There Is, There Are:

Compreenda como usar "there is" e "there are" para descrever a existência de coisas.



No inglês não usamos o verbo ter (have) para haver.

Não podemos começar nenhuma frase com HAVE.

(salvo imperativo/presente perfeito)
HAVE sempre vem acompanhado de uma pessoa/
coisa que POSSUI e uma coisa/pessoa que é
POSSUÍDA.

To have - ter no sentido de possuir

I have a car – eu tenho um carro You have a house – você tem uma casa

He has a daughter - ele tem uma filha (dórer) She has a son - ela tem um filho It has a door - isso tem uma porta

We have a job - nós temos um emprego They have a family - eles têm uma família

There is - singular (uma coisa só)

There is - tem/há (não é tem de possuir, é tem de haver)

There are - plural (mais de uma coisa)

There are - tem/há (não é tem de possuir, é tem de haver)

Singular: There is a bible on my table

Negativa: There isn't a bible on my table

Interrogativa:Is there a bible on your table?

Plural: There are bottles on my table

Negativa: There aren't bottles on my table

Interrogativa: Are there bottles on your table?

Singular: There is a notebook on my bed

Negativa: There isn't a notebook on my bed

Interrogativa: Is there a notebook on your bed?

Corrija as frases abaixo:

Have one person in the living room Have not water here Have dogs in the backyard Don't have food in the fridge Have a problem on the computer Doesn't have money in the wallet Have things to do Not have time to do it Have one hospital close to my house

Passar as frases a seguir para o modo interrogativo

There are apples on the table (Tem maçãs na mesa)

There are people outside (Tem pessoas do lado de fora)

There is a book on the table (Tem um livro na mesa)

There is someone waiting for me* (Tem alguém esperando por mim)

Usar Any ao invés de Some é mais comum em perguntas e frases negativas

Passar as frases a seguir para o modo negativo

There are apples on the table (Tem maçãs na mesa)

There are people outside (Tem pessoas do lado de fora)

There is a book on the table (Tem um livro na mesa)

There is someone waiting for me* (Tem alguém esperando por mim)

Usar Any ao invés de Some é mais comum em perguntas e frases negativas

Practice with the text below:

There is a problem with that neighbor

I have the habit of looking through my window in the morning. Everytime I do that, I see that there is a person waiting for my neighbor at the door. Every day at 7 am, there is someone waiting for him.

There are many people that wait at his door, around 10 am. I don't know what there is in his house, but I know there must be something good for those people to wait there every day. Right now, there are 5 people waiting for him.

Vocabulary

There is a problem with that neighbor

that - aquele

neighbor - vizinho

I have the habit of looking through my window in the morning.

look - olhar

through - pela

window - janela

There are many people that wait at his door, around 10 am.

that - que to wait - esperar around - por volta

I don't know what there is in his house, but I know there must be something good for those people to wait there every day.

there must be - deve ter

but - mas

to know - saber

must - dever

something - alguma coisa

those - aquelas

to wait - esperar

Everytime I do that, I see that there is a person waiting for my neighbor at his door.

everytime - toda vez

that - isso

I see - eu vejo

to wait - esperar

to do - fazer

his - dele

Every day at 7 am, there is someone waiting for him. someone – alguém

him - ele

Right now, there are 5 people waiting for him.

to wait - esperar

Conversation questions:

Is there a place in your city that you love to visit? Why?

(Há um lugar na sua cidade que você adora visitar? Por quê?)

Yes, there is... I love to visit... because...

No, there isn't... because...

Is there a food you don't like? What is it?

(Há alguma comida que você não gosta? Qual é?)

Yes, there is. It is...

No, there isn't...

Is there a TV show or movie you recommend? Why?

(Há algum progrma de tv ou filme que você recomenda? Porquê?)

Yes, there is. I recommend...

No, there isn't.

Is there a hobby you enjoy? Tell me about it.

(Há um hobby que você gosta? Fale-me sobre ele.)

Yes, there is...

No, there isn't.

Is there a book that changed your life?

(Há um livro que mudou sua vida?)

Yes, there is...

No, there isn't.

Are there any countries you would like to visit? Which ones?

(Há algum país que você gostaria de visitar? Quais?)

Yes, there are...

No, there aren't...

Are there any sports you like to play or watch?

(Há algum esporte que você gosta de praticar ou assistir?)

Yes, there are...

No, there aren't...

Are there any languages you want to learn? Why?

(Há algum idioma que você gostaria de aprender? Por quê?)

Yes, there are... because...

No, there aren't...

Are there any musicians or bands you like? Who are they?

(Há algum músico ou banda que você gosta? Quem são?)

Yes, there are...

No, there aren't...

Are there any books or authors you enjoy?

(Há algum livro ou autor que você gosta?)

Yes, there are...

No, there aren't...