

# **Microeconomics In-class Quiz 3**

## **Fall 2025**

**Student ID:**

**Name:**

### **Instructions**

1. Do NOT flip over this page until every student receives this quiz. Your TA will let you know when you can start.
2. During this closed-book quiz, you cannot consult any materials.
3. If you are unable to explain your reasoning in English, it is okay to write in Korean.
4. [IMPORTANT] Make your answers legible. Clearly delineate your scratches from your answers. Deducted points due to illegible writing cannot be the reason for reevaluation.

**Honor Code:** Cheating on exams or quizzes, plagiarizing someone else's answers as one's own, or any other instance of academic dishonesty violates the standards of academic integrity.

**Confidentiality Code:** Sharing the information of the exam or quiz contents with other students in any form and medium is strongly prohibited, as it raises information inequity.

I, \_\_\_\_\_, consent to the Honor Code and the Confidentiality Code.  
(write your name)

**1.** A museum plans to have a special exhibition event. The event manager estimates the demand for Adults to be  $q^{Ad} = 600 - 10p$ , and demand for Students to be  $q^{St} = 900 - 20p$ . The manager considers charging different entry fees for two groups. The marginal cost of additional visitor is 10.

- (a) [1 point] Derive the inverse demand functions for Adults and Students, and the marginal revenue functions for them.
- (b) [1 point] Find the profit-maximizing price and ticket sales for each group.
- (c) [2 points] The government mandates that the museum has to charge the same price for everyone. The aggregate demand is given as follows:

$$Q = \begin{cases} 1500 - 30p & \text{if } p \leq 45 \\ 600 - 10p & \text{if } p > 45 \end{cases}$$

In this situation, find the profit-maximizing price and sales.

**2.** Alice and Ben play a simultaneous-move game described as follows:

		Ben		
		Left	Middle	Right
Alice	Top	6, 2	6, 5	7, 3
	Middle	3, 6	4, 6	2, 7
	Bottom	9, 1	5, 2	3, 6

- (a) [1 point] What would be Ben's payoff when she plays *Top* and Ben plays *Middle*?
- (b) [1 point] Does either player have a strictly dominant strategy? If so, identify it.
- (c) [1 point] Determine whether the game is dominance solvable. If yes, state the unique outcome that results from iterated elimination of strictly dominated strategies. If not, explain why.

3. [1 point each] Examine if there are pure-strategy Nash equilibria in each game, and if so, describe them all.

(a)		Harry		(b)		40s	
		Seattle	Vancouver			Straight	Baggy
Sally	Seattle	6, 6	1, 2	20s	Cargo	40, 60	90, 10
	Vancouver	3, 2	5, 5		Slim	70, 30	25, 75
(c)		Channel 2					
		Trot	Pop	Trot	2, 4	5, 1	4, 5
		Pop	4, 7	Pop	4, 5	2, 6	
(d)		Metal	5, 5	Metal	8, 6	3, 3	
		Taylor					
		North	East	South	West		
Jordan	North	2,2	0,1	-1,0	1,3		
	East	3,0	2,2	1,1	0,0		
	South	4,1	3,3	2,2	1,0		
	West	1,-1	0,0	-1,-2	-2,-2		

4. An airline considers offering two ticket classes: Economy and Business. There are two equally-populated traveler types—Leisure and Corporate—with the following willingness to pay:

	Economy	Business
Leisure	\$300	\$400
Corporate	\$350	\$700

The airline wants Leisure travelers to take Economy and Corporate travelers to take Business.

- (a) [1 point] If Economy is priced at \$300 and Business at \$680, is this incentive compatible?
- (b) [1 point] If Economy is priced at \$280 and Business at \$650, is this incentive compatible?
- (c) [2 points] If the airline fixes Economy at \$290, what is the highest Business price consistent with incentive compatibility? Assume that Corporate travelers choose Business when indifferent.

**5.** Two coffee producers, Brazil (B) and Colombia (C), dominate the global specialty coffee market. The inverse demand for specialty coffee is given by  $P = 600 - 3Q$ , where  $Q = q_b + q_c$  is the total amount supplied. Each producer has a constant marginal cost of \$60.

- (a) [2 points] Given that Colombia produces  $q_c$ , find Brazil's best response function (reaction curve).
- (b) [2 points] Compute the Cournot–Nash equilibrium quantities for each producer. What is the total quantity in equilibrium?
- (c) [2 points] Suppose Brazil moves first and Colombia follows. Find the Stackelberg equilibrium total output.
- (d) [2 points] If Colombia exits the market and Brazil becomes a monopolist, what would be the monopolist's optimal output? Compare with your answer from part (b).