## Term 2 Coursework (I) for M202204W Discrete Mathematics

Submission Deadline: APRIL 24, 2024, by 10:10 AM

## **Instructions:**

- 1. Please ensure that the document is printed single-sided on A3 paper.
- 2. Handwrite your responses neatly and legibly.
- 3. Submit your completed coursework on time.

## **Academic Integrity:**

- 1. This coursework must be completed independently.
- 2. Discussion of the coursework questions with other students is strictly prohibited.
- 3. Your answer sheet will be thoroughly checked for plagiarism.

## **Guidance:**

- 1. You may seek clarification on the questions from the instructor.
- 2. The instructor can provide clarification or suggestions if you encounter difficulties.
- 3. However, the instructor will refrain from confirming the correctness of your answers to maintain fairness among all students.

Please ensure strict adherence to these guidelines.

This coursework constitutes 20% of your final mark.

Name:	 =
BJTU ID:	
Total score:	/20

- 1. Answer the following questions. (1 mark for total)
  - a) Let  $A = \{-1, -2, -4, -8\}$ , and the binary operation \* on A is defined as:  $a*b = \min\{a, b\}$ .  $\langle A, * \rangle$  is a monoid. In  $\langle A, * \rangle$ , the identity element is \_\_\_\_ and the zero element is \_\_\_\_.
  - b) Let  $\mathbb{Z}$  be the set of integers, if  $\forall a,b \in \mathbb{Z}, a*b=a+b+5$ , the inverse of a will be\_\_\_\_.
- 2. Answer the following questions. (1 mark for total)
  - a) If the order of the group, denoted by |G|, is a prime number, then G has non-trivial subgroup.

    (T/F)\_\_\_\_\_\_
  - b) Suppose that H is a subgroup of finite group G, |G| and |H| represent the number of elements in the G and H respectively. Then |G| must be divided exactly by |H|. (T/F)\_\_\_\_
- 3. Find generators of the following cyclic group. (2 marks)

Let  $G = \{[1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6]\}$ , and the binary operation \* on G is defined as:

*	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
[1]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
[2]	[2]	[4]	[6]	[1]	[3]	[5]
[3]	[3]	[6]	[2]	[5]	[1]	[4]
[4]	[4]	[1]	[5]	[2]	[6]	[3]
[5]	[5]	[3]	[1]	[6]	[4]	[2]
[6]	[6]	[5]	[4]	[3]	[2]	[1]

- 4. Let \* be a binary operation on a set A, and suppose that \* satisfies the following properties for any a,b and c in A:
  - a) a = a \* a
  - b) a \* b = b \* a
  - c) a\*(b\*c)=(a\*b)\*c

Define relation **R** on set A where  $a\mathbf{R}b$  implies a = a\*b.

Show that  $(A, \mathbf{R})$  is a poset, and for all a, b in A, the greatest lower bound GLB(a, b) = a \* b . (2 marks)

7. Please prove that every homomorphism image of ring is also a ring. (2 marks)

6. Let s = (14826573), t = (132)(548)(67). Find the inverse of them and results of st and ts (2 marks)

5. Let  $\langle L, | \rangle$  be a poset, and | be a divisible relation in |L|. Determine whether  $|\langle L, | \rangle|$  is a lattice when

$$L = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30\}$$

and draw the Hasse diagram. (2 marks)

8. Let  $(L, V, \Lambda)$  be a distributed lattice, a, b, c are any member of L. Prove that

 $(a \land b) \lor (b \land c) \lor (c \land a) = (a \lor b) \land (b \lor c) \land (c \lor a)$  (2 marks)

10. Let  $\langle A, \vee, \wedge, - \rangle$  is a boolean algebra,  $x, y \in S$ , prove  $x \leq y$  if and only if  $\bar{y} \leq \bar{x}$  (2 marks)

- 9. Show that if G is a group of order n, ∀a∈G, |a| is a factor of n, then a<sup>n</sup> = e. (2 marks)
  [Hint: |a| represents the order of an element----the number of times that the element has to perform the group operation to finally get to the identity.]
- 11. Let G be a group. Prove: A sufficient and necessary condition for G to be an Abelian group is that  $f(x) = x^{-1}$  is an isomorphism mapping of G. (2 marks)

  [Hint:  $x^{-1}$  means the inverse element of x]