

# Selected Problem in CLRS

## Section 3

### Notifications

**Problem Difficulty** (count with star)

1. you can solve w/o the brain
2. you can solve if you think a bit
3. you can solve if you think carefully
4. you might solve if you push yourself
5. you can solve if you use other's brain

**YOU NEED TO SOLVE FORMALLY** especially in this chapter

### Exercise

#### 3.1-1 \*\*

Using the basic definition of  $\Theta$ -notation, prove that

$$\max(f(n), g(n)) = \Theta(f(n) + g(n))$$

#### 3.1-2 \*\*

Show that for any real constants  $a$  and  $b$ , where  $b > 0$ ,

$$(n + a)^b = \theta(n^b)$$

#### 3.1-4 \*\*

Is  $2^{n+1} = O(2^n)$ ? Is  $2^{2n} = O(2^n)$

#### 3.1-5 \*\*\*

Prove that (**Theorem 3.1**), For any two functions  $f(n)$  and  $g(n)$ , we have  $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$  if and only if  $f(n) = O(g(n))$  and  $f(n) = \Omega(g(n))$