

Problem 1: Implement the complex step derivation explained in the third week lecture video Week3Video1IEEE.mp4.

Provided files:

**hw3.1.h**, an include file that

- Defines the virtual base class `Derivable`

`Derivable` has one pure virtual function: `eval` that takes as argument *coord*, the *complex* coordinate where the function has to be evaluated and returns the complex value of the function at *coord*

```
class Derivable
{
public:
virtual complex<double>eval(const std::complex<double>coord)=0;
};
```

- Declares the function that implements the complex step derivative. The signature of this function has two arguments is

```
double firstDerivative(Derivable&, const double where);
```

First Parameter: `Derivable&` - a reference to an object of class `derivable`

Second Parameter: `const double where` - the coordinate where the derivative is required

**hw3.1\_main.cpp**, the main program that computes the required derivatives.

Tasks

- Define and implement a derived class, **MyPotential** that implements the `eval` function for the following potential

$$\left(\frac{1}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r^6}\right)$$

- Define and implement a derived class, **MyCosine** that implements the `eval` function for the cosine function
- Implement the function **firstDerivative** that evaluates the first derivative of the function evaluated by a *Derivable* object at the coordinate *where*. This function should estimate the stepsize *h* that computes the derivative with an error of the order of 1 ULP. (Refer to the IEEE lecture). Compare the accuracy of the derivative using the complex step to the accuracy obtained by the standard numerical computation of derivatives.

## Deliverables

- An include file **MyPotential.h** that declares the class **MyPotential**
- An include file **MyCosine.h** that declares the class **MyCosine**
- An implementation file **hw3.1\_impl.cpp** that contains the implementation of the eval functions for both classes and the implementation of the firstDerivative function

HINT: compilation (assuming all files in the same directory)

```
g++ -c -I. hw3.1_impl.cpp
g++ -c -I. hw3.1_main.cpp
g++ -o hw3.1 hw3.1_impl.o hw3.1_main.o
```

HINT: how to compute derivatives

First Derivative - Classical Approach

$$f'(x) = \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} + \mathcal{O}(h)$$

First Derivative - Complex Step

$$f'(x) = \frac{\text{img}[f(x+ih)]}{h} + \mathcal{O}(h^2)$$

where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$

Problem 2: Given a number  $x$ , print a list of all non-increasing sequences of numbers that sum up to  $x$ . The program gets the value of  $x$  from the command line. For example:

```
./hw3.2
```

4

Output Example: for  $x = 4$  the program should generate the list

```
[4]
[3 1]
[2 2]
[2 1 1]
[1 1 1 1]
```

Print each list when it is generated. Do not store the lists and print all of them at the end.