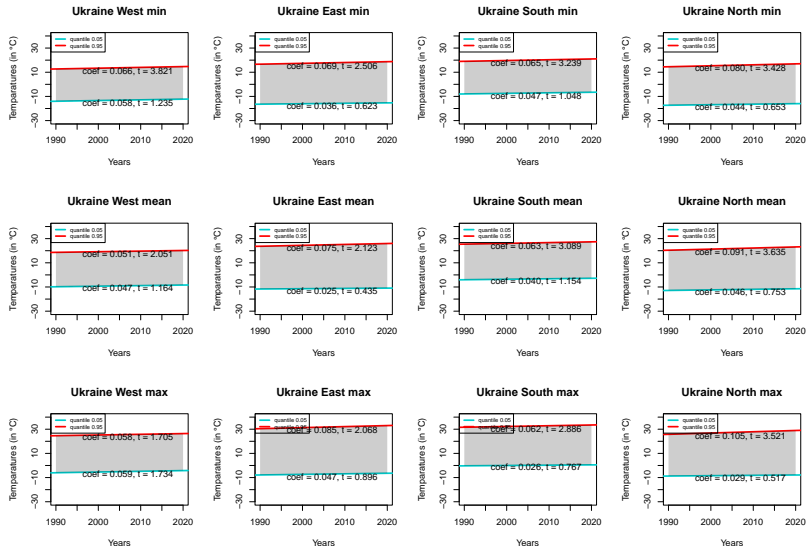
**Regression of the median temperature
in Ukraine across years (North)**



We choose not to freeze the y axis in order to better visualize the regression lines, since we are more interested in the regression coefficients than in the actual values of the variables. We can see that the western region is the one with the highest coefficients on average. We cannot conclude that the temperature is increasing in the eastern region, since none of the coefficients (for min max and mean) are statistically significant, possibly due to the high variance of the data. We remark a slight increase in the temperature in the northern region. For the South, it is similar to the East except for the maximum temperature that is increasing.

We will now analyze the quantiles of order 0.05 and 0.95 of each variable, instead of the medians. We will also plot the regression lines of these quantiles.

Quantiles



For the 0.95 quantile, the northern region has the largest increase, with coefficients between 0.08 and 0.105, all significant. For the 0.05 quantile, the increases are lower than for the 0.95 quantile globally. We note that none of the 12 0.05 quantile coefficients are significant.

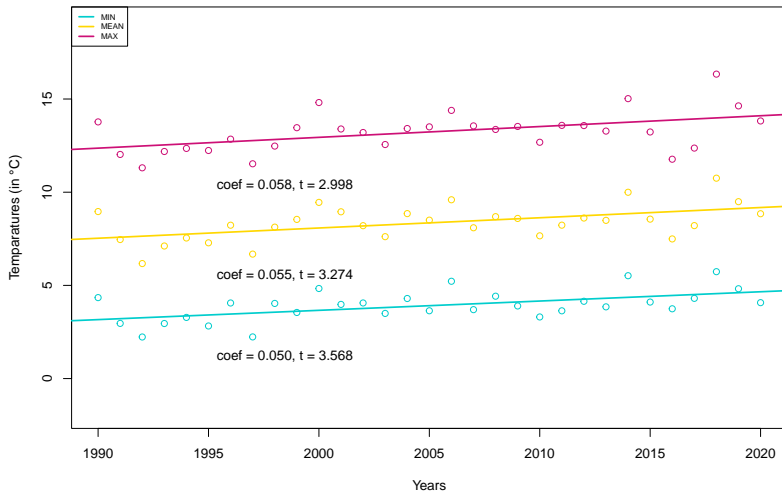
Poland

Country level

First, we plot the regression line of the median of our 3 statistics: minimum, maximum and mean temperature.

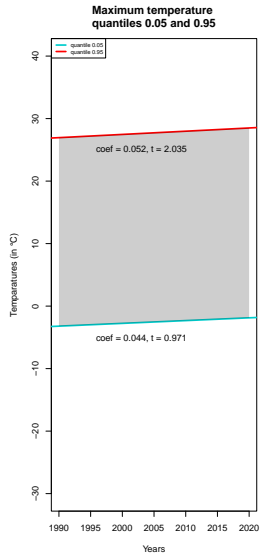
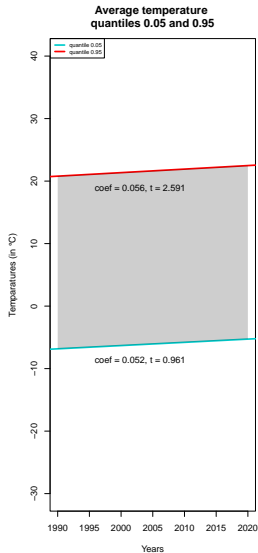
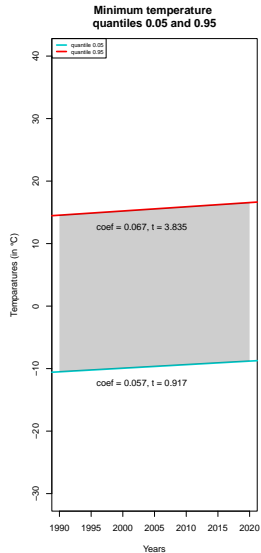
Median

Regression of the median temperature in Poland across years



The results are very similar to the ones we obtained for Ukraine. The median mean, minimum and maximum temperatures are slightly increasing (but still increasing) over the years. The t-tests support this observation, the variable 'Years' is significant. For example, every year, the median of the maximum temperature increases in average by 0.058°C . This is similar to an increase of approximately 1.7°C over 30 years.

Quantiles



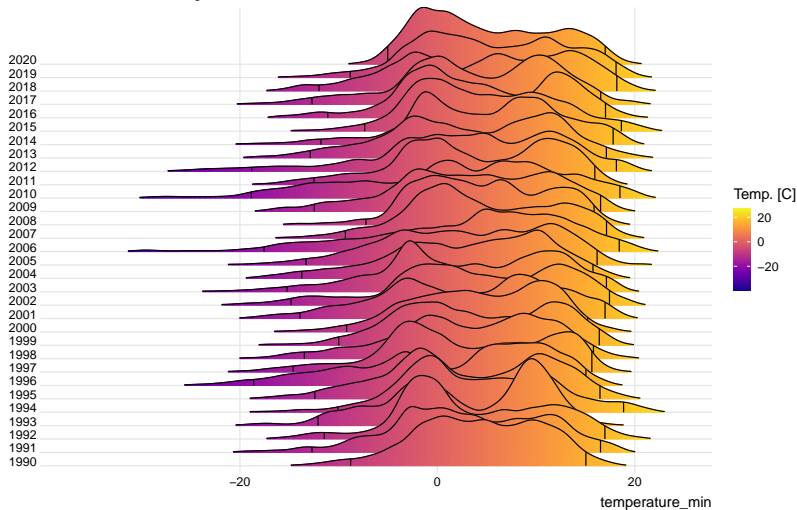
Comments:

Densities

Minimum temperature

Temperatures in Poland

temperature_min (Celsius) by year between 1990 and 2020
bandwidth = 0.75, kernel = gaussian

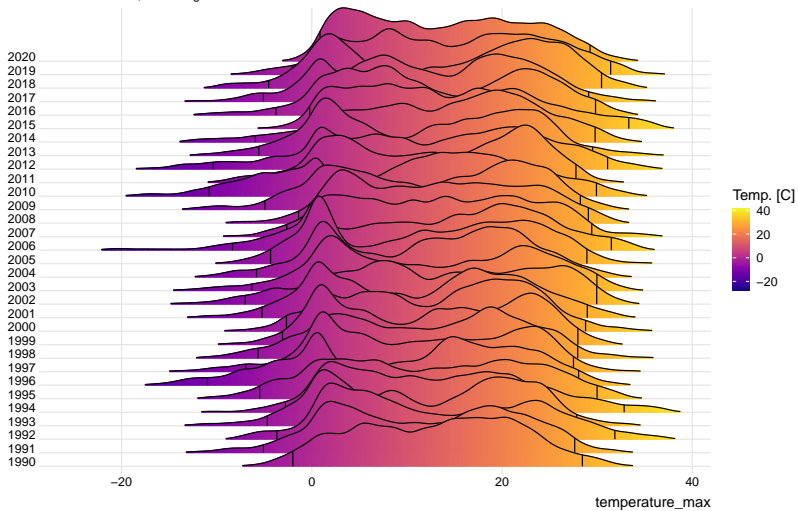


Maximum temperature

Temperatures in Poland

temperature_max (Celsius) by year between 1990 and 2020

bandwidth = 0.75, kernel = gaussian

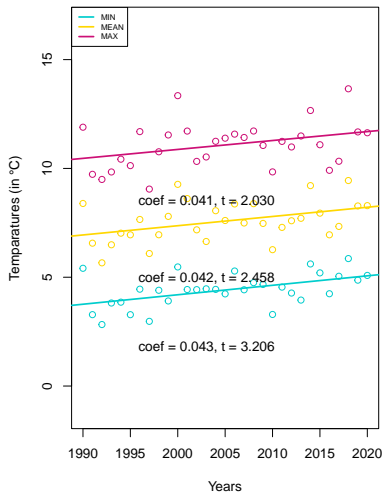


It looks like there is a bimodal distribution for both the maximum and minimum temperature (probably seasonal). It looks like the second mode is slightly shifting to the right over the years. This is consistent with the results of the linear regression.

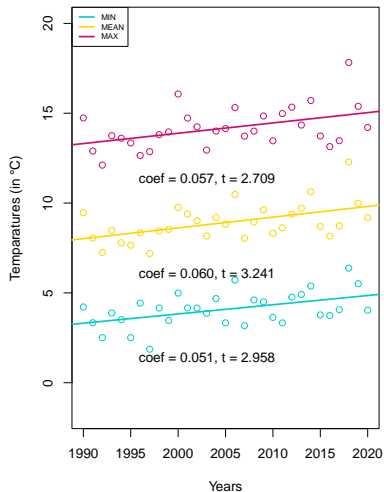
Geographic points analysis

Median

Regression of the median temperature in Poland across years (North)



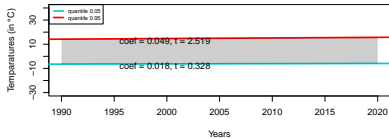
Regression of the median temperature in Poland across years (Center)



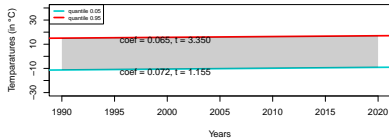
All increases are significant. The increase is the largest for all variable (minimum, mean and maximum) in the center of Poland, with coefficients between 0.05 and 0.06. The increase is the smallest in the north of Poland, with coefficients quite similar for all the three variables, around 0.042.

Quantiles

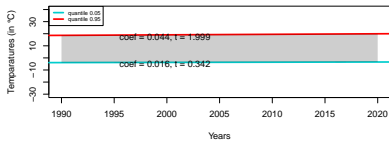
Poland North min



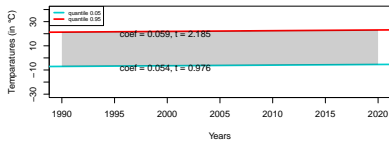
Poland Center min



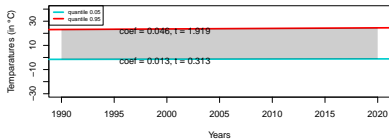
Poland North mean



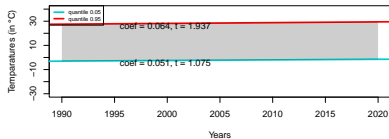
Poland Center mean



Poland North max



Poland Center max



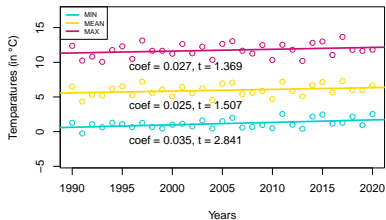
Spain

Country level

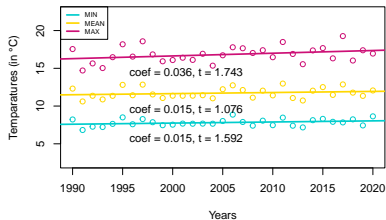
Geographical points analysis

Median

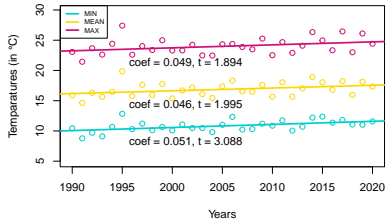
Regression of the median temperature in Spain across years (North)



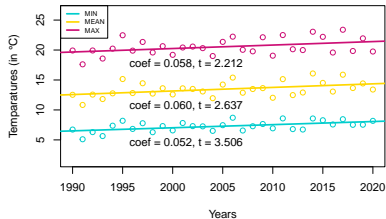
Regression of the median temperature in Spain across years (West)



Regression of the median temperature in Spain across years (South)



Regression of the median temperature in Spain across years (Center)



Comments:

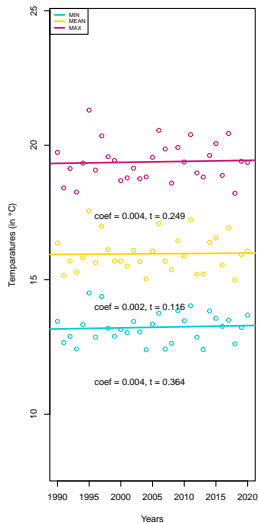
Portugal

Country level

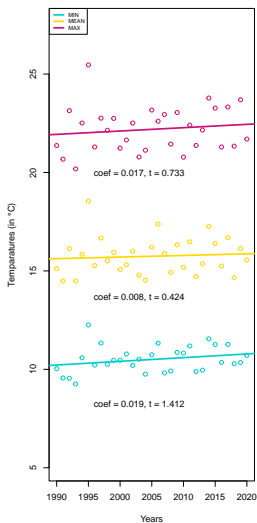
Geographical points analysis

Median

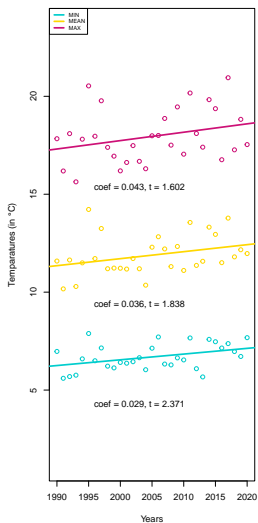
Regression of the median temperature in Portugal across years (West)



Regression of the median temperature in Portugal across years (South)



Regression of the median temperature in Portugal across years (North)



Comments:

Code quantiles

