Data Structures: Workshop 4

Q1. Convert the following binary number to

hexadecimal

1100 0101 1111 0001

12 5 15 1

C 5 F 1

decimal	hexadecimal
0	0
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	Α
11	В
12	С
13	D
14	E
15	F

Q2

0001 1111 0111 1010

1 F 7 A

node* deleteCell(node* header, int val)

```
boolean found = false;
node *current = header;
node*previous = NULL;
while (!found && current!= NULL)
                                              1. Empty Chain
    if (current->data == val){
                                                  header = NULL;
        found = true;
                                                  current = NULL;
    else{
              previous = current;
              current = current->next;
                                     Runtime error: as current is NULL
previous->next = current->next;
current = NULL;
return header;
```

```
node* deleteCell(node* header, int val)
    boolean found = false;
                                                      2. List has only one node, value
    node *current = header;
                                                      present
    node*previous = NULL;
    while (!found && current!= NULL)
                                                           val = 12;
         if (current->data == val){
                                     previous is not set
                                                           header, current
              found = true;
                                                                 12
                                                                         NULL
         else{
             previous = current;
             current = current->next;
                                           Runtime error: as previous is NULL
    previous->next = current->next;
    current = NULL;
    return header;
```

```
node* deleteCell(node* header, int val)
    boolean found = false;
                                                      3. Value not present
    node *current = header;
    node *previous = NULL;
    while (!found && current!= NULL)
         if (current->data == val){
              found = true;
         else{
             previous = current;
             current = current->next;
                                         Runtime error: as current is set to
                                        NULL at the end of the while loop
    previous->next = current->next;
    current = NULL;
    return header;
```

4. Work through an example for each boundary condition

- empty chain

```
(fails at previous -> next = current -> next)
```

- List has only one node, value present
 (fails at previous -> next = current -> next)
- value not present

```
(fails at previous -> next = current -> next)
```

```
node* deleteCell(node* header, int val)
          boolean found = false;
          node *current = header;
          node *previous = NULL;
                                                   _____1. Empty chain
          if (header == NULL) return NULL;
          if (header->next == NULL && header->data == val)) return NULL;
          // general case
          while (!found && current!=null) {
                                                      2. List has one node, value presents
                    if (current->data == val)
                              found = true;
                    else{
                              previous = current;
                              current = current->next;
          if (found) {
                    if (current == header) {
                              return header -> next;
                    else{
                              previous->next = current->next;
                              current = NULL;
                                                                     3. Only remove a node if
                                                                     value presents
```

return header;