# GOOD MORNING! 早上好! 안녕하세요!

PROJECT INTRODUCTION

### HOW TO WORK TOGETHER

- Participate, Participate, Participate!!!
- No long emails or Kakaotalk, prefer face to face
- Be open to suggestions and idea
- Be proactive, take initiative
- HOW is as important as WHAT

### **BRAINSTORMING RULES**

- Every input is good input
- Do not critique inputs only seek to understand
- Organize inputs into logical groupings
- Sequence or show relationships as needed
- Use Posted Notes on Flip Chart



# DAY I (DONE?)

- Welcome
- Project Introduction
- Introduction to Project Development Process
- Business Requirement Development
- System Requirement Development
- System(High Level) Design
- Time Management

### DAY 2

- YOLOv8 기반 데이터 수집/학습/deploy (Detection Alert)
  - 감시용 데이터 수집(bus, truck, tank 등)
  - 감시용 데이터 라벨링
  - YOLOv8 기반 학습
  - YOLOv8 Object Detection
- Porting to ROS
  - Create Detection Alert Node
  - Generate Topics to send image and Obj. Det. results
  - Create Subscriber node and display image and print data from the Topic

### DAY 3

- AMR (Autonomous Mobile Robot)기반 카메라 인식 autonomous driving 시스템 with obstacle avoidance 구축 (AMR Controller)
  - Digital Mapping of environment
  - Goal Setting and Obstacle Avoidance using Navigation
  - Object Tracking w/ AMR camera
  - Control logic between navigation/obj. tracking/ obj. following (teleop)
- Porting to ROS
  - Create AMR Controller Node
  - Create and send Obj. Tracking Image and data to Sysmon
- Integrate and test with Detection

# 프로젝트 RULE

 $80/20 \rightarrow 20/80$ 

# TEAMWORK AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT



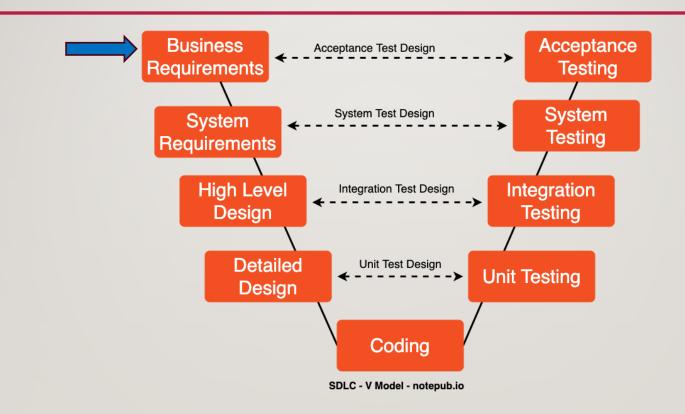
# 프로젝트 RULE NUMBER ONE!!!

# Have Fun Fun Fun!



# PROJECT DEVELOPMENT IS A PROCESS

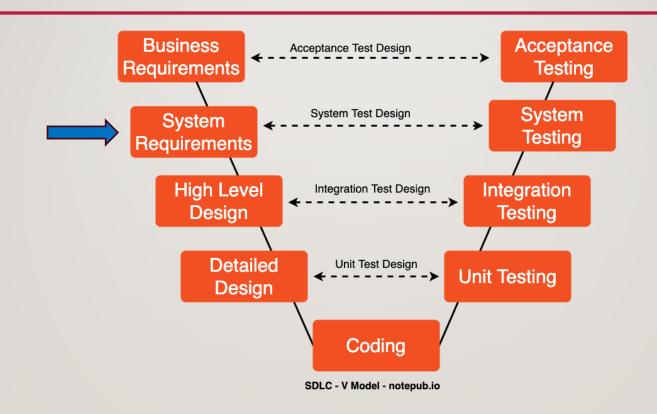
### SW DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



### TEAM EXERCISE I

Brainstorm Business Requirement for the project and write business requirement statement

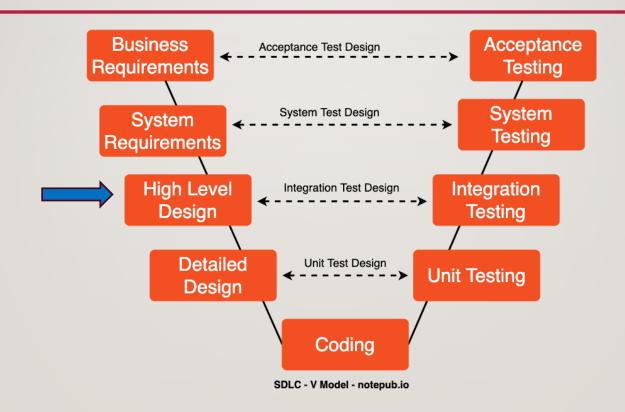
### SW DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



# **TEAM EXERCISE 2**

Brainstorm System Requirement for the project and document

### SW DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



# KEY SUBSYSTEM (MODULES) TO DEVELOP

- Detection Alert
  - Camera Capture
  - Object Detection
  - Send messages to other subsystems

- AMR Controller
  - Receive messages and act accordingly
  - Move using (SLAM) with Obstruction avoidance
  - Target Acquisition (Obj. Det.) and Tracking
  - Follow target using camera and motor control

- System Monitor
  - Receive and Display
     Detection
     Camera and info
  - Receive and Display AMRCamera and info
  - Store, display, and report Information and Alerts

### **TEAM EXERCISE 3**

Create System Design using Process Flow Diagram.

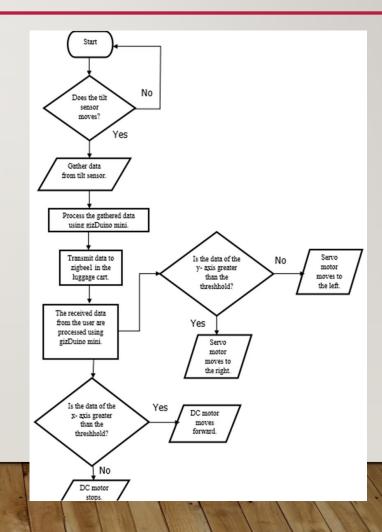
Use the posted notes and flipchart as needed

# VISUALIZATION – SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL PROCESS FLOW DIAGRAMS

To-Be Functional Process Flow Diagram

Detection Alert
System Monitor
AMR Controller

- Functions
- Interfaces
   Dataflow
- Testing
   Error and Exception Handling



# SYSTEM DESIGN PRESENTATION BY EACH TEAM

# PROJECT TIMELINE/CRITICAL PATH ITEM MANAGEMENT

### EX. IMPLEMENTATION TIMELINE

Function Backlog	Owner	5월 20일	5월 21일	5월 22일	5월 23일	5월 24일	5월 25일
Unloading Module	John						
Input1	John						
Input2	John						
Output 1	John						
Unit Test	John						
Receiving Module	Jan						
Input1	Feb						
Input2	Mar						
Output 1	Apr						
Unit Test	John						
Integration Test	John/Jan						

이 타임라인을 생성할 때 먼저 시스템 및 시스템 설계의 기능 프로세스 다이어그램(To-Be)을 완료해야 합니다.

그런 다음 각 기능(하위 함수/모듈 및 입력/출력)에 대해 누가, 무엇을, 언제, 어떻 게를 정의합니다. 표에 설명 타임라인 형식의 무엇을, 누가, 언제를 입력합니다.

### CRITICAL PATH ITEMS LIST

 tasks that directly impact the project timeline. Delays in these tasks would delay the project's overall completion because they represent the longest stretch of dependent activitie

• 프로젝트 타임라인에 직접적인 영향을 주는 작업입니다. 이러한 작업이 지연되면 종속 활동이 가장 길어지기 때문에 프로젝트의 전체 완료가 지연됩니다s

#### CRITICAL PATH ITEMS LIST

#### Examples:

- Al Model Development: Fine-tuning deep learning models like CNNs for precise item recognition and sorting, requiring data gathering, model training, and testing.
- Robot Integration: Embedding AI software into robots to enable precise task execution, focusing on software-hardware compatibility and function tests.
- **3. System Testing**: Comprehensive testing of AI and robot performance in simulated environments to ensure operational reliability.

- AI 모델 개발: 정확한 항목 인식 및 정렬을 위해 CNN과 같은 딥 러닝 모델을 미세 조정하여 데이터 수집, 모델 학습 및 테스트가 필요합니다.
- 로봇 통합:AI 소프트웨어를 로봇에 내장하여 소프트웨어-하드웨어 호환성 및 기능 테스트 에 중점을 두고 정확한 작업 실행을 가능하 게 합니다.
- 시스템 테스트: 시뮬레이션 환경에서 AI 및 로봇 성능을 종합적으로 테스트하여 운영 안 정성을 보장합니다.

### GUIDE TO PROGRESS INDICATORS

#### Project Timeline

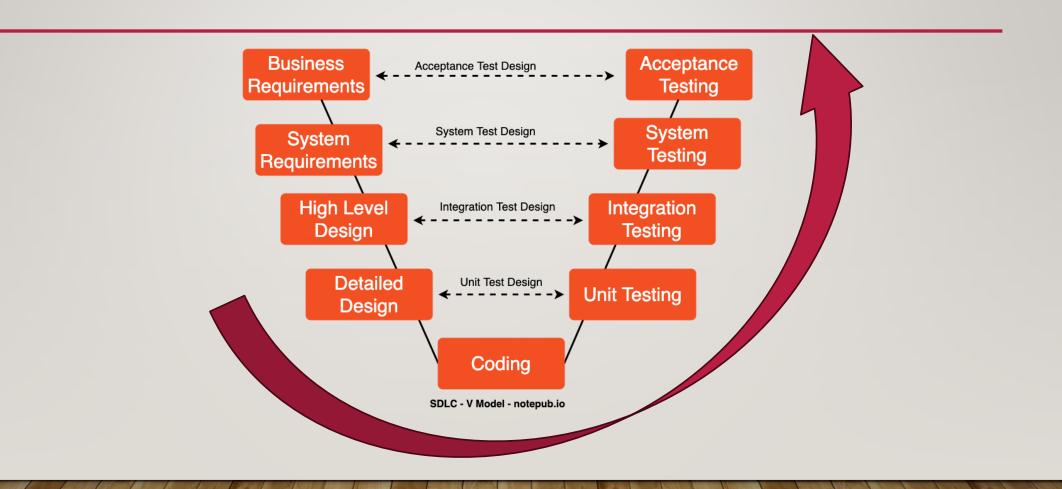
- Green less 10% of the listed items are delayed
- Yellow more than 10% but less than 20% of listed items are delayed
- Red more than 20% of listed items are delayed

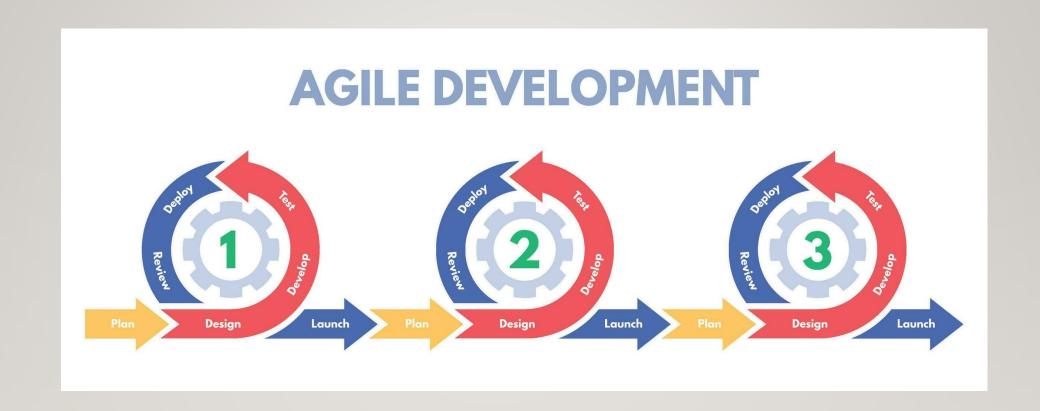
#### Critical Path Items

- Green reduced number of item(s)
- Yellow no new item(s)
- Red additional item(s)

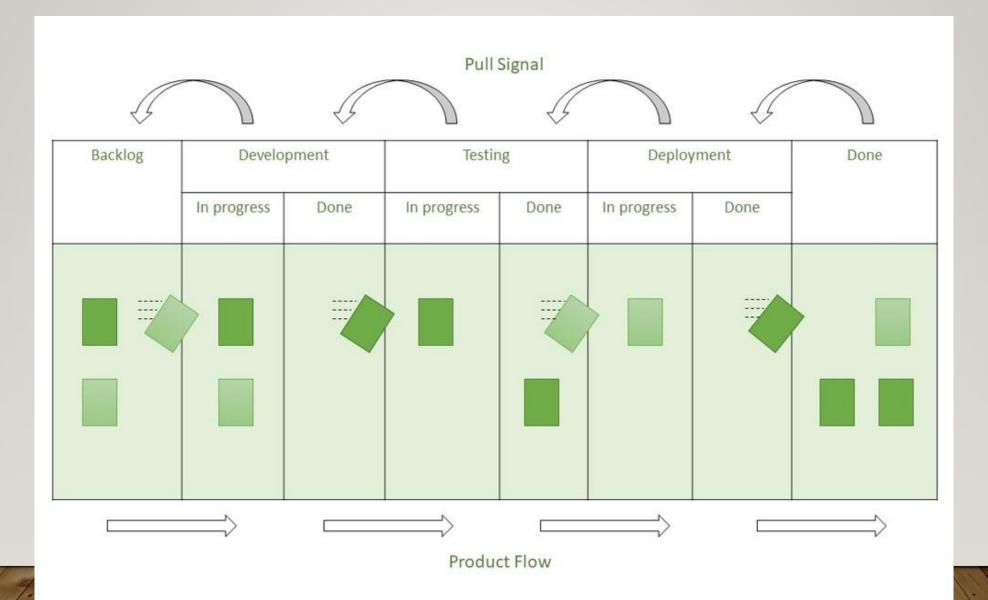
# DETAIL DESIGN TO USER ACCEPTANCE

### SW DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



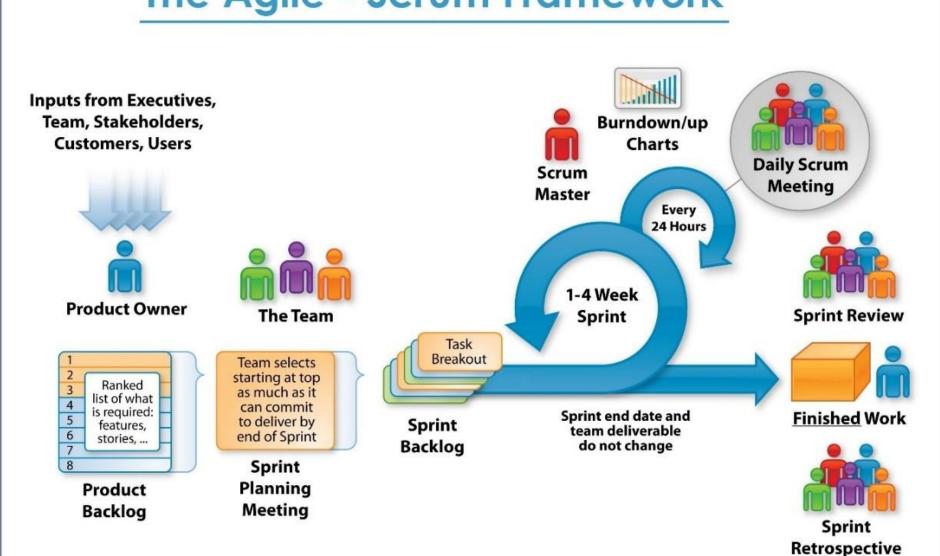


### KANBAN METHODOLOGY





# The Agile - Scrum Framework



# **5 Stages of Scrum Sprint**



This phase includes the processes related to the commencement of a project, such as a scope and objectives, creating and distributing its charter, and taking other steps to guarantee success.



This phase involves planning and estimating processes, including creating user stories, approving, assessing, committing user stories, creating tasks, evaluating tasks, and creating a Sprint backlog.



This phase is about executing the tasks and activities to create a product. These activities include building the various outputs, conducting daily standup meetings, and grooming the product backlog.



This stage of the project lifecycle is concerned with evaluating what has been accomplished so far, whether the team has worked to plan, and how it can do things better in the future.



This stage highlights delivering the accepted deliverables to the customer and determining, documenting, and absorbing the lessons learned during the project.



### SW DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



### PROJECT SPRINTS

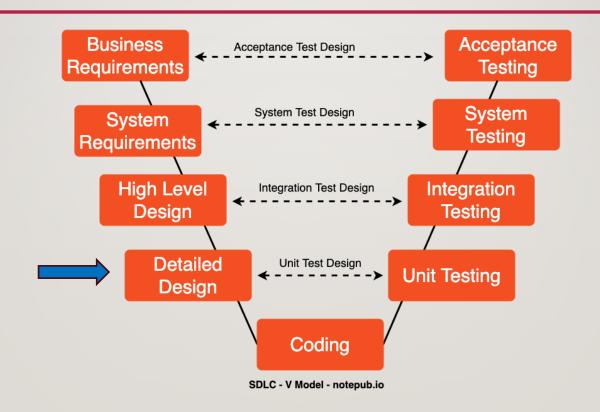
- Detection Alert
  - Camera Capture
  - Object Detection
  - Send messages to other subsystems

- AMR Controller
  - Receive messages and act accordingly
  - Move using (SLAM) with Obstruction avoidance
  - Target Acquisition (Obj. Det.) and Tracking
  - Follow target using camera and motor control

- System Monitor
  - Receive and Display Detection Camera and info
  - Receive and Display AMR
     Camera and info
  - Store, display, and report Information and Alerts

# **DETECTION ALERT SPRINT**

### SPRINT I - DETECTION ALERT



# YOLO OBJ. DET. VS. YOLO TRACKING



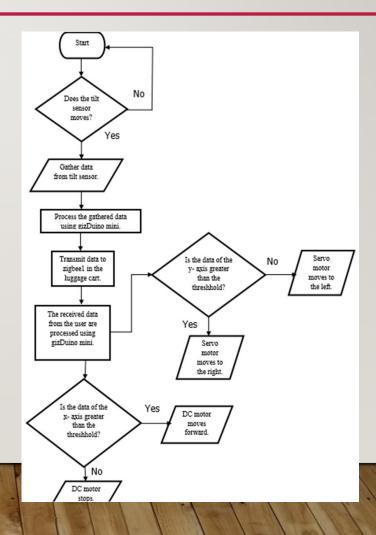
- (469) YOLO people detection + SORT tracking – YouTube
- Bing Videos
- Track Ultralytics YOLO Docs

## VISUALIZATION – SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL PROCESS DIAGRAMS

To-Be Functional Process Diagram

Detection Alert
PC or AMR or Both

Remember F.I.T.!!



## **TEAM EXERCISE 4**

Perform Detail Design of Detection Alert Module using Process Flow Diagram

## DETAIL DESIGN REVIEW BY EACH TEAM

Using the process flow diagram present team's design

#### EXAMPLE DETAILED DESIGN DOCUMENT

#### Detailed Design Document: AMR Navigation and Threat Detection

Project Title: Autonomous Mobile Robot (AMR) Security System J

Version: 1.0↓

Date: [Insert Date]←

#### Overview

This document outlines the detailed design for the Autonomous Mobile Robot (AMR) navigation and threat detection components. It covers the architecture, algorithms, data processing, and system interactions necessary to enable autonomous navigation within a secure area and real-time threat detection using onboard sensors.

#### 2. System Architecture

The AMR system relies on onboard hardware (e.g., sensors, cameras, Jetson-Orin processor) and software (ROS2, OpenCV, YOLO) for autonomous navigation and real-time threat detection. All processing occurs locally on the AMR, with the capability to transmit alerts to a monitoring PC via Wi-Fi. €

#### 상세 설계 문서: AMR 네비게이션 및 위협 탐지식

프로젝트 제목: 자율 이동 로봇(AMR) 보안 시스템↓

버전: 1.0↓

**날짜**: [날짜 삽입]←

#### 1. 개요←

이 문서는 자율 이동 로봇(AMR)의 네비게이션 및 위협 탐지 구성 요소에 대한 상세 설계를 다룹니다. 자율 네비게이션과 실시간 위협 탐지를 위해 <u>온보도</u> 센서를 사용하는 데 필요한 아키텍처, 알고리즘, 데이터 처리 및 시스템 상호작용이 포함되어 있습니다.

#### 2. 시스템 아키텍처←

AMR 시스템은 자율 네비게이션 및 실시간 위협 탐지를 위해 <u>온보드</u> 하드웨어(예: 센서, 카메라, Jetson-Orin 프로세서)와 소프트웨어(ROS2, OpenCV, YOLO)를 활용합니다. 모든 처리는 AMR 내에서 로컬로 수행되며, 잠재적인 위협이 감지되면 Wi-Fi 를 통해 모니터링 PC로 알림을 전송할 수 있습니다.

## SPRINT I - DETECTION ALERT



#### **USEFUL COMMANDS**

- \$ lsb\_release -a
- \$ echo \$ROS\_DISTRO
- \$ code --version
- \$ python3 --version
- \$ sudo apt update
- \$ sudo apt upgrade
- \$ python -m ensurepip -upgrade

- Linux distribution info
- ROS: Humble
- Vscode
- Python

Assumes Linux (Ubuntu 22.04), ROS Humble, VScode, and Python are already installed globally

## REQUIRED PACKAGES SETUP

\$ pip list | grep opency

\$ pip list | grep ultra

If doesn't exist....

\$ pip3 install opency-python

\$ pip3 install opency-contrib-python

If doesn't exist....

\$ pip install ultralytics

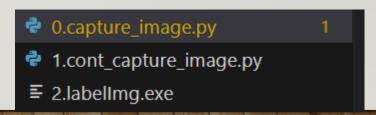
\$ pip freeze > requirements.txt

\$ pip install -r requirements.txt

- \$ cat ~/.bashrc
- \$ echo "source /opt/ros/humble/setup.bash" >> ~/.bashrc #check path
- \$ sudo apt install python3-colcon-common-extensions
- \$ echo "source /usr/share/colcon\_argcomplete/hook/colcon-argcomplete.bash" >> ~/.bashrc #check path
- \$ source ~/.bashrc

- create your team working folder and place files and work from here
- \$ mkdir
  ~/rokey I\_<grp\_letter><grp\_num>\_ws
  (i.e. mkdir ~/rokey I\_A2\_ws)

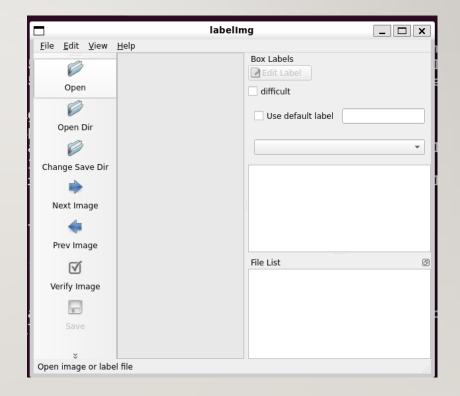
Image Capture



 Data Labelling : use previously installed Labelling

• Or

- pip3 install PyQt5 lxml
- pip3 install labellmg
- labelImg



Data Labelling : Labelling

#### 라벨링 순서

- 1. 이미지파일 불러오기 (Open Dir)
- 2. 저장형식 변경 (PascalVOC, YOLO)
- 3. 이미지 선택
- 4. 바운딩 박스 그리기(create rectbox)
- 5. Class 지정
- 6. 저장경로 생성 및 변경(Change Save Dir)
- 7. 저장(Save)

#### 단축키

Ctrl + u	Load all of the images from a directory
Ctrl + r	Change the default annotation target dir
Ctrl + s	Save
Ctrl + d	Copy the current label and rect box
Ctrl + Shift + d	Delete the current image
Space	Flag the current image as verified
W	Create a rect box
d	Next image
a	Previous image
del	Delete the selected rect box
Ctrl++	Zoom in
Ctrl	Zoom out
$\uparrow \! \to \! \downarrow \! \leftarrow$	Keyboard arrows to move selected rect box

- Image Capture
- Data Labelling

Preprocessing

- 0.capture\_image.py
- 1.cont\_capture\_image.py
- **≡** 2.labelImg.exe
- 3.create\_data\_dirs.py
- 4.move\_image.py
- 5.move\_labels.py

## PERFORM DATA COLLECTION FOR DETECTION ALERT

- Image Capture
- Data Labelling

- Preprocessing
- Yolo8 Object Det.

- 0.capture\_image.py
- 1.cont\_capture\_image.py
- **≡** 2.labelImg.exe
- 3.create\_data\_dirs.py
- 4.move\_image.py
- 5.move\_labels.py
- 6.yolov8\_obj\_det\_ak.ipynb
- 7.yolov8\_obj\_det\_best.py

# HOW DID YOU DEFINE DETECTION AREA?

0.cap( C:\Users\hp\OneDrive\Docum 1.cont\_capture\_image.py **≡** 2.labelImg.exe 3.create\_data\_dirs.py 4.move\_image.py 5.move\_labels.py 6.yolov8\_obj\_det\_ak.ipynb 7.yolov8\_obj\_det\_best.py 8.Draw\_Box.py 9.Draw\_Polygon.py 10.Video\_Capture\_Threading.py best.pt

Create your alert condition

## PORTING TO ROS

#### CREATE/GOTO WORKSPACE

```
$ mkdir
~/rokey2_<grp_letter><grp_num>_ws
```

(i.e. mkdir ~/rokey I\_A2\_ws)

#### Or

```
$ cd ~/rokey2_A2_ws
```

#### \*NOT CREATED UNTIL COLCON

## CREATE ROS VIRTUAL ENVIRONMENT

If you want to usual virtual env, you should create it at the workspace level

- \$ cd ~/rokey2\_A2\_ws
- \$ python3 -m venv <NAME>
- \$ source <NAME>/bin/activate
- \$ deactivate

```
my_package/
                                               — package.xml
                                                                      # Package metadata and dependencies
$ cd ~/rokeyI_A2_ws
                                               - setup.py
                                                                      # Build instructions for Python packages
                                                                      # Optional, configures metadata for setuptools
                                                -- setup.cfg
$ ros2 pkg create --build-type
                                                 — launch/
                                                                      # Launch files for starting nodes (optional)
  ament_python <my_package>
                                               -- config/
                                                                      # Configuration files (optional)
                                                -- resource/
                                                                      # Empty file matching package name for ament ind
                                                                      # Python package directory (contains code)
                                                 - my_package/
                                                   ____init___.py
                                                                      # Makes this directory a Python package
Or
                                                  L— my node.py
                                                                     # Example Python node
                                                 - msg/
                                                                      # Message definitions (optional)
```

\$ ros2 pkg create <package\_name> -build-type ament\_python --dependencies
rclpy std\_msgs ament\_index\_python

Write you code below the my\_package/ directory under my\_package/ package directory

```
my_package/
                        # Package metadata and dependencies
— package.xml
- setup.py
                        # Build instructions for Python packages
                        # Optional, configures metadata for setuptools
 — setup.cfg
 -- launch/
                        # Launch files for starting nodes (optional)
- config/
                        # Configuration files (optional)
                        # Empty file matching package name for ament ind
 - resource/
                        # Python package directory (contains code)
   my_package/
        __init__.py
                        # Makes this directory a Python package
      my_node.py
                        # Example Python node
                        # Message definitions (optional)
```

```
$ cd ~/rokeyI_A2_ws
```

\$ colcon build

or

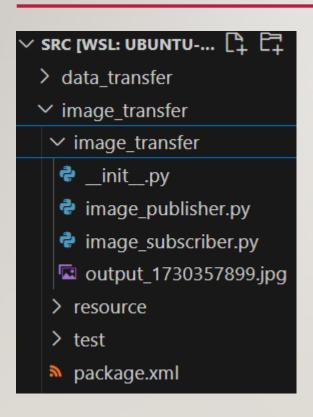
\$ colcon build --packages-select
 <package\_name>

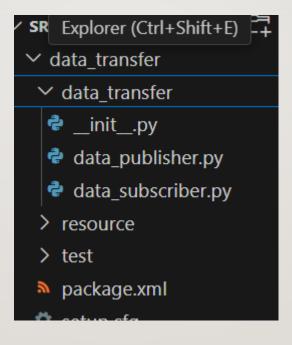
or

\$ colcon build --packages-select
 <package\_name> --packages-skip-up-to date

```
$ rm -rf build/<package_name>
install/<package_name> log
```

\$ colcon build --packages-select
 <package\_name>





\$ ros2 interface list

Edit setup.py under<pakage\_name>
 directory add entry for each node

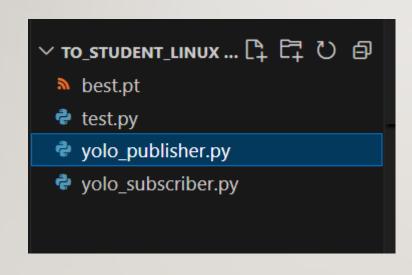
<command\_name> is used when ros2 run
is executed i.e. data\_publisher

```
entry_points={
    'console_scripts': [
        'data_pub = data_transfer.data_publisher:main',
        'data_sub = data_transfer.data_subscriber:main',
],
},
```

- \$ cd ~/rokeyI\_A2\_ws
- \$ source
  ~/rokeyI\_A2\_ws/install/setup.bash
- \$ ros2 run <package\_name>
  <command\_name>

391 ros2 run data\_transfer data\_pub

- \$ sudo apt update
- \$ sudo apt install terminator



- \$ ros2 run rqt\_graph rqt\_graph
- \$ ros2 node list
- \$ ros2 node info <node\_name>
- \$ ros2 topic list
- \$ ros2 topic info <topic\_name>
- \$ ros2 topic echo /chatter
- \$ ros2 interface list
- \$ ros2 interface show
   <package\_name>/msg/<MessageName>

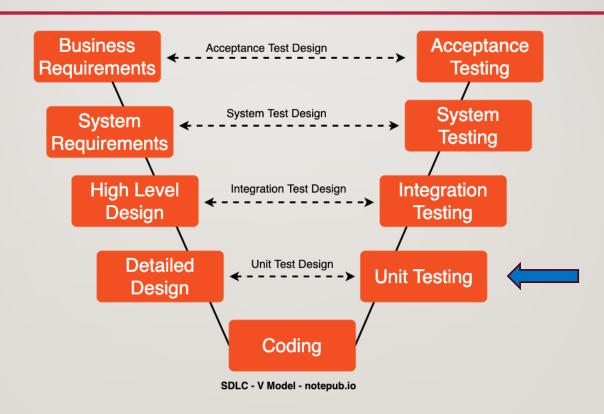
## SPRINT I - DETECTION ALERT



## EXPECTED OUTCOME

- Successful object detection
- ROS Nodes, and Topics created to send and display images and data

## SPRINT I - DETECTION ALERT



## **TEAM EXERCISE 5**

Perform coding and testing of Detection Alert Module

## **RESULTS & CODE REVIEW BY EACH TEAM**

Show actual results against the expected results and explain the code written