A World Bank Report

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# Commodity Markets Outlook

Urbanization and Commodity Demand



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# Commodity Markets Outlook



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The World Bank's *Commodity Markets Outlook* is published twice a year, in April and October. The report provides detailed market analysis for major commodity groups, including energy, agriculture, fertilizers, metals, and precious metals. Price forecasts to 2035 for 46 commodities are presented, together with historical price data. The report also contains production, consumption, and trade statistics for major commodities. Commodity price data updates are published separately at the beginning of each month.

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The report and data can be accessed at: www.worldbank.org/commodities

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# **Executive Summary**

Energy prices continued to surge in the third quarter of 2021 while most non-energy prices plateaued following steep increases earlier in the year. After reaching all-time highs, natural gas and coal prices are expected to decline in 2022 as demand growth slows and supply constraints ease. Crude oil prices are forecast to average \$74/bbl in 2022, up from a projected \$70/bbl in 2021. After rising more than 48 percent this year, metal prices are projected to decline 5 percent in 2022. Agricultural prices are expected to broadly stabilize in 2022, following a 22 percent increase in 2021. High commodity prices, if sustained, could slow growth in energy-importing countries and exacerbate food insecurity in low-income countries. Risks to the forecast include adverse weather, further supply constraints, and new outbreaks of COVID-19. The fluctuations in commodity prices this year highlight some of the challenges in transitioning to a zero-carbon economy. Cities have a key role to play, given they account for around two-thirds of energy demand and greenhouse gas emissions. A special focus documents that urbanization is associated with increased commodity demand, but high-density cities can have lower per-capita commodity demand than low-density cities. This reinforces the need for strategic urban planning to minimize the impact of future urbanization on commodity demand.

### **Recent trends**

Energy prices rose sharply in 2021Q3 while nonenergy prices plateaued (figure 1.A). Among the four major non-energy indexes, agriculture, fertilizers, and precious metals are about one-third above their pre-pandemic levels, while metals and minerals are around one-half higher. Adverse weather has buffeted many commodity markets: unusually high summer temperatures increased demand for electricity; droughts reduced hydroelectricity supply and affected some agricultural commodities, while floods impacted the supply of some metals and coal. Soaring natural gas and coal prices indirectly impacted production of other commodities, including fertilizers and some metals. Commodity markets have also been affected by the uneven recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic and supply chain disruptions.

Energy prices rose by 16 percent in 2021Q3 (q/q), continuing their upward trajectory since the start of the year, with natural gas and coal prices rising much faster than crude oil prices. Crude oil prices averaged \$72/bbl in 2021Q3, an increase of 7 percent on the previous quarter, but with prices fluctuating significantly during the period. Prices initially softened in August amid worries about renewed outbreaks of the pandemic, but these were offset later in the quarter by supply disruptions in the U.S. arising from Hurricane Ida, as well as the broader rally in energy prices.

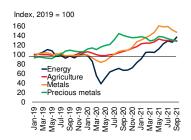
Natural gas prices rose by 69 percent in 2021Q3, and coal prices increased 44 percent, with some price benchmarks for both commodities reaching all-time highs (figure 1.B). The economic recovery (particularly in China) is largely behind the surge as it has boosted demand for fossil fuels for electricity generation. Unusually hot weather in some countries also boosted electricity demand for cooling. Furthermore, electricity production from renewable sources declined in several countries due to drought and low wind speeds.

Although non-energy prices were unchanged in 2021Q3 (q/q) as a group, there has been significant variation among commodities. The Metals and Minerals Price Index declined 1 percent in the quarter, with drops in iron ore (-17 percent) and copper (-3 percent) and gains in other base metals (9 percent) on average (figure 1.C). The sharp fall in iron ore prices was largely due to China's reduction in steel production in order to meet zero-growth targets for the year. Demand for base metals has continued to increase, driven by the global economic recovery, while production has been disrupted by energy shortages and lockdowns. Precious metal prices fell 3 percent in 2021Q3 (q/q) amid a rise in U.S. 10-year Treasury yields, with larger falls for platinum (-13 percent) and silver (-9 percent) compared to gold (-1 percent). Platinum prices have been depressed by disruptions to car production globally, which have reduced demand for catalytic convertors.

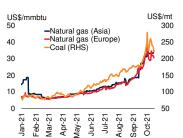
### FIGURE 1 Commodity market developments

In 2021Q3, energy prices rose sharply while many non-energy prices plateaued at high levels. Natural gas and coal prices soared amid high demand for electricity. Iron ore prices fell sharply from an all-time high as China reduced steel output; overall base metal prices continued to rise. Crude oil prices are expected to rise in 2022 before declining in 2023 as the recovery in demand is met by increased production. Looking ahead, the pattern of commodity demand will be affected by a continued increase in urbanization, with high-density cities having much lower energy use and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions than low-density cities.

### A. Commodity price indexes, monthly



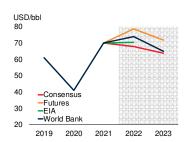
### B. Natural gas and coal prices



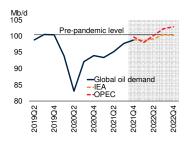
### C. Iron ore and base metal prices



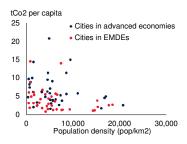
### D. Oil price forecasts



### E. Global oil consumption forecasts



## F. Population density of cities and carbon emissions from transport



Sources: Bloomberg; C40 Cities; EIA; IEA; OPEC; OurWorldinData; World Bank A.C. Last observation is September 2021.

- B. Daily spot prices of natural gas and coal price benchmarks. Last observation is October 19, 2021.
- C. Base metals are a weighted average of aluminum, copper, lead, nickel, tin, and zinc.
- D. Shaded area indicates oil price forecasts (the equivalent of the World Bank average). Consensus forecasts were published in September and EIA forecasts in October.
- $\hbox{E. Shaded area denotes IEA and OPEC's September forecast for global oil demand.}$
- F. Y-axis shows tonnes of CO2 emissions per capita from transport. X-axis shows population density of 40 major cities. Data are from 2016 to 2019.

Agricultural commodity prices stabilized during 2021Q3, with declines in some food prices (e.g., rice) being offset by higher beverage prices (especially coffee). Despite tight supply conditions for some food commodities due to unfavorable weather (e.g., maize and soybeans), most food commodity markets remain adequately supplied by historical norms. However, the rally in energy prices, especially coal and natural gas, have sharply increased agricultural input costs. This includes fertilizers, which have risen more than 55 percent since January, with several fertilizer manufacturers halting or reducing production capacity. Elevated food prices combined with the recent spike in energy costs is pushing food price inflation up in several low-income countries (such as Ethiopia, Zambia, and Zimbabwe) as well as higher-income EMDEs, including Argentina and Turkey. High prices may further exacerbate food insecurity—according to the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) and the World Food Programme (WFP)'s latest joint report, 23 low-income countries, including Ethiopia, Madagascar, and Somalia are facing acute food insecurity.

### **Outlook and risks**

Energy prices are expected to increase more than 2 percent in 2022 after jumping more than 80 percent in 2021, supported by continued robust demand and gradual production gains, before falling sharply in 2023 as supply increases measurably (Table 1). Increasing energy prices pose significant inflation risks in many EMDEs and could weigh on growth in 2022 among energy-importing countries. Non-energy prices are projected to decrease somewhat in 2022 and 2023, with declines in both agriculture and metals prices as supply constraints ease.

Oil prices are forecast to average \$74/bbl in 2022, up from a projected \$70/bbl in 2021, before dropping to \$65/bbl in 2023. Oil demand is expected to continue its recovery and reach its prepandemic level by the second half of 2022. Oil production is expected to increase as supply outages are resolved; as production responds to higher demand, particularly shale production in

TABLE 1 Nominal price indexes and forecast revisions

|                     | Price Indexes (2010=100) <sup>1</sup> |       |       | Change             | Change (%) q/q Chan | Change | (%) y/y | Forecast           | Forecast revision <sup>3</sup> |                    |                    |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------------------|---------------------|--------|---------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                     | 2018                                  | 2019  | 2020  | 2021f <sup>2</sup> | 2022f <sup>2</sup>  | 2021Q2 | 2021Q3  | 2021f <sup>2</sup> | 2022f <sup>2</sup>             | 2021f <sup>2</sup> | 2022f <sup>2</sup> |
| Energy              | 87                                    | 76    | 52    | 95                 | 97                  | 12.8   | 16.2    | 83.4               | 2.3                            | 35.3               | 2.3                |
| Non-Energy⁴         | 85                                    | 82    | 84    | 110                | 108                 | 8.6    | -0.2    | 31.0               | -2.3                           | 8.4                | 0.6                |
| Agriculture         | 87                                    | 83    | 87    | 106                | 105                 | 5.4    | -0.5    | 22.0               | -1.4                           | 5.9                | -2.4               |
| Beverages           | 79                                    | 76    | 80    | 91                 | 91                  | 5.4    | 10.5    | 13.2               | -0.3                           | 10.7               | -2.7               |
| Food                | 90                                    | 87    | 92    | 119                | 116                 | 7.2    | -1.8    | 28.2               | -1.9                           | 6.4                | -2.8               |
| Oils and meals      | 85                                    | 77    | 90    | 126                | 126                 | 4.1    | -1.2    | 40.0               | 0.3                            | 8.9                | -0.6               |
| Grains              | 89                                    | 89    | 93    | 115                | 105                 | 7.5    | -9.1    | 23.2               | -8.3                           | 1.7                | -9.2               |
| Other food          | 99                                    | 98    | 95    | 113                | 113                 | 12.1   | 4.4     | 17.9               | 0.8                            | 8.4                | -0.2               |
| Raw Materials       | 81                                    | 78    | 78    | 84                 | 84                  | -0.7   | -1.8    | 8.6                | -0.2                           | -0.4               | -0.2               |
| Fertilizers         | 83                                    | 81    | 73    | 116                | 124                 | 14.0   | 18.3    | 58.6               | 6.5                            | 29.9               | 11.8               |
| Metals and Minerals | 83                                    | 78    | 79    | 118                | 112                 | 14.4   | -1.4    | 48.5               | -5.0                           | 13.0               | 3.4                |
| Precious Metals     | 97                                    | 105   | 134   | 140                | 136                 | 1.1    | -3.0    | 5.0                | -2.7                           | 5.0                | 4.1                |
| Memorandum items    |                                       |       |       |                    |                     |        |         |                    |                                |                    |                    |
| Crude oil (\$/bbl)5 | 68                                    | 61    | 41    | 70                 | 74                  | 13.1   | 6.9     | 69.7               | 5.7                            | 18.4               | 5.7                |
| Gold (\$/toz)       | 1,269                                 | 1,392 | 1,770 | 1,795              | 1,750               | 1.0    | -1.4    | 1.4                | -2.5                           | 5.4                | 3.4                |

Source: World Bank.

Note: (1) Numbers may differ from tables A.1-4 due to rounding. (2) "f" denotes forecasts. (3) Denotes percentage points revision to the growth forecasts from the April 2021 report. (4) The non-energy price index excludes precious metals. (5) Average of Brent, Dubai and WTI. See Appendix C for definitions of prices and indexes.

the United States; and as OPEC and its partners unwind the rest of their production cuts. Investment shortfalls in new production, including U.S. shale, pose an upside risk. Investment in new oil production fell sharply in 2020 and has been slower to pick up than after previous price collapses. Furthermore, the substitution of crude oil for coal and natural gas in heating and electricity production poses another upside risk. Additional outbreaks of COVID-19 remain a downside risk to oil demand.

Natural gas and coal prices are expected to decline in 2022 and fall further in 2023, as demand growth eases (especially outside of Asia) and production and exports increase, driven by the United States. Further price spikes are likely, however, as inventories remain very low, and production is not expected to materially increase until 2022.

More broadly, the events of this year have highlighted how changing weather patterns due to climate change are a growing risk to energy markets, affecting both demand and supply. From an energy transition perspective, concerns about the intermittent nature of renewable energy highlight the need for reliable baseload and

backup electricity generation. These will increasingly need to be from low-carbon sources, such as hydropower or nuclear power, or from new or better methods of storing renewable power. At the same time, the surge in natural gas and coal prices this year has made solar and wind power more competitive as an alternative energy source. Countries can benefit from accelerating the installation and transmission of renewable energy and reducing their dependency on fossil fuels.

Metal prices are forecast to fall 5 percent in 2022 following a projected increase of 48 percent in 2021 as the global recovery eases and supply disruptions are addressed. Bottlenecks in the supply chain are not expected to be fully resolved until the end of 2022, as energy and shipping shortages take time to normalize. Key risks to the metal price forecast are the outlook for China's property sector and energy-related supply disruptions.

Agricultural prices are expected to decline modestly in 2022 and 2023, following a projected 22 percent increase in 2021, as supply conditions improve. Upside risks to agricultural prices include high input prices, especially fertilizers, and more diversion of food commodities to the

production of biofuels linked to efforts to decarbonize the global economy. High food prices have raised concerns about food insecurity in several EMDEs. In addition to lower incomes due to pandemic-driven production disruptions, several food-importing EMDEs are facing high international food prices and energy costs. According to the latest joint assessment by the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) and the World Food Program (WFP), food insecurity, which affected 155 million people in 2020 (up from 135 million in 2019), is expected to become more acute, with more than 41 million people worldwide being at risk of falling into famine or famine-like conditions.

# Special Focus: Urbanization and commodity demand

The sharp fluctuations in energy prices observed this year highlight the difficulties in transitioning to a zero-carbon economy. Cities are on the frontlines of the energy transition; although they occupy less than 3 percent of global land, they consume over two-thirds of the world's energy and account for a similar share of global greenhouse

gas (GHG) emissions. The past 50 years have seen a rapid increase in urbanization rates globally, and this trend is set to continue over the next three decades.

This edition of the Commodity Markets Outlook features a Special Focus on the linkages between urbanization and commodity demand. Mechanisms between urbanization and commodity demand include transport use in urban areas, household size and type of accommodation, the provision of infrastructure, and consumer preferences. After controlling for income and population, an increase in the share of the population living in urban areas is typically associated with higher energy consumption. However, high-density cities, especially advanced economies, tend to have lower per capita energy consumption and lower GHG emissions from transport than less densely populated cities (figure 1.F). For policymakers, this reinforces the importance of strategic planning and high-quality infrastructure, particularly for transport, in limiting the impact of urbanization on commodity consumption while also boosting the quality of life



# **SPECIAL FOCUS**

Urbanization and commodity demand

# **Urbanization and commodity demand**

The past 50 years have seen a rapid increase in urbanization rates globally, and this trend is set to continue over the next 30 years. While income and population growth are frequently cited as an important determinant of commodity demand, urbanization—the rapid growth of urban areas and their concentration of people, economic activity, and resources—also has the potential to have a major impact. Evidence from the literature shows that, after controlling for income and population, an increase in the share of the population living in urban areas is associated with higher energy consumption. However, high density cities have lower per capita energy consumption than less densely populated cities. For policymakers, this reinforces the importance of good planning and high-quality infrastructure in limiting the impact of urbanization on resource consumption, while also boosting the quality of life in cities.

### Introduction

Over the past 50 years the share of the world's population living in urban areas has risen from 37 percent to 56 percent, an increase of three billion people (figure SF.1; United Nations 2019; World Bank 2021a). While this rise has been a global phenomenon, the sharpest increase has come from emerging market and developing economies (EMDEs), where the share of the urban population nearly doubled from 27 percent to 52 percent, due to both rural-urban migration and rapid population growth in urban areas. The largest increase in the urban population came from China, where it rose by 700 million people and the share of the urban population rose from 17 percent to 61 percent between 1970 and 2020.

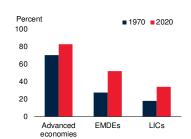
The demographic shift from rural to urban areas is set to continue, with the share of the urban population at the global level expected to reach 68 percent by 2050, before plateauing thereafter (United Nations 2019). Most of this growth is expected to occur in EMDEs and low-income countries (LICs), especially in South Asia and sub-Saharan Africa (SSA). However, the share of the urban population is expected to increase in all countries, although absolute numbers of urban populations may fall due to declining populations in some countries.

The increase in the share of the urban population has occurred alongside a sharp rise in commodity

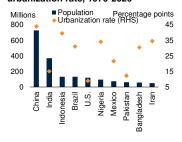
### FIGURE SF.1 Urban population trends

Urban populations have risen rapidly over the past half-century. China saw the largest increase in its urban population share, followed by India. Over the next 30 years, most of the increase in the urban population is expected to occur in Sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia, with low-income countries seeing the largest increase in the share of urban population.

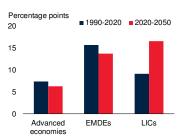
### A. Urban population share



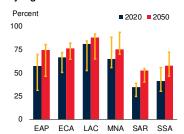
# B. Increase in urban population and urbanization rate, 1970-2020



### C. Change in urban population share



D. Urban population share forecasts, by region



Sources: United Nations Population Division; World Bank.

Note: EMDEs = emerging market and developing economies. LICs – low-income countries.

EAP = East Asia and Pacific. ECA = Europe and Central Asia. LAC = Latin America and the

FAP = East Asia and Pacific, ECA = Europe and Central Asia, LAC = Latin America and the Caribbean, MNA = Middle East and North Africa; SAR = South Asia, SSA = Sub-Saharan Africa.

A.-D. Charts show data and forecasts for urbanization rates and urban populations from the UN Population Division's World Urbanization Prospects 2018 report.

D. Bars show average urbanization rates within regions. Lines show interquartile range of the urbanization rates of individual countries within regions.

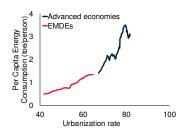
demand (figure SF.2). While population and income growth are two of the primary drivers of commodity demand, urbanization also has the potential to have a major impact, since urban areas can be very large and typically result in a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Throughout this special focus, the terms urbanization and urbanization rate refer solely to the share of people living in urban areas; it does not differentiate between different types of urban areas—for example, whether people live in high-density urban cores or low-density suburbs.

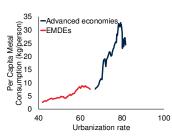
# FIGURE SF.2 Urban population growth and commodity demand

The rising share of the urban population is correlated with rising rates of commodity demand, however, in practice this is mostly driven by rising income. While income is a primary driver of urban populations, the reverse relationship is also true, with urban growth potentially having positive impacts on economic growth through agglomeration effects. Indeed, all advanced economies have a high share of urban populations.

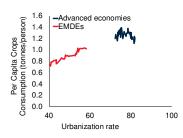
# A. Urban population share and per capita energy demand



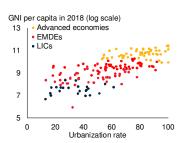
# B. Urban population share and per capita metals demand



# C. Urban population share and per capita grains demand



### D. Urban population share and income



Sources: BP Statistical Review; United Nations Population Division; U.S. Department of Agriculture; World Bank; World Bureau of Metal Statistics.

Note: AE = advanced economies, EMDE = emerging and developing economies; LIC = low-income countries.

A.C. Median of per capita commodity demand and urbanization rates for advanced economies and EMDEs.

- A. "toe/person" refers to tonnes of oil equivalent per person. Includes 31 advanced economies and 42 EMDEs.
- B. Includes 24 advanced economies and 19 EMDEs. Refers to base metals only.
- C. Includes 29 advanced economies and 100 EMDEs.

concentration of people, economic activity, and resources (Baffes, Kabundi, and Nagle 2021).<sup>2</sup> Indeed, despite covering less than 3 percent of the world's land area, urban areas currently account for roughly two-thirds of global energy

consumption (UN Habitat 2020). They can also have significant ecological impacts, accounting for around 70 percent of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, as well as causing significant air and water pollution due to the concentration of people living within them (Moran et al. 2018).

Urbanization can affect commodity demand through several channels, the magnitude of which depends heavily on the nature of urbanization (World Bank 2010). Urban areas in countries can take multiple forms, ranging from high-density mega cities, to smaller cities, to low-density urban sprawls that result in dependency on automobiles and prohibit walking (Benfield, Raimi, and Chen 1999; Burchell et al. 1998; Brody 2013).3 At the same time, the reverse relationship may also occur: changes in commodity demand can affect urbanization. For example, fluctuations in agricultural prices may influence rural wages and make moving to urban areas more, or less, attractive. Given the sharp increase in the urban population that is expected to occur over the next 30 years, it is critical to understand how urbanization can affect demand for different types of commodities, beyond the broader impact of growth in population and income.

Against this backdrop, this Special Focus reviews the literature on the relationship between urbanization and commodity demand and asks the following questions:

- What is the nature of urbanization?
- What are the channels through which urbanization can affect commodity demand?
- What are the empirical effects of urbanization on commodity demand?

The Special Focus finds that there are several channels through which urbanization can change per capita commodity consumption and that these can have positive or negative effects on

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In addition to causing an increase in commodity demand, income growth (and industrialization) is also a key driver of urbanization—whereas the agricultural sector is almost by definition rural, manufacturing and service sectors tend to concentrate in urban areas. At the same time, increased urbanization can have beneficial effects on economic growth via agglomeration effects, economies of scale, and reduced transport costs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Causation may also run in the opposite direction, whereby the development of the automobile facilitated lower-density cities. In the United States, cities established before the rise of the automobile tend to be more compact and denser.

commodity demand. Urbanization has the potential to reduce consumption of commodities through economies of scale and efficiency effects. However, it can also lead to diseconomies of scale resulting from agglomeration, such as congestion. For example, a shift from rural to urban areas can result in shorter journey times and lower energy use in the transport sector, but these can be offset by increased congestion, which can lead to increased energy use and pollution. The impact of these channels depends heavily on the nature of urbanization, especially population density.

Empirical studies estimating the impact of urbanization on commodity demand tend to focus on energy (either directly, or indirectly, via a focus on pollution or greenhouse gas emissions), with a much smaller body of literature for agriculture and even less for metals (Table 1). This special focus is the first study to bring together the available literature on the impact of urbanization and urban density on commodity demand for all commodity groups.<sup>5</sup> It further clarifies the literature by distinguishing between studies that consider the impact of the share of the population living in urban areas, and those that consider the impact of population density of different types of urban areas.

These studies have two main findings. First, an increase in the share of the urban population is associated with increased energy demand beyond that caused by changes in population and income. Second, high density cities are associated with lower per capita energy consumption than low density cities. While urbanization in the aggregate may increase energy consumption, compact, high-density cities have the potential to minimize this increase. These results demonstrate that strategic planning can maximize the beneficial aspects of

cities and mitigate their negative externalities. The most successful urban areas are those that connect physical growth to economic demand and support this with good plans, policies, and investments that help avoid uncontrolled sprawl (Lall et al. 2021).

### The nature of urbanization

Although the share of the population living in urban areas has risen globally, there is significant heterogeneity in what is considered an urban area. Furthermore, the density of urban areas varies significantly both across and within countries and has changed over time, which can lead to differences in the impact of urbanization on commodity demand.

Defining urban areas. Increased urbanization does not, per se, refer to people moving from sparsely populated rural areas to densely populated cities. One major complication in empirically assessing the impact of urban areas on commodity demand is that definitions of what constitutes an urban area differs greatly between countries. The minimum technical size of an urban area ranges from 200 people or more in Denmark and Sweden, to 50,000 or more in Japan (figure SF.3; United Nations 2019). Furthermore, some countries use metrics such as population density instead of population size. In addition, definitions of what areas to include in urban regions vary substantially across countries. For example, suburban areas may not be a technical part of the city but may be considered an urban area. The size of urban areas also varies considerably, from megacities containing 10 million or more people, to urban areas with fewer than 300,000 people. While a majority of the world's population lives in an urban area, two-fifths live in urban areas of less than 300,000 people.

To facilitate the comparison of urban areas, the United Nations endorsed a new methodology by six international organizations (including the World Bank) to define cities, towns, and rural areas based on total population and population density within population grids (Dijkstra, Florczyk et al. 2020; United Nations 2020). Under this definition, the share of the population

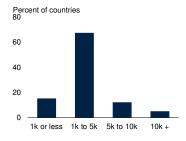
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For example, in the United States 3.5 billion gallons of fuel was consumed in 2019 as a result of congestion (around 2.5 percent of total fuel consumption). As traffic levels declined in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the amount of fuel consumption due to congestion halved to 1.7 billion gallons (around 1.4 percent of total fuel consumption; Texas A&M Transportation Institute 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Ahlfeldt and Pietrostefani (2019) provide a summary of 180 studies that considered the economic impacts of population density. Of these, only 14 consider the impact on energy consumption, of which 9 are chiefly focused on CO2 emissions, rather than energy consumption.

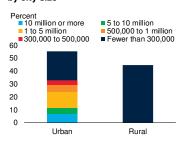
# FIGURE SF.3 Urban population share and population density

The definition of an urban area varies greatly among countries. While a majority of the world's population lives in urban areas, these can look significantly different, with the largest share accounted for by "small" cities of less than 300,000 people. Even among the largest cities, their composition can vary enormously—population densities in some of the largest U.S. cities are an order of magnitude lower than the world's densest cities, which tend to be in EMDEs, especially Asia. High-density cities, particularly in advanced economies, are associated with much lower CO2 emissions than their low-density counterparts.

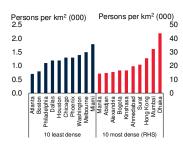
### A. Population threshold for "urban area"



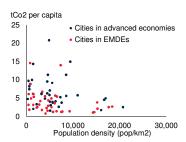
### B. Global distribution of population, by city size



### C. Population density of cities



# D. Population density and carbon emissions in select cities



Sources: C40 Cities; OurWorldInData; United Nations UN Habitat (2020), World Bank.

- A. Chart shows the variances in definitions among countries for the minimum number of inhabitants needed for a settlement to classify as an "urban area." Sample includes 100 countries. Some countries do not rely on a population threshold and instead consider other metrics, including population density, and are therefore not included here.
- B. Chart shows the percent of the world's population living in urban and rural areas, with urban areas split by size of city.
- C. Figure shows the 10 least dense and most dense cities from the world's largest 100 cities. Data from 2014. Hong Kong = Hong Kong SAR, China.
- D. Y-axis shows tonnes of CO2 emissions per capita from transport. X-axis shows population density of 40 major cities. Data are from 2016 to 2019.

living in urban areas increases substantially (in 2015, by 22 percentage points), in part because several large countries (including China and India) classify most towns as rural areas (Dijkstra, Hamilton et al. 2020).

Density of urban areas. On average, the larger a city is, the denser it is. However, similar-sized cities can also vary substantially in terms of their density (Dijkstra, Florczyk et al. 2020). For example, cities in Asia have much higher density

than cities in the United States—among the 100 largest cities in the world, 9 of the bottom 10 (in terms of population density) are in the U.S., and these have population densities that are orders of magnitude lower than the 10 densest cities, many of which are in India.

Nonetheless, the types of density also vary, because the shape of cities can be vastly different among countries. Richer cities tend to be more "pyramid shaped"—i.e., with more taller buildings and skyscrapers, whereas low- and lower-middle-income cities tend to be "pancake-shaped" or flatter (Lall et al. 2021). Population density can be accommodated either through vertical layering (via taller buildings), which can help increase floor space available to residents, or by crowding, which reduces living space per person. Many cities in LICs are dense because of crowding, which can reduce quality of life.

As such, the channels by which urbanization affects commodity demand may not apply equally to all urban areas and may even have opposite effects. For example, residents of high-density city centers with good mass transit systems are likely to have shorter travel times and lower transport energy requirements compared with suburban areas (Glaeser and Kahn 2010). However, high density cities, unless managed well, can suffer from low quality of living (Mercer 2019; World Bank 2021a). Poor infrastructure, including mass transit and sanitation, could also lead to different impacts of urbanization on commodity demand.

Changes over time. The composition and density of cities is changing over time. Cities can either grow outward, inward (in-fill of undeveloped spaces), or upward. In low-income and lower-middle-income countries, 90 percent of urban built-up area expansion occurred as horizontal or outward growth between 1990-2015; however, in high income countries around one-third occurred as infill (Lall et al. 2021). Population densities have increased as urban populations have grown faster than urban areas have expanded. Between 1990-2015 population densities of cities are estimated to have increased by 8 percent, with larger cities experiencing the biggest increase in density (Dijkstra, Florczyk et al. 2020). In

contrast, small cities (less than 250,000 people) experienced declines in population density.<sup>6</sup>

# Channels: From urbanization to commodity demand

The literature has identified several channels through which urbanization has affected commodity consumption. These include the impact of urbanization on transport behavior, infrastructure needs, household characteristics, and consumer choice. Most of the channels identified relate to energy consumption. In general, these channels have the potential to either increase or decrease commodity consumption, and may also vary between advanced economies and EMDEs (Madlener and Sunak 2011). While not the primary focus of this study, urbanization can also affect commodity supply, particularly for agriculture, via its impact on land availability and pollution. Developments in commodity markets also have the potential to influence urbanization patterns. For example, sharp falls in agricultural prices could accelerate shifts from rural to urban areas.

Transport. Several studies have investigated the impact of urbanization on transport, and, by association, energy demand. These studies have shown that urbanization can either raise or lower energy demand. A reduction in transport costs is often cited as one of the benefits of urbanization, contributing to improved economic growth. Changes in transport patterns have a particularly large impact, since transport accounts for 29 percent of total final energy consumption at the global level, compared to 21 percent for residential use (in the United States, transport accounts for 40 percent; IEA 2021).

Studies which find urbanization reduces energy demand typically focus on the fact that high density neighborhoods facilitate journeys by foot or by bike, while those with effective mass transit systems provide alternatives to personal motorize

In contrast, studies which find that an increase in the urban population increases transport energy demand focus on factors that can result in increased journeys. In the absence of mass transit systems, rising urban populations can result in increased dependence on cars, given residences and workplaces are typically separated in cities (Jones 2004). This issue can be exacerbated by urban sprawl, defined as the spread of low-density urban areas outside of the urban center, which can lead to increased auto use (Burchell et al. 1998; Hankey and Marshall 2010; VandeWeghe and Kennedy 2008). This trend can be observed in the United States, where urban density has declined for the last five decades, leading to an increase in travel distances and therefore energy consumption (Glaeser and Kahn 2010; Marshall 2007).

In EMDEs the move from rural to urban areas may lead to a shift from predominantly "muscle-powered" transport (e.g., walking or biking) to motorized transport (e.g., cars, motorcycles, and buses), leading to a net increase in energy use (Parikh and Shukla 1995). This is particularly the case in instances where cities have not been well planned—for example, if urban expansion occurs via informal and unplanned settlements, with poorly designed zones between commuter and

vehicles. In Europe, where cities are higher density and public transport is widely available, per capita consumption of gasoline is one-fifth the level in low-density U.S. cities, although this also reflects much higher fuel taxes in Europe (Newman 2006). Within the United States, studies have found that urban households use less transport energy than rural ones (figure SF.4; Kahn 2000; Liddle and Lung 2010). Furthermore, there is variation within U.S. cities. Those with the best public transit, such as New York, have the lowest energy consumption from transport. Similarly, households living in higher-density cities have lower levels of auto transport and consumption than those in lower-density areas (Brownstone and Golob 2009).

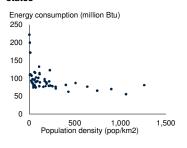
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>In contrast, earlier studies found that population densities had decreased over time. This was because they had a higher estimate of the increase in urban areas due to different methodologies (Angel et al. 2016; UN Habitat 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Since urbanization facilitates economies of scale and specialization as part of a broader industrialization process, it may result in the increased movement of raw materials and intermediate goods in the production process (Jones 1991, 2004).

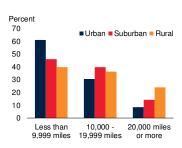
# FIGURE SF.4 Urban populations and transport-sector energy demand in the United States

Low levels of population density are associated with much higher energy consumption from transportation in the United States. Rural populations tend to drive more and walk less than their urban counterparts. Similarly, high rates of urban density facilitate the use of public transport, with commuter rates much higher in large, dense cities. Household energy use is higher in detached houses compared with apartments, and energy use is also higher in smaller households.

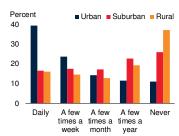
### A. Population density and transportsector energy consumption in U.S. states



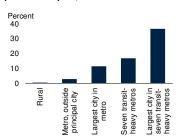
### B. Miles driven per year



### C. Frequency of walking for travel



## D. Share of workers commuting by public transport, U.S.



Sources: Federal Highway Administration, National Household Travel Survey 2017; World Bank. A. Vertical axis presents data for total energy consumption per capita in the transport industry for 50 US states, whereas population density is shown on the horizontal axis. Data for 2019.

residential areas, and insufficient or non-existent infrastructure such as mass transit systems (Wahba 2019). In Nairobi, for example, poor planning and inadequate public transit means that around 10 percent of jobs are accessible by public transport within 45 minutes, compared to 25 percent in Buenos Aires, despite the latter having four times as many people (Quiros-Peralta 2015). Furthermore, the reliance of cities on commodities produced outside their borders, such as food, can result in increased energy use as these products need to be transported; this may not be the case for mostly self-sufficient rural areas (Parikh and Shukla 1995).

Infrastructure requirements. Densely populated cities have vast infrastructure needs, including

mass transit, electricity generation, telecommunications, and water and sewerage services (Eberts and McMillen 1999). While large-scale infrastructure projects can be very resourceintensive, particularly in terms of energy and metal consumption, per capita usage of infrastructure can be much higher than in low-density areas. As such, economies of scale arising from network effects may make the provision of the service more efficient (World Bank 2021b). For example, urban access to the internet is 2.3 times higher than access in rural areas globally, as it is easier and cheaper to provide the service to a high-density population (ITU 2020). As a result, per capita resource demand could be lower than would be required to provide the same level of services to rural populations. At the same time, it is possible that urbanization and high-density living creates "new" demand for infrastructure. For example, a high-density urban population may have greater need for sanitation facilities than low-density rural areas. Consequently, the "need" for these services due to urbanization may lead to greater per capita commodity demand than otherwise.

Household size and type of accommodation. An increase in the share of the urban population can lead to differences in household characteristics, with either positive or negative impacts on energy consumption. As a result of higher land costs, apartments are much more common in cities than in rural areas, which are predominantly detached houses. Apartments have smaller energy use than detached houses due to fewer exterior walls, which reduces energy loss from heating and cooling (figure SF.5; Brounen, Kok, and Quigley 2012; Satterthwaite 2011).

However, this may be partly offset by differences in household composition. Average household size tends to be smaller in urban areas, as young people move away from their family home and also marry later (Cole and Neumayer 2004). Smaller households tend to have higher per capita energy consumption as they are less able to benefit from economies of scale in energy consumption compared with larger households (Liu et al. 2003). In a study of 300,000 Dutch households, an additional person per household reduced per capita natural gas consumption by 26 percent and

electricity consumption by 18 percent (Brounen, Kok, and Quigley 2012). Urban sprawl has also been shown to lead to increased residential energy use (Ewing and Rong 2010).

Changes in the composition of energy demand. In addition to changes in the overall level of energy demand, urbanization can also lead to changes in the types of fuel consumed within a country, which could affect aggregate energy demand both positively and negatively. As households move from rural to urban areas, they typically move from more basic forms of energy, such as biomass, toward more modern energy forms, such as electricity from centralized power stations fueled by coal or natural gas (Barnes, Krutilla, and Hyde 2005). For example, in sub-Saharan Africa 68 percent of urban households have access to electricity, compared to 15 percent in rural areas (Hommann and Lall 2019). Consumption of natural gas or kerosene for heating and cooking may also rise in place of solid fuels, with the proportion of households cooking with coal and wood falling sharply with population density (Gollin, Kirchberger, and Lagakos 2017). This shift has the potential to reduce commodity demand as the provision of energy in the form of centrally generated electricity or natural gas is typically more efficient than the burning of biomass (Pachauri and Jiang 2009; Poumanyvong and Kaneko 2010).

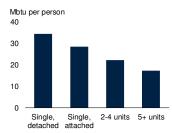
However, greater access to better-quality, cheaper energy such as electricity may lead to increased consumption of energy (Gillingham, Rapson, and Wagner 2015; IEA 2008).

The "heat island" effect. Urban areas give rise to the "heat island" effect, whereby man-made structures such as roads and buildings absorb and re-emit heat from the sun to a greater degree than natural landscapes, and also provide less shade and moisture (Imhoff et al. 2010). This can be exacerbated by a concentration of human activities that emit heat, such as the use of air conditioners. As such, urban areas, particularly cities with larger and more dense populations, tend to be hotter than rural or natural areas, although the effect can vary between cities depending on the extent of green space. Estimates for the United States

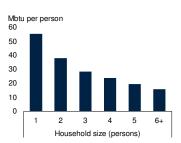
# FIGURE SF.5 Urban populations and household energy use in the United States

Household energy use is lower in apartments compared to single-family homes due to greater energy efficiency, but is higher in smaller households due to economy of scale effects in heating and lighting.

# A. Household energy use, by dwelling type



B. Household energy use, by household size



Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration; World Bank.

indicate the annual average temperature of a city can be 1.8 to 5.4°F hotter than its surroundings, although estimates can vary significantly between studies, and also fluctuate between night and day, and summer and winter (EPA 2008). These variations can increase energy demand for cooling in hotter countries and during summer; however, it can reduce energy demand for heating in cooler countries and in winter. The heat island effect is expected to change and increase as global temperatures rise (Hibbard et al. 2017).

Increased consumer choice. Consumers living in cities benefit from a larger range of goods and services to consume, which can result in increased consumption (if consumers have access to new products). Access to larger markets enables producers and retailers to specialize and supply a wider variety of goods and services. All else equal, a rise in consumption due to increased choice, beyond that driven by increased income, would result in a net positive increase in commodity demand. For example, urban diets are typically more varied and include a greater share of meat, processed food (including convenience food), and exotic food, which require more energy and other commodities both in their production and transport (Hovhannisyan and Devadoss 2020; Regmi and Dyck 2001). However, empirical studies suggest that the link between increased consumer choice and rising commodity demand is primarily driven by income, not urbanization per se. For example, household survey evidence from China and India shows the quantities of food consumed by rural households and urban households with similar income levels are comparable (Pandey et al. 2020; Stage, Stage, and McGranahan 2010).

Production. In addition to the effects on commodity demand, rapid urbanization can affect agricultural production, although as with commodity consumption, these effects can be either positive or negative. If urbanization leads to people living in higher-density areas, it may reduce the proportion of land used for habitation and increase the availability for agricultural uses (Satterthwaite, McGranahan, and Tacoli 2010). Further, a reduction in population in rural areas can promote the creation of larger farms, allowing efficiency gains and thereby increasing agricultural production (Stage, Stage, and McGranhan 2010).8 However, high-density cities can also lead to increased levels of localized pollution and degrade water supplies and soil quality, decreasing agricultural supply (Angel, Sheppard, and Civco 2005). The increased share of land used by cities can also result in the loss of agricultural land if cities are located in particularly fertile and irrigated areas. In China, for example, 4.3 million hectares of cropland were converted to built-up land between 1987 and 2010 (Acharya et al. 2021).

Commodity demand and urbanization. Just as urbanization can affect commodity demand, the reverse relationship may also occur: changes in global commodity demand has the potential to impact urbanization via changes in global commodity prices. If commodities are produced in rural areas, such as agricultural products, then an increase (decrease) in global commodity prices which increases (decreases) rural real wages might

be expected to slow (accelerate) urbanization as it decreases (increases) the incentives to move to rural areas (Bruckner 2012). In addition, fluctuations in commodity prices such as oil may alter the characteristics of cities within a country by affecting transport costs. In SSA, for example, rising oil prices and transport costs have been shown to increase economic activity in cities near major ports relative to otherwise identical cities that are further away (Storeygard 2013). As a result, future urban growth in SSA may be more likely to occur in large coastal cities.

# **Empirical effects of urbanization on commodity demand**

The literature can be broadly split into two fields: studies that investigated the effect of the overall share of the urban population and studies that considered urban density (differences between high- and low-density urban areas within a country; Table 1). While many studies explore the role of energy on urbanization, far fewer examine agriculture and virtually none for metals. Empirical analysis of the topic is limited by data availability, particularly for commodity consumption at the sectoral level. considerable differences in the definition of an urban area between countries also present a challenge.

Sample of studies. The majority of the studies focusing on the overall share of urban populations were cross-country studies using panel datasets and focused on aggregate energy consumption, although some looked at individual channels. This group also included some single-country studies, looking at two studies consumption. In contrast, the studies examining urban density focused on individual countries (frequently the United States, given greater data availability) and on individual channels, such as energy demand from transport or dwellings. These studies were all in advanced economies (Canada, Japan, the Netherlands, and the United States), likely reflecting the greater data availability of sectoral energy consumption. All of the studies included in the literature review controlled for per capita income.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Causality may also run in the opposite direction, whereby efficiency gains in agriculture can act as a catalyst for urbanization by freeing up labor.

Share of urban populations. Of the cross-country studies examining the impact of the share of the urban population on commodity demand, almost all found a positive, statistically significant relationship whereby a higher urban population share caused higher energy demand.9 One study found that the relationship varied by income level, with a negative relationship for LICs, but a positive relationship for higher-income countries; this was attributed to efficiency gains arising from shifts to more modern fuels such as centrallygenerated electricity (Poumanyvong and Kaneko 2010). Another study of nine Pacific Islands found a positive, significant relationship for four islands, an insignificant relationship for another four, and a negative relationship for one (Mishra, Smyth, and Sharma 2009). The one single-country study also found a positive relationship between urbanization and energy demand (Liu 2009). Only one study found a negative relationship between the urban share of the population and energy consumption (from transport; Liddle 2004).

Two studies investigated food consumption in China and India (Hovhannisyan and Devadoss 2020; Pandey et al. 2020). The studies found little aggregate impact of urban population shares on food consumption after controlling for income. The two studies had different findings in terms of the impact on the composition of diets, however, with the former finding a shift from grains and vegetables to meats, eggs, and fruits, while the latter found little impact. The single study which investigated metals consumption found a positive impact of urbanization on metals demand (Baffes, Kabundi, and Nagle 2021). 10

Urban density. Of the studies examining the impact of urban density, all found a negative relationship with energy demand. These considered a variety of channels, including transport, dwellings, dwellings and transport

# **Conclusions and policy implications**

The share of the global population living in urban areas has risen rapidly over the past 50 years alongside a major increase in commodity consumption. While income and population growth are the primary drivers of commodity demand, urbanization also affects commodity demand through several channels. This is because urban areas have huge resource needs, both in terms of their construction and in their day-to-day use due to high concentrations of population.

In aggregate, an increase in the share of the urban population is associated with increased energy demand. But the impact also depends on the nature of urbanization, with compact, high-density cities having lower per capita energy consumption than low-density cities due to greater resource efficiency and economies of scale, particularly in advanced economies. For food, urbanization appears to change patterns of

together, and consumption from the service sector.11 Higher-density cities had lower energy demand than lower-density ones, at least in advanced economies. The extent to which these results apply to EMDEs is unclear. Many cities in EMDEs, particularly in sub-Saharan Africa, struggle with high road congestion commuting costs due to poor planning, inadequate transport infrastructure, and limited public transit options, despite high population density (Hommann and Lall 2019; World Bank 2021b). Indeed, in a study considering the effect of population density on CO2 emissions, the relationship was found to vary with income. Areas with higher population density were found to have higher CO<sub>2</sub> emissions at very low levels of per capita income, but lower CO2 emissions at higher income levels (above \$1,000 per capita; Dasgupta, Lall, and Wheeler 2021).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See Baffes, Kabundi, and Nagle (2021); Salim and Shafiei (2014); Poumanyvong and Kaneko (2010); Poumanyvong, Kaneko, and Dhakkal (2012); Mishra (2009); Parikh and Shukla (1995); and Vork (2007)

 $<sup>^{10}\</sup>mbox{Urbanization}$  was not the primary focus of this study and was included as a control variable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>These studies considered various channels, including transport (Brownstone and Golob 2009); dwellings (Brounen, Kok, and Quigley 2012; Lariviere and Lafrance 1999); dwellings and transport together (Glaeser and Kahn 2010; Larson and Yezer 2015); and consumption from the service sector (Morikawa 2012).

consumption, but there is less evidence that it causes an overall increase in demand. In the case of metals, the limited research available shows a positive relationship between urbanization and metals demand. An important avenue for further research would be to explore the impact of urban density on a broader range of commodities—and importantly account for differences in income levels (extending the analysis in Dasgupta, Lall, and Wheeler 2021). Since growth in cities is expected across EMDEs, this could help in assessing the impact of different types of city design on resource use.

Cities are on the frontlines of the climate change and the energy transition; although they occupy less than 3 percent of global land, they consume over two-thirds of the world's energy and account for 70 percent of global greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. They are also particularly at risk from climate change, with 90 percent of the world's urban areas situated on coastlines and therefore at risk from rising sea levels. With urban populations expected to continue to increase rapidly, strategic urban planning that integrates transport and land use will become even more important in limiting the impact of urbanization on commodity

consumption, and, crucially, GHG emissions.<sup>12</sup> It is not urbanization alone that causes an increase in GHG emissions, but rather differences in the design of cities, the methods of transport used, the choice of fuel for energy, and the efficiency and means by which buildings are heated and cooled (World Bank 2010).

Critical policy measures will include the expansion of the capacity, affordability, and access of public mass transport systems, as well as investment in energy efficiency measures for buildings. Fiscal policies can also play an important role. For example, fuel taxes have been shown to increase population density and preserve open space (Creutzig 2014, Creutzig et al. 2015). Zoning laws are also important for boosting population density. They can, for example, encourage "building up" instead of out, which can help reduce long commutes, increase usage of public transit, and lower energy use and greenhouse gas emissions (Lall et al. 2021). Early planning and installation of transportation infrastructure is particularly crucial in rapidly growing cities such as in Sub-Saharan Africa, as it can help guide and shape future urban growth, and prevent urban sprawl (Hommann and Lall 2019).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>The development of green and sustainable cities is a key component of the World Bank's Climate Change Action Plan, and in line with the UN's Sustainable Development Goal 11 to make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient, and sustainable (World Bank 2021c).

### TABLE SF.1 Literature review of urbanization and commodity demand

| Author(s)                                    | Data   | Main topic   | Main findings  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Baffes, Kabundi,<br>and Nagle (2021)         | Panel of 63 advanced economies and EMDEs, 1965-2017  | Aggregate energy and metal consumption             | Urbanization has a positive effect on energy and metal consumption (positive on coal and natural gas consumption but negative effect on oil).  |
| Dasgupta, Lall,<br>and Wheeler<br>(2021)     | 1,236 cities in 138 countries,<br>2014-2020  | CO <sub>2</sub> emissions                          | Urban areas with higher population density have higher $CO_2$ emissions at very low levels of per capita income, but lower $CO_2$ emissions at higher income levels (above \$1,000 per capita).  |
| Hovhannisyan<br>and Devadoss<br>(2020)       | Panel data on consumer food expenditure in China, 2005-12  | Food consumption                                   | Urbanization has reduced demand for grains, vegetables, and fats and oils while increasing demand for meats, fruit, and eggs.  |
| Pandey et al.<br>(2020)                      | Consumer expenditure survey data covering 124 food commodities at the household, district, and state level in India  | Food consumption                                   | Although urbanization leads to varied diets, most of the change in food consumption patterns between urban and rural areas is due to income, not urbanization.   |
| Larson and Yezer<br>(2015)                   | Theoretical model calibrated with empirical estimates of model parameters with calibration target of 10 U.S. cities. | Energy use from transport and dwellings            | A doubling in urban population leads to a 2.6 percent reduction in energy use from transport and dwelling use.   |
| Salim and Shafiei<br>(2014)                  | Panel of 29 OECD countries,<br>1980-2011   | Aggregate energy use (renewable and non-renewable) | Urbanization has a positive effect on non-renewable energy use (due to changing consumer needs and increased transport demand) but little effect on renewable energy use.  |
| Sadorsky (2013)                              | Unbalanced panel of 76 developing countries, 1980-2010   | Energy intensity                                   | Urbanization has an insignificant effect on energy use in most versions of the model; income is a statistically significant negative driver of energy intensity.   |
| Brounen, Kok,<br>and Quigley<br>(2012)       | Sample of 300,000 households in the Netherlands, 2008-09   | Energy use from dwellings                          | Apartments and row homes had significantly lower energy consumption than detached and semi-detached homes. An additional person per household reduced per capita natural gas and electricity consumption by 26 percent and 18 percent, respectively. |
| Morikawa (2012)                              | Microdata covering up to 66,000 service sector firms in Japan, 2007-08   | Energy use by service sector                       | The efficiency of energy consumption in service companies is higher in densely populated cities. Energy efficiency increases by 12 percent when density doubles.   |
| Poumanyvong<br>and Kaneko<br>(2010)          | Panel dataset of 92 countries (low-medium- and high-income), 1975-2005   | Aggregate energy consumption                       | Urbanization results in lower energy use in low-income countries (perhaps due to switching from inefficient to efficient fuels). Urbanization leads to increased energy use in middle- and high-income countries.                                    |
| Poumanyvong,<br>Kaneko, and<br>Dhakal (2012) | Panel dataset of 92 countries (low-medium- and high-income), 1975-2005   | Energy use from transport                          | Urbanization leads to more energy use in transport for all income groups, especially high-income countries.  |
| Glaeser and<br>Kahn (2010)                   | Single-year survey and census data for U.S. metropolitan areas   | GHG emissions from energy use                      | Higher-density cities have lower emissions than low-density cities. This is due to lower emissions from driving and electricity, while emissions from public transport and heating are higher.   |
| Brownstone and<br>Golob (2009)               | Single-year survey data for California, U.S.   | Energy use from transport                          | Lower-density households travel more and consume more fuel, both a result of increased travel time, as well as self-selection of less efficient cars.  |
| Liu (2009)                                   | China, 1978-2008   | Aggregate energy consumption                       | Urbanization has a positive effect on energy consumption – much smaller than that of income and decreasing over time.  |
| Mishra (2009)                                | Nine Pacific island countries,<br>1980-2005  | Aggregate energy consumption                       | In aggregate, a 1 percent increase in the rate of urbanization generates a 2.4 percent increase in energy consumption. However, the effect was positive in only 4 of the 9 countries (negative in 1, and insignificant in the other).                |
| York (2007)                                  | Panel of 14 EU countries,<br>1960-2000   | Aggregate energy consumption                       | Urbanization leads to more energy consumption.   |
| Liddle (2004)                                | Panel data, 23 OECD countries,<br>1960-2000  | Energy consumption by transport                    | Highly urbanized and more densely populated countries have lower personal transport consumption.   |
| Lariviere and<br>Lafrance (1999)             | Single-year data on electricity consumption, 45 cities in Canada   | Electricity consumption                            | High-density cities use slightly less electricity than lower-density ones.   |
| Parikh and<br>Shukla (1995)                  | Panel dataset of 72 countries,<br>1965-87  | Aggregate energy consumption                       | A 1 percent rise in urbanization leads to a 0.28 percent rise in energy use. This is driven by transport and is attributed to greater intra-urban commuting and congestion.  |

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# Commodity Market Developments and Outlook

25

### **Energy**

Energy prices soared in 2021Q3, especially coal and natural gas, with some price benchmarks reaching record highs. Demand for fossil fuels rebounded as a result of firming global economic activity as well as adverse weather which increased energy use for heating and cooling and reduced hydroelectric power generation. Adverse weather also disrupted coal production in several countries. Crude oil prices rose in 2021Q3 as oil supply recovered more slowly than expected due to supply disruptions and production constraints. High natural gas prices also encouraged the use of oil as a substitute. After rising 70 percent in 2021, crude oil prices are expected to average \$74/bbl in 2022 as global production recovers, while natural gas and coal prices are expected to fall in 2022 as production constraints ease.

### Crude oil

### Recent developments

Crude oil prices have risen rapidly over the past few months, with the price of Brent reaching a seven-year high of almost \$85/bbl by mid-October (figure 2.A). Prices have been lifted by production disruptions in the United States due to Hurricane Ida as well as an announcement by OPEC+ at its meeting in October that the group intends to maintain its previously announced production increases. Some oil-importing countries had called for larger increases, as the group continues to hold significant amounts of production capacity off the market. Oil prices have also been supported by higher natural gas prices as oil is becoming more competitive as a substitute in heating and electricity generation (figure 2.B).

Global consumption of crude oil continued to recover, rising by an estimated 3 percent in 2021Q3 (q/q), and is now just 3 percent below its pre-pandemic peak.1 Demand among OECD countries rose 4 percent in 2021Q3, with rapid growth in Canada and some European countries (e.g., France), as lockdown measures eased and

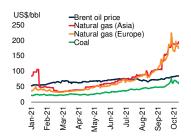
### FIGURE 2 Oil market developments

Crude oil prices have risen sharply this year, with Brent reaching a sevenyear high. The price of oil has been supported by soaring natural gas and coal prices, which have made crude oil increasingly competitive as a substitute in heating and electricity generation. Oil demand has continued to recover, albeit unevenly, and this is expected to continue. Jet fuel consumption remains well below its pre-pandemic level, reflecting still subdued international travel.

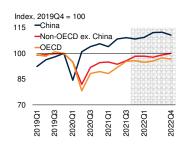
### A. Brent oil prices



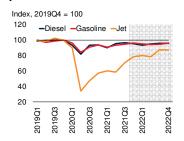
### B. Energy prices



### C. Oil demand



### D. Demand for diesel, gasoline, and iet fuel



Sources: Bloomberg; International Energy Agency; World Bank.

A. Monthly data of Brent oil prices. Last observation is October 2021. Dashed red and orange lines indicates average Brent oil prices from January 2011 to June 2014, and July 2015 to now, respectively.

B. Daily prices. Last observation is October 19, 2021. Prices are adjusted using EIA conversion factors for their thermal content.

C.D. Quarterly data. Shaded areas indicate forecasts from IEA. Jet fuel includes kerosene.

transport rose. However, demand remains below its pre-pandemic level in both OECD and non-OECD countries excluding China (figure 2.C). In contrast, demand in China was more than 10 percent higher than its pre-pandemic level in 2021Q3 due to its faster economic recovery. The recovery in consumption remains vulnerable to the pandemic, however, as renewed outbreaks of COVID-19 in 2021Q3 weighed consumption growth, especially in Asia.

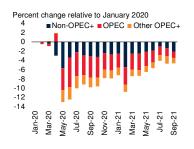
Among oil products, the gap relative to prepandemic levels was largest in jet fuel, as the pandemic continued to affect business and leisure

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Oil Market Report—September 2021. International Energy Agency, Paris.

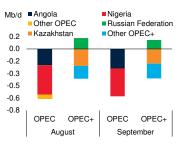
### FIGURE 3 Oil production developments

After a gradual recovery since March 2021, crude oil production declined in August and September due to supply disruptions. OPEC+ production was significantly lower than allowed under its quotas, largely due to unplanned outages, persistently weak investment in Angola and Nigeria, and maintenance issues in Kazakhstan. Crude oil production in the United States fell sharply as a result of Hurricane Ida. With consumption recovering more rapidly than production, oil inventories have fallen sharply and are below their five-year average.

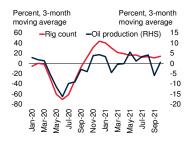
### A. Oil production



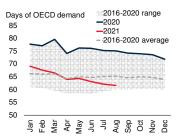
# B. Oil production compared to OPEC targets in August and September 2021



### C. U.S. crude oil production



### D. Oil inventories



Sources: Baker Hughes; Energy Information Administration; International Energy Agency; OPEC; World Bank.

- A. Last observation is September 2021.
- B. Difference between production targets and supply for August and September 2021 for OPEC and other OPEC+ countries.
- C. Weekly frequency data. Data as of October 8 for oil production and October 15 for rig count.
- D. Monthly data, last observation August 2021. Shown as a percent of OECD demand in the relevant quarter.

air travel. Jet fuel consumption was still about 30 percent below pre-pandemic levels in advanced economies in 2021Q3, compared to 3 percent for diesel (figure 2.D). However, this is also expected to recover in coming quarters as vaccination rollouts continue and air travel picks up.

Global oil production declined in August and September, after reaching a post-pandemic high in July, as output was disrupted by maintenance, weather, and production constraints (figure 3.A). Compared to the previous year, however, production was up by 6 percent. Reflecting the

faster recovery in consumption than production, oil inventories have also continued to fall.

OPEC and its partners (OPEC+) gradually increased production through the first half of 2021, and at their July meeting the group decided to increase production at the rate of 0.4 mb/d per month from August 2021 until September 2022, at which point their initial cuts would be fully unwound. The group (excluding the Islamic Republic of Iran) currently has spare production capacity of about 6.6 mb/d, of which OPEC (excluding the Islamic Republic of Iran) accounts for 5.5 mb/d. Despite the planned increase in production among the group, however, output was almost 1 mb/d below their target in August and September. The shortfall was primarily due to maintenance and unplanned outages in some countries due to COVID-19 restrictions, and partly due to persistently weak investment, with some countries producing at or near capacity.

Among OPEC countries, the shortfall was mainly due to Nigeria and Angola, whose combined output was almost 0.6 mb/d lower than their quota (figure 3.B). Production in both countries has been affected by a combination of operational issues and insufficient investment to replace declining output. In contrast, in Saudi Arabia crude oil production has been rising steadily, up by 1 mb/d in 2021Q3 compared to the previous quarter, taking production to 9.7mb/d, its highest level since April 2020. The Islamic Republic of Iran, which is outside the OPEC+ agreement, saw an additional small rise in production to 2.5 mb/d in 2021Q3, its highest level since 2019Q1. The Islamic Republic of Iran remains under sanctions, and progress on a new agreement appears to have stalled. Among the OPEC+ partner countries, Kazakhstan saw a sharp fall in production in August due to maintenance, but this partially recovered in September. In contrast, production in Russia was above target.

Among non-OPEC+ producers, production also fell in August and September. The largest decline was in the United States, where total oil production dropped by 4 percent in September relative to July, due to the impact of Hurricane

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Ida on production in the Gulf of Mexico (figure 3.C). The impact was particularly severe compared to previous hurricanes.<sup>2</sup> Abstracting from the impact of the hurricane, production in the United States has continued to recover, although more slowly than during previous recoveries. The U.S. industry has undergone significant consolidation, and firms are focusing on returning cash to shareholders rather than increasing production. In addition, supply chain disruptions, higher prices for equipment, and labor shortages are increasing the cost of production. Among other non-OPEC+ producers, output in Canada has risen sharply and is expected to regain its prepandemic peak by the end of 2021.

As oil demand recovered more rapidly than supply, oil inventories fell sharply, dropping by just over 1 percent per month since August 2020 (figure 3.D). On-land OECD industry inventories stood at 2.8 billion barrels in July 2021, around 4 percent below their five-year average. In response to concerns about persistently high oil prices, China announced it would sell some of its strategic oil reserves. India also began selling oil from its strategic reserves to state-run oil refiners.

### Price forecasts and risks

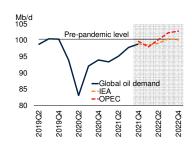
Outlook. Crude oil prices (an average of Brent, Duabi, and WTI) are expected to average \$74/bbl in 2022, up from a projected \$70/bbl in 2021, and then decline to \$65/bbl in 2023. The forecast is a significant upgrade compared to the April projections, reflecting an improved global growth outlook, as well as a much weaker than expected supply response in 2021 to date.

Oil demand is expected to reach its pre-pandemic level in 2022, although estimates for the speed of recovery vary among forecasters (figure 4.A). Large EMDEs, notably China, India, and Russia, account for most of the rise in demand, while demand in several advanced economies remains subdued and may not recover to pre-pandemic levels. Prior to the pandemic, demand in most

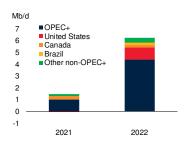
### FIGURE 4 Oil market outlook

Oil demand is expected to exceed its pre-pandemic level in 2022, although estimates of the speed of recovery vary. A robust recovery in oil production is anticipated as OPEC+ unwinds the last of its cuts and production increases elsewhere. A risk to the forecast is persistently weak investment, particularly by large international oil companies, which could see production failing to keep pace with demand. Longer-term, the growing popularity of electric vehicles will dampen oil demand.

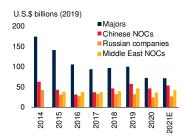
### A. Oil demand forecast



### B. Oil production growth forecasts



### C. Oil investment by company type



### D. Electric vehicle sales



Source: International Energy Agency; OPEC; World Bank.

- A. Dashed lines are forecasts, taken from the IEA's September Oil Market Report report and OPEC's September Monthly Oil Market Report.
- B. Chart shows IEA forecasts for oil production 2021 and 2022 from the October OMR.
- C. NOC stands for national oil companies. Upstream oil investment based on company reporting. "Majors" comprises Royal Dutch Shell, BP, Eni, ExxonMobil, Chevron, Total, and Conoco Phillips. Data from World Energy Investment 2021, International Energy Agency, Paris.
- D. EV stands for electric vehicles and includes battery electric vehicle and plug-in hybrid electric vehicles. Data from Global EV Outlook 2021, International Energy Agency, Paris.

advanced economies, particularly in Europe, had been declining for several years. Oil demand is expected to be boosted by increasing substitution for natural gas in heating and electricity generation, with estimates that it could raise demand by about 0.5 mb/d.

Oil production is forecast to see a robust recovery of around 6mb/d in 2022 (figure 4.B). The increase is mostly from OPEC+, which would see the group fully unwind their production cuts by 2022Q3. While some OPEC+ countries such as Angola may struggle to reach their previous production levels due to weak investment, other countries, especially Saudi Arabia, are investing in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Oil Market Report—September 2021. International Energy Agency, Paris.

new projects to increase production capacity. Indeed, as the production cuts are unwound the remaining spare capacity will increasingly be concentrated in a small number of countries, including the Islamic Republic of Iran, Saudi Arabia, and UAE. Outside of OPEC+ most production growth is accounted for by the United States, where output is expected to rise by 1mb/d in 2022 as drilling activity picks up. Production in Canada and Brazil is also expected to grow.

Risks. Continued use of crude oil as a substitute for natural gas presents an upside risk to the demand outlook, while downside risks include the potential for higher energy prices to weigh on growth, as well as renewed outbreaks of COVID-19. For supply, the impact of persistently weak investment on new crude oil production presents the biggest upside risk, while a new nuclear deal for Islamic Republic of Iran, which would lift the country's exports, offers a downside risk.

The increasing use of crude oil as a substitute for natural gas in heating and electricity generation is an emerging risk to the forecast. Industry estimates suggest that this could lead to an increase in oil demand of about 0.5 mb/d, although this could increase if supply constraints persist. Conversely, the surge in energy prices could weigh on global growth in 2022, particularly for oil-importers, dampening demand for oil. Additional outbreaks of COVID-19 remain a downside risk to oil demand, as highlighted by recent outbreaks in Asia. The impact of these outbreaks on mobility and therefore oil demand, however, has been much smaller than during the initial months of the pandemic, as lockdowns have become more targeted, and households and businesses adapt.

On the supply side, a return to the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action for the Islamic Republic of Iran and the removal of sanctions on its oil exports could see the country's production increase rapidly (by more than 1 mb/d). To the upside, insufficient investment in new production raises the risk that future supply growth will be weaker than demand. Investment in new oil production has been relatively weak since the 2014 oil price collapse, and investment fell sharply

in 2020, particularly among oil majors (figure 4.C). Shifts in investor preferences and company strategies, including the growth of Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) investing, is likely to limit these companies' investments in traditional new projects going forward. Instead, new projects are likely to be dominated by state-owned oil companies.

The speed and extent of the energy transition is highly uncertain and estimates for future oil demand vary widely depending on government policies. Estimates by the International Energy Agency and OPEC expect that, under current policies, oil demand may see a further modest increase for several years before plateauing.3 While adoption of renewable technologies, including electric vehicles, is accelerating rapidly, the speed at which oil consumption recovered after the pandemic, particularly in large EMDEs, highlights the difficulty in reducing its use (figure 4.D). The International Energy Agency has stated that new investment in fossil fuel production must be curtailed to meet the goals of the Paris Accord. To avoid future price spikes it will be necessary to ensure that either demand for fossil fuels falls commensurately or that supply of low-carbon alternatives is sufficient.

### Natural gas and coal

Natural gas and coal prices surged throughout 2021Q3 and continued increasing into October (figure 5.A, B). Australian thermal coal prices and European and Asian spot natural gas prices reached all-time highs in October, with prices three, four, and two times higher than in January, respectively. The surge reflects a sharp increase in demand, especially in China, and constrained supply exacerbated by some disruptions, with adverse weather events playing a key role.

The synchronized nature of the increase across natural gas and coal price benchmarks demonstrates how these markets have become increasingly integrated. This is largely due to the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See: World Energy Outlook 2021. International Energy Agency, Paris; World Oil Outlook 2021. OPEC, Vienna.

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increase in availability and trade of liquefied natural gas (LNG), which has become both a key source of fuel in many countries, but also an important backup fuel in others. In 2020, LNG accounted for over half of all natural gas traded, up from just under one-quarter in 2000. As a result, a shortage of a fuel in one region, such as coal, can not only lead to higher coal prices elsewhere, but can also exert upward pressure on prices of substitute commodities such as natural gas. For example, as China increases imports of LNG as a substitute for coal, competition for LNG in other regions rises. Previously, there was less substitution across markets separated by large distances or other physical barriers, as gas was primarily exported by pipeline, while coal is expensive to transport as it is bulky.

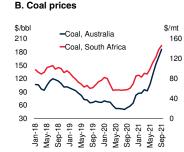
Demand. As the global economy has started to recover from the pandemic, demand for natural gas and coal rebounded, both for electricity generation as well as for industrial purposes, including coking coal for steel generation. In China, electricity use rose 11 percent in January-August 2021 compared to the previous year, while in India it was up 17 percent y/y in August 2021 (figure 5.C). Hotter-than-normal weather boosted demand for electricity for cooling in major economies including China and the United States. On the supply side, drought reduced hydroelectric power generation in several countries, notably Brazil, China, Turkey, and the United States (figure 5.D). Low wind speeds also reduced wind power generation in Europe. Together, these developments further increased demand for fossil fuels, often in the form of LNG.

**Production.** Production of *coal* fell 5 percent in 2020 and has been slower to pick up than consumption. In China, the world's largest coal producer (as well as consumer), safety regulations introduced earlier this year have limited the ability of coal mines to raise production. Coal production in China—up 4 percent between January to August 2021 compared to the previous year—has been broadly flat since the first quarter, while electricity demand soared. This has contributed to power supplies being rationed in some parts of China. Recent flooding has also shut down some mines, exacerbating the supply crunch. Seaborne

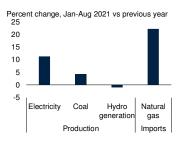
#### FIGURE 5 Energy price developments

Natural gas and coal prices soared in the second half of 2021, with some benchmarks reaching all-time highs, driven by a combination of supply and demand factors. Demand for electricity surged as the global economy recovered, especially in China. Production of coal has been slower to recover, such that China's imports of natural gas soared. Weak renewable production, especially hydro power in China, the United States, and Brazil also contributed to higher demand for coal and natural gas.

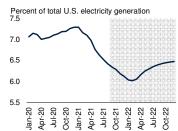
#### A. Natural gas prices -Natural gas, US 20 15 Sep-19 Sep-20 6 6 Jan-21 20 20 May-21 Мау-Jan-



#### C. Growth in China's energy production and imports



#### D. Hydroelectric generation in the **United States**



Sources: Bloomberg; Energy Information Administration; General Administration of Customs of the People's Republic of China; National Bureau of Statistics of China; World Bank.

- A.B. Monthly data. Last observation is September 2021.
- C. Chart shows growth in China's domestic energy production and imports for the period January to August 2021 vs. the same period a year earlier. Imports are in quantities
- D. Shaded area indicates U.S. Energy Information Administration forecast.

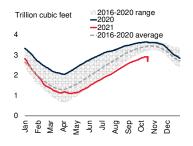
coal supplies remain below pre-pandemic levels, with production and exports from Australia and Indonesia also affected by adverse weather including storms and heavy rains.

China's import ban on Australian coal in late 2020 has also disrupted the international trade of coal. Australia is the world's largest exporter of coking coal (typically used in steel manufacturing) and second-largest exporter of thermal coal (used in electricity generation), accounting for 46 percent and 27 percent of total coking and thermal coal exports, respectively, in 2019. The ban has resulted in significant trade diversion, with China importing more from other coal-

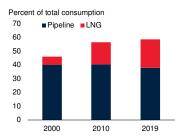
#### FIGURE 6 Energy market developments in Europe

In Europe, inventories of natural gas dropped well below their five-year average. Europe has become increasingly dependent on natural gas imports, especially liquefied natural gas. The jump in natural gas and coal prices also led to soaring electricity prices, particularly in Europe, while carbon permit prices also rose, in part due to increased use of coal in electricity generation.

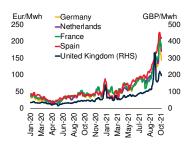
#### A. European natural gas inventories



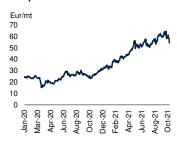
#### B. European natural gas imports



#### C. Electricity prices in Europe



## D. Carbon permit price in the European Union



Sources: Gas Infrastructure Europe (AGSI+); U.S. Energy Information Administration; World Bank. A. Sample contains 20 countries including United Kingdom. Last observation is October 18, 2021. B. LNG stands for liquefied natural gas.

C. Daily data. Five-day moving averages of electricity prices. Last observation is October 19, 2021.
D. Carbon permit prices refer to the cost of an allowance to emit one tonne of carbon under the EU Emissions Trading System for select industries in the EU. Daily data. Last observation is October 19, 2021.

exporting countries, while other coal-importing countries switch to importing more from Australia. For example, China's imports of coal from Australia declined while those from Russia and the United States rose sharply in the first eight months of 2021. In contrast, India's imports of coal from Australia reached an all-time high in July, while South Korea's imports were up 64 percent in September (y/y). While import bans and tariffs typically even out as exporters and importers rearrange trade patterns, they can cause significant short-term disruptions and have permanent additional costs, such as transport costs (see October 2019 CMO).

Global production of *natural gas* fell 3 percent in 2020 and has also been slow to recover. Natural gas production in the United States has been broadly flat throughout 2021, and the rig count has been nearly unchanged at 100 since May 2021, around 40 percent lower than its average in 2019. Similar to shale oil producers, natural gas producers have prioritized returning cash to shareholders rather than investing in new production. Production of natural gas in Russia has been affected by some maintenance issues.

Inventories. Natural gas inventories typically rise in summer and are run down in winter, reflecting differences between seasonal demand production. Global inventories are currently at very low levels relative to previous years, particularly in Europe. A cold winter led to inventories falling below their five-year average in February 2021, exacerbated by disruptions to U.S. natural gas production which led to lower exports of LNG to Europe (figure 6.A). Over subsequent months, Europe was unable to rebuild inventories, in part due to constrained supplies from Russia, and increased competition with Asia for LNG, which resulted in a decline in European imports of LNG. Over the past decade, Europe has become increasingly reliant on imports of LNG as domestic production has dwindled (figure 6.B).4 As a result, European inventories are now well below their range over the past five years. The surge in natural gas prices also led to soaring electricity prices, as well as increased use of coal in electricity generation (figure 6.C). The latter also put upward pressure on carbon permit prices as coal emits twice as much carbon dioxide as natural gas when burnt (figure 6.D).

Outlook. Natural gas and coal prices are expected to remain at high levels through the start of 2022 but then decline as supply constraints ease and production increases. However, additional bouts of price volatility remain a distinct possibility. European natural gas prices and Australian coal prices are forecast to each decline 14 percent in 2022 and then fall a further 27 percent and 25

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The Dutch Groningen gas field—which was once the largest in Europe—is also due to close in 2022 because of the risk of earthquakes associated with gas production and drilling.

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percent, respectively, in 2023. In contrast, after doubling in 2021 natural gas prices in the United States are expected to see only a very small decline, given continued high demand for U.S. LNG exports. Asian delivered natural gas prices, which saw the smallest rise in 2021, are expected to see a relatively modest fall in 2022. Asian natural gas prices are primarily contract-based and are less susceptible to the volatility seen in spot prices.

Coal production is also expected to increase as some of the supply disruptions seen this year ease. China's coal production is expected to rise in response to government efforts to raise output. Natural gas production is expected to rise in the United States, alongside the recovery in shale oil production, and the U.S. EIA forecast a 6 percent increase in U.S. LNG exports. Exports from Russia and Azerbaijan are also expected to rise, facilitated by new pipelines in the region.

Risks. In the short-term, natural gas and coal markets remain particularly vulnerable to weatherrelated shocks. A particularly cold winter could see further price surges as both supply and demand are price inelastic in the short term. For example, unseasonably cold weather in Texas in the United States in February 2021 both reduced natural gas production and increased consumption, which resulted in U.S. natural gas prices temporarily doubling. The impact on regional electricity prices was particularly severe, with Texas wholesale prices temporarily rising 75-fold in February.

More broadly, the events of this year have highlighted that evolving weather patterns due to climate change are a growing risk to natural gas and coal markets. They can affect demand for these commodities by increasing energy use for cooling and heating as extreme temperatures become more common. They could also affect demand for these fuels by causing fluctuations in renewable energy generation, requiring the use of back-up generating capacity. Finally, extreme weather can also affect the production of natural gas and coal. Examples include the flooding of coal mines (as occurred in Indonesia and China this year) and shutdown of natural gas production because of freezing temperatures or hurricanes (which have occurred in the United States).

From an energy transition perspective, concerns about the intermittent nature of renewable energy production highlight the importance of the need for reliable baseload and backup electricity generation. At present, this tends to take the form of natural gas- and coal-powered electricity plants. In order to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, however, baseload and backup sources of energy will increasingly need to be from low-carbon sources, such as hydropower or nuclear power, or from new and better methods of storing renewable power.<sup>5,6</sup> At the same time, high natural gas and coal prices observed this year make solar and wind power, which were already a cost-effective substitute, even more competitive as a source of energy. Countries may benefit from accelerating the installation of renewable energy to reduce their dependency on fossil fuels.

Spillover risks. High energy prices could contribute to higher inflation in many countries, especially energy importers, both directly in terms of higher electricity, transport, and heating costs, as well as indirectly via their impact on the production costs of other commodities and products. Indeed, higher energy prices are already impacting the production of other commodities. In Europe, several fertilizer plants have closed or reduced production in response to higher natural gas prices-natural gas is a key input into fertilizer production—causing fertilizer prices to rise sharply (see Fertilizer section). In China, its "dual policies" on energy intensity and overall consumption has led to government restrictions on aluminum production, which is particularly energy intensive. Industrial production in China and India has been negatively impacted by electricity shortages amid insufficient electricity availability. Higher energy prices could therefore also weigh on economic growth, which would in turn reduce demand for natural gas and coal.

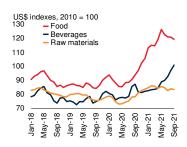
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See "It's Critical to Tackle Coal Emissions," by F. Birol and D. Malpass. Voices (blog), October 8, 2021. World Bank.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Nuclear power is a reliable source of baseload electricity but is less useful as a back-up for renewables as it is hard to rapidly increase or decrease output.

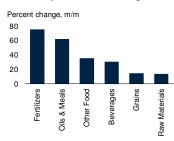
#### FIGURE 7 Agricultural price developments

Most food prices stabilized during the past two quarters following healthy assessments for the current crop season. The World Bank's Food Price Index remains more than 30 points higher than a year ago. Beverage prices made large gains led by coffee following a weather-related production shortfall in Brazil.

#### A. Agriculture price indexes



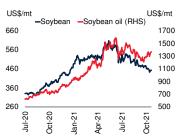
## B. Commodity price indexes, April 2020 to September 2021 change



#### C. Wheat and maize prices



#### D. Soybean and soybean oil prices



Sources: Bloomberg; World Bank.
A.B. Monthly data. Last observation is September 2021.
C.D. Last observation is October 19, 2021.

## Agriculture

The World Bank's Agricultural Price Index stabilized in 2021Q3 but remains 25 percent higher than a year ago; most sub-groups exceeded prepandemic levels by a wide margin. The price surge earlier in the year (the index reached an 8-year high in 2021Q2) reflected supply shortfalls, input cost increases (especially coal, natural gas, and fertilizers), and strong demand for animal feed commodities in China. Among key food commodities, maize experienced the largest increase (64 percent higher in 2021Q3 compared to a year ago) followed by soybeans (47 percent); in contrast, rice prices declined 18 percent. Beverage prices made large gains as well (led by coffee due to weather-related production shortfalls in Brazil), while raw material prices have

been relatively stable. The outlook appears favorable, with global supplies of most grains and edible oils set to increase during the 2021-22 crop season. Following a projected increase of 22 percent in 2021 compared to 2020, agricultural prices are expected to stabilize in 2022. Risks to the price outlook include the path of input costs and, in the longer term, biofuel policies. Both risks are linked to the energy transition away from fossil fuels.

#### Grains, oils, and meals

#### Recent developments

The World Bank's Grain Price Index declined 9 percent in the third quarter of 2021 (q/q) but stands more than 25 percent higher than a year ago, while the broader Food Price Index reached an eight-year high in 2021Q2 (figure 7). Production shortfalls and stronger-than-expected feed demand fueled a rally earlier in the year that pushed some food commodity prices to record highs. Maize prices, for example, exceeded \$300/mt in May for the first time since early 2013. Most food prices lower recently, following edged healthy assessments for the ongoing season's (September 2021 to August 2022) production prospects. The U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) October assessment estimated that production of the three main grains—wheat, maize, and rice—is set to grow by 3.7 percent this season, or 88 million metric tons (mmt), which is more than twice the 30-year average growth of 35 mmt. However, because of strong consumption growth, the stocks-to-use ratio (a rough measure of supply relative to projected demand) is expected to decline by one percentage point this season. Despite such moderation, these ratios remain at historically elevated levels for most food commodities.

Wheat prices have been relatively stable during the past two quarters, following considerable gains since the summer of 2020 when weather problems affected production of some key exporters. Despite some downward revisions, production during the ongoing season appears favorable as good crops in the Southern Hemisphere are expected to compensate for lower-than-expected yields in parts

of Canada, Kazakhstan, Russian Federation, and the United States. Global production of wheat is expected to reach nearly 776 mmt this season, marginally higher than last season's crop. However, because global consumption is projected to grow at 1.5 percent, the stocks-to-use ratio (expected at 0.35) will be two percentage points lower than last season, which is still high by historical standards.

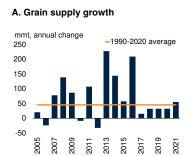
Maize prices fell to \$230/mmt in September after surging earlier in the year. The decline reflects a good, completed harvest in the Northern Hemisphere, favorable growing conditions in the Southern Hemisphere, and weakening animal feed demand by China as the country gradually recovers from African Swine Fever by rebuilding its hog population. Global maize production is expected to grow 7.4 percent this season compared to 2020-21, while consumption is projected to increase 2.5 percent. Thus, the stocks-to-use ratio is set to reach 0.26, marginally higher than last season's ratio.

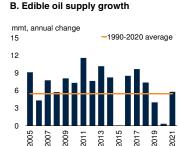
Rice prices averaged \$406/mt in 2021Q3, down 18 percent from the previous quarter. The decline followed a seven-year high reached earlier in the year due to heightened concerns regarding global supplies and announcements of export restrictions (which did not materialize). According to the October USDA assessment, global rice production is expected to be marginally higher than last year's output following improvements in growing conditions in both China and India-which account for more than half of global supplies—as well as in Thailand, which along with India accounts for nearly half of world exports. Because global consumption is set to grow at nearly 2 percent, the stocks-to-use ratio will decline to 0.36, one percentage point lower than last season's but very high by historical norms.

The *Oils and Meal Price Index* has been broadly stable during the past two quarters but stood more than 40 percent higher in 2021Q3 compared to a year ago. Some of its components, including palm oil and soybean oil, reached 10-year highs in 2021Q2. The recent price stability followed positive news on this season's outlook. The

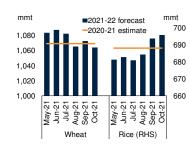
#### FIGURE 8 Supply conditions for grains and edible oils

Supply growth for most grains and edible oils is at historical levels. Apart from wheat, supply assessments since May have been revised upward, further confirming a healthy global production outlook.





#### C. Global supply of wheat and rice



## D. Global supply of maize and soybeans



Sources: USDA; World Bank.

A.B. Years represent crop season (for example, 2019 refers to 2019-20). Supply is the sum of beginning stocks and production. Data updated on October 12, 2020.

C.D. Blue bars denote revisions to the 2021-22 supply assessment (based on monthly USDA updates); orange lines denote the latest (October 12, 2020) estimate for the 2020-21 season.

previous season saw production shortfalls due to poor weather in South America (soybeans) and East Asia (palm oil) amid strong soybean demand in China.

This season's global supply for the eight most important edible oils (including soybean and palm oil, which together account for two-thirds of global supplies) is expected to grow nearly 4 percent, or 8.4 mmt (figure 8). This growth is on par with historical averages. Most of the supply growth is expected to come from palm oil (up 5 percent) and soybean oil (up 3.4 percent).

Similarly, global supply of the seven major oilseeds is projected to increase by 38 mmt (or 4.8 percent) in 2021-22, most of which will come from soybeans and sunflower seed. High prices earlier in

the year incentivized growers to increase land allocated to soybeans. Thus, the global soybean area is expected to increase 3.4 percent this season, led by all major exporters, including Argentina (2.6 percent), Brazil (4.7 percent), the United States (4.6 percent), and Paraguay (9.5 percent).

#### Price forecasts and risks

The *Grain Price Index* is expected to stabilize in 2022, following a projected increase of 22 percent in 2021 (an upward revision from April's report). However, considerable heterogeneity in price paths is expected among its key commodities. Maize is expected to average more than 50 percent higher this year and decline 10 percent in 2022. Wheat is expected to be broadly stable in 2022, following a 21 percent increase this year, while rice is projected to decline both this year and next. The *Oils and Meals Index* is projected to average 40 percent higher in 2021 (also an upward revision from April) and remain flat in 2022.

These forecasts are subject to a number of risks, including volatile input prices (especially energy and fertilizers), biofuel policies, the emerging La Niña weather pattern, and macroeconomic uncertainties. The diversion of food commodities to biofuels is a key medium-term risk with regard to facilitating the energy transition away from fossil fuels.

Energy costs. Energy is an important cost component to most grain and oilseed crops, with both direct (fuel prices) and indirect channels (chemical and fertilizer prices). Energy prices surged in 2021 and are expected to stay elevated in the medium term (figure 9, also see Energy section). For example, the world's three natural gas barometers (Europe, United States, and LNG in Asia) are projected to average 350, 103, and 43 percent higher, respectively, this year compared to 2020 before stabilizing in 2022. Similarly, fertilizer prices are projected to increase almost 60 percent in 2021, followed by a further 6 percent increase in 2022 (see Fertilizer section). Energy market developments have already taken a toll on fertilizer markets this year. A number of chemical companies were forced to curtail output or temporarily shut down production facilities due to surging input prices or unavailability of feedstocks. If energy and fertilizer prices do not stabilize next year as expected, food prices would be subject to upward pressures.

Biofuels. Production of biofuels is projected to increase in the medium term, which could impact several food commodities, notably sugarcane and maize (for ethanol production) and edible oils (for biodiesel production). Although Brazil, the European Union, and the United States account for more than two-thirds of global biofuel production, the share of other producers (including China, Indonesia, and Thailand) has been growing—reaching 30 percent in 2020, up from 13 percent a decade ago. Biofuel production declined nearly 7 percent in 2020 in response to lower energy use due to the lockdowns. However, it will likely reach pre-pandemic levels this year and grow further in 2022. Indeed, the August 2021 edition of the Agricultural Outlookpublished jointly by the Organization of Development Economic Cooperation and (OECD) and the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)—projected global ethanol and biodiesel production to increase 7.6 and 6.2 percent, respectively, in 2021.

Biofuel production could continue to rise in years, with numerous announcing plans to increase output as part of efforts to meet climate change targets. China, for example, intends to double its ethanol production over the next five years. Other countries have also set ambitious targets, including India, Indonesia, and Malaysia. According to some estimates, global biofuel production could increase as much as 50 percent during the next five years. If such targets materialize, food prices could increase further, given that an additional 2 percent of world agricultural land would need to be allocated for biofuel crops. Another biofuel-related risk is the price of crude oil. Today most of world's biofuel production is possible because of policy mandates. However, if crude oil prices continue to increase, biofuel production from some crops could become profitable, in which case energy prices could act as a floor to the prices of food commodities.

Weather. In addition to poor weather conditions that have affected South America's soybean crop and North America's maize crop, the emerging La Niña weather pattern may pose an additional risk. According to the National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration, the Northern Hemisphere will transition to the La Niña phase in November, with an 87 percent probability of a La Niña winter this year. These patterns could increase yields of some crops in the Northern Hemisphere, such as maize and wheat, but also reduce yields of crops grown in the Southern Hemisphere due to drier weather conditions. Historically, La Niña's impact on agriculture is milder and more mixed than El Niño (see the Special Focus of the October 2015 Commodity Markets Outlook for a discussion on the effects of El Niño on commodity markets).

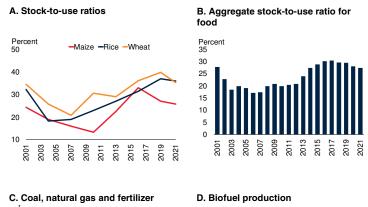
Macroeconomic conditions. Prices of most agricultural commodities often move inversely with the U.S. dollar. This is especially true for those highly traded and invoiced in U.S. dollars (including key grains and most edible oils). A weak U.S. dollar lowers commodity prices in domestic currencies (compared to dollar terms) which, in turn, induces supply contractions and increases demand. Such demand and supply changes depend on the degree of the relevant currency movement and the share of trade of particular commodities. When the dollar fell almost 10 percent against a broad index of currencies between April 2020 and January 2021, the World Bank's Food Price Index increased by almost one-third. With an estimated elasticity of unity, the fall of the U.S. dollar may have accounted for almost one-third of the food price increase (see the Special Focus of the July 2016 Commodity Markets Outlook). Although the U.S. dollar has been relatively flat during the past two quarters (which also corresponded to the relative stability of most food commodity prices), upward pressure on global food prices would ensue should the currency resume its decline.

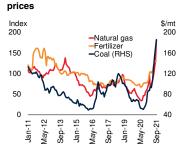
#### Inflation and food insecurity

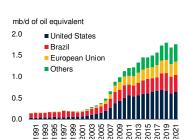
Global food price increases along with reduced incomes may pose risks to domestic food price inflation and food insecurity, especially in low-income countries.

#### FIGURE 9 Risks to the food commodity outlook

The aggregate stocks-to-use ratio, an approximate measure of supply relative to demand, has declined during the past four crop seasons but is still high by historical norms. High input prices along with projected growth for biofuels demand, however, pose significant upside risks to the food price outlook.







Sources: Bloomberg; BP Statistical Review; OECD; U.S. Department of Agriculture; World Bank A.B. Years represent crop season (for example, 2019 refers to 2019-20).

- C. Last observation is October 2021.
- D. Last year (2021) is projection.

Domestic food price inflation. Local food prices have surged this year in response to the ongoing spike in energy and fertilizer prices, COVIDinduced supply-chain constraints, and depreciation of some currencies. The net effect is elevated food price inflation in several EMDEs, especially in Latin America and the Caribbean (e.g., Argentina, Suriname) and Sub-Saharan Africa (e.g., Ethiopia, Zambia, Zimbabwe) regions (figure 10). Among EMDE regions, median food price inflation ranged between 2 and 9 percent during January-August 2021 (y/y). During this period, global food prices increased 34 percent. Given the long lags between world and domestic food price changes, there is considerable risk that food prices in some EMDEs could increase further.

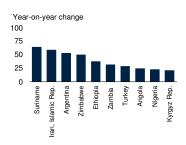
## FIGURE 10 Domestic food price inflation and food insecurity

Reduced incomes and lost wages due to the pandemic, combined with higher domestic food prices and supply constraints, have exacerbated the problem of undernourishment. Several EMDEs, especially in Latin America and the Caribbean (e.g., Argentina, Suriname) and Sub-Saharan Africa (e.g., Ethiopia, Zambia, and Zimbabwe) regions face elevated food price inflation. On the other hand, globally, as many as 768 million people faced hunger in 2020 (up from 650 million in 2019), essentially undoing most of the progress achieved during the past 15 years.

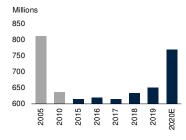
## A. Domestic food price inflation and world food prices, Jan-Aug 2020 average (y/y)



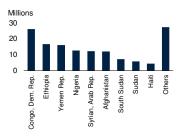
## B. Food price inflation in selected countries



## C. Number of undernourished people in the world, 2005-2020



## D. Number of people in acute food insecurity in selected countries



Sources: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations; World Bank; World Food Program.

A. EAP = East Asia and Pacific, ECA = Europe and Central Asia, LAC = Latin America and the Caribbean, MNA = Middle East and North Africa, SAR = South Asia, SSA = Sub-Saharan Africa. B. Year-on-year change of food price inflation for 10 countries with the highest rates. República Bolivariana de Venezuela and Lebanon, not shown in the figure, have year-on year changes of 2,190 and 290 percent, respectively. Data for Angola and Nigeria are from Hunger Hotspots – FAO-WEP Early Warnings on Acute Food Insecurity: August to November 2021 Outlook.

C. Data and estimate for 2020 are from FAO et al. The State of Food Security and Nutrition in the World 2021.

D. Bars represent the sum of IPC Acute Food Insecurity phases 3 (crisis), 4 (emergency), and 5 catastrophe/famine), as well as severely and modestly food insecure categories. "Others" includes the following countries: Burkina Faso, Central African Republic, Chad, Guatemala, Honduras, Kenya, Liberia, Madagascar, Mali, Mozambique, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Somalia, and Sierra Leone.

Food insecurity. Reduced incomes and lost wages due to the pandemic, combined with higher domestic food prices and supply constraints, have exacerbated the problem of undernourishment. The latest assessment by the United Nations (*The State of Food Security and Nutrition in the World*) confirms that, globally, as many as 768 million people faced hunger in 2020 (up from 650 million

in 2019), essentially undoing most of the progress achieved during the past 15 years. (In 2005 there were 811 million people facing food insecurity.) In 2020, as many 155 million people were facing crisis or worse according to the latest joint Food and Agriculture (FAO)/World Food Program (WFP) assessment. Most food insecure people are in low-income countries (often plagued by conflict), including Afghanistan, Democratic Republic of Congo, Nigeria, and the Republic of Yemen.

#### Beverages

The World Bank's *Beverage Price Index* increased 11 percent 2021Q3 (q/q) and stands 16 percent higher than a year ago, reflecting a surge in coffee prices (linked to a supply shortfall) and, to a lesser extent, cocoa (figure 11). Tea prices weakened. Following a projected increase of 13 percent this year, the index is expected to stabilize in 2022.

Arabica and Robusta coffee prices, which gained about 20 percent each in 2021Q3 (q/q), stand nearly 40 percent higher than a year ago. Arabica prices exceeded \$4/kg in the past five months—a seven-year record. The surge in Arabica prices has been driven mainly by a production shortfall in Brazil due to a frost that afflicted the country's coffee producing regions. Dry weather in southern Vietnam is likely to reduce its 2021-22 harvest, while recently imposed mobility restrictions there may add logistical challenges to the Robusta market. Brazil (the world's dominant Arabica supplier) and Vietnam (the world's main Robusta producer) account for 40 and 17 percent of global coffee supplies, respectively. Global production is expected to drop to 161 million bags during the 2021-22 season, almost 10 percent lower than last season's record crop of 178 million bags. With consumption projected to exceed 172 million bags, a sharp drawdown of inventories is expected in 2021-22. Thus, Arabica and Robusta prices are expected to average about 30 percent higher in 2021 compared to 2020 before stabilizing in 2022 as production in Brazil recovers and mobility restrictions in Vietnam ease.

Cocoa prices have been broadly stable during the past four quarters, fluctuating within a narrow

band of \$2.30/kg and \$2.55/kg. Global cocoa production in the season that just ended is up nearly 10 percent from last season's crop due to exceptionally good weather conditions in West Africa, especially Côte d'Ivoire, the world's largest supplier. Global grindings, a measure of demand, which picked up in 2021 following a slump in the early stages of the pandemic, are projected to increase more than 3 percent, helping push stocks to more than 2 mmt (up from 1.7 mmt in 2019-20). Cocoa prices are expected to remain fairly stable in 2021 and 2022, as the global market appears adequately supplied and as COVID-related disruptions steadily ease.

Tea prices have been relatively stable during the past two quarters, with declines at the Colombo (Sri Lanka) and Kolkata (India) auctions offset by increases in Mombasa (Kenya). The firming in Mombasa reflects weather-related production shortfalls in East Africa, especially in Kenya, the world's largest tea exporter, whose tea production in 2021 may be as much as 10 percent lower compared to 2020. However, production of other key exporters has increased considerably so far this year. For example, production in India and Sri Lanka increased nearly 20 percent during January-August 2021 compared to 2020. In view of the generally adequate supplies, prices (three-auction average) are expected to decline by 2 percent in 2021 and 2022. Risks to the outlook relate to mobility restrictions due to COVID-19 outbreaks in key exporting countries.

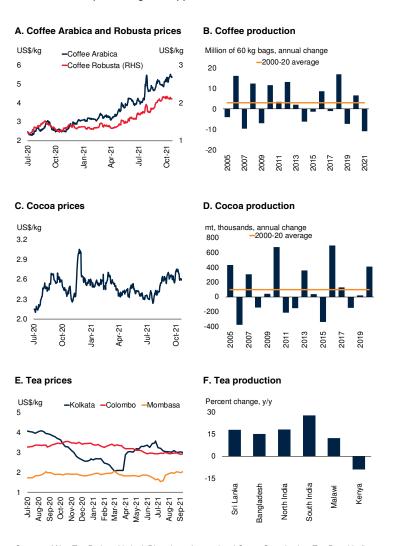
#### Agricultural raw materials

The World Bank's *Raw Material Price Index* has been relatively stable during the past two quarters, but its two key components—cotton and natural rubber—have followed diverging paths in response to reduced supply of cotton and weakening demand for natural rubber (figure 12). The index is expected stabilize in 2022, following a projected 8 percent increase in 2021. Risks to the outlook emanate from weakening demand from potential COVID-19 outbreaks.

Cotton prices continued their upward trend that began in May of last year to reach a 10-year high

#### FIGURE 11 Beverage commodity market developments

Beverage prices increased 11 percent 2021Q3 (q/q) as a group and stand 16 percent higher than a year ago, reflecting a surge in coffee prices (linked to a supply shortfall) and, to a lesser extent, cocoa. Tea prices weakened in response to good supplies in South Asia.



Sources: Africa Tea Brokers Limited; Bloomberg; International Cocoa Organization; Tea Board India; Tea Exporters Association Sri Lanka, USDA; World Bank.

A.C. Last observation is October 19, 2021.

B.D. Years represent crop seasons (for example, 2020, refers to 2020-21). Data updated through October 12, 2021.

E. Weekly data. Last observation is September 14, 2021.

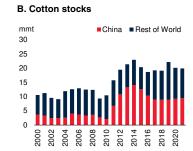
F. Percent change in tea production from January-August 2020 to January-August 2021.

in September. Prices have increased in 15 of the past 17 months. The overall price strength reflects gradual improvement in the outlook for global consumption, which is expected to average 25.9 mmt in the current season, 1 percent higher than 2020-21 and marginally less than the 30-year average increase of 1.2 percent. The outlook for

## FIGURE 12 Agricultural raw materials market developments

Following last year's surge, agricultural raw material prices have followed diverging paths in response to reduced supply (cotton) and weakening demand (natural rubber).

# A. Agricultural raw material prices US\$/kg 2.6 —Cotton —Rubber 2.2 1.8 1.0



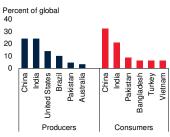
#### C. Natural rubber production



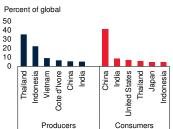
#### D. Natural rubber consumption



## E. Top producers and consumers of cotton



#### F. Top producers and consumers of natural rubber



Sources: Bloomberg; International Cotton Advisory Committee; International Rubber Study Group; USDA; World Bank.

- A. Daily data. Last observation is October 19, 2021.
- B. Years represent crop season (for example, 2020 refers to 2020-21 crop season).
- C.D. Last observation is 2021Q2.
- E.F. Shares are based on the average values of 2019 and 2020.

consumption is a marked improvement over the previous season's pandemic-related contraction of nearly 13 percent. On the supply side, global production is projected to increase 6.4 percent, led by the world's largest exporters—Brazil (16 percent) and the U.S. (27 percent). Cotton prices

are expected to gain 5 percent in 2022, following a projected increase of 32 percent in 2021.

After surging earlier in the year to reach a sevenyear high in March, natural rubber prices retreated to \$1.85/kg in 2021Q3, down 15 percent from the previous quarter but still 10 percent higher than 2020Q3. After staging a remarkable recovery late last year and early 2021, demand for natural rubber weakened in recent months in response to lower-than-expected vehicle sales stemming from a semiconductor shortage (see Precious Metals section). Two-thirds of natural rubber is used to manufacture tires. On the supply side, global output increased—up 4.2 percent in the 12 months to August 2021 compared to a year earlier. Indonesia and Vietnam led the recovery whereas Thailand's output experienced a small decline. These three producers account for twothirds of global supplies. Natural rubber prices are expected to decline 10 percent in 2022, following a projected gain of 19 percent in 2021. This forecast, however, is subject to upside and downside risks. On the demand side are risks related to how quickly the semiconductor sector for automobiles returns to pre-COVID levels, while on the supply side, risks relate to how long the mobility restrictions recently introduced in key South East Asia countries persist.

#### **Fertilizers**

The World Bank's Fertilizer Price Index rose by 18 percent in the third quarter of 2021 (q/q), following large increases in the first half of the year. The price surge was driven by strong demand, rising input costs, production curtailments, and trade policies. Following a projected increase of nearly 60 percent in 2021, the index is projected to remain at elevated levels in 2022. Upside risks to the outlook include further supply disruptions while downside risks include an intensification of environmental policies restricting fertilizer use.

Nitrogen (urea) prices surged 24 percent in 2021Q3, building on gains that began in the second half of last year. The surge largely reflected supply disruptions due to high input costs in

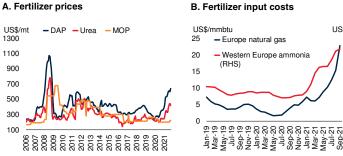
Europe and China and adverse weather in the United States. Record-high European natural gas prices resulted in widespread production cutbacks in ammonia—an important input for nitrogen fertilizers—while escalating coal prices in China led to a rationing of electricity use in some provinces and forced fertilizer factories to cut production. Urea prices were also lifted by the temporary suspension of Chinese exports to ensure domestic availability amid food security concerns. In the United States, several large producers had to declare force majeure as Hurricane Ida shuttered nitrogen plants along the U.S. Gulf Coast. Urea prices are expected to stabilize in 2022 as feedstock prices moderate, following a projected 66 percent increase in 2021.

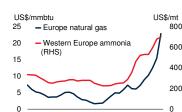
DAP (diammonium phosphate) prices continued to rise in 2021Q3, following large increases that began in the second half of last year. In early October, prices reached levels unseen since the global financial crisis in 2008. Prices have been supported by strong demand in Brazil and the United States, especially for maize and soybeans, both of which are phosphate-intensive crops. Demand in China is strong and feed demand continues to increase in response to the country's rebuilding of its hog herd population following the culling of large numbers to control the African swine fever outbreak. Rising raw material costs particularly phosphoric rock, ammonia, and sulfur—have also contributed to the price surge. In addition, countervailing duties imposed by the United States on DAP imports from Morocco and Russia came into effect in April, which helped to raise prices. China's recent suspension of phosphate exports until at least June 2022 put even more pressure on DAP prices; the country accounts for 30 percent of global trade in DAP. Following a nearly doubling in 2021, DAP prices are expected to experience a modest increase in 2022 on expectations of continued tight supply.

MOP (muriate of potash, or potassium chloride) prices increased by 6 percent in 2021Q3, after the Vancouver f.o.b benchmark fell to a 13-year low in June 2020. Prices have been supported by sanctions on Belarus—the world's second largest producer—imposed by the European Union in

#### FIGURE 13 Fertilizer market developments

Fertilizer prices continued to surge in the third quarter of 2021, driven by a confluence of factors-strong demand, production cuts, escalating input costs, extreme weather, Chinese export restrictions, and sanctions. Urea prices reached levels unseen since 2008 and DAP prices climbed to the highest since 2012, while potash prices saw historically large divergence across regional markets.





# 10 DAP exports Urea exports MOP imports

C. China's fertilizer trade in 2021



Sources: Bloomberg; General Administration of Customs of the People's Republic of China; World

A.B. Last observation is September 2021.

A.C. DAP = diammonium phosphate. MOP = muriate of potash.

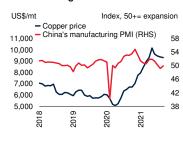
D. cfr = cost and freight; fob = free on board. Last observation is October 15, 2021.

June, and the United Kingdom, the United States, and Canada in August. Supply disruptions have also buoyed prices in some markets, including North America which has been hampered by Hurricane Ida. A spike in barge shipping costs has led to near record-high potash spot prices for delivery to Brazil in early October. Although contract prices typically follow a multi-quarter lag to spot prices, recent contracts in India were closed at substantially higher prices than those agreed in April. Potash prices (based on Vancouver f.o.b. contract) are expected to increase by more than 50 percent in 2022 as the historically large divergence across markets subsides.

#### FIGURE 14 Metals and minerals market developments

Most base metal prices continued to rise, due to supply curtailments, electricity shortages, and China's policies to reduce energy consumption and pollution from metal refining. Iron ore prices, on the other hand, plunged nearly 60 percent during the quarter owing to steel production cuts in China and increasing iron ore exports from Australia and Brazil. Furthermore, soaring shipping costs and port delays have made it difficult to move ores and refined metals across the world. Following a 48 percent increase in 2021, metal prices are expected to decline 5 percent in 2022.

## A. Copper price and global manufacturing PMI



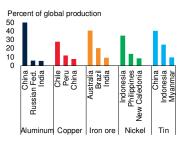
#### B. Metals demand growth



#### C. Iron exports and imports by volume



#### D. Top metal producers



Sources: Haver Analytics; National authorities; World Bank; World Bureau of Metal Statistics.

A. PMI = purchasing managers' index, is a leading indicator of global manufacturing. Index above 50 indicates expansion, below 50 contractions. Last observation is September 2021.

C. Last observation is August 2021 for three countries. For Australia, quantity measure is using

exports value divided by monthly price. 100 indicates average for 2019 for the three countries.

D. Mine production data for metals in 2019 except for Aluminum which is refined aluminum production. Data for iron ore is of 2017.

## **Metals and Minerals**

The World Bank's Metals and Minerals Price Index was broadly stable in 2021Q3 (q/q) but remained 46 percent higher than a year earlier. Most base metal prices continued to rise, due to supply curtailments, electricity shortages, and China's policies to reduce energy consumption from metal processing. Iron ore prices, on the other hand, plunged nearly 60 percent during the quarter owing to steel production cuts in China and increasing iron ore exports from Australia and Brazil. Following an estimated 48 percent increase in 2021, metal prices are expected to decline 5 percent in 2022. These forecasts represent substantial upward revisions

relative to April's outlook. Upside risks remain in the near term, including further energy-related supply disruptions, additional lockdowns due to COVID-19, and restrictive environmental policies. On the downside, a deterioration in China's real estate sector could limit demand for some metals. Over the longer term, the global energy transition away from fossil fuels is expected to increase demand for most metals, particularly for aluminum, copper, nickel, and tin.

Aluminum prices continued their upward climb, jumping 10 percent in 2021Q3 (q/q), and reaching a 13-year high. The surge was due to supply reductions in China, higher input costs, and energy supply shortages. China introduced "dual policies" aimed at limiting energy intensity and overall energy consumption. This further curtailed smelter capacity in an industry already aggravated by electricity rationing due to coal shortages. Outside China, production also fell—in India, aluminum companies faced energy shortages due to limited coal supplies, and in Brazil output was curtailed by weak hydroelectric power generation (see Energy section). The price of alumina, the main input to aluminum refining, has also risen as a result of supply disruptions in Brazil and Jamaica. Aluminum prices are forecast to increase 6 percent in 2022 after a projected jump of 50 percent in 2021, but ease going forward as energy constraints dissipate.

Copper prices declined 3 percent in 2021Q3 (q/q), the only base metal to fall, and stood 7 percent below its May 2021 peak. The softening in prices reflected a slowdown in China's real estate market along with weaker global auto production. On the supply side, mine output continued to edge higher despite a three-week strike in Chile, and China released part of its state-owned stockpiles. Copper prices are forecast to fall 5 percent in 2022, after an estimated increase of 51 percent in 2021 as supply increases. Mine supplies are expected to increase strongly over the next two years, notably from the new Kamoa-Kakula mine in the Democratic Republic of Congo, as well as in Chile, Indonesia, Peru, Russia and Serbia. Copper is set to be a main beneficiary of the energy transition, with usage expected to increase for electric vehicles, charging, renewables generation, and grid storage.

*Iron ore* prices declined to \$125/mt in September, down 40 percent since reaching an all-time high in June 2021. The plunge reflected a sharp drop in steel production and easing of supply constraints among key ore exporters. Since July, China sharply curtailed steel production to meet government orders to fix steel output at 2020 levels to limit emissions and energy consumption. In addition, government winter curtailment plans require steel production to be 30 percent lower (y/ y) between January 1 to March 15, 2022. Meanwhile, iron ore exports increased, especially from Brazil, where exports reached an 11-month high in August and are expected to continue to strengthen. Similarly, Australian authorities project mine production to increase 7 percent in coming quarters from new mines in the Pilbara region. Iron ore prices are forecast to fall 21 percent in 2022 after a projected surge of 51 percent in 2021.

Lead prices rose 10 percent in 2021Q3 (q/q) and stood almost 25 percent higher than a year ago. Demand for lead-acid batteries (where most lead is used) has increased as the boom in used cars sales led to replacement of old batteries. At the same time, battery demand for new vehicles has been constrained by a microchip shortage that has limited auto production in China and elsewhere. Secondary smelting from recycled batteries in China has been increasing, largely from e-bikes where lithium batteries are gaining market share. Lead will be negatively impacted by the energy transition as demand for electric vehicles (which use nickel/lithium batteries) expands and gaspowered cars (which use lead-acid batteries) recedes. Meanwhile, lead supply is expected to increase given its by-product output from zinc mines, further weighing on prices. Lead prices are forecast to fall by 5 percent in 2022 after a projected increase of 21 percent in 2021.

*Nickel* prices rose 10 percent in 2021Q3 and stand one-third higher than a year earlier. Prices have been supported by strong demand from stainless-steel and battery markets and the impact of supply disruptions in Canada (strikes) and Russia (flooding) earlier in the year. Power shortages in China and covid-restrictions in New

Caledonia also provided support. Indonesian production continues to increase, and growth is expected to accelerate going forward for both nickel pig iron (NPI) production and high-pressure-acid-leach processing of low-grade ore. In the longer term, nickel is expected to benefit from the energy transition, notably electric vehicle batteries. Despite strong growth prospects for both batteries and stainless steel, nickel supply growth is expected to be adequate. Nickel prices are forecast to decline 4 percent in 2022 after a projected gain of 34 percent in 2021.

Tin prices gained 12 percent in 2021Q3 (q/q) to reach a record high. Prices increased for 16 consecutive months through August 2021, before a slight fall in September. Growth in electronics photovoltaic installations significantly increased demand for tin. On the supply side, lockdowns interrupted mine production in Indonesia and Malaysia. In the near term, pandemic-related issues may further disrupt mining, but in the longer term several new tin mining projects are underway, although environmental policies could limit their scope. Demand continues to grow rapidly, and global supply may struggle to keep pace. Tin prices are expected to record an 82 percent jump in 2021 and decline only slightly in 2022.

Zinc prices rose 3 percent in 2021Q3 (q/q) and were 28 percent higher than a year earlier. Prices were driven by strong demand, power shortages in key producing regions, including China and Europe, and supply disruptions in Mexico. In the region of Yunnan, China, power shortages limited both zinc mining and smelting. In response, Chinese authorities released state stockpiles to shore up supply. Zinc mine supply has increased strongly this year, and recovery in Peru and Bolivia will augment supply. Further large increases are coming in 2022 from Brazil, China, India, Kazakhstan and Mexico. The slowdown in the property sector in China and a government cap on steel production could curtail demand for zinc—a key input for galvanizing steel. Zinc prices are expected to decline by 4 percent in 2022 after increasing an estimated 30 percent in 2021.

#### FIGURE 15 Precious metals market developments

Precious metal prices declined in 2021Q3, driven by weak investment and physical demand. Gold prices were weighed down by outflows from gold-backed exchange traded funds and slow central bank buying. Silver prices slumped on waning demand in industrial silver applications. Platinum prices plunged as a shortage in semiconductors hampered global auto production and weakened autocatalyst demand.

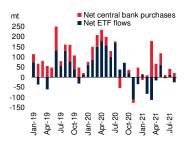
#### A. Precious metals prices



#### B. Gold prices and interest rates



## C. Gold ETFs and central bank purchases



#### D. Car production in major markets



Sources: Bloomberg; Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis; Haver Analytics; Silver Institute; World Bank; World Gold Council; World Platinum Investment Council.

- A. Last observation is September 2021.
- B. Interest rate is the 10-year U.S. Treasury inflation-indexed security with constant maturity (not seasonally adjusted). Last observation is September 2021.
- C. Monthly changes in gold-backed exchange-traded funds (ETFs). Monthly reported changes in central bank reserve holdings of gold. Last observation is August 2021.
- D. Major markets are China, Japan, Germany, and the United States. Last observation is August 2021.

## **Precious Metals**

The World Bank's Precious Metals Index fell by 3 percent in the third quarter of 2021 (q/q) due to declining investor sentiment stemming from higher real interest rates and a stronger U.S. dollar, as well as lower physical demand. Gold prices declined modestly, whereas silver and platinum prices recorded larger losses but were still at much higher levels compared to last year. The index is projected to average 5 percent higher in 2021 but fall by nearly 3 percent in 2022 on expectations of a tightening of monetary policy. Upside risks to this outlook include the threat of new virus variants, amplified geopolitical tensions, and more persistent inflation than anticipated.

Gold prices fell by 1.4 percent in 2021Q3, in part driven by a slump in investment demand amid a rise in interest rate yields. The yield on 10-year Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS) increased by 10 basis points in September and the U.S. dollar strengthened after the U.S. Federal Reserve signaled that it would begin to taper off its bond purchases before the end of the year. Holdings of gold-backed exchange-traded funds (ETFs) fell sharply in the quarter, led by outflows from North American investors. Central banks have also reduced gold purchases in recent months. On the other hand, firm jewelry demand in China and India provided some reprieve to gold prices. Gold prices are anticipated to average nearly 1.5 percent higher in 2021, before falling by 2.5 percent in 2022, weighed down by higher yields.

Silver prices declined by 9 percent in 2021Q3, driven by similar factors as gold. There are early signs that industrial demand for silver, which had been supportive of prices since the second half of 2020, has started to wane. China's manufacturing PMI fell to below 50 in August and September, indicating a contraction in industrial activity, while Japan's PMI reading has trended lower and well below the global average. China and Japan are major producers of products containing silver, such as electronics, solar panels, and photographic equipment. Silver prices are projected to decline nearly 3 percent in 2022, following an expected increase of 24 percent in 2021.

Platinum prices plunged by 14 percent in 2021Q3 due to weak demand from the auto sector. A shortage of semiconductors has caused a slump in global auto production, and hence autocatalyst demand, which accounts for more than a third of platinum demand. Automobile manufacturers have warned that the global semiconductor chip shortage is likely to extend well into 2022. On the supply side, South African mines have been operating normally after production was hampered by pandemic-related shutdowns and plant outages last year. The rebound in supply alongside waning demand is likely to exert downward pressure on prices. Platinum prices are forecast to fall by 9 percent in 2022, following a projected increase of 25 percent in 2021.



# **APPENDIX A**

Historical commodity prices

Price forecasts

**TABLE A.1 Commodity prices** 

| Commodity                    | Unit     |    | 2019  | 2020  | Q3<br>2020 | Q4<br>2020 | Q1<br>2021 | Q2<br>2021 | Q3<br>2021 | Jul<br>2021 | Aug<br>2021 | Sep<br>2021 |
|------------------------------|----------|----|-------|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Energy                       |          |    | 20.0  | 2020  | 2020       | 2020       | 2021       | 202 :      | 202.       | 202.        | 202.        |             |
| Coal, Australia              | \$/mt    | *  | 77.9  | 60.8  | 52.1       | 68.6       | 89.5       | 109.7      | 169.1      | 152.0       | 169.6       | 185.7       |
| Coal, South Africa           | \$/mt    |    | 71.9  | 65.7  | 57.2       | 71.9       | 86.8       | 100.5      | 135.4      | 122.3       | 137.9       | 146.1       |
| Crude oil, average           | \$/bbl   |    | 61.4  | 41.3  | 42.0       | 43.6       | 59.3       | 67.1       | 71.7       | 73.3        | 68.9        | 72.8        |
| Crude oil, Brent             | \$/bbl   | *  | 64.0  | 42.3  | 42.7       | 44.5       | 60.6       | 68.6       | 73.0       | 74.4        | 70.0        | 74.6        |
| Crude oil, Dubai             | \$/bbl   | *  | 63.2  | 42.2  | 42.5       | 43.8       | 59.5       | 66.4       | 71.4       | 73.0        | 68.9        | 72.2        |
| Crude oil, WTI               | \$/bbl   | *  | 57.0  | 39.3  | 40.9       | 42.6       | 57.8       | 66.1       | 70.6       | 72.5        | 67.7        | 71.6        |
| Natural gas, Index           | 2010=100 | )  | 60.9  | 45.6  | 42.3       | 59.6       | 78.6       | 83.2       | 140.8      | 112.5       | 129.8       | 180.0       |
| Natural gas, Europe          | \$/mmbtu |    | 4.80  | 3.24  | 2.87       | 5.19       | 6.52       | 8.79       | 16.93      | 12.51       | 15.43       | 22.84       |
| Natural gas, U.S.            | \$/mmbtu | *  | 2.55  | 2.02  | 1.99       | 2.49       | 3.42       | 2.91       | 4.32       | 3.79        | 4.05        | 5.11        |
| Liquefied natural gas, Japan | \$/mmbtu |    | 10.56 | 8.31  | 6.67       | 6.90       | 8.93       | 8.94       | 11.67      | 10.36       | 10.80       | 13.87       |
| Non-Energy                   | ψ/ππιοια |    | 10.50 | 0.01  | 0.07       | 0.30       | 0.33       | 0.54       | 11.07      | 10.50       | 10.00       | 10.07       |
| Agriculture                  |          |    |       |       |            |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Beverages                    |          |    |       |       |            |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Cocoa                        | \$/kg    | ** | 2.34  | 2.37  | 2.30       | 2.35       | 2.42       | 2.38       | 2.46       | 2.33        | 2.48        | 2.56        |
| Coffee, Arabica              | \$/kg    | ** | 2.88  | 3.32  | 3.50       | 3.38       | 3.63       | 4.02       | 4.75       | 4.50        | 4.77        | 4.97        |
| Coffee, Robusta              | \$/kg    | ** | 1.62  | 1.52  | 1.57       | 1.56       | 1.60       | 1.76       | 2.16       | 2.08        | 2.10        | 2.31        |
| Tea, average                 | \$/kg    |    | 2.56  | 2.70  | 3.09       | 2.81       | 2.55       | 2.69       | 2.70       | 2.65        | 2.72        | 2.73        |
| Tea, Colombo                 | \$/kg    | ** | 3.10  | 3.40  | 3.35       | 3.46       | 3.33       | 3.07       | 2.99       | 2.99        | 2.99        | 2.98        |
| Tea, Kolkata                 | \$/kg    | ** | 2.38  | 2.69  | 3.97       | 3.02       | 2.32       | 3.12       | 3.06       | 3.20        | 3.00        | 2.98        |
| Tea, Mombasa                 | \$/kg    | ** | 2.21  | 2.01  | 1.95       | 1.97       | 2.01       | 1.89       | 2.05       | 1.76        | 2.16        | 2.22        |
| Food                         | φ/kg     |    | 2.21  | 2.01  | 1.95       | 1.97       | 2.01       | 1.09       | 2.05       | 1.70        | 2.10        | 2.22        |
| Oils and Meals               |          |    |       |       |            |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Coconut oil **               | \$/mt    | ** | 736   | 1,010 | 968        | 1,317      | 1,483      | 1,682      | 1,521      | 1,584       | 1,494       | 1,485       |
| Fishmeal **                  | \$/mt    |    | 1,448 | 1,433 | 1,479      | 1,460      | 1,484      | 1,501      | 1,497      | 1,504       | 1,504       | 1,483       |
| Groundnuts                   | \$/mt    |    | 1,338 | 1,839 | 1,859      | 1,692      | 1,797      | 1,442      | 1,458      | 1,457       | 1,443       | 1,475       |
| Groundnut oil                | \$/mt    | ** | 1,407 | 1,672 | 1,878      | 1,878      |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Palm oil **                  | \$/mt    | ** | 601   | 752   | 750        | 918        | 1,014      | 1,073      | 1,129      | 1,063       | 1,142       | 1,181       |
| Palmkernel oil **            | \$/mt    |    | 665   | 824   | 730        | 1,035      | 1,402      | 1,473      | 1,348      | 1,274       | 1,341       | 1,427       |
| Soybean meal **              | \$/mt    | ** | 347   | 394   | 380        | 486        | 532        | 471        | 469        | 470         | 470         | 468         |
| Soybean oil **               | \$/mt    | ** | 765   | 838   | 865        | 972        | 1,169      | 1,493      | 1,434      | 1,468       | 1,434       | 1,399       |
| Soybeans **                  | \$/mt    | ** | 369   | 407   | 396        | 488        | 580        | 620        | 581        | 600         | 586         | 558         |
| Grains                       |          |    |       |       |            |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Barley                       | \$/mt    | ** | 128.1 | 97.6  | 80.4       |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Maize                        | \$/mt    | ** | 170.1 | 165.5 | 156.0      | 192.0      | 241.6      | 288.7      | 255.3      | 278.4       | 256.6       | 230.8       |
| Rice, Thailand 5%            | \$/mt    | ** | 418.0 | 496.8 | 497.3      | 493.3      | 542.3      | 484.7      | 405.7      | 414.0       | 403.0       | 400.0       |
| Rice, Thailand 25%           | \$/mt    |    | 410.4 | 481.8 | 480.3      | 483.7      | 528.3      | 474.0      | 396.7      | 407.0       | 392.0       | 391.0       |
| Rice, Thailand A1            | \$/mt    |    | 393.5 | 474.6 | 474.5      | 473.2      | 517.6      | 459.6      | 386.4      | 397.0       | 381.0       | 381.3       |
| Rice, Vietnam 5%             | \$/mt    |    | 351.9 | 428.0 | 451.9      | 468.7      | 496.6      | 480.0      | 402.6      | 436.2       | 384.5       | 387.3       |
| Sorghum                      | \$/mt    |    | 161.5 | 171.6 | 182.2      |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Wheat, U.S., HRW             | \$/mt    | ** | 201.7 | 212.0 |            |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Wheat, U.S., SRW             | \$/mt    |    | 211.3 | 227.7 | 213.8      | 248.1      | 275.2      | 271.9      | 264.8      | 254.7       | 276.2       | 263.6       |
| Other Food                   |          |    |       |       |            |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Bananas, EU                  | \$/kg    |    | 0.88  | 0.90  | 0.89       | 0.90       | 0.95       | 0.96       | 0.88       | 0.85        | 0.89        | 0.91        |
| Bananas, U.S.                | \$/kg    | ** | 1.14  | 1.22  | 1.25       | 1.14       | 1.23       | 1.23       | 1.22       | 1.23        | 1.23        | 1.18        |
| Meat, beef                   | \$/kg    | ** | 4.76  | 4.67  | 4.64       | 4.41       | 4.61       | 5.44       | 5.62       | 5.59        | 5.61        | 5.66        |
| Meat, chicken                | \$/kg    | ** | 2.00  | 1.63  | 1.50       | 1.67       | 1.83       | 2.34       | 2.38       | 2.38        | 2.38        | 2.38        |
| Meat, sheep                  | \$/kg    |    |       |       |            |            |            |            |            |             |             |             |
| Oranges                      | \$/kg    | ** | 0.56  | 0.60  | 0.63       | 0.63       | 0.61       | 0.61       | 0.72       | 0.69        | 0.72        | 0.74        |
| Shrimp                       | \$/kg    |    | 12.60 | 12.67 | 12.31      | 11.52      | 11.99      | 12.85      | 15.43      | 15.86       | 15.76       | 14.67       |
| Sugar, EU                    | \$/kg    | ** | 0.37  | 0.37  | 0.38       | 0.39       | 0.39       | 0.39       | 0.38       | 0.39        | 0.38        | 0.38        |
| Sugar, U.S.                  | \$/kg    | ** | 0.58  | 0.59  | 0.59       | 0.63       | 0.65       | 0.71       | 0.78       | 0.80        | 0.76        | 0.79        |
| Sugar, World                 | \$/kg    | ** | 0.28  | 0.28  | 0.28       | 0.31       | 0.35       | 0.37       | 0.42       | 0.39        | 0.43        | 0.43        |

**TABLE A.1 Commodity prices (continued)** 

| Commodity                      | Unit               |     | 2019        | 2020        | Q3<br>2020  | Q4<br>2020  | Q1<br>2021    | Q2<br>2021    | Q3<br>2021    | Jul<br>2021   | Aug<br>2021   | Sep<br>2021 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Raw Materials                  |                    |     | 2019        | 2020        | 2020        | 2020        | 2021          | 2021          | 2021          | 2021          | 2021          | 2021        |
| Timber                         |                    |     |             |             |             |             |               |               |               |               |               |             |
| Logs, Africa                   | \$/cum             |     | 391.9       | 399.5       | 409.3       | 417.4       | 422.0         | 421.8         | 412.6         | 413.8         | 412.0         | 412.0       |
| Logs, S.E. Asia                | \$/cum             | **  | 273.1       | 278.9       | 280.5       | 285.0       | 281.1         | 272.0         | 270.4         | 270.0         | 271.0         | 270.2       |
| Plywood                        | ¢/sheets           | ;   | 500.9       | 511.6       | 514.6       | 522.8       | 515.6         | 498.9         | 496.0         | 495.2         | 497.1         | 495.7       |
| Sawnwood, Africa               | \$/cum             |     | 611.8       | 615.2       | 619.3       | 632.8       | 660.7         | 670.0         | 660.3         | 661.5         | 661.2         | 658.2       |
| Sawnwood, S.E. Asia            | \$/cum             | **  | 695.9       | 699.7       | 704.4       | 719.8       | 751.5         | 762.1         | 751.0         | 752.4         | 752.1         | 748.7       |
| Other Raw Materials            |                    |     |             |             |             |             |               |               |               |               |               |             |
| Cotton                         | \$/kg              | **  | 1.72        | 1.59        | 1.54        | 1.72        | 1.99          | 2.03          | 2.22          | 2.15          | 2.23          | 2.29        |
| Rubber, RSS3                   | \$/kg              | **  | 1.64        | 1.73        | 1.68        | 2.27        | 2.34          | 2.19          | 1.85          | 1.87          | 1.90          | 1.79        |
| Rubber, TSR20                  | \$/kg              |     | 1.41        | 1.33        | 1.30        | 1.55        | 1.67          | 1.66          | 1.65          | 1.63          | 1.71          | 1.63        |
| Fertilizers                    |                    |     |             |             |             |             |               |               |               |               |               |             |
| DAP                            | \$/mt              |     | 306.4       | 312.4       | 335.1       | 368.4       | 494.8         | 574.3         | 620.0         | 613.0         | 603.1         | 643.8       |
| Phosphate rock                 | \$/mt              | **  | 88.0        | 76.1        | 77.1        | 81.9        | 89.8          | 107.5         | 136.5         | 125.0         | 136.9         | 147.5       |
| Potassium chloride             | \$/mt              | **  | 255.5       | 217.8       | 202.5       | 202.5       | 202.5         | 202.5         | 214.8         | 202.5         | 221.0         | 221.0       |
| TSP                            | \$/mt              | **  | 294.5       | 265.0       | 273.7       | 300.8       | 416.5         | 518.5         | 561.3         | 555.0         | 555.0         | 573.8       |
| Urea, E. Europe                | \$/mt              | **  | 245.3       | 229.1       | 238.1       | 245.0       | 317.6         | 351.0         | 435.7         | 441.5         | 446.9         | 418.8       |
| Metals and Minerals            |                    |     |             |             |             |             |               |               |               |               |               |             |
| Aluminum                       | \$/mt              | **  | 1,794       | 1,704       | 1,708       | 1,919       | 2,091         | 2,400         | 2,645         | 2,498         | 2,603         | 2,835       |
| Copper                         | \$/mt              | **  | 6,010       | 6,174       | 6,525       | 7,185       | 8,477         | 9,706         | 9,382         | 9,451         | 9,370         | 9,325       |
| Iron ore                       | \$/dmt             | **  | 93.8        | 108.9       | 117.8       | 133.2       | 167.2         | 200.7         | 166.9         | 214.1         | 162.2         | 124.5       |
| Lead                           | \$/mt              | **  | 1,997       | 1,825       | 1,876       | 1,904       | 2,014         | 2,128         | 2,333         | 2,338         | 2,414         | 2,248       |
| Nickel                         | \$/mt              | **  | 13,914      | 13,787      | 14,266      | 15,957      | 17,618        | 17,359        | 19,112        | 18,819        | 19,141        | 19,377      |
| Tin                            | \$/mt              | **  | 18,661      | 17,125      | 17,690      | 18,810      | 25,099        | 31,026        | 34,644        | 34,020        | 35,024        | 34,887      |
| Zinc                           | \$/mt              | **  | 2,550       | 2,266       | 2,343       | 2,631       | 2,747         | 2,916         | 2,990         | 2,948         | 2,988         | 3,036       |
| Precious Metals                | Φ/4~=              | *** | 1 000       | 1 770       | 1.010       | 1.075       | 1 700         | 1.015         | 1 700         | 1 000         | 1 705         | 4 775       |
| Gold                           | \$/toz             | *** | 1,392       | 1,770       | 1,912       | 1,875       | 1,798         | 1,815         | 1,789         | 1,808         | 1,785         | 1,775       |
| Platinum                       | \$/toz             | *** | 864<br>16.2 | 883<br>20.5 | 904<br>24.5 | 939<br>24.4 | 1,160<br>26.3 | 1,182<br>26.7 | 1,023<br>24.3 | 1,086<br>25.7 | 1,009<br>24.0 | 973<br>23.2 |
| Silver Commodity Price Indexes | \$/toz<br>(2010=10 |     | 10.2        | 20.5        | 24.5        | 24.4        | 20.3          | 20.7          | 24.3          | 25.7          | 24.0          | 23.2        |
| Energy                         | •                  | •   | 75.9        | 51.9        | 52.0        | 56.3        | 76.1          | 85.9          | 99.79         | 97.7          | 95.7          | 106.0       |
| Non-energy                     |                    |     | 81.7        | 84.1        | 84.9        | 92.8        | 103.8         | 112.7         | 112.54        | 113.7         | 112.6         | 111.3       |
| Agriculture                    |                    |     | 83.3        | 87.1        | 86.6        | 94.2        | 103.0         | 108.5         | 107.92        | 107.6         | 108.4         | 107.7       |
| Beverages                      |                    |     | 76.1        | 80.4        | 83.7        | 81.6        | 83.1          | 87.7          | 96.88         | 92.6          | 97.1          | 100.9       |
| Food                           |                    |     | 87.0        | 92.5        | 91.0        | 101.7       | 114.3         | 122.6         | 120.35        | 121.1         | 120.9         | 119.1       |
| Oils and Meals                 |                    |     | 77.5        | 89.8        | 88.8        | 108.7       | 123.1         | 128.1         | 126.53        | 126.1         | 127.2         | 126.3       |
| Grains                         |                    |     | 89.0        | 93.1        | 89.9        | 99.1        | 116.1         | 124.8         | 113.52        | 118.5         | 113.5         | 108.6       |
| Other Food                     |                    |     | 97.7        | 95.5        | 94.8        | 94.7        | 101.2         | 113.4         | 118.40        | 116.8         | 119.3         | 119.1       |
| Raw Materials                  |                    |     | 78.0        | 77.6        | 77.3        | 82.4        | 85.5          | 84.9          | 83.34         | 82.7          | 84.0          | 83.3        |
| Timber                         |                    |     | 85.6        | 86.4        | 87.0        | 88.7        | 91.3          | 91.6          | 90.45         | 90.5          | 90.6          | 90.2        |
| Other Raw Materials            | 3                  |     | 69.8        | 67.9        | 66.7        | 75.5        | 79.1          | 77.5          | 75.55         | 74.1          | 76.8          | 75.8        |
| Fertilizers                    |                    |     | 81.4        | 73.2        | 74.2        | 77.5        | 95.7          | 109.1         | 129.06        | 127.0         | 130.7         | 129.5       |
| Metals and minerals            |                    |     | 78.4        | 79.1        | 82.6        | 91.8        | 106.5         | 121.8         | 120.13        | 124.5         | 119.0         | 116.8       |
| Base Metals                    |                    | **  | 81.6        | 80.2        | 83.0        | 91.9        | 104.6         | 118.1         | 121.45        | 119.3         | 120.9         | 124.1       |
| Precious Metals                |                    |     | 105.4       | 133.5       | 146.3       | 144.0       | 141.2         | 142.8         | 138.56        | 141.2         | 138.0         | 136.5       |

Source: See Appendix C.

Note: (\*) Included in the energy index; (\*\*) Included in the non-energy index; (\*\*\*) Included in the precious metals index; (\*\*\*\*) Metals and Minerals excluding iron ore. Monthly updates posted at https://www.worldbank.org/commodities.

Download Table A.1 data.

TABLE A.2 Commodity prices forecasts in nominal U.S. dollars

| Commodity                    | Unit     |        | _      |        |        |        | orecasts |        |        |        |
|------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|
| Commodity                    | Offic    | 2019   | 2020   | 2021   | 2022   | 2023   | 2024     | 2025   | 2030   | 2035   |
| Energy                       |          |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Coal, Australia              | \$/mt    | 77.9   | 60.8   | 140.0  | 120.0  | 90.0   | 86.4     | 82.9   | 67.5   | 55.0   |
| Crude oil, avg               | \$/bbl   | 61.4   | 41.3   | 70.0   | 74.0   | 65.0   | 65.4     | 65.8   | 67.9   | 70.0   |
| Natural gas, Europe          | \$/mmbtu | 4.8    | 3.2    | 14.6   | 12.6   | 9.2    | 8.9      | 8.7    | 7.5    | 6.5    |
| Natural gas, U.S.            | \$/mmbtu | 2.5    | 2.0    | 4.1    | 4.0    | 3.9    | 3.9      | 3.9    | 4.0    | 4.0    |
| Liquefied natural gas, Japan | \$/mmbtu | 10.6   | 8.3    | 11.9   | 11.4   | 10.0   | 9.8      | 9.5    | 8.5    | 7.5    |
| Non-Energy                   |          |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Agriculture                  |          |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Beverages                    |          |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Cocoa                        | \$/kg    | 2.34   | 2.37   | 2.40   | 2.45   | 2.50   | 2.53     | 2.56   | 2.73   | 2.90   |
| Coffee, Arabica              | \$/kg    | 2.88   | 3.32   | 4.30   | 4.20   | 4.15   | 4.21     | 4.28   | 4.63   | 5.00   |
| Coffee, Robusta              | \$/kg    | 1.62   | 1.52   | 1.95   | 2.00   | 1.90   | 1.92     | 1.95   | 2.07   | 2.20   |
| Tea, average                 | \$/kg    | 2.56   | 2.70   | 2.65   | 2.60   | 2.55   | 2.58     | 2.62   | 2.80   | 3.00   |
| Food                         |          |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Oils and Meals               |          |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Coconut oil                  | \$/mt    | 736    | 1,010  | 1,525  | 1,560  | 1,570  | 1,580    | 1,591  | 1,645  | 1,700  |
| Groundnut oil                | \$/mt    | 1,407  | 1,698  | 2,050  | 1,950  | 2,000  | 2,016    | 2,032  | 2,114  | 2,200  |
| Palm oil                     | \$/mt    | 601    | 752    | 1,100  | 1,075  | 1,050  | 1,054    | 1,058  | 1,079  | 1,100  |
| Soybean meal                 | \$/mt    | 347    | 394    | 485    | 490    | 475    | 481      | 487    | 517    | 550    |
| Soybean oil                  | \$/mt    | 765    | 838    | 1,375  | 1,425  | 1,350  | 1,363    | 1,377  | 1,447  | 1,520  |
| Soybeans                     | \$/mt    | 369    | 407    | 580    | 585    | 550    | 555      | 560    | 584    | 610    |
| Grains                       |          |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Barley                       | \$/mt    | 128    | 93     | 120    | 118    | 115    | 117      | 119    | 129    | 140    |
| Maize                        | \$/mt    | 170    | 165    | 250    | 225    | 235    | 237      | 239    | 249    | 260    |
| Rice, Thailand, 5%           | \$/mt    | 418    | 497    | 455    | 400    | 410    | 418      | 427    | 471    | 520    |
| Wheat, U.S., HRW             | \$/mt    | 202    | 211    | 255    | 250    | 245    | 247      | 249    | 259    | 270    |
| Other Food                   | **       |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Bananas, U.S.                | \$/kg    | 1.14   | 1.22   | 1.23   | 1.24   | 1.25   | 1.25     | 1.26   | 1.28   | 1.30   |
| Meat, beef                   | \$/kg    | 4.76   | 4.67   | 5.30   | 5.45   | 5.35   | 5.37     | 5.39   | 5.49   | 5.60   |
| Meat, chicken                | \$/kg    | 2.00   | 1.63   | 2.20   | 2.25   | 2.20   | 2.22     | 2.23   | 2.31   | 2.40   |
| Oranges                      | \$/kg    | 0.56   | 0.60   | 0.66   | 0.68   | 0.70   | 0.71     | 0.72   | 0.76   | 0.80   |
| Shrimp                       | \$/kg    | 12.60  | 12.67  | 14.00  | 15.00  | 14.50  | 14.62    | 14.74  | 15.36  | 16.00  |
| Sugar, World                 | \$/kg    | 0.28   | 0.28   | 0.39   | 0.37   | 0.38   | 0.38     | 0.39   | 0.40   | 0.42   |
| Raw Materials                | +- 3     |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Timber                       |          |        |        |        |        |        |          |        |        |        |
| Logs, Africa                 | \$/cum   | 392    | 399    | 415    | 420    | 420    | 422      | 425    | 437    | 450    |
| Logs, S.E. Asia              | \$/cum   | 273    | 279    | 275    | 280    | 285    | 289      | 292    | 310    | 330    |
| Sawnwood, S.E. Asia          | \$/cum   | 696    | 700    | 755    | 760    | 765    | 774      | 782    | 827    | 875    |
| Other Raw Materials          | φ,σα     | 000    |        |        |        | , 00   |          | . 02   | 02.    | 0.0    |
| Cotton A, Index              | \$/kg    | 1.72   | 1.59   | 2.10   | 2.20   | 2.15   | 2.16     | 2.17   | 2.24   | 2.30   |
| Rubber, RSS3                 | \$/kg    | 1.64   | 1.73   | 2.05   | 1.85   | 1.90   | 1.94     | 1.98   | 2.18   | 2.40   |
| Tobacco                      | \$/mt    | 4,579  | 4,336  | 4,200  | 4,225  | 4,275  | 4,293    | 4,312  | 4,405  | 4,500  |
| Fertilizers                  | φπια     | 1,070  | .,000  | .,200  | .,     | .,     | .,200    | .,0    | .,     | .,000  |
| DAP                          | \$/mt    | 306    | 312    | 590    | 600    | 450    | 400      | 350    | 397    | 450    |
| Phosphate rock               | \$/mt    | 88     | 76     | 120    | 130    | 110    | 100      | 102    | 115    | 130    |
| Potassium chloride           | \$/mt    | 256    | 218    | 210    | 325    | 275    | 277      | 279    | 289    | 300    |
| TSP                          | \$/mt    | 295    | 265    | 525    | 520    | 400    | 360      | 320    | 358    | 400    |
| Urea, E. Europe              | \$/mt    | 245    | 229    | 380    | 375    | 300    | 275      | 280    | 304    | 330    |
| Metals and Minerals          | ψ/111τ   | 240    | 220    | 000    | 0/0    | 000    | 210      | 200    | 004    | 000    |
| Aluminum                     | \$/mt    | 1,794  | 1,704  | 2,550  | 2,700  | 2,500  | 2,400    | 2,409  | 2,454  | 2,500  |
| Copper                       | \$/mt    | 6,010  | 6,174  | 9,300  | 8,800  | 8,200  | 7,500    | 7,544  | 7,769  | 8,000  |
| Iron ore                     | \$/dmt   | 93.8   | 108.9  | 165.0  | 130.0  | 120.0  | 100.0    | 98.0   | 88.5   | 80.0   |
| Lead                         | \$/mt    | 1,997  | 1,825  | 2,200  | 2,100  | 2,000  | 2,008    | 2,016  | 2,058  | 2,100  |
| Nickel                       | \$/mt    | 13,914 | 13,787 | 18,500 | 17,750 | 17,000 | 17,081   | 17,163 | 17,576 | 18,000 |
|                              | \$/mt    | 18,661 | 17,125 | 31,250 | 31,000 | 29,500 | 28,000   | 27,713 | 26,322 | 25,000 |
| Tin Zinc                     | \$/mt    | 2,550  | 2,266  | 2,950  | 2,822  | 2,400  | 2,408    | 2,416  | 2,458  |        |
|                              | Φ/1111   | 2,330  | 2,200  | 2,950  | 2,022  | 2,400  | 2,400    | 2,410  | 2,400  | 2,500  |
| Precious Metals              | ¢/to7    | 1 200  | 1 770  | 1 705  | 1 750  | 1 700  | 1 710    | 1 700  | 1 650  | 1.600  |
| Gold                         | \$/toz   | 1,392  | 1,770  | 1,795  | 1,750  | 1,730  | 1,719    | 1,708  | 1,653  | 1,600  |
| Silver                       | \$/toz   | 16.2   | 20.5   | 25.5   | 24.8   | 24.4   | 24.0     | 23.6   | 21.7   | 20.0   |
| Platinum                     | \$/toz   | 864    | 883    | 1,100  | 1,000  | 1,015  | 1,033    | 1,051  | 1,146  | 1,250  |

Source and Note: See Appendix C. Next update: April 2022.

Download forecast data (Tables A.2 - A.4).

TABLE A.3 Commodity prices forecasts in constant U.S. dollars (2010=100)

| Commodity                    | Unit     | 2019   | 2020   | 2021   | 2022   | 2023   | orecasts<br>2024 | 2025   | 2030   | 2035   |
|------------------------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Energy                       |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Coal, Australia              | \$/mt    | 78.3   | 61.4   | 139.2  | 117.4  | 86.5   | 81.6             | 76.9   | 57.0   | 46.4   |
| Crude oil, avg               | \$/bbl   | 61.7   | 41.7   | 69.6   | 72.4   | 62.5   | 61.8             | 61.0   | 57.2   | 59.0   |
| Natural gas, Europe          | \$/mmbtu | 4.8    | 3.3    | 14.5   | 12.3   | 8.8    | 8.4              | 8.1    | 6.3    | 5.5    |
| Natural gas, U.S.            | \$/mmbtu | 2.6    | 2.0    | 4.1    | 3.9    | 3.7    | 3.7              | 3.6    | 3.3    | 3.4    |
| Liquefied natural gas, Japan | \$/mmbtu | 10.6   | 8.4    | 11.8   | 11.1   | 9.6    | 9.2              | 8.8    | 7.1    | 6.3    |
| Non-Energy                   |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Agriculture                  |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Beverages                    |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Cocoa                        | \$/kg    | 2.35   | 2.39   | 2.39   | 2.40   | 2.40   | 2.39             | 2.38   | 2.30   | 2.45   |
| Coffee, Arabica              | \$/kg    | 2.89   | 3.36   | 4.28   | 4.11   | 3.99   | 3.98             | 3.97   | 3.90   | 4.22   |
| Coffee, Robusta              | \$/kg    | 1.63   | 1.53   | 1.94   | 1.96   | 1.83   | 1.82             | 1.81   | 1.75   | 1.86   |
| Tea, average                 | \$/kg    | 2.58   | 2.73   | 2.63   | 2.54   | 2.45   | 2.44             | 2.43   | 2.36   | 2.53   |
| Food                         |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Oils and Meals               |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Coconut oil                  | \$/mt    | 740    | 1,021  | 1,516  | 1,526  | 1,509  | 1,493            | 1,476  | 1,387  | 1,434  |
| Groundnut oil                | \$/mt    | 1,415  | 1,715  | 2,038  | 1,907  | 1,923  | 1,904            | 1,885  | 1,783  | 1,856  |
| Palm oil                     | \$/mt    | 605    | 759    | 1,094  | 1,051  | 1,009  | 995              | 981    | 910    | 928    |
| Soybean meal                 | \$/mt    | 349    | 398    | 482    | 479    | 457    | 454              | 451    | 436    | 464    |
| Soybean oil                  | \$/mt    | 769    | 846    | 1,367  | 1,394  | 1,298  | 1,288            | 1,277  | 1,220  | 1,282  |
| Soybeans                     | \$/mt    | 371    | 411    | 577    | 572    | 529    | 524              | 519    | 493    | 515    |
| Grains                       |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Barley                       | \$/mt    | 129    | 93     | 119    | 115    | 111    | 110              | 110    | 109    | 118    |
| Maize                        | \$/mt    | 171    | 167    | 249    | 220    | 226    | 224              | 222    | 210    | 219    |
| Rice, Thailand, 5%           | \$/mt    | 420    | 502    | 452    | 391    | 394    | 395              | 396    | 397    | 439    |
| Wheat, U.S., HRW             | \$/mt    | 203    | 213    | 254    | 244    | 236    | 233              | 231    | 219    | 228    |
| Other Food                   |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Bananas, U.S.                | \$/kg    | 1.15   | 1.23   | 1.22   | 1.21   | 1.20   | 1.18             | 1.17   | 1.08   | 1.10   |
| Meat, beef                   | \$/kg    | 4.79   | 4.71   | 5.27   | 5.33   | 5.14   | 5.07             | 5.00   | 4.63   | 4.72   |
| Meat, chicken                | \$/kg    | 2.01   | 1.65   | 2.19   | 2.20   | 2.11   | 2.09             | 2.07   | 1.95   | 2.02   |
| Oranges                      | \$/kg    | 0.56   | 0.61   | 0.66   | 0.66   | 0.67   | 0.67             | 0.66   | 0.64   | 0.67   |
| Shrimp                       | \$/kg    | 12.67  | 12.80  | 13.92  | 14.67  | 13.94  | 13.81            | 13.67  | 12.95  | 13.50  |
| Sugar, World                 | \$/kg    | 0.28   | 0.29   | 0.39   | 0.36   | 0.37   | 0.36             | 0.36   | 0.34   | 0.35   |
| Raw Materials                | . 3      |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Timber                       |          |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Logs, Africa                 | \$/cum   | 394    | 404    | 413    | 411    | 404    | 399              | 394    | 369    | 380    |
| Logs, S.E. Asia              | \$/cum   | 275    | 282    | 273    | 274    | 274    | 272              | 271    | 262    | 278    |
| Sawnwood, S.E. Asia          | \$/cum   | 700    | 707    | 751    | 743    | 735    | 731              | 726    | 698    | 738    |
| Other Raw Materials          | 4, 00    |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Cotton A                     | \$/kg    | 1.73   | 1.60   | 2.09   | 2.15   | 2.07   | 2.04             | 2.02   | 1.89   | 1.94   |
| Rubber, RSS3                 | \$/kg    | 1.65   | 1.75   | 2.04   | 1.81   | 1.83   | 1.83             | 1.83   | 1.84   | 2.02   |
| Tobacco                      | \$/mt    | 4,603  | 4,381  | 4,176  | 4,132  | 4,109  | 4,055            | 3,999  | 3,715  | 3,796  |
| Fertilizers                  | Ψ,       | •      | •      | •      | •      | ,      | ,                | ,      | •      |        |
| DAP                          | \$/mt    | 308    | 316    | 587    | 587    | 433    | 378              | 325    | 335    | 380    |
| Phosphate rock               | \$/mt    | 88     | 77     | 119    | 127    | 106    | 94               | 95     | 97     | 110    |
| Potassium chloride           | \$/mt    | 257    | 220    | 209    | 318    | 264    | 262              | 259    | 244    | 253    |
| TSP                          | \$/mt    | 296    | 268    | 522    | 509    | 385    | 340              | 297    | 302    | 337    |
| Urea, E. Europe              | \$/mt    | 247    | 231    | 378    | 367    | 288    | 260              | 259    | 256    | 278    |
| Metals and Minerals          | ψ/111τ   |        |        |        |        |        |                  |        |        |        |
| Aluminum                     | \$/mt    | 1,804  | 1,721  | 2,536  | 2,640  | 2,403  | 2,267            | 2,234  | 2,070  | 2,109  |
| Copper                       | \$/mt    | 6,042  | 6,237  | 9,247  | 8,606  | 7,882  | 7,083            | 6,997  | 6,553  | 6,748  |
| Iron ore                     | \$/dmt   | 94.3   | 110.0  | 164.1  | 127.1  | 115.4  | 94.4             | 90.9   | 74.7   | 67.5   |
| Lead                         | \$/mt    | 2,007  | 1,844  | 2,188  | 2,054  | 1,923  | 1,897            | 1,870  | 1,736  | 1,771  |
| Nickel                       | \$/mt    | 13,987 | 13,928 | 18,395 | 17,358 | 16,341 | 16,132           | 15,919 | 14,825 | 15,182 |
| Tin                          | \$/mt    | 18,759 | 17,299 | 31,073 | 30,316 | 28,357 | 26,444           | 25,704 | 22,201 | 21,086 |
| Zinc                         | \$/mt    | 2,564  | 2,290  | 2,933  | 2,760  | 2,307  | 2,274            | 2,241  | 2,073  | 2,109  |
| Precious Metals              | φ/1111   | 2,007  | ۷,200  | 2,000  | 2,700  | 2,007  | L,L17            | ٠,٢٦١  | 2,070  | 2,103  |
|                              | \$/toz   | 1,400  | 1,788  | 1,785  | 1,711  | 1,663  | 1,623            | 1,584  | 1,394  | 1,350  |
| Gold<br>Silver               | \$/toz   | 16.3   | 20.7   | 25.4   | 24.3   | 23.5   | 22.7             | 21.9   | 18.3   | 16.9   |
|                              |          | 869    | 892    | 1,094  | 978    | 976    | 975              | 975    | 967    | 1,054  |
| Platinum                     | \$/toz   | 009    | 032    | 1,094  | 910    | 970    | 913              | 910    | 907    | 1,054  |

**TABLE A.4 Commodity price index forecasts (2010=100)** 

| Commodity                        |                 |            |       |       | F     | orecasts |       |       |       |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| Commodity                        | 2019            | 2020       | 2021  | 2022  | 2023  | 2024     | 2025  | 2030  | 2035  |
| Nominal U.S. dollars (2010=100)  |                 |            |       |       |       |          |       |       |       |
| Energy                           | 75.9            | 51.9       | 95.2  | 97.3  | 84.3  | 84.4     | 84.6  | 85.4  | 86.6  |
| Non-energy commodities           | 81.7            | 84.1       | 110.2 | 107.6 | 103.8 | 101.8    | 102.4 | 106.2 | 110.4 |
| Agriculture                      | 83.3            | 87.1       | 106.3 | 104.8 | 104.1 | 105.1    | 106.1 | 111.2 | 116.7 |
| Beverages                        | 76.1            | 80.4       | 91.0  | 90.7  | 90.0  | 91.3     | 92.6  | 99.2  | 106.2 |
| Food                             | 87.0            | 92.5       | 118.5 | 116.3 | 115.0 | 115.9    | 116.9 | 122.0 | 127.3 |
| Oils and Meals                   | 77.5            | 89.8       | 125.7 | 126.1 | 121.5 | 122.5    | 123.5 | 128.8 | 134.3 |
| Grains                           | 89.0            | 93.1       | 114.6 | 105.1 | 107.3 | 108.5    | 109.8 | 116.2 | 123.0 |
| Other food                       | 97.7            | 95.5       | 112.6 | 113.5 | 113.4 | 114.1    | 114.7 | 118.2 | 121.9 |
| Raw materials                    | 78.0            | 77.6       | 84.2  | 84.1  | 84.7  | 85.6     | 86.5  | 91.3  | 96.4  |
| Timber                           | 85.6            | 86.4       | 91.2  | 92.0  | 92.9  | 94.0     | 95.0  | 100.6 | 106.6 |
| Other Raw Materials              | 69.8            | 67.9       | 76.7  | 75.3  | 75.8  | 76.5     | 77.2  | 81.1  | 85.3  |
| Fertilizers                      | 81.4            | 73.2       | 116.1 | 123.7 | 99.9  | 92.6     | 91.5  | 99.8  | 108.9 |
| Metals and minerals *            | 78.4            | 79.1       | 117.5 | 111.7 | 103.5 | 96.1     | 96.2  | 96.8  | 97.5  |
| Base Metals **                   | 81.6            | 80.2       | 118.6 | 116.9 | 108.5 | 102.5    | 102.9 | 105.1 | 107.5 |
| Precious Metals                  | 105.4           | 133.5      | 140.2 | 136.5 | 134.9 | 133.8    | 132.8 | 127.7 | 123.0 |
| Constant 2010 U.S. dollars (2010 | =100), deflated | by the MUV | Index |       |       |          |       |       |       |
| Energy                           | 76.3            | 52.4       | 94.7  | 95.2  | 81.1  | 79.8     | 78.4  | 72.1  | 73.0  |
| Non-energy commodities           | 82.1            | 85.0       | 109.5 | 105.3 | 99.7  | 96.1     | 95.0  | 89.6  | 93.1  |
| Agriculture                      | 83.7            | 88.0       | 105.7 | 102.5 | 100.0 | 99.2     | 98.4  | 93.8  | 98.4  |
| Beverages                        | 76.5            | 81.2       | 90.5  | 88.7  | 86.6  | 86.2     | 85.9  | 83.6  | 89.6  |
| Food                             | 87.4            | 93.4       | 117.8 | 113.7 | 110.5 | 109.5    | 108.4 | 102.9 | 107.3 |
| Oils and Meals                   | 77.9            | 90.7       | 125.0 | 123.3 | 116.8 | 115.7    | 114.6 | 108.6 | 113.3 |
| Grains                           | 89.4            | 94.0       | 114.0 | 102.8 | 103.2 | 102.5    | 101.8 | 98.0  | 103.8 |
| Other food                       | 98.2            | 96.5       | 111.9 | 111.0 | 109.0 | 107.7    | 106.4 | 99.7  | 102.8 |
| Raw materials                    | 78.5            | 78.4       | 83.8  | 82.2  | 81.4  | 80.9     | 80.3  | 77.0  | 81.3  |
| Timber                           | 86.0            | 87.3       | 90.7  | 90.0  | 89.3  | 88.7     | 88.2  | 84.9  | 89.9  |
| Other Raw Materials              | 70.2            | 68.6       | 76.2  | 73.7  | 72.8  | 72.3     | 71.6  | 68.4  | 71.9  |
| Fertilizers                      | 81.8            | 73.9       | 115.4 | 120.9 | 96.0  | 87.4     | 84.8  | 84.2  | 91.9  |
| Metals and minerals *            | 78.8            | 80.0       | 116.9 | 109.2 | 99.5  | 90.7     | 89.2  | 81.6  | 82.3  |
| Base Metals **                   | 82.0            | 81.0       | 117.9 | 114.3 | 104.3 | 96.8     | 95.4  | 88.7  | 90.6  |
| Precious Metals                  | 106.0           | 134.9      | 139.4 | 133.5 | 129.7 | 126.4    | 123.2 | 107.7 | 103.7 |
| Inflation indexes, 2010=100      |                 |            |       |       |       |          |       |       |       |
| MUV index ***                    | 99.5            | 99.0       | 100.6 | 102.3 | 104.0 | 105.9    | 107.8 | 118.6 | 118.6 |
| % change per annum               | (2.3)           | (0.5)      | 1.6   | 1.7   | 1.7   | 1.8      | 1.8   | 2.0   | 2.0   |
| U.S. GDP deflator                | 116.0           | 118.1      | 120.5 | 122.9 | 125.4 | 127.9    | 130.4 | 144.0 | 144.0 |
| % change per annum               | 1.5             | 1.8        | 2.0   | 2.0   | 2.0   | 2.0      | 2.0   | 2.0   | 2.0   |

Source: See Appendix C.

Note: (\*) Base metals plus iron ore; (\*\*) Includes aluminum, copper, lead, nickel, tin and zinc; (\*\*\*) MUV is the unit value index of manufacture exports. Next update: April 2022. For other notes see Appendix C.

Download forecast data (Tables A.2 - A.4).



# **APPENDIX B**

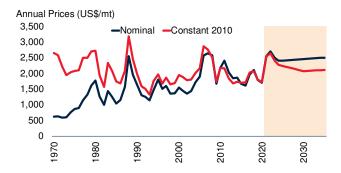
# Supply-Demand balances

| Aluminum53                         | Natural gas68                     |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Bananas54                          | Natural rubber69                  |
| Coal55                             | Nickel70                          |
| Cocoa56                            | Palm oil and Soybean oil71        |
| Coconut oil and Palm kernel oil57  | Platinum72                        |
| Coffee58                           | Rice73                            |
| Copper59                           | Silver74                          |
| Cotton60                           | Soybeans                          |
| Crude oil61                        | Sugar76                           |
| Fertilizers—Nitrogen62             | Tea77                             |
| Fertilizers—Phosphate and Potash63 | Timber—Roundwood and Sawnwood78   |
| Gold64                             | Timber—Wood panels and Woodpulp79 |
| Iron Ore65                         | Tin80                             |
| Lead66                             | Wheat81                           |
| Maize67                            | Zinc82                            |

## **Aluminum**



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

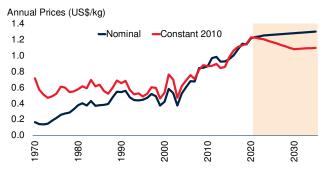
| 1990         | 1980                   | 2000                   | 2010            | 2017               | 2018                      | 2019                             | 2020                                    |
|--------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
|              |                        | (thousa                | nd metric to    | ons)               |                           |                                  |   |
|              |                        |                        |                 |                    |                           |                                  |   |
| 41,391       | 27,179                 | 53,801                 | 68,535          | 89,421             | 95,948                    | 105,544                          | 103,627                                 |
| 16,150       | 13,911                 | 17,992                 | 17,633          | 51,702             | 59,574                    | 70,173                           | 87,766                                  |
| 3,655        | 1,700                  | 7,900                  | 36,837          | 68,393             | 70,751                    | 70,751                           | 69,600                                  |
| 9,749        | 4,632                  | 14,379                 | 32,028          | 38,242             | 32,377                    | 31,938                           | 32,898                                  |
| 1,164        | 1,249                  | 1,151                  | 27,410          | 2,900              | 13,243                    | 16,593                           | 25,860                                  |
| 4,853        | 1,785                  | 7,562                  | 12,662          | 22,776             | 23,229                    | 22,307                           | 20,172                                  |
| 10,965       | 11,978                 | 11,127                 | 8,540           | 8,245              | 10,058                    | 9,022                            | 7,546                                   |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 5,000                  | 5,475           | 5,523              | 5,651                     | 5,574                            | 5,570                                   |
| n/a          | n/a                    | n/a                    | n/a             | 4,117              | 5,061                     | 5,127                            | 4,946                                   |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 3,729                  | 5,310           | 4,846              | 6,104                     | 4,118                            | 4,058                                   |
| n/a<br>n/a   | n/a<br>n/a             | 16<br>459              | 80<br>1,311     | 2,700              | 3,570<br>678              | 3,600<br>2,255                   | 3,500                                   |
|              |                        |                        |                 | 1,719              |                           |                                  | 2,400                                   |
| 2,511<br>n/a | 3,259<br>n/a           | 1,991<br>13,784        | 1,902<br>11,078 | 1,927<br>9,681     | 1,559<br>9,809            | 1,379<br>10,161                  | 1,368<br>7,427                          |
|              |                        |                        | ,               |                    | ,                         | ,                                |   |
| 115,099      | 93,268                 | 138,889                | 228,802         | 312,191            | 337,612                   | 358,543                          | 376,736                                 |
|              |                        |                        |                 |                    |                           |                                  |   |
| 854          | 350                    | 2,647                  | 16,244          | 35,189             | 36,447                    | 36,447                           | 37,080                                  |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 3,258                  | 3,947           | 3,742              | 3,621                     | 3,896                            | 3,856                                   |
| 433          | 185                    | 647                    | 1,610           | 3,062              | 2,934                     | 3,524                            | 3,467                                   |
| 1,567        | 1,068                  | 2,373                  | 2,963           | 3,212              | 2,923                     | 2,854                            | 3,113                                   |
| 174          | 35                     | 536                    | 1,400           | 2,600              | 2,640                     | 2,579                            | 2,511                                   |
| 867          | 653                    | 1,026                  | 1,090           | 1,253              | 1,295                     | 1,279                            | 1,430                                   |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 0                      | 12              | 501                | 1,310                     | 1,374                            | 1,395                                   |
| 1,234        | 303                    | 1,761                  | 1,928           | 1,488              | 1,574                     | 1,570                            | 1,585                                   |
| 213          | 126                    | 509                    | 851             | 981                | 1,011                     | 1,365                            | 1,549                                   |
| 4,048        | 4,654                  | 3,668                  | 1,728           | 741                | 891                       | 1,093                            | 1,027                                   |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 0                      | 0               | 916                | 932                       | 967                              | 1,011                                   |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 1,271                  | 1,536           | 802                | 659                       | 650                              | 685                                     |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 0                      | 60              | 760                | 760                       | 760                              | 751                                     |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 6,607                  | 8,151           | 7,639              | 7,611                     | 7,262                            | 7,208                                   |
| 19,275       | 16,099                 | 24,304                 | 41,520          | 62,885             | 64,608                    | 65,620                           | 66,665                                  |
|              |                        |                        |                 |                    |                           |                                  |   |
| 861          | 550                    | 3,352                  | 15,854          | 31,908             | 35,521                    | 36,648                           | 39,005                                  |
| 4,330        | 4,454                  | 6,161                  | 4,242           | 5,615              | 4,669                     | 4,891                            | 4,327                                   |
| 1,379        | 1,272                  | 1,632                  | 1,912           | 2,160              | 2,139                     | 1,988                            | 1,767                                   |
| 433          | 234                    | 21                     | 102             | 200                | 1,253                     | 1,405                            | 1,639                                   |
| n/a          | n/a                    | 601                    | 1,475           | 2,253              | 1,750                     | 1,829                            | 1,568                                   |
| 2,414        | 1,639                  | 2,223                  | 2,025           | 1,950              | 1,979                     | 1,765                            | 1,433                                   |
| 369          | 68                     | 823                    | 1,255           | 1,420              | 1,151                     | 1,157                            | 1,062                                   |
| 152          | 45                     | 211                    | 703             | 961                | 954                       | 971                              | 1,062                                   |
| 59           | n/a                    | 106                    | 329             | 288                | 364                       | 569                              | 854                                     |
|              |                        |                        |                 |                    |                           |                                  | 12,099                                  |
|              |                        |                        |                 |                    |                           |                                  | 64,817                                  |
|              | 7,037<br><b>15,298</b> | 9,255<br><b>19,252</b> | 9,255 9,874     | 9,255 9,874 12,666 | 9,255 9,874 12,666 13,441 | 9,255 9,874 12,666 13,441 13,748 | 9,255 9,874 12,666 13,441 13,748 13,334 |

Sources: British Geological Survey, Metallgesellschaft, U.S. Geological Survey, World Bureau of Metals Statistics, World Bank. Note: n/a implies data not available.

## **Bananas**





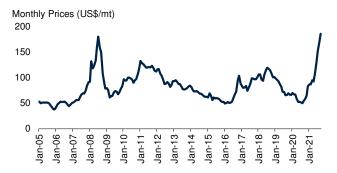


Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

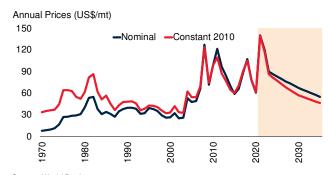
|                    | 1970  | 1980  | 1990  | 2000      | 2010         | 2016   | 2017   | 2018   | 2019  |
|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------|--------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
|                    |       |       |       | (thousand | d metric ton | nes)   |        |        |       |
| xports             |       |       |       |           |              |        |        |        |       |
| Ecuador            | 1,246 | 1,291 | 2,157 | 3,994     | 5,156        | 5,974  | 6,415  | 6,554  | 6,66  |
| Guatemala          | 200   | 371   | 360   | 802       | 1,388        | 2,238  | 2,343  | 2,360  | 2,58  |
| Philippines        | 107   | 923   | 840   | 1,600     | 1,590        | 1,397  | 2,668  | 3,388  | 2,42  |
| Costa Rica         | 856   | 973   | 1,434 | 2,079     | 1,909        | 2,365  | 2,525  | 2,484  | 2,38  |
| Colombia           | 262   | 692   | 1,148 | 1,564     | 1,692        | 1,842  | 1,885  | 1,748  | 1,89  |
| Netherlands        | 1     | 7     | 43    | 49        | 136          | 506    | 684    | 804    | 92    |
| Belgium            | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 967       | 1,219        | 1,130  | 1,284  | 1,156  | 92    |
| United States      | 191   | 205   | 337   | 400       | 503          | 573    | 594    | 584    | 59    |
| Honduras           | 799   | 973   | 781   | 375       | 471          | 659    | 605    | 633    | 59    |
| Mexico             | 1     | 16    | 154   | 81        | 176          | 448    | 561    | 552    | 57    |
| Côte d'Ivoire      | 140   | 122   | 94    | 243       | 266          | 364    | 387    | 377    | 41    |
| Myanmar            | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | n/a       | n/a          | 109    | 233    | 176    | 41    |
| Dominican Republic | 4     | 10    | 11    | 79        | 340          | 383    | 499    | 125    | 37    |
| Panama             | 600   | 504   | 745   | 489       | 271          | 250    | 288    | 298    | 34    |
| Vietnam            | 3     | 8     | 3     | 5         | 32           | 36     | 51     | 78     | 29    |
| Germany            | 5     | 3     | 29    | 105       | 384          | 357    | 343    | 247    | 28    |
| Turkey             | n/a   | n/a   | 0     | 0         | 0            | 0      | 0      | 0      | 24    |
| Peru               | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | n/a       | 1            | 202    | 203    | 232    | 22    |
| France             | 0     | 3     | 26    | 242       | 322          | 253    | 250    | 250    | 20    |
| Others             | 1,103 | 672   | 867   | 1,262     | 1,633        | 2,109  | 2,154  | 2,332  | 2,42  |
| World              | 5,519 | 6,772 | 9,030 | 14,336    | 17,491       | 21,197 | 23,974 | 24,379 | 24,76 |
| nports             |       |       |       |           |              |        |        |        |       |
| United States      | 1,846 | 2,423 | 3,099 | 4,031     | 4,115        | 4,597  | 4,814  | 4,778  | 4,67  |
| China              | 29    | 21    | 48    | 647       | 739          | 958    | 1,113  | 1,619  | 2,01  |
| Russia             | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 503       | 1,068        | 1,356  | 1,544  | 1,556  | 1,51  |
| Germany            | 548   | 614   | 1,232 | 1,115     | 1,234        | 1,391  | 1,417  | 1,256  | 1,30  |
| Netherlands        | 81    | 114   | 142   | 160       | 222          | 771    | 909    | 1,073  | 1,26  |
| Belgium            | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 1,027     | 1,351        | 1,282  | 1,406  | 1,327  | 1,14  |
| Japan              | 844   | 726   | 758   | 1,079     | 1,109        | 956    | 986    | 1,003  | 1,04  |
| United Kingdom     | 335   | 322   | 470   | 743       | 979          | 1,148  | 1,133  | 1,021  | 1,0   |
| Italy              | 288   | 279   | 429   | 605       | 658          | 712    | 758    | 777    | 73    |
| France             | 435   | 446   | 497   | 341       | 550          | 560    | 669    | 725    | 67    |
| Canada             | 199   | 246   | 341   | 399       | 496          | 570    | 579    | 572    | 58    |
| Poland             | 3     | 47    | 8     | 285       | 245          | 305    | 446    | 460    | 44    |
| Argentina          | 164   | 195   | 73    | 340       | 351          | 433    | 488    | 449    | 43    |
| Turkey             | n/a   | n/a   | 62    | 124       | 201          | 209    | 208    | 155    | 37    |
| Korea, Rep.        | 3     | 15    | 22    | 184       | 338          | 365    | 437    | 427    | 36    |
| Spain              | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 143       | 158          | 274    | 308    | 365    | 35    |
| Ukraine            | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 60        | 152          | 192    | 238    | 251    | 24    |
| Chile              | 76    | 87    | 63    | 193       | 176          | 207    | 222    | 219    | 24    |
| Iraq               | 3     | 16    | 1     | 0         | 1            | 107    | 279    | 306    | 22    |
| Greece             | 12    | 0     | 46    | 82        | 120          | 152    | 180    | 219    | 20    |
| Algeria            | 11    | 0     | 0     | 0         | 58           | 197    | 96     | 60     | 20    |
| Others             | 707   | 1,127 | 1,591 | 2,377     | 3,610        | 3,596  | 3,956  | 3,864  | 3,92  |
| World              | 5,584 | 6,678 | 8,879 | 14,435    | 17,932       | 20,337 | 22,186 | 22,484 | 22,99 |

Source: Food and Agriculture Organization. Note: FAOSTAT (February 9, 2021 update).

## Coal



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank.
Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                | 1981  | 1990  | 2000  | 2005          | 2010         | 2017       | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  |
|----------------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|--------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
|                |       |       | (mil  | lion metric t | onnes oil ed | juivalent) |       |       |       |
| Production     |       |       |       |               |              |            |       |       |       |
| China          | 311   | 540   | 707   | 1242          | 1665         | 1748       | 1836  | 1905  | 1933  |
| Indonesia      | 0     | 6     | 45    | 90            | 162          | 272        | 329   | 363   | 331   |
| India          | 64    | 106   | 152   | 190           | 253          | 286        | 306   | 301   | 303   |
| Australia      | 68    | 115   | 172   | 215           | 251          | 299        | 313   | 316   | 297   |
| United States  | 440   | 538   | 544   | 555           | 528          | 374        | 368   | 341   | 256   |
| Russia         | n/a   | 186   | 122   | 136           | 151          | 206        | 220   | 220   | 200   |
| South Africa   | 75    | 100   | 127   | 138           | 144          | 143        | 144   | 148   | 143   |
| Kazakhstan     | n/a   | 57    | 32    | 37            | 47           | 48         | 51    | 49    | 49    |
| Poland         | 103   | 100   | 72    | 69            | 55           | 50         | 47    | 45    | 40    |
| Colombia       | 3     | 14    | 26    | 41            | 51           | 62         | 58    | 58    | 35    |
| Vietnam        | 3     | 3     | 7     | 19            | 25           | 22         | 24    | 26    | 27    |
| Germany        | 149   | 125   | 61    | 57            | 46           | 39         | 38    | 28    | 23    |
| Canada         | 23    | 40    | 39    | 35            | 35           | 32         | 29    | 27    | 21    |
| Mongolia       | 2     | 3     | 2     | 3             | 11           | 23         | 25    | 26    | 20    |
| Turkey         | 7     | 12    | 12    | 11            | 18           | 15         | 17    | 17    | 14    |
| Ukraine        | n/a   | 87    | 36    | 35            | 32           | 14         | 14    | 14    | 13    |
| Czech Republic | 43    | 36    | 25    | 24            | 21           | 15         | 15    | 13    | 10    |
| Serbia         | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | n/a           | 7            | 7          | 7     | 7     | 7     |
| Bulgaria       | 5     | 5     | 4     | 4             | 5            | 6          | 5     | 5     | 4     |
| Mexico         | 2     | 3     | 5     | 6             | 7            | 7          | 7     | 6     | 4     |
| Pakistan       | 1     | 1     | 1     | 2             | 2            | 2          | 2     | 3     | 3     |
| Thailand       | 0     | 4     | 5     | 6             | 5            | 4          | 4     | 4     | 3     |
| Romania        | 9     | 8     | 6     | 6             | 6            | 4          | 4     | 4     | 3     |
| Others         | n/a   | 174   | 100   | 93            | 75           | 77         | 85    | 83    | 73    |
| World          | 1,844 | 2,264 | 2,304 | 3,014         | 3,603        | 3,755      | 3,945 | 4,009 | 3,812 |
| Consumption    | ·     | •     | •     | ·             | ,            | ,          |       | •     |       |
| China          | 303   | 527   | 706   | 1325          | 1749         | 1925       | 1937  | 1953  | 1965  |
| India          | 64    | 110   | 164   | 211           | 291          | 417        | 444   | 444   | 419   |
| United States  | 381   | 459   | 541   | 546           | 499          | 331        | 317   | 271   | 220   |
| Japan          | 65    | 78    | 95    | 115           | 116          | 122        | 119   | 117   | 109   |
| South Africa   | 51    | 67    | 75    | 80            | 93           | 89         | 84    | 87    | 83    |
| Russia         | n/a   | 182   | 106   | 95            | 91           | 84         | 87    | 85    | 78    |
| Indonesia      | 0     | 3     | 13    | 24            | 39           | 57         | 68    | 82    | 78    |
| Korea, Rep.    | 15    | 24    | 43    | 55            | 77           | 86         | 87    | 82    | 72    |
| Vietnam        | 3     | 2     | 5     | 9             | 15           | 28         | 38    | 49    | 50    |
| Germany        | 144   | 132   | 85    | 81            | 77           | 72         | 69    | 54    | 44    |
| Australia      | 29    | 38    | 51    | 55            | 52           | 45         | 44    | 42    | 40    |
| Poland         | 91    | 78    | 56    | 55            | 55           | 50         | 50    | 44    | 40    |
| Turkey         | 7     | 16    | 22    | 22            | 31           | 39         | 41    | 42    | 40    |
| Kazakhstan     | n/a   | 39    | 18    | 27            | 33           | 36         | 41    | 40    | 39    |
| Taiwan, China  | 4     | 11    | 28    | 36            | 39           | 41         | 41    | 40    | 39    |
| Others         | n/a   | 459   | 350   | 374           | 354          | 338        | 338   | 333   | 300   |
| World          | 1,819 | 2,227 | 2,358 | 3,110         | 3,612        | 3,759      | 3,804 | 3,765 | 3,617 |

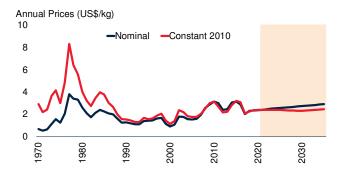
Source: BP Statistical Review (June 2021 update).

Note: n/a implies data not available. Commercial solid fuels only, i.e. bituminous coal and anthracite (hard coal), and lignite and brown (sub-bituminous) coal, and other commercial solid fuels.

## Cocoa



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.

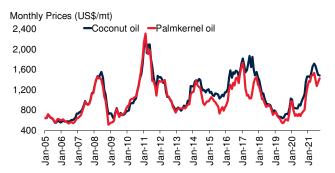


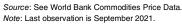
Source: World Bank.
Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

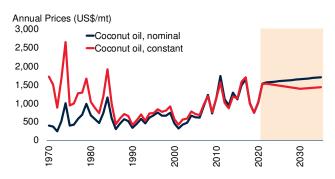
|                    | 1970/71             | 1980/81             | 1990/91              | 2000/01             | 2010/11             | 2017/18             | 2018/19             | 2019/20             | 2020/ |
|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|
| roduction          |                     |                     |                      | (tnousa             | nd metric to        | ins)                |                     |                     |       |
| Côte d'Ivoire      | 180                 | 417                 | 804                  | 1,212               | 1,511               | 1,964               | 2,154               | 2,105               | 2,2   |
| Ghana              | 406                 | 258                 | 293                  | 395                 | 1,025               | 905                 | 812                 | 800                 | 2,2   |
| Ecuador            | 72                  | 87                  | 111                  | 89                  | 161                 | 287                 | 322                 | 328                 | 3     |
| Cameroon           | 112                 | 117                 | 115                  | 133                 | 229                 | 250                 | 280                 | 280                 | 2     |
| Nigeria            | 305                 | 156                 | 160                  | 180                 | 240                 | 250                 | 270                 | 250                 | 2     |
| Indonesia          | 2                   | 12                  | 150                  | 385                 | 440                 | 240                 | 220                 | 200                 | 2     |
| Brazil             | 182                 | 353                 | 368                  | 163                 | 200                 | 204                 | 176                 | 201                 | -     |
| Peru               | 2                   | 7                   | 11                   | 17                  | 54                  | 135                 | 141                 | 151                 |       |
| Dominican Republic | 35                  | 35                  | 42                   | 45                  | 54                  | 85                  | 75                  | 75                  |       |
| Others             | 233                 | 252                 | 452                  | 233                 | 396                 | 328                 | 331                 | 338                 |       |
| World              | 1,528               | 1,694               | 2,507                | 2,852               | 4,309               | 4,647               | 4,781               | 4,728               | 5,0   |
| rindings           | 1,520               | 1,034               | 2,507                | 2,032               | 4,003               | 4,047               | 7,701               | 4,720               | 3,    |
| Côte d'Ivoire      | 35                  | 60                  | 118                  | 285                 | 361                 | 559                 | 605                 | 614                 |       |
| Netherlands        | 116                 | 140                 | 268                  | 452                 | 540                 | 585                 | 600                 | 600                 |       |
| Indonesia          | 1                   | 10                  | 32                   | 83                  | 190                 | 483                 | 487                 | 480                 |       |
| Germany            | 151                 | 180                 | 294                  | 227                 | 439                 | 448                 | 445                 | 430                 |       |
| United States      | 279                 | 186                 | 268                  | 445                 | 401                 | 385                 | 400                 | 380                 |       |
| Malaysia           | n/a                 | n/a                 | n/a                  | n/a                 | n/a                 | 236                 | 327                 | 318                 |       |
| Ghana              | 48                  | 27                  | 30                   | 70                  | 212                 | 310                 | 320                 | 292                 |       |
| Others             | 801                 | 964                 | 1,315                | 1,480               | 1,796               | 1,578               | 1,600               | 1,557               | 1.    |
| World              | 1,431               | 1,566               | 2,325                | 3,041               | 3,938               | 4,585               | 4,784               | 4,671               | 4,    |
| xports             | 1,401               | 1,000               | 2,020                | 0,041               | 0,500               | 4,000               | 4,704               | 4,071               | ٠,    |
| Côte d'Ivoire      | 138                 | 406                 | 688                  | 903                 | 1,079               | 1,531               | 1,567               | 1,786               |       |
| Ghana              | 348                 | 182                 | 245                  | 307                 | 694                 | 525                 | 649                 | 516                 |       |
| Cameroon           | 75                  | 96                  | 96                   | 102                 | 204                 | 178                 | 273                 | 336                 |       |
| Ecuador            | 46                  | 19                  | 56                   | 57                  | 136                 | 288                 | 314                 | 303                 |       |
| Nigeria            | 216                 | 76                  | 142                  | 149                 | 219                 | 218                 | 347                 | 204                 |       |
| Dominican Republic | 29                  | 27                  | 36                   | 34                  | 52                  | 82                  | 65                  | 74                  |       |
| Malaysia           | 3                   | 40                  | 148                  | 17                  | 21                  | 104                 | 109                 | 71                  |       |
| Others             | 265                 | 255                 | 326                  | 417                 | 590                 | 259                 | 297                 | 286                 |       |
| World              | 1,119               | 1,100               | 1,737                | 1,987               | 2,996               | 3,183               | 3,621               | 3,576               |       |
| nports             | .,                  | 1,100               | 1,                   | 1,001               | 2,000               | 0,100               | 0,021               | 0,010               |       |
|                    | 116                 | 107                 | 267                  | 549                 | 900                 | 007                 | 1 101               | 050                 |       |
| Netherlands        |                     | 167                 |                      |                     | 806                 | 827                 | 1,181               | 952                 |       |
| Germany            | 155                 | 187                 | 300                  | 228                 | 434                 | 411                 | 462                 | 394                 |       |
| Malaysia           | 1                   | n/a                 | 1                    | 110                 | 320                 | 314                 | 364                 | 392                 |       |
| United States      | 269                 | 246                 | 320                  | 355                 | 472                 | 340                 | 373                 | 387                 |       |
| Belgium            | 18                  | 28                  | 50                   | 101                 | 194                 | 211                 | 257                 | 375                 |       |
| Indonesia          | n/a                 | n/a                 | n/a                  | n/a                 | n/a                 | 259                 | 259                 | 193                 |       |
| France             | 42                  | 59                  | 74                   | 157                 | 149                 | 153                 | 139                 | 159                 |       |
| Turkey             | 1                   | 2                   | 6                    | 39                  | 71                  | 94                  | 111                 | 124                 |       |
| United Kingdom     | n/a                 | n/a                 | n/a                  | n/a                 | n/a                 | 50                  | 86                  | 110                 |       |
| Others World       | 537<br><b>1,139</b> | 509<br><b>1,198</b> | 744<br>1, <b>761</b> | 870<br><b>2,409</b> | 911<br><b>3,357</b> | 813<br><b>3,472</b> | 800<br><b>4,032</b> | 903<br><b>3,991</b> |       |

Source: Quarterly Bulletin of Cocoa Statistics (Cocoa year 2020/21 Volume XLVII No. 2 update). Note: n/a implies data not available. 1970/71 data are average of 1968-1972.

## Coconut oil and Palm kernel oil







Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                            | 1970/1971 | 1980/1981 | 1990/1991 | 2000/2001 |              | 2018/2019 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Coconut oil production     |           |           |           | (เทอนร    | and metric t | ons)      |           |           |           |
| Philippines                | 620       | 1,256     | 1,263     | 1,753     | 1,820        | 1,700     | 1,615     | 1,542     | 1,668     |
| Indonesia                  | 373       | 740       | 795       | 833       | 943          | 975       | 937       | 961       | 964       |
| India                      | 223       | 207       | 250       | 448       | 376          | 474       | 474       | 474       | 474       |
| Vietnam                    | 13        | 25        | 77        | 149       | 89           | 180       | 184       | 192       | 192       |
| Bangladesh                 | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 17        | 15           | 83        | 69        | 69        | 69        |
| Sri Lanka                  | 131       | 78        | 67        | 62        | 43           | 71        | 54        | 42        | 42        |
| Thailand                   | 16        | 22        | 40        | 46        | 46           | 30        | 30        | 30        | 30        |
| Others                     | 820       | 451       | 376       | 190       | 168          | 130       | 125       | 125       | 125       |
| World                      | 2,196     | 2,779     | 2,868     | 3,498     | 3,500        | 3,643     | 3,488     | 3,435     | 3,564     |
| Coconut oil consumption    | _,        | _,        | _,        | 2,100     | 2,222        | 2,2 12    | 2,100     | 2, 100    | -,        |
| Philippines                | 214       | 204       | 348       | 375       | 728          | 665       | 691       | 587       | 700       |
| European Union             | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 739       | 710          | 620       | 570       | 570       | 615       |
| India                      | 223       | 278       | 255       | 454       | 380          | 470       | 465       | 468       | 468       |
| United States              | 397       | 474       | 407       | 446       | 486          | 421       | 471       | 415       | 465       |
| Indonesia                  | 372       | 742       | 585       | 336       | 378          | 374       | 380       | 383       | 385       |
| Vietnam                    | 14        | 25        | 72        | 142       | 95           | 178       | 178       | 193       | 192       |
| China                      | 29        | 24        | 20        | 189       | 197          | 177       | 148       | 172       | 180       |
| Bangladesh                 | n/a       | 9         | 30        | 24        | 19           | 69        | 74        | 80        | 72        |
| Malaysia                   | 84        | 63        | 12        | 9         | 53           | 46        | 52        | 64        | 63        |
| Others                     | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 410       | 421          | 434       | 493       | 431       | 440       |
| World                      | 2,117     | 2,856     | 2,769     | 3,124     | 3,467        | 3,454     | 3,522     | 3,363     | 3,580     |
| Palmkernel oil production  | _,        | _,000     | _,. 00    | ٥,٠=٠     | 0, 101       | ٥, ١٠٠    | 0,022     | 0,000     | 0,00      |
| Indonesia                  | n/a       | 48        | 305       | 1,050     | 2,680        | 4,720     | 4,866     | 4,958     | 5,065     |
| Malaysia                   | 49        | 235       | 784       | 1,520     | 2,072        | 2,325     | 2,158     | 1,975     | 2,16      |
| Nigeria                    | 31        | 75        | 122       | 127       | 305          | 350       | 385       | 356       | 390       |
| Thailand                   | n/a       | 2         | 19        | 77        | 245          | 395       | 347       | 360       | 39        |
| Colombia                   | 4         | 8         | 20        | 48        | 75           | 142       | 133       | 125       | 130       |
| Honduras                   | n/a       | n/a       | 2         | 15        | 38           | 67        | 80        | 58        | 74        |
| Papua New Guinea           | n/a       | 6         | 14        | 31        | 54           | 80        | 73        | 74        | 74        |
| Others                     | 291       | 172       | 168       | 210       | 354          | 515       | 489       | 496       | 493       |
| World                      | 375       | 546       | 1,434     | 3,078     | 5,823        | 8,594     | 8,531     | 8,402     | 8,787     |
| Palmkernel oil consumption |           |           | , -       | -,-       | 2,72         | 2,22      | -,        | -, -      | -, -      |
| Indonesia                  | n/a       | 42        | 125       | 559       | 1,120        | 2,950     | 3,025     | 3,300     | 3,300     |
| Malaysia                   | 44        | n/a       | 154       | 778       | 1,401        | 1,520     | 1,320     | 1,265     | 1,270     |
| China                      | n/a       | 1         | 15        | 103       | 421          | 890       | 783       | 670       | 820       |
| European Union             | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 446       | 547          | 668       | 688       | 698       | 708       |
| Nigeria                    | 5         | 30        | 132       | 128       | 310          | 365       | 395       | 365       | 405       |
| United States              | 43        | 83        | 164       | 116       | 282          | 321       | 375       | 370       | 378       |
| Brazil                     | n/a       | n/a       | 15        | 47        | 186          | 260       | 278       | 312       | 347       |
| Thailand                   | n/a       | 12        | 19        | 20        | 160          | 295       | 305       | 312       | 330       |
| India                      | n/a       | 18        | 1         | 57        | 155          | 156       | 122       | 149       | 149       |
| Others                     | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 383       | 678          | 884       | 883       | 904       | 910       |
| World                      | 425       | 592       | 1,346     | 2,637     | 5,260        | 8,309     | 8,174     | 8,345     | 8,617     |

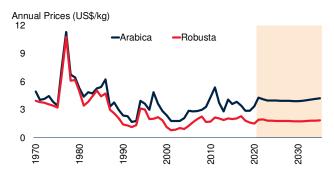
Sources: U.S. Department of Agriculture (October 12, 2021 update).

Note: All quantities are for the crop year (beginning October 1). For example, 2001/02 refers to October 2001 to September 2002. European Union includes EU-15 for 1970-1991.

## Coffee



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                  | 1970/1971 | 1980/1981 | 1990/1991 | 2000/2001 | 2010/2011  | 2018/2019 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                  |           |           |           | (thous    | and 60kg b | ags)      |           |           |           |
| Production       |           |           |           |           |            |           |           |           |           |
| Brazil           | 11,000    | 21,500    | 31,000    | 34,100    | 54,500     | 66,500    | 60,500    | 69,900    | 56,300    |
| Vietnam          | 56        | 77        | 1,200     | 15,333    | 19,415     | 30,400    | 31,300    | 29,000    | 30,830    |
| Colombia         | 8,000     | 13,500    | 14,500    | 10,500    | 8,525      | 13,870    | 14,100    | 14,300    | 14,100    |
| Indonesia        | 2,330     | 5,365     | 7,480     | 6,495     | 9,325      | 10,600    | 10,700    | 10,700    | 10,630    |
| Ethiopia         | 2,589     | 3,264     | 3,500     | 2,768     | 6,125      | 7,350     | 7,475     | 7,600     | 7,620     |
| Uganda           | 2,667     | 2,133     | 2,700     | 3,097     | 3,212      | 4,650     | 5,475     | 6,000     | 5,950     |
| Honduras         | 545       | 1,265     | 1,685     | 2,821     | 3,975      | 7,515     | 5,600     | 6,236     | 5,500     |
| India            | 1,914     | 1,977     | 2,970     | 5,020     | 5,035      | 5,325     | 4,967     | 5,150     | 5,410     |
| Peru             | 1,114     | 1,170     | 1,170     | 2,824     | 4,100      | 4,390     | 3,925     | 3,369     | 3,950     |
| Mexico           | 3,200     | 3,862     | 4,550     | 4,800     | 4,000      | 3,550     | 3,700     | 3,530     | 3,590     |
| Guatemala        | 1,965     | 2,702     | 3,282     | 4,564     | 3,960      | 3,770     | 3,645     | 3,330     | 3,470     |
| Nicaragua        | 641       | 971       | 460       | 1,610     | 1,740      | 2,950     | 2,755     | 2,630     | 2,780     |
| Malaysia         | 66        | 88        | 75        | 700       | 1,100      | 2,100     | 1,900     | 2,000     | 2,000     |
| China            | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 827        | 2,200     | 1,900     | 1,800     | 1,800     |
| Costa Rica       | 1,295     | 2,140     | 2,565     | 2,502     | 1,575      | 1,250     | 1,466     | 1,472     | 1,485     |
| Cote d'Ivoire    | 3,996     | 6,090     | 3,300     | 5,100     | 1,600      | 2,000     | 1,725     | 1,060     | 1,470     |
| Tanzania         | 909       | 1,060     | 763       | 809       | 1,050      | 1,300     | 1,250     | 1,350     | 1,400     |
| Kenya            | 999       | 1,568     | 1,455     | 864       | 710        | 850       | 750       | 700       | 750       |
| Papua New Guinea | 401       | 880       | 964       | 1,041     | 865        | 965       | 825       | 700       | 715       |
| Others           | 15,515    | 16,562    | 16,562    | 12,269    | 9,770      | 5,089     | 5,358     | 4,984     | 5,089     |
| World            | 59,202    | 86,174    | 100,181   | 117,217   | 141,409    | 176,624   | 169,316   | 175,811   | 164,839   |
| Consumption      |           |           |           |           |            |           |           |           |           |
| European Union   | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 41,350     | 42,124    | 40,270    | 40,435    | 41,400    |
| United States    | 305       | 297       | 229       | 183       | 22,383     | 27,140    | 26,030    | 25,800    | 26,400    |
| Brazil           | 8,890     | 7,975     | 9,000     | 13,100    | 19,420     | 23,200    | 22,994    | 23,307    | 23,655    |
| Japan            | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 7,015      | 7,897     | 7,610     | 7,572     | 7,740     |
| Philippines      | 496       | 432       | 810       | 900       | 2,825      | 6,125     | 6,120     | 6,175     | 6,250     |
| Canada           | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 4,245      | 4,885     | 4,830     | 4,980     | 5,025     |
| Indonesia        | 888       | 1,228     | 1,295     | 1,335     | 1,650      | 4,300     | 4,900     | 4,450     | 4,700     |
| Russia           | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 4,355      | 4,945     | 4,625     | 4,200     | 4,150     |
| China            | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 1,106      | 3,300     | 3,700     | 3,900     | 4,000     |
| United Kingdom   | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a        | 3,995     | 3,870     | 3,635     | 3,650     |
| Ethiopia         | 1,170     | 1,600     | 1,900     | 1,667     | 2,860      | 3,193     | 3,140     | 3,550     | 3,500     |
| Vietnam          | 31        | 35        | 100       | 417       | 1,337      | 2,940     | 3,100     | 3,150     | 3,220     |
| Korea, Rep.      | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 1,910      | 2,770     | 2,980     | 3,050     | 3,050     |
| Mexico           | 1,512     | 1,500     | 1,400     | 978       | 2,620      | 2,580     | 2,550     | 2,610     | 2,600     |
| Algeria          | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 1,815      | 2,340     | 2,040     | 2,240     | 2,090     |
| Colombia         | 1,349     | 1,825     | 1,615     | 1,530     | 1,120      | 1,950     | 1,800     | 2,000     | 2,050     |
| Australia        | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 1,445      | 2,040     | 1,960     | 2,000     | 1,925     |
| Switzerland      | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 1,570      | 1,460     | 1,470     | 1,550     | 1,550     |
| Turkey           | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 340        | 1,205     | 1,215     | 1,325     | 1,225     |
| Others           | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 15,694     | 17,466    | 17,079    | 17,212    | 16,791    |
| World            | 19,408    | 20,438    | 22,265    | 26,303    | 135,060    | 165,855   | 162,283   | 163,141   | 164,971   |

## Copper



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank.
Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

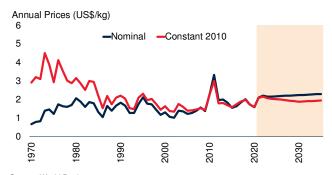
|                     | 1970                  | 1980         | 1990         | 2000       | 2010         | 2017         | 2018           | 2019         | 2020       |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
|                     |                       |              |              | (thousan   | d metric to  | ns)          |                |              |            |
| Mine Production     |                       |              |              |            |              |              |                |              |            |
| Chile               | 686                   | 1068         | 1588         | 4,602      | 5,419        | 5,504        | 5,832          | 5,787        | 5,732      |
| Peru                | 220                   | 367          | 323          | 553        | 1,247        | 2,446        | 2,437          | 2,455        | 2,154      |
| China               | n/a                   | 165          | 300          | 549        | 1,180        | 1,656        | 1,507          | 1,601        | 1,673      |
| Congo, Dem. Rep.    | 386                   | n/a          | n/a          | 33         | 378          | 1,095        | 1,225          | 1,433        | 1,400      |
| United States       | 1560                  | 1181         | 1588         | 1,440      | 1,129        | 1,258        | 1,216          | 1,257        | 1,199      |
| Australia           | 158                   | 244          | 330          | 832        | 870          | 849          | 911            | 925          | 880        |
| Zambia              | 684                   | 610          | 546          | 249        | 732          | 794          | 854            | 790          | 861        |
| Russia              | n/a                   | n/a          | n/a          | 580        | 703          | 722          | 773            | 791          | 791        |
| Mexico              | 61                    | 175          | 299          | 365        | 270          | 742          | 751            | 770          | 750        |
| Kazakhstan          | n/a<br>610            | n/a<br>716   | n/a<br>794   | 433<br>634 | 404<br>522   | 745<br>597   | 621<br>548     | 711<br>561   | 721<br>585 |
| Canada<br>Indonesia | 0                     | 59           | 162          | 1,006      | 871          | 666          | 651            | 400          | 492        |
| Poland              | 83                    | 343          | 370          | 454        | 425          | 419          | 401            | 449          | 492        |
| Others              | 1,755                 | 2,811        | 3,027        | 1,486      | 1,988        | 2,700        | 2,678          | 2,830        | 2,811      |
| World               | 6,202                 | 7,739        | 9,327        | 13,217     | 16,139       | 20,193       | 20,404         | 20,761       | 20,491     |
| Refined Production  | 0,202                 | 1,139        | 9,321        | 13,217     | 10,133       | 20,193       | 20,404         | 20,701       | 20,431     |
| China               | 120                   | 295          | 558          | 1,312      | 4,540        | 8,889        | 8,949          | 9,447        | 10,021     |
| Chile               | 647                   | 811          | 1,192        | 2,669      | 3,244        | 2,430        |                | 2,269        | 2,329      |
| Japan               | 603                   | 1,014        | 1,192        | 1,437      | 1,549        | 1,488        | 2,461<br>1,595 | 1,495        | 1,583      |
| Russia              | n/a                   | 1,014<br>n/a | 1,006<br>n/a | 824        | 900          | 949          | 1,020          | 1,495        | 1,028      |
| United States       | 1,489                 | 1,730        | 2,017        | 1,802      |              |              |                |              | 918        |
| Congo, Dem. Rep.    | 683                   | 1,730<br>n/a | 2,017<br>n/a | 29         | 1,093<br>254 | 1,079<br>699 | 1,111<br>821   | 1,030<br>842 | 850        |
| Germany             | 134                   | 425          | 532          | 709        | 704          | 695          | 670            | 600          | 656        |
|                     | 5                     | 88           | 192          | 471        | 556          | 664          | 665            | 638          | 638        |
| Korea, Rep. Poland  | 69                    | 357          | 346          | 486        | 547          | 522          | 502            | 566          | 561        |
| Kazakhstan          | n/a                   | n/a          | n/a          | 395        | 323          | 429          | 443            | 477          | 483        |
| Australia           | n/a                   | n/a          | n/a          | 484        | 424          | 386          | 377            | 427          | 403        |
| Mexico              | n/a                   | n/a          | n/a          | 399        | 247          | 411          | 422            | 448          | 412        |
| Spain               | n/a                   | n/a          | n/a          | 316        | 347          | 420          | 429            | 383          | 387        |
| Others              | 2,978                 | 4,755        | 4,829        | 3,429      | 4,484        | 4,420        | 4,188          | 3,816        | 3,653      |
| World               | 2,978<br><b>6,729</b> | 9,475        | 10,675       | 14,761     | 19,214       | 23,479       | 23,652         | 23,467       | 23,947     |
|                     | 0,729                 | 9,473        | 10,075       | 14,701     | 19,214       | 23,479       | 23,052         | 23,407       | 23,347     |
| Refined Consumption | 100                   | 000          | 540          | 4 000      | 7.005        | 11 700       | 40.400         | 40.000       | 44.507     |
| China               | 180                   | 286          | 512          | 1,869      | 7,385        | 11,790       | 12,482         | 12,800       | 14,527     |
| United States       | 1,860                 | 1,868        | 2,150        | 2,979      | 1,760        | 1,771        | 1,814          | 1,829        | 1,706      |
| Germany             | 788                   | 870          | 1,028        | 1,309      | 1,312        | 1,180        | 1,200          | 1,017        | 1,059      |
| Japan               | 821                   | 1,158        | 1,577        | 1,351      | 1,060        | 998          | 1,039          | 1,011        | 891        |
| Korea, Rep.         | 10                    | 85           | 324          | 862        | 856          | 767          | 717            | 633          | 619        |
| Italy               | 274                   | 388          | 475          | 674        | 619          | 635          | 552            | 556          | 475        |
| Turkey              | 14                    | 33           | 103          | 248        | 369          | 445          | 482            | 464          | 438        |
| India               | 55                    | 77           | 135          | 246        | 514          | 486          | 512            | 527          | 432        |
| Mexico              | 54                    | 117          | 127          | 464        | 274          | 361          | 407            | 442          | 405        |
| Others              | 3,236                 | 4,502        | 4,349        | 5,094      | 5,197        | 4,902        | 4,729          | 4,728        | 4,284      |
| World               | 7,291                 | 9,385        | 10,780       | 15,096     | 19,347       | 23,335       | 23,936         | 24,005       | 24,837     |

Sources: British Geological Survey, Metallgesellschaft, U.S. Geological Survey, World Bureau of Metals Statistics, World Bank. Note: n/a implies data not available. Refined production and consumption include significant recycled material.

## Cotton



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



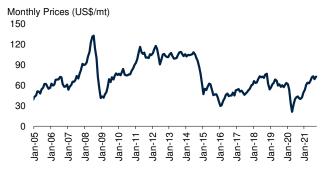
Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|               | 1970/71 | 1980/81 | 1990/91 | 2000/01 | 2010/11      | 2018/19 | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | 2021/22 |
|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
|               |         |         |         | (thousa | nd metric to | ns)     |         |         |         |
| Production    |         |         |         |         |              |         |         |         |         |
| India         | 909     | 1,322   | 1,989   | 2,380   | 5,865        | 5,661   | 6,205   | 6,026   | 5,900   |
| China         | 1,995   | 2,707   | 4,508   | 4,505   | 6,600        | 6,040   | 5,800   | 5,910   | 5,730   |
| United States | 2,219   | 2,422   | 3,376   | 3,742   | 3,942        | 3,999   | 4,336   | 3,181   | 4,030   |
| Brazil        | 594     | 623     | 717     | 939     | 1,960        | 2,779   | 3,002   | 2,341   | 2,710   |
| Pakistan      | 543     | 714     | 1,638   | 1,816   | 1,948        | 1,670   | 1,320   | 890     | 981     |
| Uzbekistan    | n/a     | 1,671   | 1,593   | 975     | 910          | 637     | 531     | 1,028   | 940     |
| Australia     | 19      | 99      | 433     | 804     | 926          | 485     | 134     | 562     | 764     |
| Turkey        | 400     | 500     | 655     | 880     | 817          | 977     | 815     | 656     | 656     |
| Mali          | 20      | 41      | 115     | 102     | 103          | 276     | 299     | 62      | 340     |
| Benin         | 14      | 6       | 59      | 141     | 60           | 295     | 311     | 317     | 323     |
| Greece        | 110     | 115     | 213     | 421     | 180          | 277     | 355     | 321     | 305     |
| Others        | 4,916   | 3,611   | 3,656   | 2,823   | 2,558        | 2,866   | 3,022   | 2,900   | 3,073   |
| World         | 11,740  | 13,831  | 18,951  | 19,527  | 25,869       | 25,961  | 26,129  | 24,194  | 25,753  |
| Stocks        |         |         |         |         |              |         |         |         |         |
| China         | 412     | 476     | 1,589   | 3,755   | 2,167        | 8,885   | 8,938   | 9,248   | 9,424   |
| Brazil        | 321     | 391     | 231     | 755     | 1,400        | 2,340   | 2,787   | 2,018   | 2,022   |
| India         | 376     | 491     | 539     | 922     | 1,886        | 1,878   | 3,430   | 2,682   | 1,773   |
| Turkey        | 24      | 112     | 150     | 292     | 542          | 911     | 1,172   | 1,283   | 1,328   |
| Uzbekistan    | n/a     | n/a     | n/a     | 233     | 299          | 601     | 308     | 528     | 618     |
| Bangladesh    | n/a     | 14      | 37      | 50      | 176          | 422     | 458     | 553     | 583     |
| Argentina     | 65      | 61      | 123     | 114     | 232          | 320     | 410     | 473     | 537     |
| Others        | 3,407   | 3,605   | 4,091   | 4,502   | 3,801        | 3,757   | 4,641   | 3,327   | 3,675   |
| World         | 4,605   | 5,151   | 6,761   | 10,622  | 10,503       | 19,114  | 22,144  | 20,111  | 19,960  |
| Exports       |         |         |         |         |              |         |         |         |         |
| United States | 848     | 1,290   | 1,697   | 1,467   | 3,130        | 3,365   | 3,381   | 3,626   | 3,345   |
| Brazil        | 220     | 21      | 167     | 68      | 435          | 1,310   | 1,946   | 2,398   | 2,009   |
| India         | 34      | 140     | 255     | 24      | 1,086        | 765     | 696     | 1,348   | 1,122   |
| Australia     | 4       | 53      | 329     | 849     | 545          | 791     | 295     | 349     | 588     |
| Benin         | 14      | 8       | 58      | 140     | 64           | 292     | 224     | 357     | 370     |
| Greece        | 72      | 13      | 86      | 270     | 147          | 295     | 319     | 325     | 300     |
| Mali          | 19      | 35      | 114     | 134     | 92           | 300     | 229     | 154     | 283     |
| Others        | 2,665   | 2,854   | 2,363   | 2,844   | 2,134        | 2,181   | 1,934   | 2,200   | 2,275   |
| World         | 3,875   | 4,414   | 5,069   | 5,797   | 7,634        | 9,299   | 9,024   | 10,757  | 10,291  |
| Imports       |         |         |         |         |              |         |         |         |         |
| China         | 108     | 773     | 480     | 52      | 2,609        | 2,100   | 1,554   | 2,801   | 2,648   |
| Bangladesh    | n/a     | 45      | 80      | 248     | 896          | 1,544   | 1,500   | 1,695   | 1,654   |
| Vietnam       | 33      | 40      | 31      | 84      | 350          | 1,510   | 1,459   | 1,580   | 1,556   |
| Pakistan      | 1       | 1       | 0       | 101     | 314          | 600     | 890     | 873     | 1,180   |
| Turkey        | 1       | n/a     | 46      | 381     | 729          | 786     | 1,017   | 1,160   | 1,131   |
| Indonesia     | 36      | 106     | 324     | 570     | 471          | 664     | 547     | 502     | 540     |
| India         | 155     | n/a     | n/a     | 350     | 87           | 392     | 496     | 184     | 204     |
| Others        | 3,862   | 4,363   | 4,739   | 4,031   | 4,957        | 3,726   | 2,774   | 4,224   | 4,026   |
| World         | 4,086   | 4,555   | 5,220   | 5,764   | 7,804        | 9,222   | 8,684   | 10,217  | 10,291  |

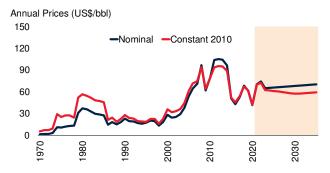
Source: International Cotton Advisory Committee (October 1, 2021 update).

Note: n/a implies data not available.

## **Crude oil**



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                      | 1970         | 1980         | 1990         | 2000           | 2010           | 2017           | 2018           | 2019           | 2020           |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                      |              |              |              | (thousand      | barrels per    | day)           |                |                |                |
| Production           |              |              |              |                |                |                |                |                |                |
| United States        | 11,297       | 10,170       | 8,914        | 7,733          | 7,559          | 13,154         | 15,334         | 17,072         | 16,476         |
| Saudi Arabia         | 3,851        | 10,270       | 7,106        | 9,121          | 9,865          | 11,892         | 12,261         | 11,832         | 11,039         |
| Russia               | n/a          | n/a          | 10,342       | 6,583          | 10,379         | 11,374         | 11,562         | 11,679         | 10,667         |
| Canada               | 1,473        | 1,764        | 1,968        | 2,703          | 3,332          | 4,813          | 5,244          | 5,372          | 5,135          |
| Iraq                 | 1,549        | 2,658        | 2,149        | 2,613          | 2,469          | 4,538          | 4,632          | 4,779          | 4,114          |
| China                | 616          | 2,122        | 2,778        | 3,257          | 4,077          | 3,846          | 3,798          | 3,836          | 3,901          |
| United Arab Emirates | 780          | 1,735        | 1,985        | 2,599          | 2,937          | 3,910          | 3,912          | 3,999          | 3,657          |
| Iran<br>Brazil       | 3,848<br>167 | 1,479<br>188 | 3,270<br>651 | 3,850<br>1,276 | 4,421<br>2,125 | 4,854<br>2,721 | 4,608<br>2,679 | 3,399<br>2,876 | 3,084<br>3,026 |
| Kuwait               | 3,036        | 1,757        | 964          | 2,244          | 2,125          | 3,009          | 3,050          | 2,876          | 2,686          |
|                      |              | 528          |              | 3,331          |                |                |                | 1,737          |                |
| Norway               | n/a          |              | 1,716        | ,              | 2,139          | 1,971          | 1,851          | ,              | 2,001          |
| Mexico<br>Kazakhstan | 487          | 2,129        | 2,941<br>571 | 3,456<br>740   | 2,959          | 2,224          | 2,068<br>1,904 | 1,918<br>1,919 | 1,910          |
| Qatar                | n/a<br>363   | n/a<br>476   | 434          | 851            | 1,676<br>1,630 | 1,838<br>1,882 | 1,898          | 1,863          | 1,811<br>1,809 |
|                      | 1,083        | 2,058        | 1,787        | 2,174          | 2,533          | 1,969          | 2,007          | 2,102          | 1,798          |
| Nigeria<br>Algeria   | 1,054        | 1,134        | 1,367        | 1,549          | 1,689          | 1,540          | 1,511          | 1,487          | 1,796          |
| Angola               | 103          | 1,134        | 475          | 746            | 1,812          | 1,671          | 1,511          | 1,420          | 1,324          |
| United Kingdom       | 4            | 1,676        | 1,933        | 2,710          | 1,358          | 1,005          | 1,092          | 1,118          | 1,029          |
| Oman                 | 332          | 285          | 695          | 955            | 865            | 971            | 978            | 971            | 951            |
| Colombia             | 226          | 131          | 446          | 687            | 786            | 854            | 865            | 886            | 781            |
| India                | 140          | 193          | 715          | 726            | 901            | 885            | 869            | 830            | 771            |
| Indonesia            | 854          | 1,577        | 1,539        | 1,456          | 1,003          | 838            | 808            | 781            | 743            |
| Azerbaijan           | n/a          | n/a          | 254          | 281            | 1,037          | 793            | 796            | 775            | 716            |
| Others               | n/a          | n/a          | 10.025       | 12,901         | 13,178         | 10,016         | 9,605          | 9,333          | 7,633          |
| World                | 48,075       | 62,942       | 65,022       | 74,543         | 83,293         | 92,568         | 94,852         | 94,961         | 88,391         |
| Consumption          | 10,010       | 02,0 .2      | 00,022       | ,              | 00,200         | 02,000         | 0 1,002        | C 1,00 1       | 00,00          |
| United States        | 14,697       | 17,056       | 16,940       | 19,594         | 18,322         | 18,878         | 19,447         | 19,475         | 17,178         |
| China                | 554          | 1,707        | 2,297        | 4,697          | 9,390          | 13,137         | 13,576         | 14,005         | 14,225         |
| India                | 390          | 643          | 1,212        | 2,287          | 3,308          | 4,724          | 4.974          | 5,148          | 4,669          |
| Saudi Arabia         | 435          | 592          | 1,136        | 1,627          | 3,124          | 3,799          | 3,617          | 3,635          | 3,544          |
| Japan                | 3,876        | 4,987        | 5,277        | 5,696          | 4,424          | 3,953          | 3,824          | 3,689          | 3,268          |
| Russia               | n/a          | n/a          | 5,042        | 2,540          | 2,878          | 3,271          | 3,320          | 3,393          | 3,238          |
| Korea, Rep.          | 162          | 476          | 1,041        | 2,156          | 2,312          | 2,738          | 2,720          | 2,703          | 2,560          |
| Brazil               | 513          | 1,080        | 1,229        | 1,843          | 2,271          | 2,481          | 2,392          | 2,438          | 2,323          |
| Canada               | 1,472        | 1,943        | 1,755        | 2,063          | 2,386          | 2,423          | 2,501          | 2,537          | 2,282          |
| Germany              | 2,765        | 3,014        | 2,685        | 2,741          | 2,373          | 2,374          | 2,255          | 2,270          | 2,045          |
| Iran                 | 220          | 565          | 949          | 1,347          | 1,685          | 1,644          | 1,717          | 1,841          | 1,715          |
| Singapore            | 138          | 179          | 444          | 696            | 1,157          | 1,406          | 1,431          | 1,401          | 1,332          |
| Mexico               | 441          | 1,072        | 1,611        | 1,952          | 2,040          | 1,883          | 1,836          | 1,698          | 1,312          |
| France               | 1,860        | 2,220        | 1,895        | 1,986          | 1,703          | 1,540          | 1,538          | 1,528          | 1,305          |
| Thailand             | 103          | 233          | 424          | 744            | 1,703          | 1,390          | 1,400          | 1,405          | 1,271          |
| Others               | n/a          | n/a          | 22,407       | 24,526         | 28,092         | 30,459         | 30,717         | 30,432         | 26,209         |
| World                | 45.328       | 61,454       | 66.343       | <b>76,495</b>  | 86.568         | 96.099         | 97,265         | 97.598         | 88,477         |
| WOIIG                | 45,328       | 01,454       | 00,343       | 70,493         | 00,300         | 90,099         | 91,203         | 97,596         | 00,477         |

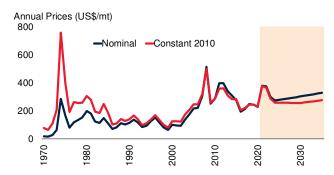
Source: BP Statistical Review (June 2021 update).

Note: n/a implies data not available. Production includes crude oil and natural gas liquids but excludes liquid fiels from other sources such as biomass and derivatives of coal and natural gas include in consumption.

## Fertilizers—Nitrogen



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



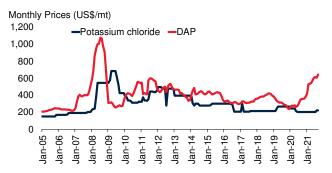
Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|   | 1970                            | 1980                              | 1990                              | 2000                                | 2010                           | 2015                             | 2016                             | 2017                             | 2018                             |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
|   |                                 |                                   |                                   | (thousand                           | tonnes nuti                    | rients)                          |                                  |                                  |                                  |
| Production                                  |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                     |                                |                                  |                                  |                                  |                                  |
| China                                       | 1,200                           | 9,993                             | 14,637                            | 22,175                              | 35,678                         | 39,073                           | 33,356                           | 30,003                           | 28,943                           |
| United States                               | 8,161                           | 12,053                            | 10,816                            | 8,352                               | 9,587                          | 9,011                            | 10,327                           | 11,579                           | 13,617                           |
| India                                       | 838                             | 2,164                             | 6,993                             | 10,943                              | 12,178                         | 13,476                           | 13,377                           | 13,423                           | 13,337                           |
| Russia                                      | n/a                             | n/a                               | n/a                               | 5,452                               | 6,544                          | 7,864                            | 8,574                            | 9,116                            | 9,430                            |
| Indonesia                                   | 45                              | 958                               | 2,462                             | 2,853                               | 3,207                          | 3,475                            | 3,223                            | 3,417                            | 3,660                            |
| Egypt                                       | 118                             | 401                               | 678                               | 1,441                               | 2,761                          | 1,622                            | 2,672                            | 3,442                            | 3,424                            |
| Canada                                      | 726                             | 1,755                             | 2,683                             | 3,797                               | 3,364                          | 3,688                            | 3,702                            | 3,386                            | 3,370                            |
| Pakistan                                    | 140                             | 572                               | 1,120                             | 2,054                               | 2,629                          | 2,888                            | 3,198                            | 2,978                            | 2,973                            |
| Iran  | 31                              | 72                                | 376                               | 726                                 | 1,524                          | 1,802                            | 2,181                            | 2,417                            | 2,770                            |
| Saudi Arabia                                | n/a                             | 138                               | 568                               | 1,278                               | 1,680                          | 2,320                            | 2,578                            | 2,526                            | 2,761                            |
| Qatar                                       | n/a                             | 295                               | 350                               | 748                                 | 1,556                          | 2,518                            | 2,505                            | 2,562                            | 2,507                            |
| Poland                                      | 1,030                           | 1,290                             | 1,233                             | 1,497                               | 1,509                          | 1,898                            | 1,744                            | 1,765                            | 1,744                            |
| Netherlands                                 | 957                             | 1,624                             | 1,928                             | 1,300                               | 1,175                          | 1,573                            | 1,594                            | 1,684                            | 1,553                            |
| Algeria                                     | 22                              | 24                                | 80                                | 91                                  | 21                             | 774                              | 1,035                            | 699                              | 1,525                            |
| Germany                                     | 1,900                           | 2,380                             | 1,165                             | 1,558                               | 1,289                          | 1,225                            | 1,334                            | 1,330                            | 1,398                            |
| Morocco                                     | 13                              | 33                                | 344                               | 302                                 | 553                            | 561                              | 918                              | 1,223                            | 1,296                            |
| Vietnam                                     | n/a                             | 15                                | 18                                | 227                                 | 479                            | 1,124                            | 955                              | 1,112                            | 1,065                            |
| Ukraine                                     | n/a                             | n/a                               | 3,004                             | 2,130                               | 2,312                          | 1,569                            | 1,731                            | 1,135                            | 1,029                            |
| Turkey                                      | 82                              | 600                               | 1,026                             | 400                                 | 747                            | 867                              | 775                              | 902                              | 1,000                            |
| Others                                      | n/a                             | n/a                               | n/a                               | 19,301                              | 19,326                         | 20,268                           | 20,526                           | 21,510                           | 20,203                           |
| World                                       | 32,690                          | 62,951                            | 71,964                            | 86,624                              | 108,118                        | 117,596                          | 116,303                          | 116,207                          | 117,603                          |
| Consumption                                 | - ,                             | , , ,                             | ,                                 | , -                                 | ,                              | ,                                | -,                               | -, -                             | ,                                |
| China                                       | 2,987                           | 11,787                            | 19,233                            | 22,720                              | 27,703                         | 29,306                           | 26,522                           | 24,581                           | 23,316                           |
| India                                       | 1,310                           | 3,522                             | 7,566                             | 10,911                              | 16,558                         | 17,372                           | 16,735                           | 16,959                           | 17,638                           |
| United States                               | 7,363                           | 10,818                            | 10,239                            | 10,467                              | 11,737                         | 11,683                           | 11,751                           | 11,815                           | 11,298                           |
| Brazil                                      | 276                             | 886                               | 797                               | 1,998                               | 2,855                          | 3,533                            | 4,366                            | 4,377                            | 4,287                            |
| Indonesia                                   | 184                             | 851                               | 1,610                             | 1,964                               | 3,045                          | 3,532                            | 3,255                            | 3,509                            | 3,594                            |
| Pakistan                                    | 264                             | 843                               | 1,472                             | 2,265                               | 3,143                          | 2,672                            | 3,730                            | 3,435                            | 3,267                            |
| Canada                                      | 323                             | 946                               | 1,158                             | 1,592                               | 1,990                          | 2,537                            | 2,390                            | 2,614                            | 2,613                            |
| Russia                                      | n/a                             | n/a                               | 4,344                             | 960                                 | 1,483                          | 1,807                            | 2,149                            | 2,003                            | 2,197                            |
| France                                      | 1,425                           | 2,146                             | 2,493                             | 2,317                               | 2,337                          | 2,212                            | 2,241                            | 2,243                            | 2,137                            |
| Vietnam                                     | 166                             | 129                               | 425                               | 1,332                               | 1,250                          | 1,795                            | 1,597                            | 1,648                            | 1,602                            |
| Turkey                                      | 243                             | 782                               | 1,200                             | 1,276                               | 1,344                          | 1,487                            | 1,896                            | 1,788                            | 1,548                            |
| Ukraine                                     | n/a                             | n/a                               | 1,836                             | 350                                 | 650                            | 985                              | 1,197                            | 1,365                            | 1,533                            |
| Oktairie                                    | 406                             | 878                               | 1,346                             | 1,342                               | 1,166                          | 1,372                            | 1,561                            | 1,548                            | 1,467                            |
| Movico                                      |                                 |                                   |                                   |                                     | 1,100                          | 1,0/2                            | 1,301                            |                                  |                                  |
| Mexico                                      |                                 |                                   |                                   | •                                   | 1 796                          | 1 712                            | 1 659                            | 1 /07                            | 1 2/2                            |
| Germany                                     | 1,642                           | 2,303                             | 1,787                             | 1,848                               | 1,786                          | 1,713                            | 1,658                            | 1,497                            | 1,342                            |
| Germany<br>Egypt                            | 1,642<br>331                    | 2,303<br>554                      | 1,787<br>745                      | 1,848<br>1,084                      | 1,159                          | 1,221                            | 1,282                            | 1,315                            | 1,334                            |
| Germany<br>Egypt<br>Bangladesh              | 1,642<br><b>331</b><br>99       | 2,303<br>554<br>266               | 1,787<br>745<br>609               | 1,848<br>1,084<br>996               | 1,159<br>1,237                 | 1,221<br>1,258                   | 1,282<br>1,209                   | 1,315<br>1,251                   | 1,334<br>1,321                   |
| Germany Egypt Bangladesh Australia          | 1,642<br>331<br>99<br>123       | 2,303<br>554<br>266<br>248        | 1,787<br>745<br>609<br>439        | 1,848<br>1,084<br>996<br>951        | 1,159<br>1,237<br>982          | 1,221<br>1,258<br>1,347          | 1,282<br>1,209<br>1,514          | 1,315<br>1,251<br>1,534          | 1,334<br>1,321<br>1,263          |
| Germany Egypt Bangladesh Australia Thailand | 1,642<br>331<br>99<br>123<br>50 | 2,303<br>554<br>266<br>248<br>136 | 1,787<br>745<br>609<br>439<br>577 | 1,848<br>1,084<br>996<br>951<br>922 | 1,159<br>1,237<br>982<br>1,311 | 1,221<br>1,258<br>1,347<br>1,240 | 1,282<br>1,209<br>1,514<br>1,225 | 1,315<br>1,251<br>1,534<br>1,178 | 1,334<br>1,321<br>1,263<br>1,197 |
| Germany Egypt Bangladesh Australia          | 1,642<br>331<br>99<br>123       | 2,303<br>554<br>266<br>248        | 1,787<br>745<br>609<br>439        | 1,848<br>1,084<br>996<br>951        | 1,159<br>1,237<br>982          | 1,221<br>1,258<br>1,347          | 1,282<br>1,209<br>1,514          | 1,315<br>1,251<br>1,534          | 1,334<br>1,321<br>1,263          |

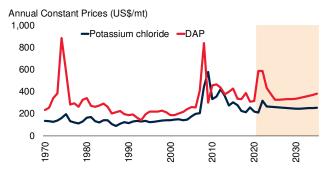
Source: International Fertilizer Association (September 2019 update).

Note: n/a implies data not available. The statistics are based on the nutrient content. All production statistics are expressed on a calendar-year basis, while consumption statistics are expressed either on a calendar- or on a fertilizer-year basis (see https://www.ifastat.org/faq for details).

## Fertilizers—Phosphate and Potash



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

| 1970   | 1980  | 1990   | 2000  | 2010   | 2015          | 2016                              | 2017   | 2018  |
|--------|---|--|---|--|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------|---|
|        |   |  | (thousand   | tonnes nutr  | ients)        |                                   |        |   |
|        |   |  |   |  |               |                                   |        |   |
|        | ,   | ,  |   | 15,998   | 18,633        | ,                                 | ,      | 17,60   |
|        |   |  |   |  |               | ,                                 | ,      | 4,600   |
| 228    | 854   | 2,077  | 3,751   | 4,378  | 4,429         | 4,560                             | 4,724  | 4,59  |
| 99     | 174   | 1,180  |   | 1,875  | 2,092         | 3,089                             | 4,023  | 4,199   |
| n/a    | n/a   | 4,943  |   | 2,926  |               | 3,135                             | 3,667  | 3,760   |
| 169    | 1,623   | 1,091  | 1,496   | 2,004  | 2,171         | 2,133                             | 2,111  | 2,13  |
| n/a    | n/a   | n/a  | 159   | 119  | 1,328         | 1,343                             | 1,572  | 1,47  |
| 14,279 | 20,982  | 14,908   | 9,800   | 8,960  | <i>8,4</i> 58 | 8,735                             | 9,009  | 8,672   |
| 20,585 | 33,677  | 36,417   | 32,744  | 42,558   | 46,475        | 47,657                            | 49,352 | 47,030  |
|        |   |  |   |  |               |                                   |        |   |
| 907    | 2,952   | 5,770  | 8,664   | 12,988   | 13,973        | 12,682                            | 12,100 | 12,029  |
| 305    | 1,091   | 3,125  | 4,248   | 8,050  | 6,979         | 6,705                             | 6,854  | 6,910   |
| 416    | 1,965   | 1,202  | 2,544   | 3,384  | 4,401         | 4,974                             | 5,126  | 5,15  |
| 4,345  | 4,926   | 3,811  | 3,862   | 3,890  | 3,920         | 4,091                             | 4,297  | 3,75  |
| 45     | 274   | 581  | 263   | 755  | 1,261         | 1,022                             | 1,338  | 1,258   |
| 31     | 227   | 389  | 675   | 767  | 1,007         | 1,269                             | 1,279  | 1,150   |
| 326    | 634   | 578  | 634   | 723  | 1,025         | 947                               | 1,080  | 1,13  |
| 757    | 853   | 579  | 1,107   | 817  | 953           | 880                               | 999    | 95  |
| 77     | 23  | 106  | 501   | 650  | 821           | 767                               | 798    | 82  |
| 13,666 | 18,967  | 19,782   | 10,313  | 9,822  | 10,774        | 11,503                            | 12,235 | 12,35   |
| 20,875 | 31,912  | 35,920   | 32,811  | 41,846   | 45,113        | 44,840                            | 46,107 | 45,53   |
|        |   |  |   |  |               |                                   |        |   |
| 3,179  | 7,337   | 7,005  | 9,174   | 10,289   | 11,500        | 10,938                            | 12,696 | 13,990  |
| n/a    | n/a   | 4,992  | 3,372   | 5,223  | 6,402         | 6,110                             | 7,026  | 7,260   |
| n/a    | n/a   |  |   |  |               |                                   |        | 7,050   |
| n/a    | 20  | 46   | 275   |  |               | ,                                 | ,      | 5,410   |
| 576    | 797   | 1,296  | 1,748   |  |               |                                   |        | 2,927   |
| 4,824  | 6,123   |  |   |  |               |                                   |        | 2,702   |
| n/a    | n/a   | 842  |   |  |               |                                   | 1,393  | 1,486   |
| 21     | 23  | 41   | 408   | 850  | 1,229         |                                   | 1,102  | 950   |
| 2,259  | 2,052   | 1,008  | 916   | 941  | 729           | 489                               | 506    | 349   |
| n/a    |   |  | 1.962   | 1.246  | 2.259         | 2.271                             | 2.533  | 1,946   |
| 17,471 | 27,608  | 22,838   | 26,141  | 33,850   | 41,714        | 40,265                            | 43,722 | 44,072  |
| ,      | ,   | ,  | -,  | ,  | ,             | -,                                | -,     | ,-  |
| 25     | 527   | 1.761  | 3.364   | 5.853  | 10.018        | 9.911                             | 10.151 | 9.344   |
| 307    | 1,267   | 1,210  | 2,760   |  | 5,162         | 5,728                             | 5,853  | 6,06  |
|        |   |  |   |  |               |                                   |        | 4,17  |
| 199    |   |  | •   | •  |               |                                   | ,      | 2,680   |
|        |   |  |   |  |               |                                   | ,      | 2.273   |
|        | -   |  |   |  | ,             | ,                                 | ,      | 1,43  |
|        |   |  |   |  |               |                                   |        | 624   |
|        |   |  | -   |  |               |                                   |        | 10,569  |
| 15,764 | 23,826  | 24,320   | 22,070  | 28,196   | 34,596        | 36,138                            | 37,785 | 37,160  |
|        | 907 4,903 228 99 n/a 169 n/a 14,279 20,585  907 305 416 4,345 45 31 326 757 77 13,666 20,875  3,179 n/a n/a n/a 17,471 25 307 3,827 199 18 61 10 11,317 | 907 2,607 4,903 7,437 228 854 99 174 n/a n/a n/a 169 1,623 n/a n/a 14,279 20,982 20,585 33,677  907 2,952 305 1,091 416 1,965 4,345 4,926 45 274 31 227 326 634 757 853 77 23 13,666 18,967 20,875 31,912  3,179 7,337 n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a n/a 20 576 797 4,824 6,123 n/a n/a 21 23 2,259 2,052 n/a n/a 17,471 27,608  25 527 307 1,267 3,827 5,733 199 618 18 91 61 250 10 40 11,317 15,301 | 907 2,607 4,114 4,903 7,437 8,105 228 854 2,077 99 174 1,180 n/a n/a 4,943 169 1,623 1,091 n/a n/a n/a n/a 14,279 20,982 14,908 20,585 33,677 36,417  907 2,952 5,770 305 1,091 3,125 416 1,965 1,202 4,345 4,926 3,811 45 274 581 31 227 389 326 634 578 757 853 579 77 23 106 13,666 18,967 19,782 20,875 31,912 35,920  3,179 7,337 7,005 n/a n/a n/a 1,296 4,824 6,123 4,967 n/a n/a 20 46 576 797 1,296 4,824 6,123 4,967 n/a n/a 20 46 576 797 1,296 4,824 6,123 4,967 n/a n/a 20 46 576 797 1,296 4,824 6,123 4,967 n/a n/a 20 46 576 797 1,296 4,824 6,123 4,967 n/a n/a 20 46 576 797 1,296 4,824 6,123 4,967 n/a n/a 20 46 576 797 1,296 4,824 6,123 4,967 n/a n/a 20 46 576 797 1,296 4,824 6,123 4,967 n/a n/a 2,641 17,471 27,608 22,838  25 527 1,761 307 1,267 1,210 3,827 5,733 4,537 199 618 1,309 18 91 310 61 250 494 10 40 149 11,317 15,301 14,552 | 907 2,607 4,114 6,759 4,903 7,437 8,105 7,337 228 854 2,077 3,751 99 174 1,180 1,122 n/a n/a 4,943 2,320 169 1,623 1,091 1,496 n/a n/a n/a n/a 159 14,279 20,982 14,908 9,800 20,585 33,677 36,417 32,744  907 2,952 5,770 8,664 305 1,091 3,125 4,248 416 1,965 1,202 2,544 4,345 4,926 3,811 3,862 45 274 581 263 31 227 389 675 326 634 578 634 757 853 579 1,107 77 23 106 501 13,666 18,967 19,782 10,313 20,875 31,912 35,920 32,811  3,179 7,337 7,005 9,174 n/a n/a 4,992 3,372 n/a n/a n/a 4,992 3,372 n/a n/a n/a 4,992 3,372 n/a n/a 1,296 1,748 4,824 6,123 4,967 3,409 n/a n/a 842 1,162 21 23 41 408 2,259 2,052 1,008 916 n/a n/a 2,641 1,962 17,471 27,608 22,838 26,141  25 527 1,761 3,364 307 1,267 1,210 2,760 3,827 5,733 4,537 4,469 199 618 1,309 1,565 18 91 310 266 61 250 494 650 10 40 149 251 11,317 15,301 14,552 8,745 |               | (thousand tonnes nutrients)   907 |        | 907   2,607   4,114   6,759   15,998   18,633   17,964   17,736   4,903   7,437   8,105   7,337   6,297   6,346   6,698   6,509   228   854   2,077   3,751   4,378   4,429   4,560   4,724   99   174   1,180   1,122   1,875   2,092   3,089   4,023   n/a   n/a   4,943   2,320   2,926   3,018   3,135   3,667   169   1,623   1,091   1,496   2,004   2,171   2,133   2,111   n/a   n/a   n/a   n/a   1,496   2,004   2,171   2,133   2,111   1,279   20,982   14,908   9,800   8,960   8,458   8,735   9,009   20,585   33,677   36,417   32,744   42,558   46,475   47,657   49,352   41,978   3,664   12,988   13,973   12,682   12,100   305   1,091   3,125   4,248   8,050   6,979   6,705   6,854   416   1,965   1,202   2,544   3,384   4,401   4,974   5,126   4,345   4,926   3,811   3,862   3,890   3,920   4,091   4,297   45   274   581   263   755   1,261   1,002   1,338   31   227   389   675   767   1,007   1,269   1,279   326   634   678   634   723   1,025   947   1,080   757   853   579   1,107   817   953   800   997   7 23   106   501   650   821   767   798   778   23   106   501   650   821   767   798   778   23   106   501   650   821   767   798   778   23   106   501   650   821   767   798   778   23   106   501   650   821   767   798   778   23   106   501   650   821   767   798   778   785 |

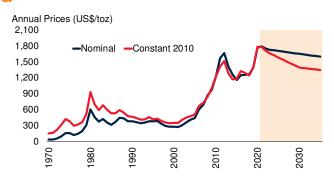
Source: International Fertilizer Association (September 2019 update).

Note: n/a implies data not available. The statistics are based on the nutrient content. All production statistics are expressed on a calendar-year basis, while consumption statistics are expressed either on a calendar- or on a fertilizer-year basis (see https://www.ifastat.org/faq for details).

## Gold



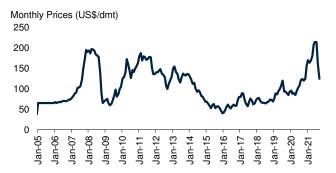




Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                      | 1990  | 2000  | 2005  | 2010  | 2016       | 2017  | 2018     | 2019  | 2020  |
|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
|                      |       |       |       | (me   | tric tons) |       |          |       |       |
| Production           |       |       |       |       |            |       |          |       |       |
| China                | 100   | 175   | 209   | 341   | 453        | 426   | 401      | 380   | 365   |
| Australia            | 242   | 296   | 263   | 260   | 291        | 292   | 313      | 326   | 328   |
| Russia               | n/a   | 144   | 163   | 201   | 254        | 270   | 280      | 305   | 305   |
| United States        | 294   | 353   | 256   | 231   | 232        | 237   | 226      | 200   | 190   |
| Canada               | 169   | 156   | 121   | 91    | 164        | 171   | 194      | 183   | 170   |
| Ghana                | 17    | 72    | 67    | 93    | 129        | 130   | 149      | 142   | 125   |
| Kazakhstan           | n/a   | 27    | 18    | 30    | 75         | 85    | 97       | 103   | 118   |
| Uzbekistan           | n/a   | 88    | 84    | 90    | 100        | 102   | 102      | 102   | 102   |
| Mexico               | 9     | 24    | 30    | 79    | 132        | 127   | 118      | 109   | 102   |
| South Africa         | 605   | 428   | 297   | 191   | 142        | 137   | 117      | 105   | 96    |
| Sudan                | 0     | 6     | 5     | 2     | 93         | 107   | 94       | 94    | 94    |
| Indonesia            | 11    | 125   | 158   | 106   | 81         | 99    | 112      | 109   | 86    |
| Peru                 | 9     | 134   | 206   | 164   | 153        | 152   | 140      | 128   | 85    |
| Brazil               | 102   | 61    | 38    | 62    | 94         | 80    | 85       | 75    | 63    |
| Argentina            | 1     | 26    | 28    | 64    | 57         | 61    | 58       | 59    | 59    |
| Burkina Faso         | 3     | 1     | 1     | 23    | 39         | 46    | 53       | 51    | 58    |
| Tanzania             | n/a   | 15    | 48    | 39    | 45         | 43    | 39       | 48    | 56    |
| Papua New Guinea     | 34    | 73    | 67    | 67    | 62         | 65    | 68       | 74    | 54    |
| Mali                 | 2     | 29    | 44    | 39    | 47         | 48    | 61       | 48    | 49    |
| Others               | n/a   | 327   | 401   | 597   | 579        | 572   | 551      | 689   | 733   |
| World                | 2,133 | 2,560 | 2,504 | 2,771 | 3,222      | 3,252 | 3,259    | 3,332 | 3,237 |
| abrication           | ,     | ,     | ,     | ,     | •          | •     | ,        | ,     | ,     |
| China                | 46    | 213   | 277   | 523   | 788        | 771   | 785      | n/a   | n/a   |
| India                | 241   | 704   | 695   | 783   | 506        | 783   | 701      | n/a   | n/a   |
| United States        | 215   | 277   | 219   | 179   | 172        | 150   | 156      | n/a   | n/a   |
| Japan                | 205   | 161   | 165   | 158   | 99         | 100   | 100      | n/a   | n/a   |
| Turkey               | 133   | 228   | 303   | 109   | 101        | 122   | 98       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Italy                | 396   | 522   | 290   | 126   | 88         | 89    | 84       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Korea, Rep.          | 67    | 107   | 83    | 93    | 78         | 80    | 81       | n/a   | n/a   |
| South Africa         | 18    | 14    | 10    | 25    | 38         | 50    | 71       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Iran                 | n/a   | 46    | 41    | 72    | 35         | 42    | 63       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Indonesia            | 84    | 99    | 87    | 45    | 45         | 45    | 49       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Russia               | n/a   | 34    | 61    | 61    | 47         | 47    | 47       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Germany              | 78    | 64    | 52    | 41    | 37         | 41    | 44       | n/a   | n/a   |
| United Arab Emirates | 14    | 50    | 55    | 33    | 45         | 56    | 43       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Switzerland          | 54    | 54    | 56    | 41    | 34         | 33    | 36       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Saudi Arabia         | 70    | 153   | 125   | 59    | 40         | 34    | 34       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Malaysia             | 45    | 86    | 74    | 45    | 34         | 30    | 30       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Singapore            | 31    | 26    | 30    | 28    | 27         | 28    | 28       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Canada               | 46    | 25    | 27    | 44    | 41         | 29    | 25       | n/a   | n/a   |
| Thailand             | 86    | 79    | 69    | 27    | 24         | 29    | 25<br>25 | n/a   | n/a   |
| Others               |       |       |       |       |            |       | -        |       |       |
|                      | n/a   | 819   | 608   | 400   | 315        | 310   | 318      | n/a   | n/a   |
| World                | 3,294 | 3,761 | 3,325 | 2,891 | 2,592      | 2,861 | 2,817    | n/a   | n/    |

## **Iron Ore**



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



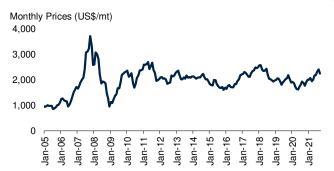
Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                        | 1971 | 1980 | 1990 | 2000     | 2010        | 2017  | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  |
|------------------------|------|------|------|----------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                        |      |      |      | (million | metric tons | )     |       |       |       |
| Iron Ore Production    |      |      |      |          |             |       |       |       |       |
| Australia              | 62   | 99   | 109  | 176      | 433         | 885   | 908   | 919   | n/a   |
| Brazil                 | 38   | 113  | 152  | 209      | 372         | 454   | 460   | 405   | n/a   |
| China                  | 55   | 113  | 148  | 105      | 357         | 345   | 335   | 351   | n/a   |
| India                  | 34   | 41   | 54   | 75       | 209         | 202   | 204   | 238   | n/a   |
| Russia                 | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | 87       | 99          | 95    | 96    | 98    | n/a   |
| South Africa           | 10   | n/a  | 30   | 34       | 55          | 75    | 74    | 72    | n/a   |
| Ukraine                | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | 56       | 79          | 61    | 61    | 63    | n/a   |
| Canada                 | 43   | 49   | 37   | 36       | 38          | 50    | 52    | 58    | n/a   |
| United States          | 82   | 71   | 55   | 63       | 50          | 48    | 50    | 47    | n/a   |
| Sweden                 | 34   | 27   | 20   | 21       | 25          | 32    | 36    | 36    | n/a   |
| Iran                   | n/a  | n/a  | 2    | 12       | 33          | 34    | 36    | 33    | n/a   |
| Kazakhstan             | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | 15       | 18          | 39    | 42    | 22    | n/a   |
| Turkey                 | 2    | 3    | 6    | 4        | 6           | 10    | 10    | 16    | n/a   |
| Peru                   | 9    | 6    | 3    | 4        | 9           | 13    | 14    | 15    | n/a   |
| Chile                  | 11   | 9    | 8    | 8        | 10          | 15    | 14    | 13    | n/a   |
| Mauritania             | 8    | 9    | 11   | 11       | 11          | 12    | 11    | 12    | n/a   |
| Mexico                 | 5    | 8    | 9    | 11       | 14          | 19    | 22    | 11    | n/a   |
| Mongolia               | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | n/a      | 3           | 8     | 6     | 9     | n/a   |
| Vietnam                | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0        | 2           | 6     | 6     | 6     | n/a   |
| Malaysia               | 1    | 0    | 0    | 0        | 3           | 4     | 3     | 4     | n/a   |
| Liberia                | 23   | 18   | 4    | n/a      | n/a         | 2     | 4     | 4     | n/a   |
| Others                 | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | 32       | 47          | 33    | 27    | 17    | n/a   |
| World                  | 781  | 931  | 984  | 959      | 1,874       | 2,440 | 2,470 | 2,450 | n/a   |
| Crude steel production |      |      |      |          |             |       |       |       |       |
| China                  | 21   | 37   | 66   | 129      | 639         | 871   | 928   | 995   | 1,065 |
| India                  | 6    | 10   | 15   | 27       | 69          | 101   | 109   | 111   | 100   |
| Japan                  | 89   | 111  | 110  | 106      | 110         | 105   | 104   | 99    | 83    |
| United States          | 109  | 101  | 90   | 102      | 80          | 82    | 87    | 88    | 73    |
| Russia                 | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | 59       | 67          | 71    | 72    | 72    | 72    |
| Korea, Rep.            | 0    | 9    | 23   | 43       | 59          | 71    | 72    | 71    | 67    |
| Turkey                 | 1    | 3    | 9    | 14       | 29          | 38    | 37    | 34    | 36    |
| Germany                | 40   | 44   | 38   | 46       | 44          | 43    | 42    | 40    | 36    |
| Brazil                 | 6    | 15   | 21   | 28       | 33          | 35    | 35    | 33    | 31    |
| Iran                   | n/a  | 1    | 1    | 7        | 12          | 21    | 25    | 26    | 29    |
| Taiwan, China          | 0    | 3    | 10   | 17       | 20          | 22    | 23    | 22    | 21    |
| Ukraine                | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | 32       | 33          | 21    | 21    | 21    | 21    |
| Italy                  | 17   | 27   | 25   | 27       | 26          | 24    | 24    | 23    | 20    |
| Vietnam                | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | 0        | 4           | 11    | 15    | 18    | 20    |
| Mexico                 | 4    | 7    | 9    | 16       | 17          | 20    | 20    | 18    | 17    |
| France                 | 23   | 23   | 19   | 21       | 15          | 16    | 15    | 14    | 12    |
| Spain                  | 8    | 13   | 13   | 16       | 16          | 14    | 14    | 14    | 11    |
| Others                 | n/a  | n/a  | n/a  | 160      | 160         | 169   | 179   | 176   | 165   |
| World                  | 583  | 716  | 770  | 849      | 1,433       | 1,736 | 1,825 | 1,874 | 1,878 |

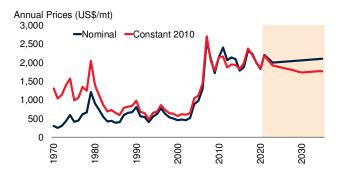
Sources: U.S. Geological Survey, World Steel Association.

Note: n/a implies data not available. Crude steel production includes all qualities: carbon, stainless, and other alloy.

### Lead



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.

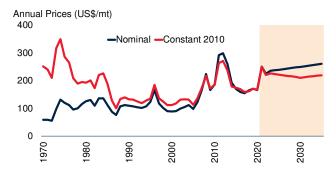


|                     | 1970  | 1980  | 1990  | 2000     | 2010        | 2017   | 2018   | 2019   | 2020   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                     |       |       |       | (thousan | d metric to | ns)    |        |        |        |
| Mine Production     |       |       |       | -        |             | •      |        |        |        |
| China               | 100   | 160   | 364   | 660      | 1,981       | 1,852  | 1,892  | 2,751  | 3,241  |
| Australia           | 457   | 398   | 570   | 678      | 711         | 395    | 446    | 510    | 494    |
| United States       | 519   | 562   | 493   | 447      | 356         | 313    | 280    | 274    | 307    |
| Mexico              | 177   | 146   | 174   | 138      | 192         | 241    | 235    | 259    | 244    |
| Peru                | 157   | 189   | 188   | 271      | 262         | 307    | 289    | 308    | 242    |
| India               | 2     | 15    | 26    | 38       | 89          | 176    | 185    | 201    | 207    |
| Russia              | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 13       | 97          | 210    | 220    | 220    | 200    |
| Turkey              | 6     | 8     | 18    | 16       | 39          | 75     | 76     | 72     | 75     |
| Tajikistan          | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 2        | 4           | 69     | 53     | 66     | 66     |
| Sweden              | 78    | 72    | 84    | 107      | 68          | 71     | 65     | 69     | 65     |
| Bolivia             | n/a   | 16    | 20    | 10       | 73          | 111    | 112    | 88     | 65     |
| Iran                | n/a   | 12    | 9     | 17       | 32          | 48     | 44     | 50     | 52     |
| Uzbekistan          | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 0        | 0           | 40     | 50     | 50     | 50     |
| Others              | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 685      | 463         | 529    | 522    | 561    | 450    |
| World               | 3,350 | 3,548 | 3,143 | 3,080    | 4,367       | 4,437  | 4,470  | 5,478  | 5,758  |
| Refined Production  |       |       |       |          |             |        |        |        |        |
| China               | 100   | 175   | 297   | 1,100    | 4,157       | 4,726  | 4,943  | 5,797  | 6,443  |
| United States       | 605   | 1,150 | 1,290 | 1,431    | 1,255       | 1,127  | 1,136  | 1,170  | 1,150  |
| India               | 2     | 26    | 39    | 57       | 366         | 563    | 595    | 645    | 814    |
| Korea, Rep.         | n/a   | 15    | 63    | 222      | 321         | 807    | 801    | 813    | 704    |
| Mexico              | 180   | 184   | 235   | 332      | 270         | 423    | 433    | 447    | 411    |
| United Kingdom      | 44    | 325   | 329   | 328      | 301         | 309    | 303    | 300    | 361    |
| Germany             | 138   | 392   | 394   | 387      | 405         | 356    | 313    | 332    | 320    |
| Japan               | 175   | 305   | 327   | 312      | 267         | 239    | 238    | 237    | 238    |
| Brazil              | 19    | 85    | 57    | 86       | 115         | 180    | 195    | 195    | 195    |
| Russia              | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 50       | 96          | 206    | 201    | 190    | 192    |
| Canada              | 186   | 235   | 184   | 284      | 273         | 274    | 250    | 250    | 190    |
| Spain               | 69    | 121   | 124   | 120      | 163         | 168    | 190    | 192    | 175    |
| Poland              | n/a   | 82    | 65    | 69       | 120         | 157    | 159    | 159    | 164    |
| Others              | 1,902 | 2,351 | 2,115 | 1,929    | 1,710       | 1,721  | 1,800  | 1,196  | 1,351  |
| World               | 3,419 | 5,446 | 5,518 | 6,707    | 9,820       | 11,257 | 11,557 | 11,923 | 12,706 |
| Refined Consumption |       |       |       |          |             |        |        |        |        |
| China               | n/a   | 210   | 244   | 660      | 4,171       | 4,805  | 5,065  | 5,915  | 6,475  |
| United States       | n/a   | 1,094 | 1,275 | 1,660    | 1,430       | 2,110  | 2,020  | 1,637  | 1,520  |
| India               | n/a   | 33    | 147   | 56       | 420         | 551    | 569    | 610    | 799    |
| Korea, Rep.         | n/a   | 54    | 80    | 309      | 382         | 624    | 615    | 623    | 536    |
| Germany             | n/a   | 433   | 448   | 390      | 343         | 413    | 389    | 390    | 371    |
| Mexico              | n/a   | 85    | 132   | 288      | 201         | 313    | 318    | 330    | 315    |
| Spain               | n/a   | 111   | 115   | 219      | 262         | 263    | 273    | 294    | 280    |
| Japan               | n/a   | 393   | 416   | 343      | 224         | 287    | 271    | 252    | 272    |
| Brazil              | n/a   | 83    | 75    | 155      | 201         | 251    | 248    | 242    | 231    |
| Others              | n/a   | 2,853 | 2,416 | 2,411    | 2,156       | 2,660  | 2,674  | 2,648  | 2,618  |
| World               | n/a   | 5,348 | 5,348 | 6,491    | 9,790       | 12,278 | 12,443 | 12,942 | 13,418 |

## Maize



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                | 1970/1971 | 1980/1981 | 1990/1991 | 2000/2001 | 2010/2011    | 2018/2019 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                |           |           |           | (milli    | on metric to | ns)       |           |           |           |
| Production     |           |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |
| United States  | 105.5     | 168.6     | 201.5     | 251.9     | 315.6        | 364.3     | 346.0     | 358.4     | 381.5     |
| China          | 33.0      | 62.6      | 96.8      | 106.0     | 190.8        | 257.2     | 260.8     | 260.7     | 273.0     |
| Brazil         | 14.1      | 22.6      | 24.3      | 41.5      | 57.4         | 101.0     | 102.0     | 86.0      | 118.0     |
| European Union | 16.4      | 21.6      | 23.4      | 51.8      | 58.6         | 64.4      | 66.7      | 64.4      | 66.3      |
| Argentina      | 9.9       | 12.9      | 7.7       | 15.4      | 25.2         | 51.0      | 51.0      | 50.0      | 53.0      |
| Ukraine        | n/a       | n/a       | 4.7       | 3.8       | 11.9         | 35.8      | 35.9      | 30.3      | 38.0      |
| India          | 7.5       | 7.0       | 9.0       | 12.0      | 21.7         | 27.7      | 28.8      | 31.5      | 30.0      |
| Mexico         | 8.9       | 10.4      | 14.1      | 17.9      | 21.1         | 27.7      | 26.7      | 27.4      | 28.0      |
| South Africa   | 8.6       | 14.9      | 8.6       | 8.0       | 10.9         | 11.8      | 15.8      | 16.9      | 17.0      |
| Russia         | n/a       | n/a       | 2.5       | 1.5       | 3.1          | 11.4      | 14.3      | 13.9      | 15.0      |
| Canada         | 2.6       | 5.8       | 7.1       | 7.0       | 12.0         | 13.9      | 13.4      | 13.6      | 14.0      |
| Indonesia      | 2.8       | 4.0       | 5.0       | 5.9       | 6.8          | 12.0      | 12.0      | 11.8      | 12.0      |
| Nigeria        | 1.3       | 1.7       | 5.8       | 4.0       | 7.7          | 11.0      | 11.0      | 10.0      | 11.0      |
| Others         | 57.4      | 76.7      | 71.2      | 64.7      | 106.7        | 138.0     | 134.3     | 140.7     | 141.4     |
| World          | 268.1     | 408.7     | 481.8     | 591.5     | 849.5        | 1127.1    | 1118.6    | 1115.5    | 1198.2    |
| Stocks         |           |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |
| China          | 8.9       | 42.8      | 82.8      | 102.4     | 43.2         | 210.2     | 200.5     | 204.2     | 209.2     |
| United States  | 16.8      | 35.4      | 38.6      | 48.2      | 28.6         | 56.4      | 48.8      | 31.4      | 38.1      |
| Brazil         | 2.2       | 4.3       | 1.4       | 2.7       | 6.3          | 5.3       | 5.2       | 4.7       | 8.4       |
| European Union | 2.2       | 4.3       | 1.4       | 3.2       | 5.2          | 7.6       | 7.6       | 6.9       | 7.3       |
| South Africa   | 1.6       | 4.6       | 1.0       | 0.5       | 1.0          | 1.0       | 2.1       | 2.8       | 3.3       |
| Others         | 4.3       | 11.3      | 16.1      | 18.1      | 30.9         | 42.0      | 41.9      | 39.9      | 35.4      |
| World          | 36.1      | 102.5     | 141.4     | 175.1     | 115.3        | 322.6     | 306.1     | 290.0     | 301.7     |
| Exports        |           |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |
| United States  | 12.9      | 60.7      | 43.9      | 49.3      | 46.5         | 52.5      | 45.1      | 69.9      | 63.5      |
| Brazil         | 0.9       | 0.0       | n/a       | 6.3       | 8.4          | 39.7      | 35.2      | 20.0      | 43.0      |
| Argentina      | 6.4       | 9.1       | 4.0       | 9.7       | 16.3         | 37.2      | 36.3      | 37.5      | 38.0      |
| Ukraine        | n/a       | n/a       | 0.4       | 0.4       | 5.0          | 30.3      | 28.9      | 23.8      | 31.5      |
| Russia         | n/a       | n/a       | 0.4       | 0.0       | 0.0          | 2.8       | 4.1       | 3.9       | 4.5       |
| European Union | 4.9       | 0.1       | 0.2       | 0.5       | 1.1          | 4.3       | 5.4       | 3.4       | 4.1       |
| South Africa   | 2.6       | 5.0       | 0.9       | 1.3       | 2.4          | 1.4       | 2.5       | 3.2       | 3.2       |
| Others         | n/a       | n/a       | 8.7       | 9.3       | 11.7         | 14.4      | 14.9      | 16.3      | 14.1      |
| World          | 32.2      | 80.3      | 58.4      | 76.7      | 91.6         | 182.6     | 172.4     | 178.0     | 201.9     |
| Imports        |           |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |
| China          | n/a       | 0.8       | n/a       | 0.1       | 1.0          | 4.5       | 7.6       | 28.0      | 26.0      |
| Mexico         | 0.1       | 3.8       | 1.9       | 6.0       | 8.3          | 16.7      | 16.5      | 16.5      | 17.0      |
| Japan          | 5.2       | 14.0      | 16.3      | 16.3      | 15.6         | 16.1      | 15.9      | 15.4      | 15.6      |
| European Union | 18.0      | 20.5      | 3.1       | 3.7       | 7.4          | 23.6      | 17.4      | 14.2      | 15.0      |
| Korea, Rep.    | 0.3       | 2.4       | 5.6       | 8.7       | 8.1          | 10.9      | 11.9      | 11.5      | 11.5      |
| Egypt          | 0.1       | 1.0       | 1.9       | 5.3       | 5.8          | 9.4       | 10.4      | 9.6       | 10.0      |
| Vietnam        | 0.1       | 0.1       | n/a       | 0.1       | 1.3          | 10.1      | 10.6      | 13.5      | 10.0      |
| Others         | 4.6       | 31.7      | 29.6      | 34.8      | 46.0         | 75.5      | 77.3      | 77.7      | 78.7      |
| World          | 28.4      | 74.3      | 58.5      | 75.0      | 93.4         | 166.6     | 167.6     | 186.4     | 183.8     |

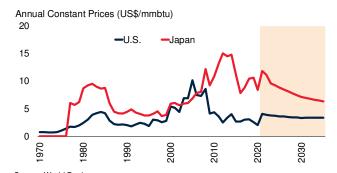
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture (October 12, 2021 update).

Note: The trade year is January-December of the later year of the split. For example, 1970/71 refers to calendar year 1971. European Union includes EU-15 for 1970-1991.

## **Natural gas**

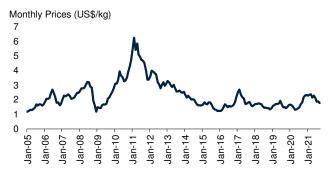


Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.

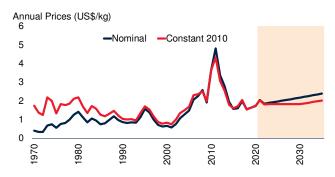


|                      | 1970 | 1980  | 1990  | 2000     | 2010         | 2017  | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  |
|----------------------|------|-------|-------|----------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                      |      |       |       | (billion | cubic meters | s)    |       |       |       |
| Production           |      |       |       |          |              |       |       |       |       |
| United States        | 571  | 525   | 483   | 519      | 575          | 746   | 841   | 930   | 915   |
| Russia               | n/a  | n/a   | 600   | 537      | 598          | 636   | 669   | 679   | 638   |
| Iran                 | 3    | 5     | 25    | 56       | 144          | 214   | 232   | 241   | 251   |
| China                | 3    | 14    | 15    | 27       | 97           | 149   | 161   | 178   | 194   |
| Qatar                | 1    | 5     | 7     | 26       | 123          | 170   | 169   | 172   | 171   |
| Canada               | 54   | 71    | 103   | 176      | 150          | 174   | 177   | 169   | 165   |
| Australia            | 2    | 11    | 21    | 31       | 53           | 110   | 126   | 143   | 143   |
| Saudi Arabia         | 2    | 9     | 32    | 47       | 83           | 109   | 112   | 111   | 112   |
| Norway               | 0    | 25    | 25    | 49       | 106          | 124   | 121   | 114   | 111   |
| Algeria              | 2    | 15    | 52    | 92       | 77           | 93    | 94    | 87    | 81    |
| Malaysia             | 0    | 3     | 18    | 50       | 65           | 78    | 77    | 79    | 73    |
| Indonesia            | 1    | 19    | 45    | 71       | 87           | 73    | 73    | 68    | 63    |
| Turkmenistan         | n/a  | n/a   | 79    | 42       | 40           | 59    | 62    | 63    | 59    |
| Egypt                | 0    | 2     | 8     | 20       | 59           | 49    | 59    | 65    | 58    |
| United Arab Emirates | 1    | 7     | 20    | 37       | 50           | 59    | 58    | 58    | 55    |
| Nigeria              | 0    | 2     | 4     | 11       | 31           | 47    | 48    | 49    | 49    |
| Uzbekistan           | n/a  | n/a   | 37    | 51       | 57           | 53    | 57    | 57    | 47    |
| United Kingdom       | 11   | 36    | 48    | 113      | 58           | 42    | 41    | 40    | 39    |
| Argentina            | 6    | 8     | 17    | 36       | 39           | 37    | 39    | 42    | 38    |
| Oman                 | 0    | 1     | 2     | 10       | 26           | 32    | 36    | 37    | 37    |
| Thailand             | 0    | 0     | 7     | 21       | 34           | 36    | 35    | 36    | 33    |
| Kazakhstan           | n/a  | n/a   | 5     | 8        | 28           | 34    | 34    | 34    | 32    |
| Pakistan             | 3    | 6     | 10    | 18       | 35           | 35    | 34    | 33    | 31    |
| Others               | n/a  | n/a   | 308   | 350      | 536          | 516   | 497   | 492   | 456   |
| World                | 976  | 1,428 | 1,970 | 2,401    | 3,151        | 3,676 | 3,853 | 3,976 | 3,854 |
| Consumption          |      |       |       |          |              |       |       |       |       |
| United States        | 575  | 534   | 517   | 628      | 648          | 740   | 822   | 849   | 832   |
| Russia               | n/a  | n/a   | 414   | 366      | 424          | 431   | 454   | 444   | 411   |
| China                | 3    | 14    | 15    | 25       | 109          | 241   | 284   | 308   | 331   |
| Iran                 | 3    | 5     | 23    | 59       | 144          | 205   | 220   | 223   | 233   |
| Canada               | 35   | 50    | 64    | 89       | 92           | 110   | 116   | 118   | 113   |
| Saudi Arabia         | 2    | 9     | 32    | 47       | 83           | 109   | 112   | 111   | 112   |
| Japan                | 4    | 25    | 50    | 76       | 100          | 117   | 116   | 108   | 104   |
| Germany              | 16   | 61    | 64    | 83       | 88           | 88    | 86    | 89    | 87    |
| Mexico               | 10   | 22    | 27    | 36       | 66           | 86    | 88    | 88    | 86    |
| United Kingdom       | 12   | 47    | 55    | 101      | 98           | 79    | 80    | 77    | 72    |
| United Arab Emirates | 1    | 5     | 16    | 31       | 59           | 72    | 71    | 71    | 70    |
| Italy                | 12   | 26    | 45    | 68       | 79           | 72    | 69    | 71    | 68    |
| India                | 1    | 1     | 12    | 25       | 59           | 54    | 58    | 59    | 60    |
| Egypt                | 0    | 2     | 8     | 19       | 43           | 56    | 60    | 59    | 58    |
| Korea, Rep.          | 0    | 0     | 3     | 20       | 45           | 50    | 58    | 56    | 57    |
| Others               | n/a  | n/a   | 603   | 725      | 1,021        | 1,144 | 1,145 | 1,171 | 1,130 |
| World                | 961  | 1,424 | 1,948 | 2,400    | 3,160        | 3,654 | 3,838 | 3,904 | 3,823 |

## **Natural rubber**



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                 | 1970     | 1980     | 1990  | 2000     | 2010         | 2017       | 2018   | 2019         | 2020       |
|-----------------|----------|----------|-------|----------|--------------|------------|--------|--------------|------------|
|                 |          |          |       | (thousar | nd metric to | ns)        |        |              |            |
| Production      |          |          |       |          |              |            |        |              |            |
| Thailand        | 287      | 501      | 1,275 | 2,346    | 10,403       | 4,775      | 5,145  | 4,900        | 4,506      |
| Indonesia       | 815      | 822      | 1,261 | 1,501    | 3,252        | 3,499      | 3,486  | 3,100        | 2,800      |
| Vietnam         | 28       | 46       | 94    | 291      | 2,736        | 1,094      | 1,142  | 1,222        | 1,248      |
| Cote d'Ivoire   | 11       | 23       | 69    | 123      | 752          | 604        | 624    | 808          | 950        |
| China           | 46       | 113      | 264   | 445      | 231          | 798        | 811    | 774          | 688        |
| India           | 90       | 155      | 324   | 629      | 687          | 713        | 660    | 702          | 685        |
| Malaysia        | 1,269    | 1,530    | 1,291 | 928      | 851          | 741        | 603    | 640          | 514        |
| Cambodia        | n/a      | n/a      | n/a   | n/a      | 939          | 193        | 220    | 288          | 349        |
| Myanmar         | 10       | 16       | 15    | 36       | 42           | 242        | 280    | 289          | 260        |
| Others          | 254      | 29       | 176   | 82       | -9,490       | 882        | 934    | 979          | 1,008      |
| World           | 2,810    | 3,235    | 4,769 | 6,380    | 10,403       | 13,540     | 13,905 | 13,701       | 13,008     |
| Consumption     | ·        |          |       | •        |              |            | ·      | •            | ,          |
| China           | 250      | 340      | 600   | 1,150    | 3,622        | 5,301      | 5,504  | 5,497        | 5,440      |
| India           | 86       | 171      | 358   | 638      | 944          | 1,082      | 1,220  | 1,144        | 1,040      |
| European Union  | 991      | 1,007    | 1,012 | 1,293    | 1,136        | 1,236      | 1,231  | 1,191        | 1,039      |
| United States   | 568      | 585      | 808   | 1,195    | 926          | 958        | 987    | 1,003        | 806        |
| Thailand        | 8        | 28       | 99    | 243      | 487          | 685        | 752    | 800          | 764        |
| Japan           | 283      | 427      | 677   | 752      | 749          | 679        | 706    | 714          | 581        |
| Indonesia       | 25       | 46       | 108   | 139      | 421          | 608        | 618    | 625          | 573        |
| Malaysia        | 20       | 45       | 184   | 364      | 458          | 489        | 515    | 501          | 517        |
| Brazil          | 37       | 81       | 124   | 227      | 378          | 395        | 398    | 402          | 345        |
| Others          | 822      | 1.050    | 1.099 | 1,307    | 1,638        | 1,784      | 1,838  | 1.763        | 1.691      |
| World           | 3,090    | 3,780    | 5,068 | 7,306    | 10,759       | 13,217     | 13,769 | 13,640       | 12,795     |
| Exports         | 0,000    | 0,700    | 0,000 | 7,000    | 10,700       | 10,217     | 10,700 | 10,040       | 12,700     |
| Thailand        | 279      | 457      | 1,151 | 2,166    | 2,866        | 4,427      | 4,492  | 3,962        | 3,768      |
| Indonesia       | 790      | 976      | 1,077 | 1,380    | 2,369        | 3,249      | 2,961  | 2,579        | 2,449      |
| Vietnam         | 23       | 33       | 80    | 273      | 782          | 1,380      | 1,500  | 1,698        | 1,766      |
| Malaysia        | 1,304    | 1,482    | 1,322 | 978      | 1,245        | 1,189      | 1,096  | 1,023        | 1,058      |
| Cote d'Ivoire   | 11       | 23       | 69    | 121      | 226          | 591        | 622    | 767          | 920        |
| Cambodia        | 7        | 15       | 24    | 33       | 43           | 189        | 218    | 282          | 338        |
| Myanmar         | n/a      | n/a      | n/a   | n/a      | 67           | 147        | 162    | 200          | 194        |
| Others          | 406      | 284      | 239   | 326      | 448          | 988        |        |              |            |
|                 |          |          |       |          |              |            | 1,027  | 1,100        | 1,100      |
| World           | 2,820    | 3,270    | 3,962 | 5,277    | 8,047        | 12,160     | 12,078 | 11,612       | 11,593     |
| Imports         | 470      | 0.40     | 0.40  | 000      | 0.000        | F 077      | 5.044  | 4.740        | F 400      |
| China           | 178      | 242      | 340   | 820      | 2,888        | 5,277      | 5,211  | 4,746        | 5,438      |
| European Union  | 1,071    | 1,068    | 1,072 | 1,474    | 1,426        | 1,571      | 1,598  | 1,557        | 1,297      |
| Malaysia        | 45       | 43       | 136   | 548      | 706          | 1,096      | 1,014  | 1,083        | 1,222      |
| United States   | 543      | 576      | 820   | 1,192    | 931          | 972        | 997    | 1,010<br>674 | 804<br>644 |
| Vietnam         | n/a      | n/a      | n/a   | n/a      | 127          | 526        | 583    | -            | -          |
| Japan           | 292      | 458<br>1 | 663   | 801      | 747          | 699<br>398 | 694    | 731<br>486   | 558<br>378 |
| India<br>Others | 3<br>678 | 847      | 61    | 11       | 187          |            | 586    |              |            |
| World           |          |          | 1,677 | 1,534    | 1,667        | 1,706      | 1,745  | 1,684        | 1,561      |
| world           | 2,810    | 3,235    | 4,769 | 6,380    | 8,680        | 12,246     | 12,428 | 11,970       | 11,902     |

Source: Rubber Statistical Bulletin, International Rubber Study Group (July-September 2021 update). Note: n/a implies data not available.

## **Nickel**

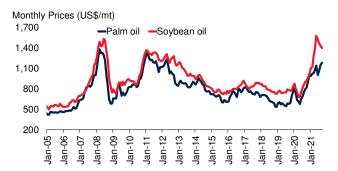


Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.

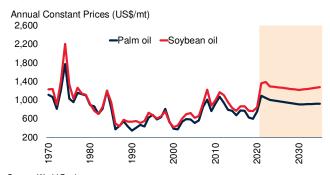


|                     | 1970       | 1980 | 1990 | 2000     | 2010         | 2017  | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  |
|---------------------|------------|------|------|----------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                     |            |      |      | (thousan | d metric tor | ns)   |       |       |       |
| Mine Production     |            |      |      |          |              |       |       |       |       |
| Indonesia           | 11         | 41   | 69   | 117      | 216          | 357   | 651   | 916   | 781   |
| Philippines         | 0          | 47   | 16   | 17       | 184          | 379   | 390   | 341   | 337   |
| Russia              | n/a        | n/a  | n/a  | 266      | 274          | 215   | 218   | 226   | 233   |
| New Caledonia       | 139        | 87   | 85   | 129      | 130          | 215   | 216   | 208   | 199   |
| Australia           | 30         | 74   | 70   | 170      | 168          | 185   | 160   | 159   | 170   |
| Canada              | 277        | 185  | 196  | 191      | 160          | 214   | 186   | 193   | 158   |
| China               | n/a        | 11   | 27   | 51       | 80           | 102   | 108   | 105   | 105   |
| Brazil              | 3          | 6    | 24   | 32       | 54           | 69    | 65    | 56    | 77    |
| Cuba                | 37         | 38   | 39   | 71       | 65           | 49    | 49    | 52    | 50    |
| Guatemala           | n/a        | 7    | 0    | 0        | 0            | 56    | 39    | 32    | 50    |
| Finland             | 5          | 7    | 11   | 3        | 12           | 36    | 44    | 39    | 41    |
| Colombia            | n/a        | 0    | 23   | 28       | 49           | 41    | 43    | 41    | 36    |
| South Africa        | 12         | 26   | 28   | 37       | 40           | 48    | 43    | 43    | 35    |
| Others              | n/a        | n/a  | n/a  | 79       | 84           | 194   | 189   | 189   | 185   |
| World               | 663        | 758  | 906  | 1,191    | 1,518        | 2,162 | 2,402 | 2,599 | 2,457 |
| Refined Production  |            |      |      |          |              |       |       |       |       |
| China               | n/a        | 11   | 28   | 52       | 314          | 621   | 733   | 852   | 728   |
| Indonesia           | n/a        | 4    | 5    | 10       | 19           | 187   | 280   | 360   | 630   |
| Japan               | n/a        | 109  | 100  | 161      | 166          | 187   | 187   | 183   | 171   |
| Russia              | n/a        | n/a  | n/a  | 242      | 263          | 157   | 150   | 154   | 154   |
| Canada              | n/a        | 142  | 135  | 134      | 105          | 155   | 137   | 125   | 124   |
| Australia           | n/a        | 35   | 45   | 112      | 102          | 109   | 115   | 106   | 123   |
| Norway              | n/a        | 37   | 58   | 59       | 92           | 87    | 91    | 92    | 91    |
| New Caledonia       | n/a        | 33   | 32   | 44       | 40           | 104   | 108   | 88    | 72    |
| Finland             | n/a        | 13   | 17   | 54       | 49           | 60    | 61    | 62    | 63    |
| Brazil              | n/a        | 3    | 13   | 23       | 28           | 69    | 65    | 54    | 60    |
| Korea, Rep.         | n/a        | n/a  | 8    | 0        | 23           | 47    | 46    | 44    | 41    |
| Colombia            | n/a        | 0    | 18   | 28       | 49           | 41    | 43    | 41    | 36    |
| United Kingdom      | n/a        | 19   | 27   | 38       | 32           | 37    | 38    | 35    | 32    |
| Others              | n/a        | n/a  | n/a  | 154      | 155          | 196   | 191   | 207   | 180   |
| World               | n/a        | 739  | 904  | 1,110    | 1,437        | 2,056 | 2,244 | 2,403 | 2,507 |
| Refined Consumption |            |      |      | , -      | , -          | ,     | ,     | ,     | ,     |
| China               | n/a        | 18   | 28   | 58       | 489          | 982   | 1,096 | 1,304 | 1,392 |
| Indonesia           | n/a        | n/a  | n/a  | 1        | 1            | 61    | 176   | 181   | 223   |
| Japan               | 99         | 122  | 159  | 192      | 177          | 163   | 175   | 155   | 149   |
| United States       | 149        | 143  | 127  | 153      | 119          | 144   | 136   | 106   | 98    |
| Korea, Rep.         | n/a        | n/a  | 24   | 91       | 101          | 104   | 114   | 113   | 79    |
| India               | 2          | 12   | 14   | 23       | 27           | 82    | 72    | 58    | 64    |
| Germany             | 40         | 78   | 93   | 102      | 100          | 64    | 61    | 57    | 49    |
| Taiwan, China       | n/a        | n/a  | 18   | 106      | 73           | 84    | 88    | 84    | 40    |
| Italy               | 20         | 27   | 27   | 53       | 62           | 60    | 58    | 45    | 39    |
| Others              | 266        | 317  | 351  | 373      | 276          | 350   | 365   | 327   | 280   |
| World               | <b>576</b> | 717  | 842  | 1.150    | 1.426        | 2.095 | 2,342 | 2,431 | 2.414 |
| World               | 3/0        | /1/  | 042  | 1,150    | 1,420        | 2,090 | 2,342 | 2,431 | 2,414 |

## Palm oil and Soybean oil



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank.
Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

| Palm oil Production  | 2021/2022               | 2020/2021 | 2019/2020 | 2018/2019 | 2010/2011    | 2000/2001 | 1990/1991 | 1980/1981 | 1970/1971 |                                       |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| Indonesia  |                         |           |           | ons)      | and metric t | (thous    |           |           |           |                                       |
| Malaysia         589         2,692         6,031         11,937         18,211         20,800         19,255         17,800           Thalland         n/a         19         200         580         1,832         3,034         2,652         2,800           Colombia         36         80         252         520         753         1,631         1,529         1,559           Nigeria         432         520         600         730         971         1,130         1,140         1,275           Guatemala         n/a         432         520         600         730         971         1,130         1,140         1,275           Guatemala         n/a         432         520         600         730         971         1,130         1,140         1,275           Guatemala         n/a         45         145         336         488         705         555         561           Brazil         5         17         70         110         270         525         540         450           Pabus New Guinea         1         1,922         4,896         11,014         24,249         94,9178         74,169         72,372         72,885   |                         |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           | Palm oil Production                   |
| Thailand   | 44,500                  | 43,500    | 42,500    | 41,500    | 23,600       | 8,300     | 2,650     | 752       | 248       | Indonesia                             |
| Colombia         36         80         252         520         753         1,631         1,529         1,559           Nigeria         432         520         600         730         971         1,130         1,140         1,275           Guatemala         n/a         n/a         6         124         231         862         862         865           Honduras         n/a         18         64         148         320         580         580         450           Papua New Guinea         n/a         45         145         336         488         705         555         561           Brazil         5         17         70         110         270         525         540         545           Others         612         753         1,016         1,464         2,502         3,402         3,360         3,508           World         1,922         4,896         11,034         24,249         49,178         74,169         72,973         72,863           Palm oll Consumption         1         1,922         4,896         11,034         22,024         43,525         14,545         15,275           India         1 <th< td=""><td>19,700</td><td>17,800</td><td>19,255</td><td>20,800</td><td>18,211</td><td>11,937</td><td>6,031</td><td>2,692</td><td>589</td><td>Malaysia</td></th<>   | 19,700                  | 17,800    | 19,255    | 20,800    | 18,211       | 11,937    | 6,031     | 2,692     | 589       | Malaysia                              |
| Nigeria  | 3,120                   | 2,800     | 2,652     | 3,034     | 1,832        | 580       | 200       | 19        | n/a       | Thailand                              |
| Guatemala         n/a         n/a         n/a         18         64         124         231         862         862         865           Honduras         n/a         18         64         148         320         580         580         480           Papua New Guinea         n/a         45         145         336         488         705         555         561           Brazil         5         17         70         110         270         525         540         545           Others         612         753         1,016         1,464         2,502         3,402         3,360         3,508           World         1,922         4,896         11,034         24,249         49,178         74,169         72,973         72,863           Palm oil Consumption         India         1         431         259         3,160         5,910         9,085         8,367         8,691           China         53         16         1,194         2,028         5,797         7,012         6,433         6,790           European Union         n/a         n/a         1/a         2,208         5,797         7,012         6,433         6,790   | 1,650                   | 1,559     | 1,529     | 1,631     | 753          | 520       | 252       | 80        | 36        | Colombia                              |
| Honduras   | 1,400                   | 1,275     | 1,140     | 1,130     | 971          | 730       | 600       | 520       | 432       | Nigeria                               |
| Papua New Guinea         n/a         45         145         336         488         705         555         561           Brazili         5         17         70         110         270         525         540         545           Others         612         753         1,016         1,464         2,502         3,402         3,360         3,508           World         1,922         4,896         11,034         24,249         49,178         74,169         72,973         72,863           Palm oil Consumption         Indonesia         29         561         1,330         3,263         6,234         13,485         14,545         15,275           India         1         431         259         3,160         5,910         9,085         8,367         8,691           China         53         16         1,194         2,028         5,797         7,012         6,433         6,780           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,790         4,750         6,550         6,710         6,755           Pakistan         1         231         800         1,245         2,093         3,245         3,290         3,255 <tr< td=""><td>880</td><td>865</td><td>862</td><td>862</td><td>231</td><td>124</td><td>6</td><td>n/a</td><td>n/a</td><td>Guatemala</td></tr<>  | 880                     | 865       | 862       | 862       | 231          | 124       | 6         | n/a       | n/a       | Guatemala                             |
| Brazili         5         17         70         110         270         525         540         545           Others         612         753         1,016         1,464         2,502         3,402         3,360         3,508           World         1,922         4,896         11,034         24,249         49,178         74,169         72,973         72,863           Palm oil Consumption         Indonesia         29         561         1,330         3,263         6,234         13,485         14,545         15,275           India         1         431         259         3,160         5,910         9,085         8,367         8,691           China         53         16         1,194         2,028         5,797         7,012         6,433         6,790           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,290         4,750         6,550         6,710         6,755           Pakistan         1         231         800         1,245         2,903         3,245         3,290         3,255           Malaysia         8         420         914         1,571         2,204         3,522         3,543         3,370 <t< td=""><td>600</td><td>450</td><td>580</td><td>580</td><td>320</td><td>148</td><td>64</td><td>18</td><td>n/a</td><td>Honduras</td></t<>  | 600                     | 450       | 580       | 580       | 320          | 148       | 64        | 18        | n/a       | Honduras                              |
| Others         612         753         1,016         1,464         2,502         3,402         3,360         3,508           World         1,922         4,896         11,034         24,249         49,178         74,169         72,973         72,863           Palm oil Consumption<br>Indonesia         29         561         1,330         3,263         6,234         13,485         14,545         15,275           India         1         431         259         3,160         5,910         9,085         8,367         8,691           China         53         16         1,194         2,028         5,797         7,012         6,433         6,790           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,790         4,750         6,550         6,710         6,755           Pakistan         1         231         800         1,245         2,093         3,245         3,290         3,255           Malaysia         8         420         914         1,571         2,204         3,522         3,543         3,370           Thailand         n/a         43         208         508         1,304         2,594         2,600         2,547  | 565                     | 561       | 555       | 705       | 488          | 336       | 145       | 45        | n/a       | Papua New Guinea                      |
| World         1,922         4,896         11,034         24,249         49,178         74,169         72,973         72,863           Palm oil Consumption         Indonesia         29         561         1,330         3,263         6,234         13,485         14,545         15,275           India         1         431         259         3,160         5,910         9,085         8,367         8,691           China         53         16         1,194         2,028         5,797         7,012         6,433         6,790           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,790         4,750         6,550         6,710         6,755           Pakistan         1         231         800         1,245         2,093         3,245         3,290         3,255           Malaysia         8         420         914         1,571         2,204         3,522         3,543         3,370         7,465         7,461         7,294         2,600         2,547         7,461         7,615         72,2180         73,553           Theiland         n/a         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,18  | 550                     | 545       | 540       | 525       | 270          | 110       | 70        | 17        | 5         | Brazil                                |
| Palm oil Consumption   Indonesia   29   561   1,330   3,263   6,234   13,485   14,545   15,275   10   10   10   10   10   10   10   1  | 3,554                   | 3,508     | 3,360     | 3,402     | 2,502        | 1,464     | 1,016     | 753       | 612       | Others                                |
| Indonesia   29   561   1,330   3,263   6,234   13,485   14,545   15,275   India   1   431   259   3,160   5,910   9,085   8,367   8,691   China   53   16   1,194   2,028   5,797   7,012   6,433   6,790   European Union   n/a   n/a   n/a   2,790   4,750   6,550   6,710   6,755   Pakistan   1   231   800   1,245   2,093   3,245   3,290   3,255   Malaysia   8   420   914   1,571   2,204   3,522   3,543   3,370   Thailand   n/a   43   208   508   1,304   2,594   2,600   2,547   Others   n/a   n/a   n/a   n/a   7,946   17,504   26,122   26,692   26,870   World   1,799   4,763   11,155   22,511   45,796   71,615   72,180   73,553   Soybean oil production   181   183   599   3,240   9,856   15,232   16,397   16,845   United States   3,749   5,112   6,082   8,355   8,568   10,976   11,299   11,331   Brazil   n/a   2,601   2,669   4,333   6,970   8,180   9,000   9,000   Argentina   n/a   158   1,179   3,190   7,181   8,044   7,700   7,866   European Union   n/a   n/a   n/a   n/a   3,033   2,343   2,855   2,964   3,061   India   2   69   425   810   1,683   1,728   1,512   1,692   Mexico   52   255   330   795   648   1,100   1,110   1,145   Russia   n/a   n/a   n/a   n/a   2,953   3,564   6,428   6,872   6,906   World   6,199   12,575   15,765   26,818   41,474   56,009   58,543   59,443   Soybean oil consumption   China   179   256   1,055   3,542   11,400   15,885   17,093   17,970   United States   2,854   4,134   5,506   7,401   7,506   10,376   10,122   10,591   Brazil   n/a   1,490   2,075   2,932   5,205   7,165   7,765   7,966   1,961   1,061   1, | 76,519                  | 72,863    | 72,973    | 74,169    | 49,178       | 24,249    | 11,034    | 4,896     | 1,922     | World                                 |
| India  |                         |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           | Palm oil Consumption                  |
| China         53         16         1,194         2,028         5,797         7,012         6,433         6,790           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,790         4,750         6,550         6,710         6,755           Pakistan         1         231         800         1,245         2,093         3,245         3,290         3,255           Malaysia         8         420         914         1,571         2,204         3,522         3,543         3,370           Thailand         n/a         43         208         508         1,304         2,594         2,600         2,547           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         7,946         17,504         26,122         26,692         26,670           World         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,180         73,553           Soybean oil production         1         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11   | 15,445                  | 15,275    | 14,545    | 13,485    | 6,234        | 3,263     | 1,330     | 561       | 29        | Indonesia                             |
| European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,790         4,750         6,550         6,710         6,755           Pakistan         1         231         800         1,245         2,093         3,245         3,290         3,255           Malaysia         8         420         914         1,571         2,204         3,522         3,543         3,370           Thailand         n/a         43         208         508         1,304         2,594         2,600         2,547           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         7,946         17,504         26,122         26,692         26,870           World         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,180         73,553           Soybean oil production         China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000  | 8,500                   | 8,691     | 8,367     | 9,085     | 5,910        | 3,160     | 259       | 431       | 1         | India                                 |
| Pakistan         1         231         800         1,245         2,093         3,245         3,290         3,255           Malaysia         8         420         914         1,571         2,204         3,522         3,543         3,370           Thailand         n/a         43         208         508         1,304         2,594         2,600         2,547           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         7,946         17,504         26,122         26,692         26,870           World         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,180         73,553           Soybean oil production         China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         1/58         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700  | 7,170                   | 6,790     | 6,433     | 7,012     | 5,797        | 2,028     | 1,194     | 16        | 53        | China                                 |
| Malaysia         8         420         914         1,571         2,204         3,522         3,543         3,370           Thailand         n/a         43         208         508         1,304         2,594         2,600         2,547           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         7,946         17,504         26,122         26,692         26,870           World         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,180         73,553           Soybean oil production         China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964   | 6,865                   | 6,755     | 6,710     | 6,550     | 4,750        | 2,790     | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | European Union                        |
| Malaysia         8         420         914         1,571         2,204         3,522         3,543         3,370           Thailand         n/a         43         208         508         1,304         2,594         2,600         2,547           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         7,946         17,504         26,122         26,692         26,870           World         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,180         73,553           Soybean oil production         China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964   | 3,485                   | 3.255     | 3.290     | 3.245     | 2.093        | 1.245     | 800       | 231       | 1         | Pakistan                              |
| Thailand         n/a         43         208         508         1,304         2,594         2,600         2,547           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         7,946         17,504         26,122         26,692         26,870           World         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,180         73,553           Soybean oil production         China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,51  | 3,370                   | ,         |           |           | ,            |           |           | -         |           |                                       |
| Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         n/a         7,946         17,504         26,122         26,692         26,870           World         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,180         73,553           Soybean oil production         China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100   | 2,527                   |           |           |           |              |           |           | 43        | n/a       |                                       |
| World         1,799         4,763         11,155         22,511         45,796         71,615         72,180         73,553           Soybean oil production         China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834 <td< td=""><td>28,137</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Others</td></td<>  | 28,137                  |           | •         |           |              |           |           |           |           | Others                                |
| Soybean oil production           China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834         823           Egypt         n/a         16         15         22         47         294         637         855 <td>75,499</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1.799</td> <td>World</td>   | 75,499                  |           |           |           |              |           |           |           | 1.799     | World                                 |
| China         181         183         599         3,240         9,856         15,232         16,397         16,845           United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         823           Egypt         n/a         15         22         47         294         637         855         774           Others         n/a         n/a  |                         | .,        | ,         | ,         | -,           | ,-        | ,         | ,         | ,         | Sovbean oil production                |
| United States         3,749         5,112         6,082         8,355         8,568         10,976         11,299         11,331           Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834         823           Egypt         n/a         15         22         47         294         637         855         774           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199   | 17,562                  | 16.845    | 16.397    | 15.232    | 9.856        | 3.240     | 599       | 183       | 181       |                                       |
| Brazil         n/a         2,601         2,669         4,333         6,970         8,180         9,000         9,000           Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834         823           Egypt         n/a         15         22         47         294         637         855         774           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         1   | 11,582                  | ,         | ,         |           |              |           | 6.082     | 5.112     | 3.749     | United States                         |
| Argentina         n/a         158         1,179         3,190         7,181         8,044         7,700         7,866           European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834         823           Egypt         n/a         15         22         47         294         637         855         774           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         2,000         1,000         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506   | 9,180                   |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           | Brazil                                |
| European Union         n/a         n/a         n/a         3,033         2,343         2,850         2,964         3,061           India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834         823           Egypt         n/a         15         22         47         294         637         855         774           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591   | 8,350                   |           |           |           |              |           |           | •         |           |                                       |
| India         2         69         425         810         1,683         1,728         1,512         1,692           Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834         823           Egypt         n/a         15         22         47         294         637         855         774           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960   | 3,023                   |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           | •                                     |
| Mexico         52         255         330         795         648         1,100         1,110         1,145           Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834         823           Egypt         n/a         15         22         47         294         637         855         774           Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960  | 1,750                   |           |           |           |              |           | 425       |           | 2         | •                                     |
| Russia         n/a         n/a         75         62         367         834         834         823           Egypt         n/a         15         22         47         294         637         855         774           Others         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960  | 1,181                   |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           | Mexico                                |
| Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960  | 861                     | ,         | ,         | ,         | 367          | 62        | 75        | n/a       | n/a       | Russia                                |
| Others         n/a         n/a         n/a         2,953         3,564         6,428         6,872         6,906           World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960  | 852                     | 774       | 855       | 637       | 294          | 47        | 22        | 15        | n/a       | Egypt                                 |
| World         6,199         12,575         15,765         26,818         41,474         56,009         58,543         59,443           Soybean oil consumption         China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960   | 7,352                   | 6.906     |           | 6.428     | 3.564        | 2.953     | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 071                                   |
| Soybean oil consumption           China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960  | 61,693                  | *         | *         | •         |              | ,         |           |           |           |                                       |
| China         179         256         1,055         3,542         11,400         15,885         17,093         17,970           United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960  | 01,090                  | 35,443    | 30,343    | 30,009    | 41,474       | 20,010    | 13,703    | 12,373    | 0,199     |                                       |
| United States         2,854         4,134         5,506         7,401         7,506         10,376         10,122         10,591           Brazil         n/a         1,490         2,075         2,932         5,205         7,165         7,765         7,960  | 18,560                  | 17 970    | 17.003    | 15 995    | 11 400       | 2 5/2     | 1.055     | 256       | 170       | · ·                                   |
| Brazil n/a 1,490 2,075 2,932 5,205 7,165 7,765 7,960   | 11,340                  |           |           |           |              |           |           |           | -         | - · · · · · · ·                       |
|  | 7,985                   |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |                                       |
|  | 5,350                   | ,         | •         |           | ,            | ,         | ,         | ,         |           |                                       |
| European Union n/a n/a 2,186 2,400 2,205 2,430 2,505   | 2,605                   |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |                                       |
| •  | 2,100                   | ,         | ,         |           | ,            |           |           |           |           | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Argentina n/a 56 101 247 2,520 2,624 2,175 2,042  Mexico 52 305 404 863 840 1,230 1,265 1,300  | 1,340                   |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |                                       |
|  |                         |           |           | ·         |              |           |           |           |           |                                       |
|  | 11,985<br><b>61,265</b> |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |                                       |
| World 5,958 12,417 15,441 26,143 40,432 55,196 57,227 59,528   | 61                      | 59,528    | 57,227    | 55,196    | 40,432       | 26,143    | 15,441    | 12,417    | 5,958     | World                                 |

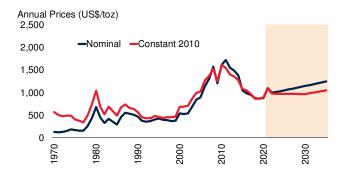
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture (October 12, 2021 update).

Note: The trade year is January-December of the later year of the split. For example, 1970/71 refers to calendar year 1971. European Union includes EU-15 for 1970-1991.

## **Platinum**

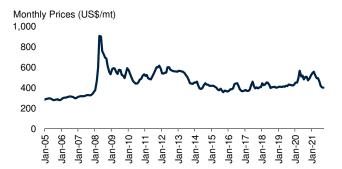


Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is March 2021.

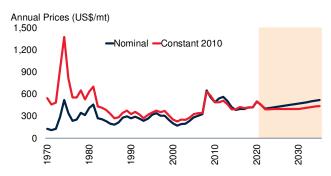


|                     | 2003  | 2005   | 2008  | 2010        | 2017    | 2018          | 2019        | 2020  |
|---------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------------|---------|---------------|-------------|-------|
|                     |       |        |       | (metric tor | ns)     |               |             |       |
| Mine Production     |       |        |       |             |         |               |             |       |
| South Africa        | 148.3 | 163.7  | 146.1 | 147.8       | 131.2   | 137.1         | 133.0       | 120.0 |
| Russia              | 28.0  | 29.0   | 25.0  | 25.0        | 22.0    | 22.0          | 24.0        | 21.0  |
| Zimbabwe            | 4.3   | 4.8    | 5.6   | 8.8         | 14.3    | 14.7          | 13.5        | 14.0  |
| Canada              | 7.0   | 6.1    | 8.5   | 3.6         | 7.6     | 7.9           | 7.8         | 7.8   |
| United States       | 4.2   | 3.9    | 3.6   | 3.5         | 4.0     | 4.2           | 4.2         | 4.0   |
| Others              | 3.2   | 3.5    | 4.1   | 3.4         | 4.9     | 4.2           | 3.5         | 3.2   |
| World               | 195.0 | 211.0  | 193.0 | 192.0       | 184.0   | 190.0         | 186.0       | 170.0 |
| Autocatalyst scrap  |       |        |       |             |         |               |             |       |
| Europe              | 3.9   | 5.4    | 9.2   | 9.3         | 13.4    | 13.9          | 15.7        | n/a   |
| North America       | 15.1  | 15.6   | 17.3  | 14.0        | 14.3    | 15.0          | 15.2        | n/a   |
| Japan               | 2.1   | 1.7    | 2.1   | 2.6         | 3.9     | 4.0           | 4.3         | n/a   |
| China               | n/a   | 0.1    | 0.2   | 0.4         | 2.0     | 2.3           | 2.6         | n/a   |
| Others              | 1.8   | 2.3    | 2.5   | 2.5         | 5.7     | 6.1           | 6.7         | n/a   |
| World               | 22.9  | 25.1   | 31.3  | 28.8        | 39.3    | 41.3          | 44.5        | n/a   |
| Old jewelry scrap   |       |        |       |             |         |               |             |       |
| China               | 0.9   | 5.1    | 10.4  | 11.7        | 14.3    | 17.2          | 18.2        | n/a   |
| Japan               | 4.0   | 6.0    | 18.0  | 8.7         | 5.7     | 5.5           | 5.7         | n/a   |
| North America       | 0.1   | 0.2    | 1.3   | 0.4         | 0.2     | 0.2           | 0.2         | n/a   |
| Europe              | 0.1   | 0.1    | 0.4   | 0.3         | 0.2     | 0.2           | 0.2         | n/a   |
| Others              | 0.1   | 0.1    | 0.0   | 0.1         | 0.1     | 0.1           | 0.1         | n/a   |
| World               | 5.2   | 11.5   | 30.1  | 21.2        | 20.5    | 23.2          | 24.4        | n/a   |
| TOTAL SUPPLY        | 215.5 | 242.6  | 252.9 | 242.3       | 245.4   | 249.9         | 250.0       | n/a   |
| Autocatalyst demand | 210.0 | 2 12.0 | 202.0 | 2 12.0      | 2 101 1 | 2 1010        | 200.0       | .,,   |
| Europe              | 41.3  | 56.1   | 56.9  | 44.5        | 43.8    | 40.2          | 38.4        | n/a   |
| North America       | 26.8  | 23.3   | 17.5  | 12.5        | 13.8    | 14.3          | 15.6        | n/a   |
| Japan               | 16.6  | 18.1   | 17.0  | 13.5        | 10.1    | 10.0          | 9.8         | n/a   |
| China               | 4.7   | 5.5    | 5.7   | 6.7         | 9.1     | 9.2           | 9.6         | n/a   |
| Others              | 8.0   | 12.5   | 14.1  | 17.0        | 22.3    | 24.5          | 26.4        | n/a   |
| World               | 97.4  | 115.5  | 111.2 | 94.2        | 99.1    | 98.2          | 99.8        | n/a   |
| Jewelry demand      |       |        |       |             |         |               |             |       |
| China               | 46.1  | 35.0   | 34.5  | 47.6        | 40.2    | 35.8          | 33.8        | n/a   |
| Japan               | 21.3  | 20.5   | 7.7   | 8.1         | 9.8     | 10.0          | 9.9         | n/a   |
| North America       | 9.9   | 8.1    | 6.4   | 6.6         | 7.6     | 7.6           | 7.7         | n/a   |
| Europe              | 8.5   | 7.9    | 7.4   | 6.8         | 6.2     | 6.3           | 6.4         | n/a   |
| Others              | 2.4   | 1.2    | 1.4   | 2.1         | 5.7     | 6.4           | 6.9         | n/a   |
| World               | 88.2  | 72.7   | 57.4  | 71.2        | 69.5    | 66.1          | 64.7        | n/a   |
| Other demand        | 00.2  | 12.1   | 37.4  | / 1.2       | 09.5    | 00.1          | 04.7        | II/a  |
| China               | n/a   | 4.7    | 9.1   | 10.1        | 15.3    | 23.0          | 18.2        | n/a   |
| North America       | 15.8  | 15.8   | 14.2  | 11.5        | 17.0    | 15.9          | 16.2        | n/a   |
| Europe              | 11.1  | 9.5    | 9.8   | 9.8         | 11.6    | 11.1          | 11.1        | n/a   |
| Japan               | 9.9   | 13.2   | 17.9  | 10.4        | 10.0    | 11.5          | 11.0        | n/a   |
| Others              | 14.0  | 14.0   | 18.7  | 21.3        | 17.7    | 19.2          | 21.5        | n/a   |
| World               | 50.8  | 57.2   | 69.7  | 63.1        | 71.6    | 80.7          | <b>78.0</b> | n/a   |
| TOTAL DEMAND        | 236.4 | 245.4  | 238.3 | 228.5       | 240.2   | 245.0         | 242.6       |       |
| I O I AL DEWAND     | 230.4 | 245.4  | ∠აგ.ა | 228.5       | 240.2   | <b>∠</b> 45.U | 242.0       | n/a   |

## Rice



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank.
Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                | 1970/1971 | 1980/1981 | 1990/1991 | 2000/2001 | 2010/2011    | 2018/2019 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                |           |           |           | (milli    | on metric to | ns)       |           |           |           |
| Production     |           |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |
| China          | 77.0      | 97.9      | 132.5     | 131.5     | 138.1        | 148.5     | 146.7     | 148.3     | 149.0     |
| India          | 42.2      | 53.6      | 74.3      | 85.0      | 96.0         | 116.5     | 118.9     | 122.3     | 125.0     |
| Bangladesh     | 11.1      | 13.9      | 17.9      | 25.1      | 31.7         | 34.9      | 35.9      | 34.6      | 36.3      |
| Indonesia      | 13.1      | 22.3      | 29.0      | 33.0      | 35.5         | 34.2      | 34.7      | 35.3      | 35.4      |
| Vietnam        | 6.4       | 7.7       | 12.4      | 20.5      | 26.4         | 27.3      | 27.1      | 27.4      | 27.1      |
| Thailand       | 9.0       | 11.5      | 11.3      | 17.1      | 20.3         | 20.3      | 17.7      | 18.9      | 19.5      |
| Myanmar        | 5.1       | 6.7       | 7.9       | 10.8      | 11.1         | 13.2      | 12.7      | 12.6      | 12.6      |
| Philippines    | 3.4       | 5.0       | 6.4       | 8.1       | 10.5         | 11.7      | 11.9      | 12.4      | 12.3      |
| Pakistan       | 2.2       | 3.1       | 3.3       | 4.8       | 4.8          | 7.2       | 7.4       | 8.2       | 8.2       |
| Brazil         | 3.7       | 5.9       | 6.8       | 6.9       | 9.3          | 7.1       | 7.6       | 8.0       | 8.0       |
| Japan          | 11.5      | 8.9       | 9.6       | 8.6       | 7.9          | 7.7       | 7.6       | 7.6       | 7.6       |
| United States  | 2.8       | 4.8       | 5.1       | 5.9       | 7.6          | 7.1       | 5.9       | 7.2       | 6.1       |
| Cambodia       | 2.5       | 1.1       | 1.6       | 2.5       | 4.4          | 5.7       | 5.7       | 5.8       | 5.9       |
| Others         | 22.9      | 27.6      | 33.3      | 39.3      | 48.1         | 55.7      | 58.6      | 57.9      | 57.9      |
| World          | 213.0     | 269.9     | 351.4     | 399.2     | 451.6        | 497.2     | 498.3     | 506.4     | 510.7     |
| Stocks         |           |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |
| China          | 11.0      | 28.0      | 94.0      | 93.0      | 44.5         | 115.0     | 116.5     | 116.5     | 112.0     |
| India          | 6.0       | 6.5       | 14.5      | 25.0      | 23.5         | 29.5      | 33.9      | 33.5      | 35.0      |
| Thailand       | 1.2       | 2.0       | 0.9       | 2.2       | 5.6          | 4.1       | 4.0       | 4.7       | 4.9       |
| Indonesia      | 0.6       | 3.0       | 2.1       | 4.6       | 7.1          | 4.1       | 3.3       | 3.4       | 3.8       |
| Philippines    | 0.6       | 1.5       | 1.8       | 2.8       | 2.5          | 3.5       | 3.6       | 3.8       | 3.7       |
| Others         | 9.4       | 11.6      | 13.3      | 19.0      | 18.7         | 20.4      | 20.5      | 23.3      | 24.2      |
| World          | 28.8      | 52.6      | 126.6     | 146.7     | 101.9        | 176.6     | 181.8     | 185.2     | 183.6     |
| Exports        |           |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |
| India          | 0.0       | 0.9       | 0.7       | 1.7       | 2.8          | 10.4      | 12.5      | 20.0      | 18.5      |
| Thailand       | 1.6       | 3.0       | 4.0       | 7.5       | 10.6         | 7.6       | 5.7       | 5.6       | 6.5       |
| Vietnam        | 0.0       | 0.0       | 1.0       | 3.5       | 7.0          | 6.6       | 6.2       | 6.2       | 6.4       |
| Pakistan       | 0.2       | 1.2       | 1.3       | 2.4       | 3.4          | 4.5       | 3.8       | 3.9       | 4.0       |
| United States  | 1.5       | 3.1       | 2.3       | 2.6       | 3.5          | 3.0       | 3.0       | 3.0       | 2.9       |
| China          | 1.3       | 0.5       | 0.7       | 1.8       | 0.5          | 2.8       | 2.6       | 2.2       | 2.4       |
| Myanmar        | 0.8       | 0.7       | 0.2       | 0.7       | 1.1          | 2.7       | 2.3       | 1.7       | 2.0       |
| Others         | 3.1       | 3.0       | 1.9       | 3.7       | 6.3          | 6.7       | 7.3       | 6.5       | 7.0       |
| World          | 8.5       | 12.4      | 12.1      | 24.0      | 35.2         | 44.1      | 43.4      | 49.1      | 49.7      |
| Imports        |           |           |           |           |              |           |           |           |           |
| China          | 0.0       | 0.2       | 0.1       | 0.3       | 0.5          | 3.2       | 2.6       | 4.5       | 4.0       |
| Philippines    | 0.7       | 0.3       | 0.5       | 1.4       | 1.3          | 3.6       | 2.5       | 2.2       | 2.2       |
| European Union | 0.7       | 0.3       | 0.5       | 1.2       | 1.4          | 1.8       | 2.0       | 1.8       | 2.0       |
| Nigeria        | 0.0       | 0.4       | 0.2       | 1.3       | 2.4          | 1.9       | 1.4       | 1.9       | 2.0       |
| Saudi Arabia   | 0.2       | 0.4       | 0.5       | 1.0       | 1.1          | 1.4       | 1.6       | 1.5       | 1.4       |
| Iran           | 0.1       | 0.6       | 0.6       | 8.0       | 2.0          | 1.3       | 1.2       | 0.9       | 1.3       |
| Nepal          | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.0          | 0.6       | 0.8       | 1.2       | 1.3       |
| Others         | 6.2       | 9.1       | 8.1       | 16.2      | 24.4         | 30.3      | 30.2      | 32.5      | 32.6      |
| World          | 7.7       | 11.3      | 10.6      | 22.1      | 33.0         | 44.1      | 42.3      | 46.4      | 46.8      |

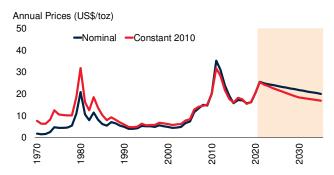
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture (October 12, 2021 update).

Note: The trade year is January-December of the later year of the split. For example, 1970/71 refers to calendar year 1971. European Union includes EU-15 for 1970-1991.

## Silver



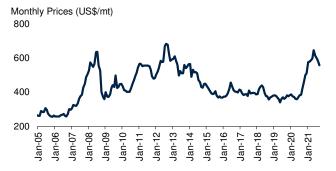
Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



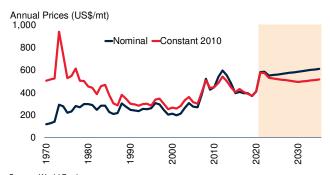
|                    | 1990   | 2000       | 2005       | 2010   | 2016        | 2017   | 2018     | 2019       | 2020    |
|--------------------|--------|------------|------------|--------|-------------|--------|----------|------------|---------|
| and the state of   |        |            |            | (me    | etric tons) |        |          |            |         |
| roduction          | 0.450  | 0.400      | 0.004      | 4 444  | 5 400       | E 00.4 | 0.040    | 5.040      | F F 4 4 |
| Mexico             | 2,453  | 2,483      | 2,894      | 4,411  | 5,409       | 5,394  | 6,049    | 5,840      | 5,541   |
| China              | 896    | 1,600      | 2,500      | 3,085  | 3,754       | 3,602  | 3,421    | 3,443      | 3,443   |
| Peru               | 1,927  | 2,418      | 3,193      | 3,640  | 4,376       | 4,418  | 4,161    | 3,860      | 2,772   |
| Chile              | 655    | 1,245      | 1,400      | 1,276  | 1,501       | 1,319  | 1,370    | 1,309      | 1,576   |
| Poland             | 832    | 1,164      | 1,262      | 1,183  | 1,482       | 1,438  | 1,409    | 1,469      | 1,438   |
| Australia          | 1,173  | 2,060      | 2,417      | 1,879  | 1,418       | 1,120  | 1,255    | 1,325      | 1,337   |
| Russia             | n/a    | 400        | 1,350      | 1,145  | 1,449       | 1,306  | 1,341    | 1,319      | 1,320   |
| Kazakhstan         | n/a    | 927        | 883        | 552    | 1,180       | 1,029  | 969      | 1,022      | 1,03    |
| United States      | 2,125  | 2,017      | 1,230      | 1,280  | 1,150       | 1,026  | 925      | 971        | 986     |
| Bolivia            | 358    | 434        | 420        | 1,259  | 1,353       | 1,196  | 1,191    | 1,153      | 930     |
| India              | 35     | 40         | 32         | 165    | 445         | 527    | 658      | 582        | 633     |
| Argentina          | 83     | 78         | 264        | 723    | 933         | 648    | 1,024    | 1,000      | 57      |
| Indonesia          | 66     | 310        | 327        | 335    | 185         | 328    | 335      | 485        | 51:     |
| Sweden             | 224    | 329        | 310        | 302    | 515         | 488    | 471      | 424        | 40      |
| Uzbekistan         | n/a    | 150        | 60         | 59     | 230         | 232    | 224      | 260        | 26      |
| Turkey             | 28     | 110        | 80         | 364    | 175         | 151    | 197      | 242        | 24      |
| Canada             | 1,381  | 1,204      | 1,124      | 591    | 385         | 393    | 404      | 350        | 21      |
| Morocco            | 185    | 290        | 186        | 243    | 237         | 237    | 152      | 189        | 19      |
| Papua New Guinea   | 107    | 73         | 51         | 84     | 100         | 66     | 93       | 147        | 14      |
| Others             | n/a    | 861        | 715        | 873    | 1,813       | 1,332  | 1.059    | 1.051      | 92      |
| World              | 16,315 | 18,194     | 20,697     | 23,450 | 28,091      | 26,251 | 26,708   | 26,440     | 24,48   |
| brication          |        |            |            |        |             |        |          |            |         |
| India              | 842    | 2,115      | 1,170      | 1,233  | 2,945       | 3,246  | 3,679    | n/a        | n/a     |
| China              | 4      | 283        | 702        | 1,681  | 951         | 902    | 859      | n/a        | n/      |
| Thailand           | 750    | 957        | 1,145      | 954    | 974         | 882    | 844      | n/a        | n/      |
| Italy              | 1,290  | 1,700      | 1,195      | 802    | 612         | 639    | 608      | n/a        | n/      |
| United States      | 305    | 416        | 487        | 400    | 458         | 530    | 565      | n/a        | n/      |
| Indonesia          | 33     | 116        | 140        | 168    | 210         | 216    | 225      | n/a        | n/      |
| Turkey             | 128    | 186        | 258        | 153    | 177         | 177    | 193      | n/a        | n/      |
| Russia             | n/a    | n/a        | n/a        | 291    | 183         | 177    | 178      | n/a        | n/      |
| Mexico             | 250    | 410        | 511        | 344    | 220         | 183    | 169      | n/a        | n/      |
| Germany            | 411    | 284        | 213        | 169    | 123         | 120    | 117      | n/a        | n/      |
| Korea, Rep.        | 140    | 152        | 147        | 167    | 126         | 116    | 106      | n/a        | n/      |
| Brazil             | 56     | 36         | 50         | 60     | 62          | 67     | 73       | n/a        | n/      |
| Japan              | 118    | 54         | 64         | 69     | 69          | 71     | 70       | n/a        | n/      |
| Vietnam            | 9      | 22         | 32         | 42     | 55          | 59     | 63       | n/a        | n/      |
| France             | 55     | 88         | 55         | 64     | 52          | 51     | 49       | n/a        | n/      |
| Bangladesh         | n/a    | n/a        | n/a        | 43     | 35          | 43     | 49       | n/a        | n/      |
| •                  |        | n/a<br>n/a | n/a<br>n/a | 43     | 44          | 43     | 45<br>42 | n/a<br>n/a | n/      |
| Dominican Republic | n/a    |            |            |        |             | -      |          |            |         |
| Israel             | 52     | 59         | 58         | 42     | 37          | 40     | 38       | n/a        | n/      |
| Iran               | n/a    | n/a        | n/a        | 43     | 34          | 34     | 32       | n/a        | n/:     |
| Others             | n/a    | n/a        | n/a        | 755    | 567         | 559    | 556      | n/a        | n/a     |
| World              | 5,871  | 8,280      | 7,478      | 7,522  | 7,934       | 8,155  | 8,511    | n/a        | n/a     |

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# Soybeans



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                  | 1970/1971 | 1980/1981 | 1990/1991 |        | 2010/2011    | 2018/2019 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                  |           |           |           | (milli | on metric to | ns)       |           |           |           |
| Production       | ,         | 45.0      | 45.0      | 20.5   | 75.0         | 4407      | 100 5     | 407.0     | 1110      |
| Brazil           | n/a       | 15.2      | 15.8      | 39.5   | 75.3         | 119.7     | 128.5     | 137.0     | 144.0     |
| United States    | 30.7      | 48.9      | 52.4      | 75.1   | 90.7         | 120.5     | 96.7      | 114.7     | 121.1     |
| Argentina        | n/a       | 3.5       | 11.5      | 27.8   | 49.0         | 55.3      | 48.8      | 46.2      | 51.0      |
| China            | 8.7       | 7.9       | 11.0      | 15.4   | 15.4         | 16.0      | 18.1      | 19.6      | 19.0      |
| India            | 0.0       | 0.4       | 2.6       | 5.3    | 10.1         | 10.9      | 9.3       | 10.5      | 11.0      |
| Paraguay         | 0.1       | 0.6       | 1.3       | 3.5    | 7.1          | 8.5       | 10.3      | 9.9       | 10.5      |
| Canada           | 0.3       | 0.7       | 1.3       | 2.7    | 4.4          | 7.4       | 6.1       | 6.4       | 5.9       |
| Russia           | n/a       | n/a       | 0.7       | 0.3    | 1.1          | 4.0       | 4.4       | 4.3       | 4.6       |
| Ukraine          | n/a       | n/a       | 0.1       | 0.1    | 1.7          | 4.8       | 4.5       | 3.0       | 3.4       |
| Bolivia          | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.4       | 1.1    | 2.3          | 3.0       | 2.8       | 3.0       | 3.0       |
| European Union   | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 1.3    | 1.2          | 2.7       | 2.6       | 2.6       | 2.7       |
| Others           | 2.4       | 3.6       | 7.3       | 3.7    | 6.3          | 8.5       | 7.8       | 8.1       | 9.0       |
| World            | 42.1      | 80.9      | 104.3     | 175.8  | 264.7        | 361.3     | 339.9     | 365.3     | 385.1     |
| Crushings        |           |           |           |        |              |           |           |           |           |
| China            | 1.5       | 1.5       | 3.9       | 18.9   | 55.0         | 85.0      | 91.5      | 93.0      | 98.0      |
| United States    | 20.7      | 27.8      | 32.3      | 44.6   | 44.9         | 56.9      | 58.9      | 58.3      | 59.6      |
| Brazil           | n/a       | 13.8      | 14.2      | 22.7   | 36.3         | 42.5      | 46.7      | 46.8      | 47.7      |
| Argentina        | n/a       | 0.9       | 7.0       | 17.3   | 37.6         | 40.6      | 38.8      | 39.7      | 42.0      |
| European Union   | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 16.8   | 12.3         | 15.0      | 15.6      | 16.1      | 15.9      |
| India            | 0.0       | 0.4       | 2.4       | 4.5    | 9.4          | 9.6       | 8.4       | 9.5       | 9.6       |
| Mexico           | 0.3       | 1.5       | 1.9       | 4.5    | 3.6          | 6.2       | 6.0       | 6.2       | 6.4       |
| Russia           | n/a       | n/a       | 0.4       | 0.4    | 2.1          | 4.7       | 4.7       | 4.6       | 4.8       |
| Egypt            | n/a       | 0.1       | 0.1       | 0.3    | 1.6          | 3.5       | 4.7       | 4.3       | 4.7       |
| Others           | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 16.5   | 19.4         | 34.6      | 37.2      | 37.3      | 39.7      |
| World            | 35.3      | 69.8      | 86.8      | 146.5  | 222.2        | 298.6     | 312.5     | 315.6     | 328.4     |
| Exports          | 00.0      | 03.0      | 00.0      | 170.5  | 222.2        | 230.0     | 312.3     | 313.0     | 320.4     |
| Brazil           | n/a       | 1.8       | 2.5       | 15.5   | 30.0         | 74.9      | 92.1      | 81.7      | 93.0      |
| United States    | 11.8      | 19.7      | 15.2      | 27.1   | 41.0         | 47.7      | 45.7      | 61.7      | 56.9      |
| Paraguay         | 0.0       | 0.6       | 1.0       | 2.4    | 5.1          | 4.9       | 6.6       | 6.6       | 6.5       |
| Argentina        | n/a       | 2.7       | 4.5       | 7.3    | 9.2          | 9.1       | 10.0      | 5.2       | 6.4       |
| Canada           | 0.0       | 0.1       | 0.2       | 0.7    | 2.9          | 5.3       | 3.9       | 4.5       | 4.0       |
| Others           | 0.5       | 0.1       | 2.1       | 0.7    | 3.4          | 7.1       | 6.7       | 5.3       | 6.3       |
| World            | 12.3      | 25.3      | 25.4      | 53.7   | 91.6         | 148.9     | 165.1     | 164.9     | 173.1     |
|                  | 12.3      | 25.3      | 25.4      | 55.7   | 91.0         | 140.9     | 100.1     | 104.9     | 173.1     |
| Imports<br>China | n/a       | 0.5       | 0.0       | 13.2   | 52.3         | 82.5      | 98.5      | 99.0      | 101.0     |
|                  |           |           |           |        |              |           |           |           |           |
| European Union   | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 17.7   | 12.5         | 14.3      | 14.9      | 15.0      | 15.0      |
| Mexico           | 0.1       | 1.4       | 1.4       | 4.4    | 3.5          | 5.9       | 5.7       | 6.0       | 6.2       |
| Egypt            | n/a       | 0.0       | 0.0       | 0.3    | 1.6          | 3.7       | 4.9       | 4.0       | 4.8       |
| Argentina        | n/a       | n/a       | n/a       | 0.3    | 0.0          | 6.4       | 4.9       | 5.0       | 4.7       |
| Thailand         | n/a       | 0.0       | n/a       | 1.3    | 2.1          | 3.2       | 3.8       | 4.0       | 4.1       |
| Japan            | 3.2       | 4.2       | 4.4       | 4.8    | 2.9          | 3.3       | 3.3       | 3.1       | 3.3       |
| Others           | 9.3       | 20.1      | 19.8      | 11.1   | 14.7         | 26.5      | 28.8      | 29.7      | 31.6      |
| World            | 12.6      | 26.2      | 25.5      | 53.1   | 89.7         | 145.8     | 165.0     | 165.9     | 170.6     |

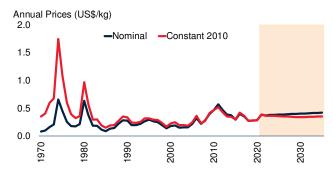
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture (October 12, 2021 update).

Note: The trade year is January-December of the later year of the split. For example, 1970/71 refers to calendar year 1971. European Union includes EU-15 for 1970-1991.

## Sugar



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank. Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

| Production   Brazil   5.1   8.5   India   4.5   6.5   European Union   8.7   13.7   Thailand   0.5   1.7   China   2.1   3.2   United States   5.6   5.6   5.6   Pakistan   n/a   0.9   Mexico   2.5   2.5   Russia   n/a   n/a   Australia   2.7   3.3   Egypt   0.4   0.6   Others   38.1   41.8   World   70.3   88.6   1   Stocks   India   1.8   1.1   China   0.3   0.7   Thailand   0.0   0.2   Pakistan   n/a   0.1   United States   2.9   1.4   Indonesia   0.4   0.3   Philippines   0.0   0.2   Others   14.7   13.7   World   20.2   17.6   Exports   Brazil   1.2   2.3   Thailand   0.2   1.0   India   0.3   0.1   Australia   1.8   2.6   Guatemala   0.1   0.2   Mexico   0.6   n/a   European Union   1.6   5.9   Others   15.5   16.2   World   21.3   28.4   Imports   China   0.4   1.1   Indonesia   0.1   0.6   Bangladesh   n/a   0.0   United States   4.8   4.4   Algeria   n/a   0.7   Malaysia   n/a   0.5   European Union   1.1   2.4   Europea | /1991 2000/200 | 1 2010/2011      | 2018/2019    | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022    |
|--|----------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Brazil   | (mi            | illion metric to | ons)         |           |           |              |
| India  |                |                  |              |           |           |              |
| European Union 8.7 13.7 Thailand 0.5 1.7 China 2.1 3.2 United States 5.6 5.6 Pakistan n/a 0.9 Mexico 2.5 2.5 Russia n/a n/a n/a Australia 2.7 3.3 Egypt 0.4 0.6 Others 38.1 41.8 World 70.3 88.6 1 Stocks India 1.8 1.1 China 0.0 0.2 Pakistan n/a 0.1 United States 2.9 1.4 Indonesia 0.4 0.3 Philippines 0.0 0.2 Others 14.7 13.7 World 20.2 17.6 Exports Brazil 1.2 2.3 Thailand 0.2 1.0 India 0.3 0.1 Australia 1.8 2.6 Guatemala 0.1 0.2 Mexico 0.6 n/a European Union 1.6 5.9 Others 15.5 16.2 World 21.3 28.4 Imports China 0.4 1.1 Indonesia 0.4 0.3 European Union 1.6 5.9 Others 15.5 16.2 World 21.3 28.4 Imports China 0.4 1.1 Indonesia 0.1 0.6 Bangladesh n/a 0.0 United States 4.8 4.4 Algeria n/a 0.7 Malaysia n/a 0.5   | 7.9 17.        |                  | 29.5         | 30.3      | 42.1      | 39.9         |
| Thailand 0.5 1.7 China 2.1 3.2 United States 5.6 5.6 Pakistan n/a 0.9 Mexico 2.5 2.5 Russia n/a n/a n/a Australia 2.7 3.3 Egypt 0.4 0.6 Others 38.1 41.8 World 70.3 88.6 1 Stocks India 1.8 1.1 China 0.3 0.7 Thailand 0.0 0.2 Pakistan n/a 0.1 United States 2.9 1.4 Indonesia 0.4 0.3 Philippines 0.0 0.2 Others 14.7 13.7 World 20.2 17.6 Exports Brazil 1.2 2.3 Thailand 0.2 1.0 India 0.3 0.1 Australia 1.8 2.6 Guatemala 0.1 0.2 Mexico 0.6 n/a European Union 1.6 5.9 Others 15.5 16.2 World 21.3 28.4 Imports China 0.4 1.1 Indonesia 0.1 0.6 Bangladesh n/a 0.0 United States 4.8 4.4 Algeria n/a 0.7 Malaysia n/a 0.5  | 13.7 20.       |                  | 34.3         | 28.9      | 33.8      | 34.7         |
| China         2.1         3.2           United States         5.6         5.6           Pakistan         n/a         0.9           Mexico         2.5         2.5           Russia         n/a         n/a           Australia         2.7         3.3           Egypt         0.4         0.6           Others         38.1         41.8           World         70.3         88.6         1           Stocks         India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7         1           Thailand         0.0         0.2         2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1         1           United States         2.9         1.4         1           Indonesia         0.4         0.3         2           Philippines         0.0         0.2         2           Others         14.7         13.7         4           World         20.2         17.6         Exports           Brazil         1.2         2.3         1           Thailand         0.2         1.0         1           India         0.3         0.1 </td <td>18.0 22.</td> <td></td> <td>16.8</td> <td>16.6</td> <td>14.7</td> <td>15.8</td>   | 18.0 22.       |                  | 16.8         | 16.6      | 14.7      | 15.8         |
| United States 5.6 5.6 Pakistan n/a 0.9 Mexico 2.5 2.5 Russia n/a n/a n/a Australia 2.7 3.3 Egypt 0.4 0.6 Others 38.1 41.8 World 70.3 88.6 1  Stocks India 1.8 1.1 China 0.3 0.7 Thailand 0.0 0.2 Pakistan n/a 0.1 United States 1.4.7 13.7 World 20.2 17.6 Exports  Brazil 1.2 2.3 Thailand 0.0 0.2 Others 14.7 13.7 World 20.2 17.6 Exports  Brazil 1.2 2.3 Thailand 0.2 1.0 India 0.3 0.1 Australia 1.8 2.6 Guatemala 0.1 0.2 Mexico 0.6 n/a European Union 1.6 5.9 Others 15.5 16.2 World 1.1 Indonesia 0.4 1.1 Indonesia 0.1 0.6 Bangladesh n/a 0.0 United States 4.8 4.4 Algeria n/a 0.7 Malaysia n/a 0.5   | 4.0 5.         |                  | 14.6         | 8.3       | 7.6       | 10.6         |
| Pakistan         n/a         0.9           Mexico         2.5         2.5           Russia         n/a         n/a           Australia         2.7         3.3           Egypt         0.4         0.6           Others         38.1         41.8           World         70.3         88.6         1           Stocks         India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7         Thailand         0.0         0.2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1         1.1         0.2         0.2   | 6.8 6.         | .8 11.2          | 10.8         | 10.4      | 10.5      | 10.6         |
| Mexico         2.5         2.5           Russia         n/a         n/a           Australia         2.7         3.3           Egypt         0.4         0.6           Others         38.1         41.8           World         70.3         88.6         1           Stocks         India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7         1           Thailand         0.0         0.2         2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4         1           Indonesia         0.4         0.3         2           Philippines         0.0         0.2         0           Others         14.7         13.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6         17.6           Exports         8         2.2         17.6         17.6           Exports         8         3.1         1.0         1.0           India         0.3         0.1         A.         1.0         1.0           India         0.3         0.1         0.2         1.0         1.0  | 6.3 8.         |                  | 8.2          | 7.4       | 8.4       | 8.4          |
| Russia         n/a         n/a           Australia         2.7         3.3           Egypt         0.4         0.6           Others         38.1         41.8           World         70.3         88.6         1           Stocks         India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7         1           Thailand         0.0         0.2         2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4         1           Indonesia         0.4         0.3         1           Philippines         0.0         0.2         0           Others         14.7         13.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6         17.6           Exports         8         8.2         1.0         1           India         0.2         1.0         1         1.0         1           India         0.3         0.1         1         0.2         1         0         1         0.1         0.2         1         0         0         0         1         0.1         0.2         <  | 2.1 2.         | .6 3.9           | 5.3          | 5.4       | 6.0       | 6.8          |
| Australia       2.7       3.3         Egypt       0.4       0.6         Others       38.1       41.8         World       70.3       88.6       1         Stocks       India       1.8       1.1         India       1.8       1.1       1         China       0.3       0.7       1         Thailand       0.0       0.2       2         Pakistan       n/a       0.1       1         United States       2.9       1.4       1         Indonesia       0.4       0.3       1         Philippines       0.0       0.2       0         Others       14.7       13.7       0         World       20.2       17.6       0         Exports       8       3.1       1.2       2.3         Thailand       0.2       1.0       1         India       0.3       0.1       Australia       1.8       2.6         Guatemala       0.1       0.2       Mexico       0.6       n/a         European Union       1.6       5.9       0         Others       15.5       16.2       0   | 3.9 5.         | .2 5.5           | 6.8          | 5.6       | 6.2       | 6.2          |
| Egypt         0.4         0.6           Others         38.1         41.8           World         70.3         88.6         1           Stocks         India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7         1           Thailand         0.0         0.2         2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4         1           Indonesia         0.4         0.3         2           Philippines         0.0         0.2         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7         13.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.7         13.7         14.8         2.6         2.3         17.6         Exports         15.2         2.3         17.6         Exports         15.2         2.3         15.1         15.2         2.3  | 2.6 1.         | .6 3.0           | 6.1          | 7.8       | 5.8       | 6.1          |
| Others         38.1         41.8           World         70.3         88.6         1           Stocks         India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7         Thailand         0.0         0.2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1         United States         2.9         1.4         Indonesia         0.4         0.3         Philippines         0.0         0.2         0.2         Others         14.7         13.7         World         20.2         17.6         Exports         Exports         Exports         Espail         1.2         2.3         The         Exports         <  | 3.6 4.         | .2 3.7           | 4.7          | 4.3       | 4.3       | 4.4          |
| World         70.3         88.6         1           Stocks         India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7         7           Thailand         0.0         0.2         Pakistan         n/a         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         2         2         2         1         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         1         2         2         3         1         1         1         1         1         1         2         2         3         1         <   | 1.0 1.         | .4 1.8           | 2.4          | 2.7       | 2.8       | 2.9          |
| Stocks         India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7           Thailand         0.0         0.2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4           Indonesia         0.4         0.3           Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         8         8           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports           China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8  | 44.6 36.       | .2 35.5          | 39.8         | 38.6      | 37.8      | 39.1         |
| India         1.8         1.1           China         0.3         0.7           Thailand         0.0         0.2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4           Indonesia         0.4         0.3           Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         8         8           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports           China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4 <td>114.4 130.</td> <td>.8 162.2</td> <td>179.2</td> <td>166.3</td> <td>179.9</td> <td>185.5</td>   | 114.4 130.     | .8 162.2         | 179.2        | 166.3     | 179.9     | 185.5        |
| China         0.3         0.7           Thailand         0.0         0.2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4           Indonesia         0.4         0.3           Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         8         8           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.5   |                |                  |              |           |           |              |
| Thailand         0.0         0.2           Pakistan         n/a         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4           Indonesia         0.4         0.3           Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         8         8           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 3.6 12.        | .0 6.3           | 17.6         | 14.6      | 15.4      | 16.6         |
| Pakistan         n/a         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4           Indonesia         0.4         0.3           Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         The         The           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5   | 1.4 1.         | .0 1.6           | 5.4          | 4.6       | 4.4       | 4.0          |
| Pakistan         n/a         0.1           United States         2.9         1.4           Indonesia         0.4         0.3           Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         The         The           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5   | 0.2 0.         | .6 3.0           | 8.3          | 7.6       | 5.4       | 3.0          |
| Indonesia         0.4         0.3           Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         Texports         1.2         2.3           Brazil         1.2         2.3         1.0           India         0.3         0.1         0.1         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1         0.2         0.0         1.0   | 0.3 0.         |                  | 1.9          | 1.7       | 2.2       | 2.4          |
| Indonesia         0.4         0.3           Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         Sexports         Sexports           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         21.3         28.4           Imports         China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 1.4 2.         | .0 1.3           | 1.6          | 1.5       | 1.6       | 1.4          |
| Philippines         0.0         0.2           Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         Sexports         Sexports           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports           China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 0.4 1.         |                  | 2.3          | 2.0       | 1.8       | 1.3          |
| Others         14.7         13.7           World         20.2         17.6           Exports         Exports           Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 0.2 0.         |                  | 1.2          | 1.3       | 1.3       | 1.2          |
| World         20.2         17.6           Exports         Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports           China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5   | 14.9 22        |                  | 14.7         | 15.5      | 13.8      | 14.1         |
| Exports         Brazil       1.2       2.3         Thailand       0.2       1.0         India       0.3       0.1         Australia       1.8       2.6         Guatemala       0.1       0.2         Mexico       0.6       n/a         European Union       1.6       5.9         Others       15.5       16.2         World       21.3       28.4         Imports         China       0.4       1.1         Indonesia       0.1       0.6         Bangladesh       n/a       0.0         United States       4.8       4.4         Algeria       n/a       0.7         Malaysia       n/a       0.5   | 22.4 39.       |                  | 53.1         | 48.8      | 45.8      | 44.0         |
| Brazil         1.2         2.3           Thailand         0.2         1.0           India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports           China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5   |                |                  |              |           |           |              |
| Thailand       0.2       1.0         India       0.3       0.1         Australia       1.8       2.6         Guatemala       0.1       0.2         Mexico       0.6       n/a         European Union       1.6       5.9         Others       15.5       16.2         World       21.3       28.4         Imports         China       0.4       1.1         Indonesia       0.1       0.6         Bangladesh       n/a       0.0         United States       4.8       4.4         Algeria       n/a       0.7         Malaysia       n/a       0.5  | 1.3 7.         | .7 25.8          | 19.6         | 19.3      | 32.2      | 29.2         |
| India         0.3         0.1           Australia         1.8         2.6           Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports           China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5   | 2.7 3.         |                  | 10.6         | 6.7       | 7.3       | 10.4         |
| Australia       1.8       2.6         Guatemala       0.1       0.2         Mexico       0.6       n/a         European Union       1.6       5.9         Others       15.5       16.2         World       21.3       28.4         Imports         China       0.4       1.1         Indonesia       0.1       0.6         Bangladesh       n/a       0.0         United States       4.8       4.4         Algeria       n/a       0.7         Malaysia       n/a       0.5   | 0.2 1.         |                  | 4.7          | 5.8       | 6.0       | 6.0          |
| Guatemala         0.1         0.2           Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5   | 2.8 3.         |                  | 3.7          | 3.6       | 3.3       | 3.5          |
| Mexico         0.6         n/a           European Union         1.6         5.9           Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         States         1.1           China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 0.7 1.         |                  | 2.1          | 1.9       | 1.7       | 1.8          |
| European Union       1.6       5.9         Others       15.5       16.2         World       21.3       28.4         Imports       China       0.4       1.1         Indonesia       0.1       0.6         Bangladesh       n/a       0.0         United States       4.8       4.4         Algeria       n/a       0.7         Malaysia       n/a       0.5  | 0.3 0.         |                  | 2.3          | 1.3       | 1.6       | 1.6          |
| Others         15.5         16.2           World         21.3         28.4           Imports         China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5   | 7.1 7.         |                  | 2.4          | 1.5       | 1.0       | 1.0          |
| World         21.3         28.4           Imports             China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 18.8 14        |                  | 12.3         | 13.1      | 11.2      | 12.4         |
| Imports           China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 33.9 38.       |                  | 57.9         | 53.1      | 64.3      | 66.0         |
| China         0.4         1.1           Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 00.0           | .0 00.0          | 07.5         | 00.1      | 04.0      | 00.0         |
| Indonesia         0.1         0.6           Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 1.1 1.         | .1 2.1           | 4.1          | 4.4       | 4.9       | 5.0          |
| Bangladesh         n/a         0.0           United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5  | 0.2 1.         |                  | 5.4          | 4.4       | 5.2       | 4.8          |
| United States         4.8         4.4           Algeria         n/a         0.7           Malaysia         n/a         0.5   | n/a 0.         |                  | 2.4          | 2.4       | 2.5       | 2.5          |
| Algeria n/a 0.7 Malaysia n/a 0.5   | 2.6 1.         |                  | 2.4          | 3.8       | 2.9       | 2.4          |
| Malaysia n/a 0.5   | 1.0            |                  | 2.3          | 2.5       | 2.9       | 2.4          |
| •  | 0.9 1.         |                  | 2.3          | 2.0       | 2.4       | 2.4          |
|  | 3.1 3.         |                  | 2.1          | 2.0       | 2.0       | 2.2          |
| Others   | 23.2 29.       |                  | 31.9         | 31.9      | 32.0      | 32.3         |
| World 17.3 28.2  | 32.1 40.       |                  | 51.9<br>53.4 | 54.0      | 54.0      | 52.3<br>53.6 |

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture (May 25, 2021 update).

Note: The trade year is January-December of the later year of the split. For example, 1970/71 refers to calendar year 1971. European Union includes EU-15 for 1970-1991.

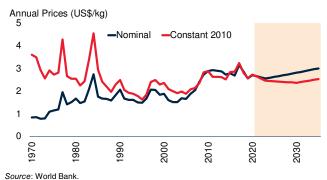
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## Tea



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data.

Note: Last observation is September 2021.

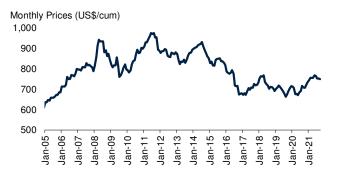


Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                      | 1970                   | 1980  | 1990  | 2000   | 2010  | 2016     | 2017     | 2018     | 2019   |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|----------|----------|----------|--------|
|                      | (thousand metric tons) |       |       |        |       |          |          |          |        |
| Production           |                        |       |       |        |       |          |          |          |        |
| China                | 163                    | 328   | 562   | 704    | 1,467 | 2,326    | 2,474    | 2,625    | 2,792  |
| India                | 419                    | 570   | 688   | 826    | 991   | 1,250    | 1,325    | 1,339    | 1,390  |
| Kenya                | 41                     | 90    | 197   | 236    | 399   | 473      | 440      | 493      | 459    |
| Sri Lanka            | 212                    | 191   | 233   | 306    | 331   | 293      | 308      | 304      | 300    |
| Vietnam              | 15                     | 21    | 32    | 70     | 198   | 240      | 260      | 270      | 269    |
| Turkey               | 33                     | 96    | 123   | 139    | 235   | 243      | 234      | 270      | 261    |
| Indonesia            | 64                     | 106   | 156   | 163    | 150   | 144      | 146      | 140      | 138    |
| Myanmar              | 11                     | 13    | 15    | 63     | 95    | 102      | 105      | 144      | 132    |
| Iran                 | 20                     | 32    | 37    | 223    | 121   | 125      | 101      | 99       | 91     |
| Bangladesh           | 31                     | 40    | 39    | 46     | 60    | 65       | 82       | 78       | 91     |
| Argentina            | 26                     | 36    | 51    | 74     | 92    | 85       | 81       | 82       | 86     |
| Japan                | 91                     | 102   | 90    | 85     | 85    | 80       | 82       | 86       | 82     |
| Uganda               | 18                     | 2     | 7     | 29     | 49    | 39       | 50       | 72       | 73     |
| Tanzania             | 8                      | 16    | 18    | 24     | 33    | 33       | 41       | 55       | 63     |
| Thailand             | n/a                    | 1     | 7     | 32     | 67    | 55       | 59       | 58       | 59     |
| Others               | 134                    | 250   | 270   | 212    | 235   | 250      | 207      | 212      | 212    |
| World                | 1,287                  | 1,894 | 2,525 | 3,231  | 4,611 | 5,803    | 5,995    | 6,327    | 6,497  |
| Consumption          | .,                     | .,    | _,0_0 | 0,201  | .,    | 0,000    | 0,000    | 0,021    | 0, .0. |
| China                | 109                    | 220   | 383   | 497    | 1,217 | 1,685    | 1,731    | 1,772    | n/a    |
| India                | 218                    | 331   | 490   | 632    | 774   | 1,139    | 1,082    | 1,095    | n/a    |
| Brazil               | 90                     | 81    | 133   | 514    | 406   | 415      | 419      | 426      | n/a    |
| Turkey               | 26                     | 91    | 95    | 137    | 242   | 252      | 294      | 302      | n/a    |
| Argentina            | 122                    | 132   | 149   | 271    | 219   | 261      | 267      | 272      | n/a    |
| Kenya                | 6                      | 12    | 21    | 2      | 2     | 170      | 168      | 180      | n/a    |
| Pakistan             | 30                     | 61    | 106   | 111    | 93    | 148      | 157      | 169      | n/a    |
| Iran                 | 24                     | 39    | 79    | 48     | 200   | 220      | 156      | 147      | n/a    |
| Russia               | n/a                    | n/a   | n/a   | 158    | 176   | 164      | 154      | 147      | n/a    |
| United States        | 68                     | 81    | 84    | 145    | 170   | 160      | 154      | 142      | n/a    |
| Vietnam              | 13                     | 12    | 16    | 14     | 62    | 103      | 110      | 117      | n/a    |
| Others               | 796                    | 1,026 | 1,283 | 1,196  | 1,492 | 1,533    | 1,661    | 1,665    | n/a    |
| World                | 1,502                  | 2,086 | 2,839 | 3,725  | 5,053 | 6,250    | 6,353    | 6,434    | n/a    |
| Exports              | .,                     | _,,   | _,000 | 0,1 =0 | 0,000 | 0,200    | 0,000    | 0, 10 1  |        |
| Kenya                | 42                     | 84    | 166   | 217    | 418   | 303      | 467      | 501      | 476    |
| China                | 61                     | 120   | 211   | 238    | 308   | 337      | 368      | 381      | 386    |
| India                | 200                    | 239   | 198   | 201    | 235   | 230      | 261      | 262      | 258    |
| Sri Lanka            | 208                    | 185   | 216   | 287    | 313   | 287      | 287      | 165      | 170    |
| Vietnam              | 2                      | 9     | 16    | 56     | 137   | 136      | 146      | 77       | 135    |
| Argentina            | 19                     | 33    | 46    | 50     | 86    | 78       | 75       | 73       | 75     |
| United Arab Emirates | 0                      | 8     | 7     | 12     | 50    | 32       | 75<br>55 | 67       | 66     |
| Uganda Uganda        | 15                     | 1     | 5     | 26     | 55    | 32<br>56 | 59       | 70       | 60     |
| Malawi               | 18                     | 31    | 41    | 42     |       | 44       | 41       | 70<br>42 | 47     |
| Others               | 187                    | 274   | 321   | 334    | 50    |          | 377      | 376      |        |
|                      |                        |       |       |        | 373   | 358      |          |          | 339    |
| World                | 752                    | 984   | 1,227 | 1,464  | 2,023 | 1,861    | 2,136    | 2,015    | 2,011  |

Source: Food and Agriculture Organization (Production September 15, 2021 update, Exports February 9, 2021 update, Food balance April 14, 2021 update). Note: Consumption includes domestic use for food, feed, waste, and other uses. China includes Mainland, Hong Kong, Macao, and Taiwan, China.

## Timber—Roundwood and Sawnwood



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data.

Note: Price refers to Sawnwood (S.E. Asia). Last observation is September 2021.



Source: World Bank.

Note: Price refers to Sawnwood (S.E. Asia). 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                           | 1970    | 1980    | 1990    | 2000        | 2010        | 2017    | 2018    | 2019    | 2020    |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
|                           |         |         |         | (million    | cubic meter | rs)     |         |         |         |
| Industrial roundwood: Pro | duction |         |         |             |             |         |         |         |         |
| United States             | 312.7   | 327.1   | 427.2   | 420.6       | 336.1       | 372.3   | 392.5   | 387.7   | 369.2   |
| Russia                    | n/a     | n/a     | n/a     | 145.6       | 161.6       | 197.6   | 219.6   | 203.2   | 201.9   |
| China                     | 42.2    | 79.2    | 91.2    | 96.0        | 161.8       | 163.2   | 181.7   | 181.7   | 181.7   |
| Brazil                    | 23.9    | 61.7    | 74.3    | 103.0       | 128.4       | 151.0   | 158.1   | 143.0   | 143.0   |
| Canada                    | 117.5   | 150.8   | 156.0   | 198.9       | 138.8       | 155.2   | 155.6   | 139.8   | 130.4   |
| Indonesia                 | 12.7    | 30.9    | 38.4    | 48.8        | 54.1        | 74.0    | 80.8    | 83.3    | 83.3    |
| Sweden                    | 56.7    | 44.8    | 49.1    | 57.4        | 66.3        | 67.6    | 67.7    | 70.0    | 70.6    |
| Germany                   | 33.0    | 38.9    | 80.3    | 49.2        | 47.1        | 43.3    | 52.9    | 54.1    | 61.8    |
| Finland                   | 37.5    | 43.0    | 40.2    | 50.1        | 45.4        | 55.3    | 60.5    | 55.7    | 51.3    |
| Others                    | 640.5   | 670.3   | 752.8   | 519.9       | 583.4       | 668.0   | 699.1   | 701.4   | 691.0   |
| World                     | 1,276.4 | 1,446.7 | 1,709.5 | 1,689.7     | 1,723.1     | 1,947.5 | 2,068.4 | 2,020.0 | 1,984.2 |
| Industrial roundwood: Imp |         |         |         |             |             |         |         |         |         |
| China                     | 2.0     | 8.3     | 7.2     | 15.7        | 35.4        | 55.6    | 60.2    | 61.1    | 60.1    |
| Austria                   | 2.0     | 3.7     | 4.4     | 8.5         | 8.0         | 8.8     | 10.1    | 10.6    | 12.3    |
| Sweden                    | 0.6     | 3.1     | 2.0     | 11.7        | 6.3         | 6.7     | 9.5     | 8.8     | 7.2     |
| Finland                   | 2.3     | 3.8     | 5.2     | 9.9         | 6.3         | 4.8     | 6.9     | 6.2     | 6.3     |
| Germany                   | 5.2     | 3.8     | 2.0     | 3.5         | 7.7         | 8.8     | 8.9     | 7.3     | 5.9     |
| Belgium                   | n/a     | n/a     | n/a     | 4.0         | 4.2         | 3.4     | 4.1     | 4.3     | 5.0     |
| Canada                    | 2.1     | 3.0     | 1.5     | 6.5         | 4.7         | 4.3     | 5.1     | 4.7     | 4.4     |
| Others                    | 69.0    | 69.7    | 60.3    | <i>55.4</i> | 37.2        | 39.7    | 39.1    | 37.5    | 34.3    |
| World                     | 83.1    | 95.4    | 82.6    | 115.3       | 109.8       | 132.1   | 144.0   | 140.5   | 135.4   |
| Sawnwood: Production      |         |         |         |             |             |         |         |         |         |
| China                     | 14.8    | 21.2    | 23.6    | 6.7         | 37.2        | 86.0    | 90.2    | 90.2    | 84.0    |
| United States             | 63.7    | 65.3    | 86.1    | 91.1        | 60.0        | 80.4    | 82.0    | 82.5    | 79.1    |
| Russia                    | n/a     | n/a     | n/a     | 20.0        | 28.9        | 40.6    | 42.7    | 44.8    | 41.8    |
| Canada                    | 19.8    | 32.8    | 39.7    | 50.5        | 38.7        | 47.9    | 47.6    | 41.8    | 40.2    |
| Germany                   | 11.6    | 13.0    | 14.7    | 16.3        | 22.1        | 23.2    | 23.8    | 24.6    | 26.2    |
| Sweden                    | 12.3    | 11.3    | 12.0    | 16.2        | 16.8        | 18.4    | 18.4    | 18.7    | 18.6    |
| Finland                   | 7.4     | 10.3    | 7.5     | 13.4        | 9.5         | 11.8    | 11.9    | 11.4    | 10.9    |
| Austria                   | 5.4     | 6.7     | 7.5     | 10.4        | 9.6         | 9.8     | 10.4    | 10.5    | 10.6    |
| Brazil                    | 8.0     | 14.9    | 13.7    | 21.3        | 17.5        | 10.2    | 10.2    | 10.2    | 10.2    |
| Others                    | 246.3   | 245.4   | 258.1   | 139.4       | 135.5       | 154.9   | 154.4   | 153.9   | 149.9   |
| World                     | 389.1   | 420.9   | 463.0   | 385.2       | 375.6       | 483.1   | 491.6   | 488.6   | 471.6   |
| Sawnwood: Imports         |         | 2.2     | 4.0     | 0.4         | 400         | 20.7    | 00.4    | 20.4    | 25.0    |
| China                     | 0.1     | 0.3     | 1.3     | 6.1         | 16.2        | 38.7    | 38.1    | 39.4    | 35.2    |
| United States             | 10.6    | 17.0    | 22.5    | 34.4        | 16.6        | 27.4    | 26.4    | 25.3    | 26.3    |
| United Kingdom            | 9.0     | 6.6     | 10.7    | 7.9         | 5.7         | 7.7     | 7.2     | 7.0     | 7.2     |
| Germany                   | 6.0     | 6.9     | 6.1     | 6.3         | 4.4         | 5.2     | 5.6     | 5.3     | 5.3     |
| Japan                     | 3.0     | 5.6     | 9.0     | 10.0        | 6.4         | 6.3     | 6.0     | 5.7     | 5.0     |
| Egypt                     | 0.4     | 1.6     | 1.6     | 2.0         | 4.8         | 4.6     | 3.9     | 4.5     | 4.2     |
| Italy                     | 4.0     | 5.8     | 6.0     | 8.4         | 6.1         | 5.2     | 4.8     | 5.7     | 4.1     |
| Others                    | 19.6    | 27.8    | 27.3    | 40.7        | 48.2        | 55.3    | 59.7    | 59.4    | 58.0    |
| World                     | 52.7    | 71.5    | 84.5    | 115.8       | 108.4       | 150.4   | 151.7   | 152.3   | 145.3   |

Source: Food and Agriculture Organization (August 12, 2021 update).

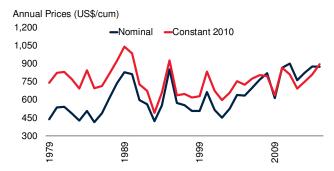
Note: Industrial roundwood, reported in cubic meters solid volume underbark (i.e. exclusing bark), is an aggregate comprising sawlogs and veneer logs; pulpwood, round and split; and other industrial roundwood except wood fuel. Sawmwood, reported in cubic meters solid volume, includes wood that has been produced from both domestic and imported roundwood, either by sawing lengthways or by a profile-chipping process and that exceeds 6mm in thickness.

## Timber—Wood panels and Woodpulp



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data.

Note: Price refers to Woodpulp. Last observation is June 2014.



Source: World Bank.
Note: Price refers to Woodpulp.

|                               | 1970  | 1980  | 1990  | 2000     | 2010        | 2017  | 2018  | 2019  | 2020  |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|                               |       |       |       | (million | cubic meter | s)    |       |       |       |
| Wood-based panels: Production |       |       |       |          |             |       |       |       |       |
| China                         | 0.9   | 2.3   | 3.0   | 18.9     | 113.9       | 153.2 | 154.1 | 156.6 | 160.7 |
| United States                 | 23.0  | 26.4  | 37.0  | 45.4     | 32.2        | 36.2  | 34.2  | 34.4  | 33.6  |
| Russia                        | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 4.7      | 9.8         | 15.6  | 17.3  | 17.6  | 17.4  |
| Germany                       | 5.4   | 8.0   | 9.1   | 13.7     | 12.4        | 12.7  | 12.4  | 12.5  | 12.8  |
| Canada                        | 3.1   | 4.3   | 5.9   | 14.4     | 9.0         | 12.4  | 12.3  | 12.9  | 12.5  |
| India                         | 0.2   | 0.2   | 0.4   | 0.3      | 4.4         | 11.0  | 11.7  | 12.3  | 12.3  |
| Brazil                        | 0.7   | 2.3   | 2.7   | 5.2      | 8.8         | 11.1  | 12.2  | 12.2  | 11.6  |
| Poland                        | 1.0   | 2.0   | 1.4   | 4.6      | 8.1         | 11.0  | 11.4  | 11.5  | 11.3  |
| Turkey                        | 0.2   | 0.4   | 0.8   | 2.4      | 6.5         | 9.3   | 9.5   | 9.5   | 9.4   |
| Others                        | 32.0  | 50.9  | 63.6  | 68.5     | 79.3        | 90.4  | 94.2  | 93.7  | 92.5  |
| World                         | 66.6  | 96.9  | 123.8 | 178.2    | 284.4       | 362.9 | 369.3 | 373.0 | 374.0 |
| Wood-based panels: Imports    |       |       |       |          |             |       |       |       |       |
| United States                 | 2.1   | 1.8   | 3.6   | 12.7     | 7.9         | 14.5  | 15.6  | 14.2  | 14.2  |
| Germany                       | 1.0   | 2.1   | 3.0   | 3.9      | 4.4         | 5.7   | 6.0   | 5.7   | 6.0   |
| United Kingdom                | 2.0   | 2.4   | 3.2   | 3.3      | 2.7         | 3.5   | 3.8   | 3.6   | 3.5   |
| Poland                        | 0.2   | 0.4   | 0.1   | 0.7      | 1.7         | 3.1   | 3.1   | 3.2   | 3.2   |
| Japan                         | 0.5   | 0.2   | 3.2   | 6.1      | 4.0         | 4.1   | 4.0   | 3.6   | 2.8   |
| Italy                         | 0.1   | 0.7   | 0.8   | 1.5      | 2.2         | 2.7   | 2.9   | 3.2   | 2.7   |
| Korea, Rep.                   | n/a   | n/a   | 1.2   | 1.8      | 2.4         | 3.4   | 3.4   | 2.5   | 2.6   |
| Others                        | 3.2   | 6.4   | 12.7  | 25.3     | 39.0        | 52.3  | 53.6  | 52.8  | 50.5  |
| World                         | 9.0   | 13.9  | 27.9  | 55.2     | 64.3        | 89.3  | 92.4  | 88.9  | 85.6  |
| Woodpulp: Production          |       |       |       |          |             |       |       |       |       |
| United States                 | 37.3  | 46.2  | 57.2  | 57.8     | 50.9        | 49.2  | 53.2  | 52.1  | 50.9  |
| Brazil                        | 0.8   | 3.4   | 4.3   | 7.3      | 14.5        | 20.2  | 21.7  | 20.3  | 21.6  |
| Canada                        | 16.6  | 19.9  | 23.0  | 26.7     | 18.9        | 16.8  | 16.8  | 16.8  | 15.4  |
| China                         | 1.2   | 1.3   | 2.1   | 3.7      | 9.6         | 12.6  | 13.7  | 14.9  | 14.9  |
| Sweden                        | 8.1   | 8.7   | 10.2  | 11.5     | 11.9        | 12.2  | 12.0  | 12.1  | 12.0  |
| Finland                       | 6.2   | 7.2   | 8.9   | 12.0     | 10.5        | 11.1  | 12.1  | 11.6  | 10.5  |
| Russia                        | n/a   | n/a   | n/a   | 5.8      | 7.4         | 8.3   | 8.6   | 8.2   | 8.8   |
| Indonesia                     | 0.0   | 0.0   | 0.7   | 4.1      | 5.7         | 7.8   | 8.3   | 8.4   | 8.4   |
| Japan                         | 8.8   | 9.8   | 11.3  | 11.4     | 9.5         | 8.9   | 8.8   | 8.6   | 7.2   |
| Others                        | 22.5  | 29.1  | 37.1  | 30.7     | 33.6        | 36.6  | 36.9  | 36.8  | 36.4  |
| World                         | 101.6 | 125.7 | 154.8 | 171.1    | 172.4       | 183.8 | 192.0 | 189.7 | 186.0 |
| Woodpulp: Imports             |       |       |       |          |             |       |       |       |       |
| China                         | 0.1   | 0.4   | 0.9   | 4.0      | 12.1        | 24.6  | 25.3  | 27.4  | 27.4  |
| United States                 | 3.2   | 3.7   | 4.4   | 6.6      | 5.6         | 5.4   | 5.6   | 5.3   | 5.7   |
| Germany                       | 1.8   | 2.6   | 3.7   | 4.1      | 5.1         | 5.3   | 5.1   | 4.8   | 4.0   |
| Italy                         | 1.4   | 1.8   | 2.1   | 3.2      | 3.4         | 3.2   | 3.5   | 3.6   | 3.3   |
| Korea, Rep.                   | 0.2   | 0.5   | 1.1   | 2.1      | 2.5         | 2.3   | 2.2   | 2.2   | 2.2   |
| France                        | 1.3   | 1.8   | 1.9   | 2.4      | 1.9         | 2.0   | 2.0   | 1.7   | 1.8   |
| Japan                         | 0.9   | 2.2   | 2.9   | 3.1      | 1.8         | 1.8   | 1.7   | 1.7   | 1.7   |
| Others                        | 7.6   | 7.6   | 8.3   | 12.3     | 16.5        | 20.2  | 21.3  | 20.8  | 21.2  |
| World                         | 16.6  | 20.6  | 25.2  | 37.8     | 49.0        | 64.7  | 66.7  | 67.4  | 67.2  |

Sources: Food and Agriculture Organization (August 12, 2021 update).

Note: Wood-based panels, reported in cubic meters solid volume, is an aggregate comprising veneer sheets, plywood, particle board and fiberboard. Woodpulp, reported in metric tons air-dry weight (i.e. with 10% moisture content), is an aggregate comprising mechanical woodpulp; semi-chemical woodpulp; and dissolving woodpulp.

## Tin

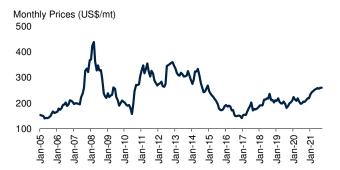


Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



|                        | 1970                   | 1980  | 1990       | 2000  | 2010  | 2017        | 2018  | 2019  | 2020       |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------|------------|
|                        | (thousand metric tons) |       |            |       |       |             |       |       |            |
| Mine Production        |                        |       |            |       |       |             |       |       |            |
| China                  | n/a                    | 16.0  | 40.0       | 87.7  | 129.6 | 112.2       | 127.0 | 134.3 | 161.3      |
| Indonesia              | 19.1                   | 32.5  | 40.0       | 51.6  | 84.0  | 82.8        | 84.0  | 86.4  | 65.4       |
| Myanmar                | 0.3                    | 1.3   | 0.5        | 1.6   | 0.8   | 58.9        | 45.9  | 45.0  | 29.1       |
| Peru                   | 0.1                    | 1.1   | 5.1        | 36.4  | 33.8  | 17.8        | 18.6  | 19.9  | 20.6       |
| Bolivia                | 28.9                   | 27.3  | 17.2       | 12.5  | 20.2  | 18.4        | 17.3  | 17.2  | 14.7       |
| Brazil                 | 3.6                    | 6.9   | 39.1       | 14.2  | 10.4  | 17.1        | 17.6  | 14.9  | 15.0       |
| Congo, Dem. Rep.       | 6.5                    | n/a   | n/a        | 0.0   | 7.4   | 10.2        | 9.0   | 12.5  | 9.7        |
| Nigeria                | 8.0                    | 2.7   | 0.3        | 2.0   | 1.3   | 8.6         | 7.9   | 7.0   | 5.8        |
| Australia              | 8.8                    | 11.6  | 7.4        | 9.1   | 18.6  | 7.4         | 6.9   | 7.7   | 7.8        |
| Vietnam                | n/a                    | n/a   | 0.8        | 1.8   | 5.4   | 5.0         | 5.5   | 5.5   | 5.4        |
| Malaysia               | 73.8                   | 61.4  | 28.5       | 6.3   | 2.7   | 4.8         | 3.9   | 3.6   | 3.2        |
| Rwanda                 | 1.4                    | 2.9   | 0.7        | 0.4   | 2.9   | 3.0         | 3.0   | 2.2   | 1.7        |
| Russia                 | n/a                    | n/a   | n/a        | 6.5   | 0.1   | 1.0         | 1.5   | 2.3   | 2.5        |
| Others                 | n/a                    | n/a   | n/a        | 4.4   | 0.7   | 2.0         | 2.1   | 1.7   | 2.1        |
| World                  | 184.3                  | 228.1 | 210.6      | 234.5 | 318.0 | 349.2       | 349.9 | 360.2 | 344.4      |
| Refined Production     |                        |       |            |       |       |             |       |       |            |
| China                  | 20.0                   | 16.0  | 35.8       | 109.9 | 149.0 | 178.4       | 177.7 | 181.0 | 202.9      |
| Indonesia              | 5.2                    | 30.5  | 30.4       | 46.4  | 64.2  | 72.0        | 81.4  | 81.6  | 74.0       |
| Peru                   | n/a                    | n/a   | n/a        | 17.4  | 36.4  | 17.9        | 18.3  | 19.5  | 19.6       |
| Malaysia               | 92.1                   | 71.3  | 49.0       | 26.2  | 38.7  | 27.2        | 27.2  | 23.7  | 18.5       |
| Brazil                 | 3.1                    | 8.8   | 37.6       | 13.8  | 9.1   | 13.8        | 13.5  | 12.0  | 12.0       |
| Thailand               | 22.0                   | 34.7  | 15.5       | 17.2  | 23.5  | 10.6        | 10.9  | 9.6   | 11.3       |
| Bolivia                | n/a                    | 17.5  | 13.4       | 9.4   | 15.0  | 16.1        | 15.6  | 15.1  | 10.4       |
| Belgium                | 4.3                    | 2.8   | 6.1        | 8.5   | 9.9   | 9.7         | 9.3   | 9.3   | 9.0        |
| Vietnam                | 0.0                    | 0.0   | 1.8        | 1.8   | 3.0   | 4.4         | 4.9   | 4.8   | 4.6        |
| Poland                 | 0.0                    | 0.0   | 0.0        | 0.0   | 0.6   | 3.4         | 3.8   | 4.0   | 3.9        |
| Taiwan, China          | n/a                    | n/a   | n/a        | 0.0   | 0.0   | 3           | 2.8   | 3.8   | 3.7        |
| Japan                  | 1.4                    | 1.3   | 0.8        | 0.6   | 0.8   | 1.6         | 1.6   | 1.6   | 1.5        |
| Russia                 | n/a                    | n/a   | n/a        | 5.5   | 0.7   | 0.8         | 1.0   | 1.0   | 1.2        |
| Others                 | n/a                    | n/a   | n/a        | 5.6   | 5.5   | 0.0         | 0.1   | 0.4   | 0.3        |
| World                  | 204.2                  | 232.2 | 227.5      | 262.3 | 356.6 | 359.0       | 368.1 | 367.3 | 373.0      |
| Refined Consumption    | 204.2                  | 202.2 | 221.5      | 202.0 | 550.0 | 333.0       | 300.1 | 307.3 | 373.0      |
| China                  | 12.5                   | 12.5  | 25.5       | 49.1  | 154.3 | 182.1       | 174.2 | 177.9 | 216.2      |
| United States          | 53.8                   | 46.1  | 36.8       | 51.0  | 32.0  | 31.5        | 34.7  | 31.3  | 29.2       |
|                        | 28.6                   | 30.9  | 34.8       | 25.2  | 35.7  | 29.1        | 28.1  | 24.9  | 20.2       |
| Japan<br>Germany       | 17.3                   | 19    | 21.7       | 20.7  | 17.4  | 20.0        | 20.2  | 18.4  | 14.9       |
| ,                      | 0.4                    | 1.8   | 7.8        | 15.3  | 17.4  | 13.1        | 13.9  | 12.0  | 13.4       |
| Korea, Rep.            |                        | 1.8   | 4.8        | 11.1  | 17.4  | 7.3         | 7.4   | 8.4   | 10.1       |
| Taiwan, China<br>India | n/a<br>4.8             | 2.3   | 4.8<br>2.3 | 6.4   | 11.1  |             | 11.4  | 10.6  |            |
| Netherlands            | 4.8                    | 5     | 6.9        | 3.6   | 5.4   | 10.0<br>6.0 | 6.0   | 6.0   | 9.7<br>5.4 |
|                        | 3                      | 4.2   | 6.9        |       | 6.1   |             |       |       | 5.4        |
| Spain                  |                        |       | · ·        | 4.1   | -     | 5.5         | 6.0   | 5.8   |            |
| Others                 | 100.4                  | 100.9 | 93.0       | 90.4  | 78.5  | 74.5        | 75.7  | 71.5  | 60.6       |
| World                  | 225.8                  | 224.0 | 237.6      | 276.9 | 368.8 | 379.0       | 377.5 | 366.8 | 385.0      |

## Wheat



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



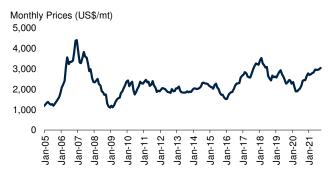
Source: World Bank.
Note: 2021-35 are forecasts.

|                | 1970/1971             | 1980/1981 | 1990/1991 | 2000/2001 | 2010/2011 | 2018/2019 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                | (million metric tons) |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| Production     |                       |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| European Union | 45.6                  | 67.4      | 89.1      | 132.7     | 136.7     | 123.1     | 138.7     | 126.0     | 139.4     |
| China          | 29.2                  | 55.2      | 98.2      | 99.6      | 116.1     | 131.4     | 133.6     | 134.3     | 136.9     |
| India          | 20.1                  | 31.8      | 49.9      | 76.4      | 80.8      | 99.9      | 103.6     | 107.9     | 109.5     |
| Russia         | n/a                   | n/a       | 49.6      | 34.5      | 41.5      | 71.7      | 73.6      | 85.4      | 72.5      |
| United States  | 36.8                  | 64.8      | 74.3      | 60.6      | 58.9      | 51.3      | 52.6      | 49.8      | 44.8      |
| Ukraine        | n/a                   | n/a       | 30.4      | 10.2      | 16.8      | 25.1      | 29.2      | 25.4      | 33.0      |
| Australia      | 7.9                   | 10.9      | 15.1      | 22.1      | 27.4      | 17.6      | 14.5      | 33.0      | 31.5      |
| Pakistan       | 7.3                   | 10.9      | 14.4      | 21.1      | 23.3      | 25.1      | 24.3      | 24.9      | 27.0      |
| Canada         | 9.0                   | 19.3      | 32.1      | 26.5      | 23.3      | 32.4      | 32.7      | 35.2      | 21.0      |
| Argentina      | 4.9                   | 7.8       | 11.0      | 16.3      | 17.2      | 19.5      | 19.8      | 17.6      | 20.0      |
| Turkey         | 8.0                   | 13.0      | 16.0      | 18.0      | 17.0      | 19.0      | 17.5      | 18.3      | 16.5      |
| Others         | 137.7                 | 154.9     | 108.8     | 64.6      | 91.6      | 115.5     | 122.2     | 117.1     | 123.8     |
| World          | 306.5                 | 435.9     | 588.8     | 582.6     | 650.6     | 731.5     | 762.3     | 774.7     | 775.9     |
| Stocks         |                       |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| China          | 7.2                   | 31.7      | 49.9      | 91.9      | 58.8      | 138.1     | 150.0     | 144.1     | 141.0     |
| India          | 5.0                   | 4.0       | 5.8       | 21.5      | 15.4      | 17.0      | 24.7      | 27.8      | 28.8      |
| United States  | 22.4                  | 26.9      | 23.6      | 23.8      | 23.5      | 29.4      | 28.0      | 23.0      | 15.8      |
| European Union | 7.2                   | 12.6      | 17.9      | 17.9      | 13.5      | 15.8      | 12.6      | 10.0      | 10.7      |
| Russia         | 7.2                   | 12.6      | 17.9      | 1.5       | 13.7      | 7.8       | 7.2       | 12.0      | 9.5       |
| Algeria        | n/a                   | 0.1       | 0.2       | 1.6       | 3.0       | 5.2       | 5.4       | 5.7       | 5.0       |
| Pakistan       | 0.7                   | 1.0       | 2.9       | 3.6       | 2.6       | 2.5       | 1.0       | 2.9       | 4.6       |
| Others         | 30.9                  | 23.7      | 52.6      | 44.1      | 69.7      | 65.0      | 65.9      | 62.9      | 61.7      |
| World          | 80.5                  | 112.6     | 170.9     | 205.9     | 200.2     | 280.8     | 294.8     | 288.4     | 277.2     |
| Exports        |                       |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| European Union | 6.2                   | 15.7      | 22.2      | 15.7      | 23.1      | 24.7      | 39.8      | 29.7      | 35.5      |
| Russia         | n/a                   | n/a       | 1.2       | 0.7       | 4.0       | 35.9      | 34.5      | 38.5      | 35.0      |
| United States  | 20.2                  | 41.2      | 29.1      | 28.9      | 35.1      | 25.5      | 26.4      | 27.0      | 23.8      |
| Australia      | 9.1                   | 9.6       | 11.8      | 15.9      | 18.6      | 9.0       | 9.1       | 24.0      | 23.5      |
| Ukraine        | n/a                   | n/a       | 2.0       | 0.1       | 4.3       | 16.0      | 21.0      | 16.9      | 23.5      |
| Canada         | 11.8                  | 16.3      | 21.7      | 17.3      | 16.6      | 24.4      | 24.6      | 26.4      | 15.0      |
| Argentina      | 1.0                   | 3.8       | 5.6       | 11.3      | 9.5       | 12.2      | 12.8      | 11.0      | 13.5      |
| Others         | 8.1                   | 3.5       | 10.2      | 11.2      | 21.9      | 28.5      | 26.1      | 27.8      | 29.8      |
| World          | 56.5                  | 90.1      | 103.8     | 101.2     | 133.0     | 176.2     | 194.3     | 201.3     | 199.6     |
| Imports        | 00.0                  | 00.1      | 100.0     | .02       | 100.0     | 170.2     | 10 110    | 201.0     | 100.0     |
| Egypt          | 2.8                   | 5.4       | 5.7       | 6.1       | 10.6      | 12.4      | 12.8      | 12.1      | 13.0      |
| Indonesia      | 0.5                   | 1.2       | 2.0       | 4.1       | 6.6       | 10.9      | 10.6      | 10.5      | 10.4      |
| China          | 3.7                   | 13.8      | 9.4       | 0.2       | 0.9       | 3.1       | 5.4       | 10.5      | 10.4      |
| Turkey         | 0.9                   | 0.0       | 0.3       | 0.4       | 3.7       | 6.4       | 10.9      | 8.1       | 10.0      |
| Bangladesh     | 0.0                   | 1.0       | 1.4       | 1.3       | 4.0       | 5.1       | 6.8       | 7.2       | 7.4       |
| Algeria        | 0.6                   | 2.3       | 4.4       | 5.6       | 6.5       | 7.5       | 7.1       | 7.7       | 7.4       |
| Brazil         | 1.7                   | 3.9       | 4.4       | 7.2       | 6.7       | 7.0       | 7.1       | 6.5       | 6.5       |
| Others         | 45.6                  | 61.9      | 71.4      | 74.5      | 92.9      | 121.6     | 126.8     | 131.4     | 133.7     |
| 0.11010        | 75.0                  | 89.5      | 99.0      | 99.3      | 131.9     | 174.0     | 187.4     | 194.1     | 198.0     |

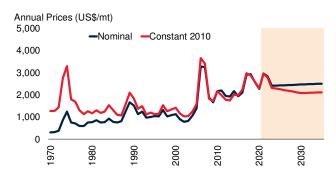
Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture (October 12, 2021 update).

Note: The trade year is January-December of the later year of the split. For example, 1970/71 refers to calendar year 1971. 'n/a' implies not available. European Union includes EU-15 for 1970-1991.

## Zinc



Source: See World Bank Commodities Price Data. Note: Last observation is September 2021.



|                     | 1970  | 1980      | 1990      | 2000     | 2010         | 2017       | 2018       | 2019   | 2020   |
|---------------------|-------|-----------|-----------|----------|--------------|------------|------------|--------|--------|
|                     |       |           |           | (thousar | nd metric to | ns)        |            |        |        |
| Mine Production     |       |           |           | `        |              | <u> </u>   |            |        |        |
| China               | 100   | 150       | 750       | 1,780    | 3,842        | 3,868      | 3,721      | 4,645  | 4,514  |
| Peru                | 299   | 488       | 584       | 910      | 1,470        | 1,473      | 1,470      | 1,404  | 1,335  |
| Australia           | 487   | 495       | 933       | 1,420    | 1,475        | 852        | 1,136      | 1,338  | 1,313  |
| India               | 8     | 32        | 70        | 208      | 741          | 828        | 747        | 713    | 756    |
| United States       | 485   | 317       | 543       | 829      | 748          | 774        | 838        | 753    | 718    |
| Mexico              | 263   | 238       | 322       | 401      | 570          | 674        | 637        | 701    | 638    |
| Kazakhstan          | n/a   | n/a       | n/a       | 322      | 405          | 347        | 345        | 370    | 370    |
| Bolivia             | 46    | 50        | 104       | 149      | 411          | 527        | 520        | 528    | 358    |
| Russia              | n/a   | n/a       | n/a       | 132      | 214          | 275        | 296        | 300    | 285    |
| Sweden              | 93    | 176       | 164       | 177      | 199          | 251        | 238        | 248    | 235    |
| Canada              | 1,253 | 1,059     | 1,203     | 1,002    | 649          | 347        | 305        | 323    | 210    |
| Brazil              | n/a   | 70        | 110       | 100      | 211          | 156        | 170        | 163    | 173    |
| South Africa        | n/a   | n/a       | n/a       | 63       | 36           | 31         | 28         | 125    | 161    |
| Others              | n/a   | n/a       | n/a       | 1,385    | 1,532        | 1,592      | 1.736      | 1.776  | 1.637  |
| World               | 5,359 | 6,189     | 7,117     | 8,815    | 12,469       | 11,965     | 12,157     | 13,263 | 12,542 |
| Refined Production  | -,    | -,        | ,         | -,-      | ,            | ,          | , -        | .,     | ,-     |
| China               | 100   | 155       | 550       | 1,957    | 5,209        | 6,144      | 5.607      | 6,236  | 6.425  |
| Korea, Rep.         | 2     | 79        | 257       | 473      | 750          | 1,069      | 1,099      | 1,022  | 963    |
| India               | 23    | 44        | 79        | 176      | 701          | 792        | 776        | 691    | 694    |
| Canada              | 413   | 592       | 592       | 780      | 691          | 598        | 620        | 655    | 671    |
| Spain               | 89    | 152       | 253       | 386      | 517          | 507        | 511        | 511    | 504    |
| Japan               | 676   | 735       | 687       | 654      | 574          | 524        | 521        | 537    | 501    |
| Australia           | 261   | 306       | 303       | 489      | 507          | 471        | 490        | 437    | 442    |
| Mexico              | 85    | 145       | 199       | 337      | 322          | 327        | 336        | 393    | 366    |
| Kazakhstan          | n/a   | n/a       | n/a       | 263      | 319          | 329        | 329        | 296    | 319    |
| Peru                | 71    | 64        | 118       | 200      | 223          | 312        | 334        | 357    | 319    |
| Finland             | 57    | 147       | 163       | 223      | 307          | 285        | 295        | 291    | 297    |
| Belgium             | 241   | 249       | 300       | 264      | 281          | 249        | 275        | 271    | 271    |
| Netherlands         | 47    | 170       | 209       | 217      | 264          | 248        | 268        | 240    | 250    |
| Others              | n/a   | n/a       | n/a       | 2,734    | 2,254        | 1,910      | 1,873      | 1,795  | 1,795  |
| World               | 5,095 | 6,183     | 6,971     | 9,153    | 12,919       | 13,766     | 13,333     | 13,732 | 13,816 |
| Refined Consumption | 0,000 | 0,100     | 0,011     | 0,100    | ,            | .0,.00     | 10,000     | .0,.02 | ,      |
| China               | 150   | 200       | 369       | 1,402    | 5,350        | 6,890      | 6,105      | 6,821  | 6,758  |
| United States       | 1074  | 810       | 992       | 1,315    | 907          | 829        | 867        | 950    | 878    |
| India               | 97    | 95        | 135       | 224      | 538          | 653        | 714        | 646    | 534    |
| Korea, Rep.         | 11    | 68        | 230       | 419      | 540          | 735        | 714        | 638    | 503    |
|                     | 448   | 474       | 530       | 532      | 494          | 452        | 444        | 389    | 396    |
| Germany             | 623   | 752       | 814       | 674      | 516          | 452        | 444        | 517    | 360    |
| Japan               | 623   | 752<br>12 | 814<br>47 | 92       | 182          | 482<br>267 | 482<br>248 | 252    | 267    |
| Turkey              | 178   | 236       | 270       | 377      | 339          | 267        | 280        | 252    | 257    |
| Italy               |       | 236<br>91 |           |          |              |            |            |        |        |
| Spain<br>Others     | 77    |           | 119       | 195      | 206          | 214        | 288        | 139    | 244    |
|                     | 2,375 | 3,402     | 3,062     | 3,659    | 3,460        | 3,397      | 3,090      | 3,176  | 3,008  |
| World               | 5,042 | 6,140     | 6,568     | 8,889    | 12,532       | 14,194     | 13,234     | 13,805 | 13,206 |



# **APPENDIX C**

Description of price series
Technical notes

### **Description of price series**

### Energy

Coal (Australia). Thermal, f.o.b. Newcastle, 6,000 kcal/kg, spot price.

Coal (South Africa). f.o.b. Richards Bay, NAR, 6000 kcal/kg, sulfur less than 1%, forward month one.

Crude oil. Average price of Brent (38° API), Dubai Fateh (32° API), and West Texas Intermediate (WTI, 40° API). Equally weighed.

Natural Gas Index (Laspeyres). Weights based on five-year consumption volumes for Europe, U.S. and Japan (LNG), updated every five years.

**Natural gas** (Europe). Netherlands Title Transfer Facility (TTF).

Natural gas (U.S.). Spot price at Henry Hub, Louisiana.

Liquefied natural gas (Japan). LNG, import price, cif; recent two months' averages are estimates.

### Non-Energy

### Beverages

Cocoa (ICCO). International Cocoa Organisation daily price, average of the first three positions on the terminal markets of New York and London, nearest three future trading months.

Coffee (ICO). International Coffee Organization indicator price, other mild Arabicas, average New York and Bremen/Hamburg markets, ex-dock.

Coffee (ICO). International Coffee Organization indicator price, Robustas, average New York and Le Havre/Marseilles markets, ex-dock.

Tea. Average three auctions, arithmetic average of quotations at Kolkata, Colombo, and Mombasa/Nairobi.

Tea (Colombo). Sri Lankan origin, all tea, arithmetic average of weekly quotes.

**Tea** (Kolkata). leaf, include excise duty, arithmetic average of weekly quotes.

Tea (Mombasa/Nairobi). African origin, all tea, arithmetic average of weekly quotes.

#### Oils and meals

Coconut oil (Philippines/Indonesia). Crude, c.i.f. Rotterdam.

**Groundnuts** (U.S.). Runners 40/50, CFR N.W. Europe

Groundnut oil. U.S. crude, FOB South-East.

**Fishmeal**. German, Danish 64% protein, FOB Bremen.

Palm oil (Malaysia). RBD, FOB Malaysia ports.

Palmkernel Oil (Malaysia/Indonesia). Crude, c.i.f. Rotterdam.

**Soybean meal.** Soybean pellets 48% protein, Brazil, c.i.f Rotterdam.

**Soybean oil.** Dutch soyoil crude degummed, EXW Dutch Mills.

Soybeans. U.S. Gulf yellow soybean No. 2, c.i.f. Rotterdam.

#### Grains

**Barley** (U.S.). Feed, No. 2, spot, 20-days-to-arrive, delivered Minneapolis.

Maize (U.S.). No. 2, yellow, f.o.b. U.S. Gulf ports.

Rice (Thailand). 5% broken, white rice (WR), milled, indicative price based on weekly surveys of export transactions, government standard, f.o.b. Bangkok.

Rice (Thailand). 25% broken, WR, milled indicative survey price, government standard, f.o.b. Bangkok.

Rice (Thailand). 100% broken, A.1 Super, indicative survey price, government standard, f.o.b. Bangkok.

Rice (Vietnam). 5% broken, WR, milled, weekly indicative survey price, minimum export price, f.o.b. Hanoi.

**Sorghum** (U.S.). No. 2 milo yellow, f.o.b. Gulf ports.

Wheat (U.S.). No. 1, hard red winter (HRW), ordinary protein, export price delivered at the U.S. Gulf port for prompt or 30 days shipment.

Wheat (U.S.). No. 2, soft red winter (SRW), export price delivered at the U.S. Gulf port for prompt or 30 days shipment.

### Other food

Bananas (Central and South America). Major brands, free on truck (f.o.t.) Southern Europe, including duties.

Bananas (Central and South America). Major brands, U.S. import price, f.o.t. U.S. Gulf ports.

Meat, beef (Australia/New Zealand). Chucks and cow forequarters, frozen boneless, 85% chemical lean, c.i.f. U.S. port (east coast), ex-dock.

Meat, chicken (U.S.). Urner Barry North East weighted average for broiler/fryer, whole birds, 2.5 to 3.5 pounds, USDA grade "A".

Meat, sheep (New Zealand). Frozen whole carcasses Prime Medium (PM) wholesale, Smithfield, London.

**Oranges** (Mediterranean exporters). Navel, EEC indicative import price, c.i.f. Paris.

Shrimp (U.S.). Brown, shell-on, headless, in frozen blocks, source Gulf of Mexico, 26 to 30 count per pound, wholesale U.S.

Sugar (EU). European Union negotiated import price for raw unpackaged sugar from African, Caribbean, and Pacific (ACP), c.i.f. European ports.

Sugar (U.S.). Nearby futures contract, c.i.f.

Sugar (World). International Sugar Agreement (ISA) daily price, raw, f.o.b. and stowed at greater Caribbean ports.

#### Timber

Logs (Africa). Sapele, high quality (loyal and marchand), 80 centimeter or more, f.o.b. Douala, Cameroon.

**Logs** (Southeast Asia). Meranti, Sarawak, Malaysia, sale price charged by importers, Tokyo.

**Plywood** (Africa and Southeast Asia). Lauan, 3-ply, extra, 91 cm x 182 cm x 4 mm, wholesale price, spot Tokyo.

**Sawnwood** (Africa). Sapele, width 6 inches or more, length 6 feet or more, f.a.s. Cameroonian ports.

Sawnwood (Southeast Asia). Malaysian dark red seraya/meranti, select and better quality, average 7 to 8 inches; length average 12 to 14 inches; thickness 1 to 2 inches; kiln dry, c. & f. U.K. ports, with 5% agents commission including premium for products of certified sustainable forest.

#### Other raw materials

**Cotton** (Cotlook "A" index). Middling 1-3/32 inch, traded in Far East, C/F.

**Rubber** (Asia). RSS3 grade, Singapore Commodity Exchange Ltd (SICOM) nearby contract.

**Rubber** (Asia). TSR 20, Technically Specified Rubber, SICOM nearby contract.

#### **Fertilizers**

DAP (diammonium phosphate), spot, f.o.b. U.S. Gulf.

Phosphate rock, f.o.b. North Africa.

**Potassium chloride** (muriate of potash), spot, f.o.b. Vancouver.

TSP (triple superphosphate), spot, import U.S. Gulf.

Urea (Ukraine), f.o.b. Black Sea.

#### Metals and minerals

Aluminum (LME). London Metal Exchange, unalloyed primary ingots, standard high grade, physical settlement.

Copper (LME). Standard grade A, cathodes and wire bar shapes, physical settlement.

Iron ore (any origin). Fines, spot price, c.f.r. China, 62% Fe.

**Lead** (LME). Refined, standard high grade, physical settlement.

Nickel (LME). Cathodes, standard high grade, physical settlement.

Tin (LME). Refined, standard high grade, physical settlement.

**Zinc** (LME). Refined, standard special high grade, physical settlement.

### **Precious Metals**

**Gold** (U.K.). 99.5% fine, London afternoon fixing, average of daily rates.

**Platinum** (U.K.). 99.9% refined, London afternoon fixing.

**Silver** (U.K.). 99.9% refined, London afternoon fixing.

### **Technical Notes**

### Definitions and explanations

**Constant prices** are prices which are deflated by the Manufacturers Unit Value Index (MUV).

MUV is the unit value index in U.S. dollar terms of manufactures exported from fifteen countries: Brazil, Canada, China, Germany, France, India, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Republic of Korea, South Africa, Spain, Thailand, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

Price indexes were computed by the Laspeyres The Non-Energy Price Index is comprised of 34 commodities. U.S. dollar prices of each commodity is weighted by 2002-2004 average export values. Base year reference for all indexes is 2010. Countries included in indexes are all low- and middle-income, according to World Bank income classifications.

Price index weights. Trade data as of May 2008 comes from United Nations' Comtrade Database via the World Bank WITS system, Food and Agriculture Organization FAOSTAT Database, International Energy Agency Database, BP Statistical Review, World Metal Statistics, World Bureau of Metal Statistics, and World Bank staff estimates. The weights can be found in the table on the next page.

Reporting period. Calendar vs. crop or marketing year refers to the span of the year. It is common in many agricultural commodities to refer to production and other variables over a twelvemonth period that begins with harvest. A crop or marketing year will often differ by commodity and, in some cases, by country or region.

#### **Abbreviations**

\$ = U.S. dollar bbl = barrel c.i.f. = cost, insurance, freight c.f.r. = cost and freight cum = cubic meter dmt = dry metric ton f.o.b. = free on board

f.o.t. = free on truck kg = kilogram mb/d = million barrels per day mmbtu = million British thermal units mmt = million metric tons mt = metric ton (1,000 kilograms) toe/person = tonnes of oil equivalent per person

**ICAC** 

**IEA** 

**IFA** 

**IRSG** 

ITU

LAC

**LICs** 

**LME** 

**LNG** 

toz = troy ounce

| Acronyms |  |
|----------|--|
| AEs      | Advanced economies                               |
| $CO_2$   | carbon dioxide                                   |
| COVID-19 | Coronavirus Disease 2019                         |
| DAP      | diammonium phosphate                             |
| EAP      | East Asia and Pacific                            |
| ECA      | Europe and Central Asia                          |
| EIA      | Energy Information Administration                |
| ESG      | Environmental, Social, and<br>Governance         |
| EU       | European Union                                   |
| EMDEs    | Emerging markets and developing economies        |
| EPA      | United States Environmental<br>Protection Agency |
| ETFs     | exchange-traded funds                            |
| FAO      | Food and Agriculture Organization                |
| GHG      | global greenhouse gas                            |
| HRW      | hard red winter                                  |
|          |  |

International Cotton Advisory

International Energy Agency

International Fertilizer Association

International Rubber Study Group

International Telecommunications

Latin America and the Caribbean

low-income countries

liquefied natural gas

London Metal Exchange

Committee

Union

| MNA                        | Middle East and North Africa                         | Intergovernmental Group on Tea                       |  |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| MOP                        | muriate of potash, or potassium                      | International Cocoa Organisation (ICCO)              |  |  |  |
|                            | chloride   | International Coffee Organization (ICO)              |  |  |  |
| MUV                        | Manufacture Unit Value                               | International Cotton Advisory Committee              |  |  |  |
| NOC                        | national oil companies                               | (ICAC)   |  |  |  |
| NPI                        | nickel pig iron                                      | International Energy Agency (IEA)                    |  |  |  |
| OECD                       | Organisation of Economic Co-                         | International Fertilizer Association (IFA)           |  |  |  |
|                            | operation and Development                            | International Rubber Study Group (IRSG)              |  |  |  |
| OPEC                       | Organization of the Petroleum<br>Exporting Countries | International Tropical Timber Organization (ITTO)    |  |  |  |
| PMI                        | purchasing managers' index                           | International Sugar Organization (ISO)               |  |  |  |
| SAR                        | South Asia   | ISTA Mielke GmbH Oil World                           |  |  |  |
| SSA                        | Sub-Saharan Africa                                   | Japan Lumber Journal                                 |  |  |  |
| TIPS                       | Treasury Inflation-Protected                         | Joint Organisations Data Initiative                  |  |  |  |
|                            | Securities   | London Metal Exchange                                |  |  |  |
| TTF                        | Netherlands Title Transfer Facility                  | Markit Group Ltd                                     |  |  |  |
| TSP                        | triple superphosphate                                | Meat Trade Journal                                   |  |  |  |
| USDA                       | United States Department of<br>Agriculture           | Metallgesellschaft                                   |  |  |  |
| USGS                       | U.S. Geological Survey                               | National Household Travel Survey                     |  |  |  |
| WFP                        | World Food Programme                                 | Nova Media Publishing, Inc.                          |  |  |  |
| WTI                        | West Texas Intermediate                              | Official Statistics of Japan                         |  |  |  |
|                            |  | Organization of the Petroleum Exporting<br>Countries |  |  |  |
| Data source                |  | Our World in Data                                    |  |  |  |
| Africa Tea Brokers Limited |  | Platinum and Palladium Survey                        |  |  |  |
| Baker Hughes               |  |  |  |  |  |

Baker Hughes Bloomberg

Bloomberg L.P.—Green Markets

BP Statistical Review British Geological Survey

C40 Cities

Federal Highway Administration

Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)

Gas Infrastructure Europe

General Administration of Customs, PRC Gold Fields Mineral Services (GFMS)

Haver Analytics

Intergovernmental Group on Bananas and

Tropical Fruits

Silver Institute Tea Board India

Tea Exporters Association Sri Lanka

Thomson Reuters United Nations Urner Barry

U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)

U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA)

U.S. Geological Survey

World Bureau of Metal Statistics

World Gold Council

World Platinum Investment Council

World Steel Association

## Weights for commodity price indexes

| Commodity group                     | Share of energy and non-energy indexes | Share of sub-group indexes |
|-------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| NERGY                               | 100.0                                  | 100.0                      |
| Coal                                | 4.7                                    | 4.7                        |
| Crude Oil                           | 84.6                                   | 84.6                       |
| Natural Gas                         | 10.8                                   | 10.8                       |
| ION-ENERGY                          | 100.0                                  |                            |
| Agriculture                         | 64.9                                   |                            |
| Beverages                           | 8.4                                    | 100.0                      |
| Coffee                              | 3.8                                    | 45.7                       |
| Cocoa                               | 3.1                                    | 36.9                       |
| Tea                                 | 1.5                                    | 17.4                       |
| Food                                | 40.0                                   |                            |
| Grains                              | 11.3                                   | 100.0                      |
| Rice                                | 3.4                                    | 30.1                       |
| Wheat                               | 2.8                                    | 25.2                       |
| Maize (includes sorghum)            | 4.6                                    | 40.7                       |
| Barley                              | 0.5                                    | 4.1                        |
| Oils and meals                      | 16.3                                   | 100.0                      |
| Soybeans                            | 4.0                                    | 24.6                       |
| Soybean Oil                         | 2.1                                    | 13.0                       |
| Soybean Meal                        | 4.3                                    | 26.3                       |
| Palm Oil                            | 4.9                                    | 30.2                       |
| Coconut Oil                         | 0.5                                    | 3.1                        |
| Groundnut Oil (includes groundnuts) | 0.5                                    | 2.8                        |
| Other food                          | 12.4                                   | 100.0                      |
| Sugar                               | 3.9                                    | 31.5                       |
| Bananas                             | 1.9                                    | 15.7                       |
| Meat, beef                          | 2.7                                    | 22.0                       |
| Meat, chicken                       | 2.4                                    | 19.2                       |
| Oranges (includes orange junice)    | 1.4                                    | 11.6                       |
| Agricultural Raw Materials          | 16.5                                   |                            |
| Timber                              | 8.6                                    | 100.0                      |
| Logs                                | 1.9                                    | 22.1                       |
| Sawnwood                            | 6.7                                    | 77.9                       |
| Other Raw Materials                 | 7.9                                    | 100.0                      |
| Cotton                              | 1.9                                    | 24.7                       |
| Natural Rubber                      | 3.7                                    | 46.7                       |
| Tobacco                             | 2.3                                    | 28.7                       |
| Fertilizers                         | 3.6                                    | 100.0                      |
| Natural Phosphate Rock              | 0.6                                    | 16.9                       |
| Phosphate                           | 0.8                                    | 21.7                       |
| Potassium                           | 0.7                                    | 20.1                       |
| Nitogenous                          | 1.5                                    | 41.3                       |
| Metals and Minerals                 | 31.6                                   | 100.0                      |
| Aluminum                            | 8.4                                    | 26.7                       |
| Copper                              | 12.1                                   | 38.4                       |
| Iron Ore                            | 6.0                                    | 18.9                       |
| Lead                                | 0.6                                    | 1.8                        |
| Nickel                              | 2.5                                    | 8.1                        |
| Tin                                 | 0.7                                    | 2.1                        |
| Zinc                                | 1.3                                    | 4.1                        |
| PRECIOUS METALS                     | 100.0                                  |                            |
| Gold                                | 77.8                                   |                            |
| Silver                              | 18.9                                   |                            |
| Platinum                            | 3.3                                    |                            |

Note: Index weights are based on 2002-04 developing countries' export values. Precious metals are not included in the non-energy index.

## **Commodity Markets Outlook: Selected Topics, 2011-21**

| Topics  | Date         |
|---|--------------|
| Urbanization and commodity demand   | October 2021 |
| Causes and consequences of metal price shocks                                       | April 2021   |
| Persistence of commodity shocks   | October 2020 |
| Set up to fail? The collapse of commodity agreements                                | April 2020   |
| A Shock Like no Other: The Impact of COVID-19 on Commodity Markets                  | April 2020   |
| The role of substitution in commodity demand  | October 2019 |
| Innovation, disruptive technologies, and substitution among commodities             | October 2019 |
| Oil market implications of the strike on Saudi Arambo facilities                    | October 2019 |
| Food price shocks: Channels and implications  | October 2019 |
| The implications of tariffs for commodity markets                                   | October 2018 |
| The changing of the guard: Shifts in commodity demand                               | October 2018 |
| Oil exporters: Policies and challenges  | October 2018 |
| Investment weakness in commodity exporters  | January 2017 |
| OPEC in historical context: Commodity agreements and market fundamentals            | October 2016 |
| From energy prices to food prices: Moving in tandem?                                | July 2016    |
| Resource development in era of cheap commodities                                    | October 2016 |
| Weak growth in emerging market economies: What does it imply for commodity markets? | January 2016 |
| Understanding El Niño: What does it mean for commodity markets?                     | October 2015 |
| Iran nuclear agreement: A game changer for energy markets?                          | October 2015 |
| How important are China and India in global commodity consumption?                  | July 2015    |
| Anatomy of the last four oil price crashes  | October 2015 |
| Putting the recent plunge in oil prices in perspective                              | January 2015 |
| The role of income growth in commodities  | October 2014 |
| Price volatility for most commodities has returned to historical norms              | July 2014    |
| The nature and causes of oil price volatility                                       | January 2014 |
| A global energy market?   | July 2013    |
| Global reserves, demand growth, and the "super cycle" hypothesis                    | July 2013    |
| The "energy revolution," innovation, and the nature of substitution                 | January 2013 |
| Commodity prices: levels, volatility, and comovement                                | January 2013 |
| Which drivers matter most in food price movements?                                  | January 2013 |
| Induced innovation, price divergence, and substitution                              | June 2012    |
| The role of emerging markets in commodity consumption                               | June 2012    |
| WTI-Brent price dislocation   | January 2012 |
| Metals consumption in China and India   | January 2012 |
| China, global metal demand, and the super-cycle hypothesis                          | June 2011    |

### **ECO-AUDIT**

#### **Environmental Benefits Statement**

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commodity prices have risen to high levels by historical standards. Energy prices have increased sharply, especially for natural gas and coal, while most non-energy prices have plateaued after steep increases earlier in the year. Crude oil prices are forecast to average \$74/bbl in 2022, up from a projected \$70/bbl in 2021. After registering more than 48 percent increase this year, metal prices are projected to decline 5 percent in 2022. Agricultural prices, which are projected to rise more than 20 percent this year, are expected to broadly stabilize in 2022. These forecasts are subject to substantial risks, from adverse weather, further supply constraints, or additional outbreaks of COVID-19. Energy prices are particularly at risk of additional volatility in the near-term given low inventory levels.

A Special Focus section explores the impact of urbanization on commodity demand. Although cities are often associated with increased demand for energy commodities (and hence greenhouse gas emissions) the report finds that high-density cities, particularly in advanced economies, can have lower per capita energy demand than low-density cities. As the share of people living in urban areas is expected to continue to rise, these results highlight the need for strategic urban planning to maximize the beneficial elements of cities and mitigate their negative impacts.

The World Bank's *Commodity Markets Outlook* is published twice a year, in April and October. The report provides detailed market analysis for major commodity groups, including energy, metals, agriculture, precious metals, and fertilizers. Price forecasts to 2030 for 46 commodities are also presented together with historical price data. Commodity price data updates are published separately at the beginning of each month.

