$\begin{array}{c} {\bf DAQ\ data\ structure\ for\ the\ Muon\ g-2}\\ {\bf experiment} \end{array}$

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Abstract

This document outlines the DAQ data structure of the Muon g-2 experiment. A detailed list of the MIDAS data bank will be shown and their contents will described.

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1 MIDAS DAQ output in a nutshell

The main DAQ framework for the Muon g-2 experiment is based on MIDAS [cite]. MIDAS event structure is as depicted in Fig. 1.

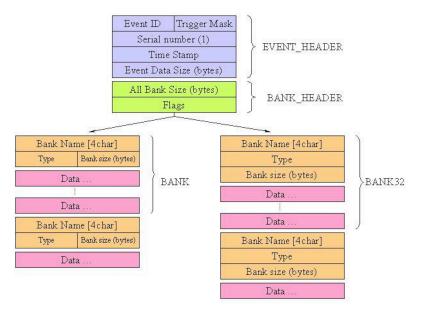


Figure 1: MIDAS event structure. Each event has its header that is followed by the bank header. Then all the banks will appear according the defined order.

2 MIDAS Bank list

Hundred of banks will be stored in each MIDAS event and it is very important to classify them properly. At the moment they can be grouped into 4 categories: calorimeter, auxiliary detector, CCC and magnetic field. Naming of these banks will be described in this section and their contents will be explained in the next section.

2.1 Calorimeter-related banks

There are 3 fill types for the calorimeter. Muon fill is the typical muon events, laser fill is event dedicated for laser calibration and monitoring events and pedestal fill is trivia from its name. Data from each fill type is identified from the bank name. The muon fill is denoted by "C", the laser fill is denoted by "L" and the pedestal fill is denoted by "P". A summary of the banks is listed in Tab. 1.

2.2 Auxiliary detector-related banks

A separate T/Q-method is needed for auxiliary detectors. Their data banks are denoted with the initial "K". A list of these banks are summarized in Tab. 2.

2.3 CCC related banks

This is the bank housing information regarding the CCC system based on FC7. A list of these banks are summarized in Tab. 3.

Table 1: MIDAS bank list for the calorimetry data.

muon fill	laser fill	pedestal fill	Description					
	Bank nan	ne	Description					
CA	LA	PA	AMC13 Header					
СВ	LB	PB	WFD5 header					
CC	LC	PC	GPU timing data					
CF	LF	PF	GPU fitted data					
СН	LH	PH	per-crystal Q-method data (N-th event, end of run)					
CL	LL	PL	Clock data					
CP	LP	PP	Pedestal					
CQ	CQ LQ PQ		per-calo Q-method data (every event)					
CR LR PR		PR	WFD5 raw data					
CT LT PT			T-method islands					
CZ	LZ	PZ	AMC13 CDF trailers					

Table 2: MIDAS bank list for auxiliary T/Q data. This is mainly for the fiber harps, quads and kickers.

Bank name	Description
KH	Per aux. detector channel Q-method data (N-th event, end of run)
KQ	Per aux. detector Q-method data (every event)
KT	T-method data

Table 3: MIDAS bank list for the CCC data.

TTCA	AMC13 Header
TTCR	CCC AMC13 Payload
TTCZ	AMC13 Trailer

2.4 Field related banks

Overall instructions:

All field-team banks are filled once per event. For many field-team banks, a c struct is defined in the field_struct.hh file, accessible for all frontends and unpackers. Programmers should able to cast the read-out bank (array of bytes) onto a pointer of the corresponding struct. A midas bank can be an entire struct (like **TLNP**, **ABPR**, etc) or a array of structs (like **GALI**). A list of these banks are summarized in Tab. 4.

System	Name	Description							
Fixed probe	FXPR	Fixed probe, header + NMR waveforms							
	TLNP	Trolley NMR Pulse, header + NMR waveforms							
Trolloy	TLBC	Trolley Barcode, header + Barcode waveforms							
Trolley TLMN Trolley Monitors (temperatures, voltages and pro-									
		header + voltage waveforms							
	GALI	Galil (trolley and garage) data, positions + velocities + con-							
		trol voltages + tensions							
Absolute probes	ABPR	Absolute probe (spherical probe and plunging probe are using							
		the same bank), header + NMR waveforms							
Flux gate	FLUX	Flux gate, fluxgate waveforms							
Surface coil	SFCL	Surface coil current readouts							

Table 4: MIDAS bank list for the magnetic field related data.

3 Bank contents

This section details contents of each MIDAS bank.

3.1 Calorimeter-related banks

CA (LA, PA) and CZ (LZ, PZ) banks

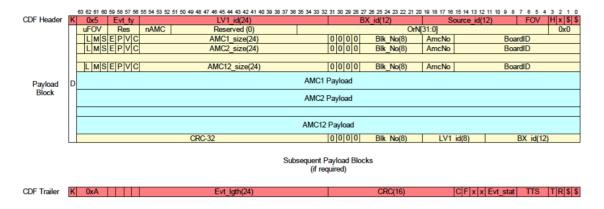


Figure 2: Data structure for AMC13 to DAQ. The first 2 64-bit words are stored in the CA (LA, PA) bank.

CB (LB, PB) banks

AMC13 Header AMC13 Trailer CRC-32 [3] AMC13 Header 63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 BX_id(12) Data_lgth/(20) [1] Rider Data AMC13 Trailer

Figure 3: Data structure for Rider to AMC13.

CR (LR, PR) banks

This is the bank for the full WFD5 payload.

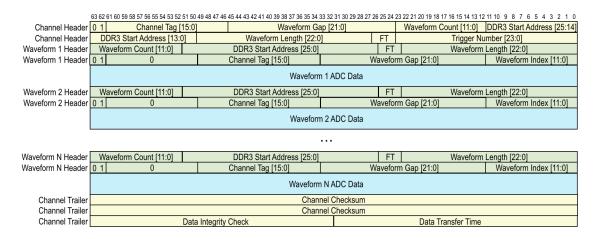


Figure 4: Data structure for Rider.

C? (L?, P?) banks

This is the bank for the WFD5 payload in the asynchronous mode.

CT (LT, PT) banks

This place is reserved for T-method (chopped island) bank.



Figure 5: Data structure for asynchronous mode for Rider.

63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53	62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0								
0 0 0 0 AmcNo		Trig_Num[23:0]	Timestamp[43:	32]	Data_Length[19:0]				
User[12:0]	TT	Timesta	mp[31:0]		BT Board_ID[12:0]				
	Laser_D	elay[31:0]	Trig_Delay[31:0]						
FC7_Status[55:0] L12_Ports[7:0]							L12_Ports[7:0]		
13 Trailer CRC[31:0]			Trig_Num[7:0]	0 0 0 0		Data_Length[19:0)]		
	0 0 0 0 AmcNo	0 0 0 0 AmcNo User[12:0] TT Laser_Do	0 0 0 0 AmcNo Trig_Num[23:0] User[12:0] TT Timesta Laser_Delay[31:0] FC7_Status[55:0]	0 0 0 0 AmcNo Trig_Num[23:0] Timestamp[43:0] User[12:0] TT Timestamp[31:0] Laser_Delay[31:0] FC7_Status[55:0]	0 0 0 0 AmcNo Trig_Num[23:0] Timestamp[43:32] User[12:0] TT Timestamp[31:0] Laser_Delay[31:0] Trig_FC7_Status[55:0]	0 0 0 0 AmcNo Trig_Num[23:0] Timestamp[43:32] User[12:0] TT Timestamp[31:0] BT Laser_Delay[31:0] Trig_Delay[31:0] FC7_Status[55:0]	0 0 0 0 AmcNo Trig_Num[23:0] Timestamp[43:32] Data_Length[19:0] User[12:0] TT Timestamp[31:0] BT Boa Laser_Delay[31:0] Trig_Delay[31:0] FC7_Status[55:0]		

Figure 6: Data structure for encoder FC7.

	63 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0															
AMC13 Header	0 0 0 0	0 AmcNo Trig_Num[23:0]			Tir	mestamp[43:	32]	Data_Length[19:0]								
AMC13 Header		User[12:0]	er[12:0] TT Times			Timesta	mp[31:0]			BT Board_ID[12:0]						
FC7 Data				Laser_D	elay[31:0]				Trig_Delay[31:0]							
FC7 Data	FC7_Status[47:0]									L8_Ports[7:0] L12_Ports[orts[7:0]				
FC7 Data	TTS16	TTS15	TTS14	TTS13	TTS12	TTS11	TTS10	TTS9	TTS8	TTS7	TTS6	TTS5	TTS4	TTS3	TTS2	TTS1
AMC13 Trailer	CRC[31:0]						Trig_No	um[7:0]	0 0 0 0		D:	ata_Length[19	:0]			

Figure 7: Data structure for fanout FC7.

 Table 5: MIDAS bank structure for the FXPR bank.

start word index	type	array length	field name	content	struct name
0	Double_t	num_ch	sys_clock	system clock	
4*num_ch	Double_t	num_ch	gps_clock	gps clock	
8*num_ch	Double_t	$\mathrm{num_ch}$	dev_clock	device clock	
12*num_ch	Double_t	num_ch	snr	signal to noise ratio	
16*num_ch	Double_t	num _ch	len	length of each wave	
				form	$fixed_t$
20*num_ch	Double_t	num_ch	freq	frequency extracted	IIXEU_0
24*num_ch	Double_t	num_ch	ferr	frequency error	
28*num_ch	Double_t	num_ch	$freq_zc$	frequency extracted,	
				zero crossing	
32*num_ch	Double_t	num_ch	ferr_zc	frequency error, zero	
				crossing	
36*num_ch	UShort_t	num_ch	health	health indicator of	
				probes	
37*num_ch	UShort_t	num_ch	method	frequency extraction	
				method	
38*num_ch	UShort_t	num_ch * rec_len	trace	NMR waveforms:	
				Waveform_Ch1 +	
				Waveform_Ch2 +	
				+ Waveform_Ch6	

Table 6: Hard-coded macros in the FXPR bank.

Name in the code	Name in this doc	Value
NMR_NUM_FIXED_PROBES	num_ch	378
NMR_FID_LENGTH_RECORD	rec_len	10000

3.2 Auxiliary detector-related banks

KH and KQ banks

KT bank

3.3 CCC related banks

TTCA, TTCR, TTCZ banks

3.4 Field related banks

FXPR bank

TLNP bank

Table 7: MIDAS bank structure for the TLNP bank.

start word index	type	array length	field name	content	struct name
0	$ULong64_t$	1	gps_clock	Time stamp of the	
				first NMR sample	$ \text{trollye_nmr_t} $
4	$UShort_{-}t$	1	probe_index	probe index	
5	$UShort_t$	1	length	length of the NMR	
				waveform	
6	$Short_t$	nmr_len	trace	Trolley Probe NMR	
				wavefrom	

Table 8: Hard-coded macros in the TLNP bank.

Name in the code	Name in this doc	Value
TRLY_NMR_LENGTH	nmr_len	24000

TLBC bank

Table 9: MIDAS bank structure for the TLBC bank.

start word	index	type	array length	field name content	struct name
0	ULong64_t	1	gps_clock	Time stamp of the	
				first barcode sample	trolley_barcode_t
4	$UShort_t$	1	length_per_ch	length of the barcode	
				waveform per channel	
5	UShort_t	bc_ch*bc_len	traces	Barcode wavefroms:	
				Waveform_Ch1 +	
				Waveform_Ch2 +	
				+ Waveform_Ch6	

4 Parsers for MIDAS bank data

Muon g-2 offline analysis framework relies on parsers in the gm2parser namespace hosted under repository gm2unpackers to decode the data. To checkout the codes,

git clone ssh://p-gm2dqm@cdcvs.fnal.gov/cvs/projects/gm2unpackers

Alternatively, you can also use

mrb g gm2dqm

in our g-2 environment.