### **HORIZONTAL SPLIT CASE FIRE PUMPS Electric Motor or Diesel Engine Driven**

SECTION 1520 Page 1 June 8, 2004

# Typical Specifications for Horizontal Fire Pumps GENERAL: The pumps furnished for fire discharge flanges machined to American National discharge tee with elbow (for mounting relief

protection service shall be supplied with the specified drivers, controls and pump accessory	Standards Institute (ANSI) dimensions.	valve)
items by the pump manufacturer. The pump, driver	ELECTRIC MOTORS: The pump driver shall	<b>DIESEL ENGINES:</b> The pump driver shall be a
and control shall be	be horizontal foot mounted ball bearing induction	horizontal shaft type internal combustion engine
☐ Underwriters Laboratories (UL) Listed	motor rated horsepower, 3	Model manufactured by:
☐ Factory Mutual Research Corporation (FM)	phase, (50)(60) Hertz with open drip-proof NEMA	rated atrpm,
Approved	enclosure for operation onvolt	clockwise rotation viewed from the end opposite
☐ Underwriters Laboratories-Canada (ULC) Listed	phase service. The motor locked rotor current shall	the pump. The engine shall be provided by the
for fire protection service. The pumping	not exceed the values stated in NFPA Pamphlet	pump manufacturer with, at a minimum, the
equipment shall be installed as recommended in	20. The motor shall be mounted on a steel base	following accessories for automatic operation.
the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)	common to the pump and shall be connected to the	☒ cooling waterlines, pressure regulator, strainer,
Pamphlet 20, Standard for the Installation of	pump with a flexible coupling protected by a	bypass lines and necessary fittings for engine
Centrifugal Fire Pumps. The fire pump shall be	suitable guard. The fire pump manufacturer shall	cooling system, pre-piped and factory
designed to deliverU.S. gallons per	accurately align the pump and motor shafts prior	mounted.
minute (USGpm) at a total differential pressure of	to shipment. After field installation but prior to	☑ flexible exhaust connector
psiG. The fire pump shall	grouting the base, a millwright or similarly	⊠ residential exhaust silencer
also be capable of delivering not less than 150%	qualified person shall check and verify or correct the shaft alignment.	⊠ engine jacket water heater, factory installed.
of rated flow at not less than 65% rated head.	the shart anginnent.	<ul><li>☒ one set dual batteries, lead acid storage type.</li><li>☒ fuel system as recommended in NFPA</li></ul>
Peerless Pump model shall be	ELECTRIC MOTOR CONTROLLERS: The	Pamphlet 20
furnished with driver, controllers and accessories as detailed in this specification. Pump	automatic electric motor controller shall be (UL	✓ fuel storage tank sized to provide a minimum
manufacturer shall have unit responsibility for the	listed)(FM approved) specifically for fire pump	supply of one gallon of fuel per engine
proper operation of the complete unit assembly as	service. The controller shall be designed for	maximum rated horsepower plus 5% for sump
indicated by field acceptance tests.	□ full voltage	area plus 5% for expansion area. The tank
indicated by field acceptance tests.	□ part winding	shall be furnished (with)(without) legs for
MANUFACTURER'S FACTORY TESTS:	□ primary resistance reduced voltage	floor mounting and with a direct reading level
Each individual pump shall be hydrostatically	□ wye-delta open transition	gauge. Fuel tank shall (single wall)(dual wall)
tested and run tested prior to shipment. The pump	□ wye-delta closed transition	UL listed; single wall non-listed
shall be hydrostatically tested at a pressure of not	□ auto-transformer	☐ The engine shall be run tested with the pump by
less than one and one-half times the no flow (shut	□ solid state (soft start)	the pump manufacturer prior to shipment.
off) head of the pump's maximum diameter	type starting. The controller shall be rated for the	
impeller plus the maximum allowable suction head	horsepower specified in this specification's	ENGINE CONTROLLERS: The automatic
but in no case less than 250 psig.	electric motors section. The controller shall be	engine controller shall be (UL listed)(FM
	capable of interrupting a short circuit current at	approved) specifically for fire pump service. The
FIELD ACCEPTANCE TEST: A field	least equal to the available short circuit current in	controller must be capable of performing or
acceptance performance test shall be conducted	the controller supply circuit. This fire pump	contain the following features:
upon completion of pump installation. The test	controller installation requires an withstand rating	⊠Built in battery charger
shall be made by flowing water through calibrated	of not less than amps RMS	□ time clock for weekly automatic test
nozzles, approved flow meters or other such accurate devices as may be selected by the	symmetrical at an operating voltage ofvolts.	system pressure recorder
authority having jurisdiction. The test shall be	The controller shall be:	timing relay for automatic stop
conducted as recommended in NFPA Pamphlet 20	☐ floor or wall mounted for electrical connection	power failure start
by	to the motor by the equipment installer.	□ low fuel level switch
☐ the installing contractor	□ mounted on a common base with the fire pump	pump room alarm audible and visual signals
the owner	and wired to the motor by the pump manufacturer.	The controller shall be wired to the
☐ the owner's representative	FITTINGS. The nump manufacturer shall furnish	corresponding engine function terminals and shall be mounted on a common base with the
(other)	<b>FITTINGS:</b> The pump manufacturer shall furnish piping accessory items for the pump installation	engine and pump. A complete running test of
in the presence of the authority having jurisdiction	which will adapt the pump connections to the fire	the base mounted controller, engine and pump
and with that authority's final approval and	protection system and test connection as follows.	shall be performed by the pump manufacturer
acceptance. Failure to submit documentation of	Fittings subjected to pump discharge pressure	prior to shipment.
factory and field tests will be just cause for	shall be ANSI (125)(250) pound rating. Fittings	☐ The engine controller shall be floor mounted for
equipment rejection.	subjected to suction pressure shall be ANSI 125	electrical connection to the engine by the
	pound rating.	equipment installer.
HORIZONTAL CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS: The	□ eccentric tapered suction reducer	
fire pump shall be of horizontal centrifugal (single	□ concentric tapered discharge increaser	
stage) (multistage) construction specifically	□ hose valve test header	
labeled for fire service and shall be a Peerless	□ hose valves with caps and chains	
Pump model The pump shall	□ pump casing relief valve	
be connected to the (fire standpipe) (fire sprinkler)	□ automatic air release valve	
(underground fire main) system. The suction	□ hose valve head drain valve	
supply for the fire pump shall be from a (public service, water main) (elevated storage tank)	□ suction and discharge pressure gauges	
service water main) (elevated storage tank) (ground storage tank) (underground reservoir) at a	Additional accessories required when pump is	
maximum pressure of pounds per	engine or steam turbine driven:	
square inch (psig) and a minimum pressure of	□ main relief valve:	
psig. The pump casing shall be cast	☐ direct acting (spring actuated)	
iron with _ inch 125 pound ANSI rated suction	☐ pilot operated (hydraulically actuated)	
andinch(125)(250) pound ANSI rated	$\hfill\Box$ relief valve overflow cone, enclosed type	Subject to change without notice

 $\begin{array}{c} {\rm SECTION~1520} \\ {\rm Page~2} \\ {\rm March~30,~2007} \end{array}$ 

## HORIZONTAL OR INLINE FIRE PUMPS PUMP DATA



Peerless Pump Company Indianapolis, IN4 6207-7026

Earch 30, 2007 Fire Pump Model	Commercial Model Pump	Shaft Dia. At Coupling . Inches	Suction Flange Size x ANSI Lb. Standard	Discharge Flange Size x ANSI Lb. Standard	Maximum Working Pressure Psi	
					Std. $@$	н ③
2.5PVF8	None		2.5 x 125	2.5 x 125	175	-
2.5PVF8M	25PV8A	-	2.5 x 125	2.5 x 125	175	-
3PVF8	None	-	3 x 125	3 x 125	175	-
3PVF8M	3PV8A	-	3 x 125	3 x 125	175	-
3PVF11	None	-	3 x 125	3 x 250 ⊕	175	250
3PVF11M	3PV11	-	3 x 125	3 x 250 ④	175	250
4PVF8G	None	-	4 x 125	4 x 125	175	-
4PVF8GM	4PV8G	-	4 x 125	4 x 125	175	-
5PVF7	None	-	5 x 125	5 x 125	175	-
5PVF7M	5PV7	-	5 x 125	5 x 125	175	-
5PVF11	None	-	5 x 125	5 x 250 ④	175	250
5PVF11M	5PV11	-	5 x 125	5 x 250 ④	175	250
6PVF10	None	-	6 x 125	6 x 250 ④	175	300
6PVF10M	6PV10	-	6 x 125	6 x 250 ④	175	300
2ADF8	2AD8	0.937	3 x 125	2 x 125	175	275
3AEF9	3AE9	1.375	4 x 250 ④	3 x 250 ④	300	425
3AEF9G	3AE9G	1.375	4 x 250 ④	3 x 250 ④	300	425
4AEF10	4AE10	1.375	5 x 250 ④	4 x 250 ④	275	450
4AEF10G	4AE10G	1.375	5 x 250 ⊕	4 x 250 ⊕	275	450
4AEF11	4AE11	1.125	5 x 250 ⊕	4 x 250 ⊕	250	250
4AEF11G	4AE11 G	1.125	5 x 250 ⊕	4 x 250 ⊕	250	250
4AEF12	4AE12 Double Volute	1.375	5 x 250 ®	4 x 250 ⊕	300	510
5AEF8	5AE8	1.375	6 x 125	5 x 125 ④	300	375
5AEF8G	None	1.375	6 x 125	5 x 125 ④	300	300
5AEF8N	5AEF8N	1.375	6 x 125	5 x 125 ④	300	300
5AEF11	5AE11	1.562	6 x 250 ⊕	5 x 250 ⊕	300	510
5AEF11G	5AE11 G	1.562	6 x 250 ⊕	5 x 250 ④	300	510
5AEF12	5AE12 Double Volute	1.562	6 x 250 ⊕	5 x 250 ④	250	510
5AEF14	5AE14	1.375	6 x 250 ⊕	5 x 250 ④	250	250
5AEF14N	5AE14N	1.375	6 x 250 ⊕	5 x 250 ④	250	250
6AEF10	None	1.562	8 x 125	6 x 250 ④	300	300
6AEF12	6AE12 Double Volute	1.875	8 x 250 ⊕	6 x 250 ④	350	500
6AEF14	6AE14	1.562	8 x 250 ④	6 x 250 ④	250	250
6AEF14G	6AE14G	1.562	8 x 250 ④	6 x 250 ④	250	250
6AEF14Q ©	None	1.562	8 x 250 ⊕	6 x 250 ④	250	250
6AEF16	6AE16	1.562	8 x 125	6 x 250 ④	250	250
6AEF16G	6AE16G	1.562	8 x 125	6 x 250 ④	250	250
6AEF16N	6AE16N	1.562	8 x 125	6 x 250 ④	250	250
6AEF18	6AE18	1.875	8 x 125	6 x 250 ④	300	300
8AEF13	8AE13	1.562	10 x 250 ⊕	8 x 250 ⊕	250	250
8AEF15A ©	8AE15	1.875	10 x 250 @	8 x 250 ④	250	250
8AEF15G	8AE15G	1.875	10 x 250 ④	8 x 250 ④	250	250
8AEF17A	8AE17A Double Volute	1.875	10 x 250 ④	8 x 250 ④	262	262
8AEF17Q	8AE17Q Double Volute	1.875	10 x 250 ④	8 x 250 ④	262	262
8AEF17W	8AEF17W Double Volute	1.875	10 x 250 ④	8 x 250 ④	262	262
8AEF20	8AE20	2.250	10 x 125	8 x 250 ④	300	300
8AEF20G	8AE20G	2.250	10 x 125	8 x 250 ④	300	300
8AHF26	8AH26	69 mm	10 x 125	8 x 250	275	-
10AEF16	10AE16 Double Volute	2.250	12 x 125	10 x 125	175	175
10AEF20	10AE20 Double Volute	2.500	12 x 125	10 x 250 ⊕	250	250
10AHF22	10AH22	69 mm	12 x 125	10 x 250	300	-
10AHF26	10AH26	79 mm	12 x 125	10 x 250	325	_
12AF19G	12A19G	3.000	14 x 125	12 x 125	175	253
12AHF26	12AH26	89 mm	14 x 125	12 x 250	325	-
4TUF5	4TU14	1.875	5 x 125	4 x 250	400	428
4TUF11	4TU11	1.750	6 x 125	4 x 400	550	550
5TUF7	5TU15	2.000	6 x 125	5 x 250	400	420
6TUF10B	6TU16B	2.250	8 x 125	6 x 250	300	500
6TUHF13A2	6TUH13A2	R.F.	8 x 125	6 x 250	510	- 300
	8TU16F	2.750	10 x 125	8 x 250	335	335
		2.130	10 X 120	0 A 200	JJJ	333
8TUF15 4TUTF14	4TUT14	1.750	5 x 125	4 x 250	428	428

Peerless Pump Company Indianapolis, IN 46207-7026

## HORIZONTAL OR INLINE FIRE PUMPS PUMP DATA - Continued

SECTION 1520 Page 2.1 July 15, 1994

### NOTES: (for page 2 of Section 1520)

- ① (General) The fire pump dimensions are the same as the commercial pump shown. The fire pump's hydraulic performance is not the same as the commercial pump's due to internal changes and on some fire pump models the internal parts are not interchangeable with the commercial model. Refer to Section 1550 for further details on ordering repair parts (pump serial number and model number from nameplate is required).
- ② The **Std.** (standard) constructed pump is limited to a suction pressure no greater than 75 psi and/or a maximum working pressure (pump shut-off pressure psi plus suction pressure psi) no greater than value indicated in the **Std.** column. The fire pump model number built to standard construction will be as indicated in the first column of table. UL listed pumps constructed without waterseal piping and lantern rings, may use standard shaft sleeves and packing when the suction pressure is at least 30 psi but no greater than 150 psi.
- The H (heavy) constructed pump is limited to a suction pressure no greater than 250 psi and/or a maximum working pressure (pump shut-off pressure psi plus suction pressure psi) no greater than value shown in H column. All H column pumps are not constructed to be applied at the maximum limit shown in H column. The maximum working pressure of a pump beyond the Std. value depends on the modifications used to meet the job's specifications. For example a 3AEF9 specified to meet 325 psi maximum working pressure will have only the modifications necessary for 325 psi maximum working pressure and would not be suitable for 400 psi maximum working pressure. The pump model number having heavy construction for 325 psi mwp will include an "H" suffix (example: 3AEF9H). Refer to the factory for the available "H" pump modifications.
- The flange will be drilled for either 125 Lb ANSI for 175 psi maximum working pressure or 250 Lb. ANSI for a maximum working pressure shown in the Std. column.
- ⑤ The 6AEF14Q and 8AEF15A pump models have double row outboard bearing design.

SECTION 1520 Page 2.2 March 10, 2003

### HORIZONTAL SPLIT CASE FIRE PUMPS Type AEF



### CE Mark CE

European product liability and safety requirements have made sales to Europe increasingly difficult in recent years. The requirement that every product sold in Europe bear the CE Marking has resulted in the need for considerable extra effort. US made product that does not bear CE Marking must be sent to a third party to be certified as being in compliance. Failure to take this step could result in significant risk of fines, confiscation of equipment, and even criminal liability!

The US may have led the way with product safety and liability laws, but other nations have followed suit. The relatively recent creation of the European Union, and the desire to standardize liability laws and to promote free trade across the EU has resulted in the CE Marking requirements. While these laws do offer the opportunity for the free movement of goods within and into the EU and eliminate national differences, they also place some stricter requirements on those manufacturing for or selling in the EU. In many cases, the EU requirements are stricter than, and certainly always different to the US requirements.

There are a multitude of product safety and liability laws that apply to product being marketed in Europe. Those most relevant to pumps are the Directives generally known as the Machinery Directive, the Low Voltage Directive, and the Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive. These directives apply to virtually all pump systems. Other directives may apply to pumps intended for specific uses. The accepted means to show compliance with the directives is to comply with European "harmonized standards". There may be hundreds of standards relating to each of the directives. The manufacturer or seller of a product is responsible for determining which Directives and standards apply to his product. The scope of this effort has resulted in low volume manufacturers, such as pump manufacturers, being slow to take the challenge of CE Marking their product.

Without factory CE Marking, it was necessary to sell the product first to a third party, often a European pump manufacturer, who would make any required changes to the product or its' documentation and re-sell it with their own compliant instructions. This obviously adds cost and delay into the sales equation. Clearly, factory CE Marking is the answer.

### Peerless Pump announces CE Marking on model AEF fire pumpsets

Peerless Pump can now offer model AEF fire pumpsets with factory CE Marking. This offering includes the entire line of model AEF pumps, however there are some limitations on drivers and controls. (See the table below for detail of availability of drivers and controls.) This offering will make Peerless Pumps more competitive by reducing cost and lead-time. Peerless fire pumpsets bearing the CE Marking are compliant with the Machinery, Low Voltage, and Electromagnetic Compatibility Directives. These pumpsets should move quickly through customs and on to the customer.

Model AEF Fire Pumpsets -- Now Available

model ALI The Full poote New Available							
Туре	Pump Models	Drivers	Controls				
Diesel Engine Driven Fire Pumpsets	All model AE pumps	Clarke US built engines of JU, JW, and VM series  Clarke UK built engines IK6R-UF11/15/19	Master Controls with Modification 8E Models: DCF or DCM				
			Firetrol Controls: Mark II controls available by June 2003				
Electric Motor Driven Fire Pumpsets	All model the following type designations:		Master Controls MC & EC Series Controls with Modification 8E Models: ECA, ECP, ECR, ECO, ECY, ECS, ECT, MCA, MCP, MCR, MCO, MCY, MCS, or MCT				
			Metron Controls Full Service Electric Controllers				
			Firetrol Controls: Mark II controls will be available with CE Marking early to mid 2003				

Contact a sales or applications engineering professional at Peerless Pump for more details and for pricing.

#### CALCULATION OF TOTAL HEAD (H)

To duplicate factory test curves during field tests, the pump must be <u>credited</u> with the velocity head difference at each test point. Correct Total Head (H) calculations are made as follows:

$$H = h_D - h_S + h_V + C$$

 $h_D$  = Discharge pressure gage reading in psi multiplied by 2.31 for fresh cool water. Gage on pump discharge flange.

h<sub>S</sub> = Suction pressure gage reading in psi multiplied by 2.31 for fresh cool water. (If suction lift exists, suction lift shown by gage must be converted to feet and then considered as + h<sub>S</sub> rather than - h<sub>S</sub> in above formula.) Gage on pump suction flange.

 $h_{
m V}$  = Velocity head difference. From curves on page 14 for pump size and test gpm point.

C = Gage correction. Normally not used unless vertical distance in feet between center of suction and discharge gages is over 1 foot. Add if discharge gage is above suction gage, subtract if below suction gage.

#### EXAMPLE #1

5" discharge  $\times$  6" suction pump with positive suction pressure, fresh cool water. Discharge gage reading = 115 psi, suction gage reading = 30 psi test point capacity = 1000 gpm. Difference in elevation of suction and discharge gage centers 2.5 ft., discharge gage above suction gage.

$$h_D = 115 \times 2.31 = 266 \text{ ft.}$$
  $h_S = 30 \times 2.31 = 69.5 \text{ ft.}$   $h_V = 2.15 \text{ ft.}$   $C = 2.5 \text{ ft.}$   $H = 266 - 69.5 + 2.15 + 2.5 = 201.15 \text{ ft.}$ 

#### EXAMPLE #2

3" discharge  $\times$  4" suction pump with suction lift, fresh cool water. Discharge gage reading = 61 psi, suction gage reading = -4 psi (vacuum). Test point capacity = 500 gpm. Difference in elevation of suction and discharge gage centers 3/8 inch, discharge gage below suction gage.

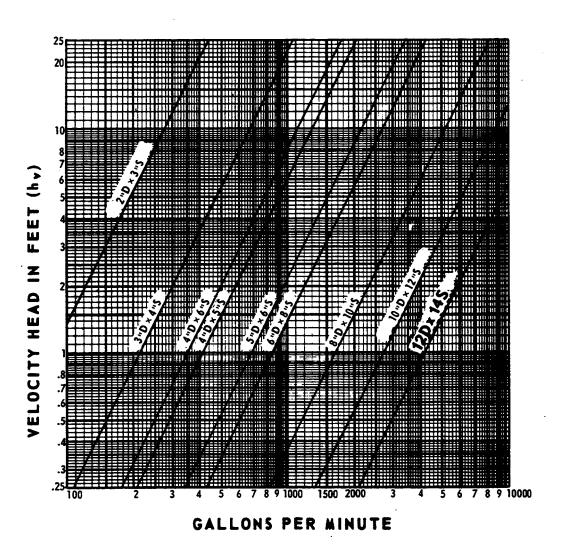
$$h_D = 61 \times 2.31 = 141 \text{ ft.}$$
  $h_S = 4 \times 2.31 = 9.25 \text{ ft.}$   $h_V = 5.6 \text{ ft.}$   $C = \text{neglect, under 1 ft.}$   $H = 141 + 9.25 + 5.6 + 0 = 155.85 \text{ ft.}$ 

Should gages read in other than psi, readings must be converted to feet head using proper constants. For other than simple, fresh water calculations described above, refer to Hydraulic Institute Standards or other proper hydraulic references.

# HORIZONTAL FIRE PUMPS Electric Motor or Diesel Engine Driven

Peerless Pump Company Indianapolis, IN 46207-7026

# VELOCITY HEAD DIFFERENCE CURVES HORIZONTAL FIRE PUMPS



**LEGEND** 

D = Discharge Size S = Suction Size EXAMPLE

3" Discharge x 4" Suction Pump (3" D x 4"S) at 750 GPM, Vel. Hd. is 12.3 ft. 2873855 Rev. **8-76** 

TO DETERMINE PUMP TOTAL HEAD SEE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THIS SHEET.

## HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL FIRE PUMPS Diesel Engine Driven Unit

SECTION 1520 Page 7 March 30, 2007

For fire pump engine data sheets refer to the following websites for current down loadable information

Clarke Fire Pump Diesel Engines .....<u>clarkefire.com</u>

Caterpillar Fire Pump Diesel Engines...... (Currently no data is available as engines

are in the process of being re-designed)

