

catlvm : CATegorical Latent Variable Model

Upward-Downward Algorithm

Youngsun Kim

KIM0SUN@KOREA.AC.KR

Department of Statistics
Korea University

1 Hidden Markov tree

2 Hierarchical latent class model

$$\pi_k = \Pr(C_1 = k), \quad \tau_{k|l}^{(u)} = \Pr(C_u = k | C_{\rho(u)} = l), \quad \text{and} \quad \rho_{mr|k}^{(u)} = \Pr(Y_{m(u)} = r | C_u = k)$$

Upward recursion

$$\begin{aligned} \xi_{i(u)}(k) &= \Pr(\mathbf{Y}_{i(u)} = \mathbf{y}_{i(u)} | C_u = k) = \prod_{m=1}^M \rho_{my_m|k}^{(u)} \\ \lambda_{i(v)}(k) &= \xi_{i(v)}(k) \\ \lambda_{i(\rho(u),u)}(l) &= \sum_k \tau_{k,l}^{(u)} \lambda_{i(u)}(k) \\ \lambda_{i(u)}(k) &= \left\{ \prod_{v \in \mathbf{c}(u)} \lambda_{i(u,v)}(k) \right\} \xi_{i(u)}(k) \end{aligned}$$

Downward recursion

$$\alpha_{i(u)}(k) = \sum_l \frac{\tau_{k,l}^{(u)} \alpha_{i(\rho(u))}(l) \lambda_{i(\rho(u))}(l)}{\lambda_{i(\rho(u),u)}(l)}$$

Posterior probabilities

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_{i(u)}(k) &= \Pr(C_u = k | \bar{\mathbf{Y}}_i = \bar{\mathbf{y}}_i) = \frac{\Pr(C_u = k, \bar{\mathbf{Y}}_i = \bar{\mathbf{y}}_i)}{\Pr(\bar{\mathbf{Y}}_i = \bar{\mathbf{y}}_i)} \\ &= \frac{\Pr(C_u = k, \bar{\mathbf{Y}}_{i(1 \setminus u)} = \bar{\mathbf{y}}_{i(1 \setminus u)}) \times \Pr(\bar{\mathbf{Y}}_{i(u)} = \bar{\mathbf{y}}_{i(u)} | C_u = k)}{\Pr(\bar{\mathbf{Y}}_i = \bar{\mathbf{y}}_i)} \\ &= \frac{\alpha_{i(u)}(k) \lambda_{i(u)}(k)}{\sum_j \alpha_{i(v)}(j) \lambda_{i(v)}(j)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta_{i(\rho(u),u)}(k,l) &= \Pr(C_u = k, C_{\rho(u)} = l | \bar{\mathbf{Y}}_i = \bar{\mathbf{y}}_i) \\ &= \frac{\lambda_{i(u)}(k) \tau_{k,l}^{(u)} \alpha_{i(\rho(u))}(l) \lambda_{i(\rho(u))}(l)}{\lambda_{i(u,\rho(u))}(j) \sum_j \alpha_{i(v)}(j) \lambda_{i(v)}(j)} \end{aligned}$$