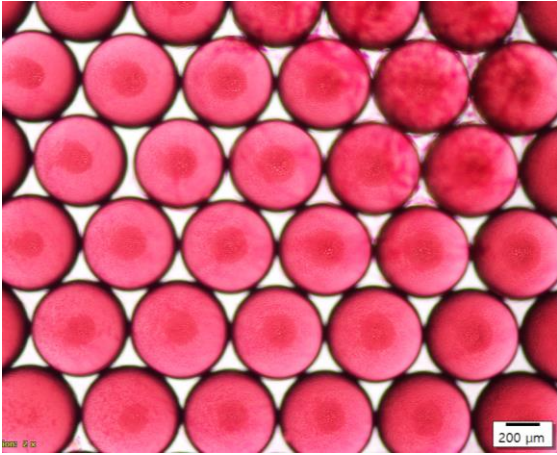


Emulsion fabrication

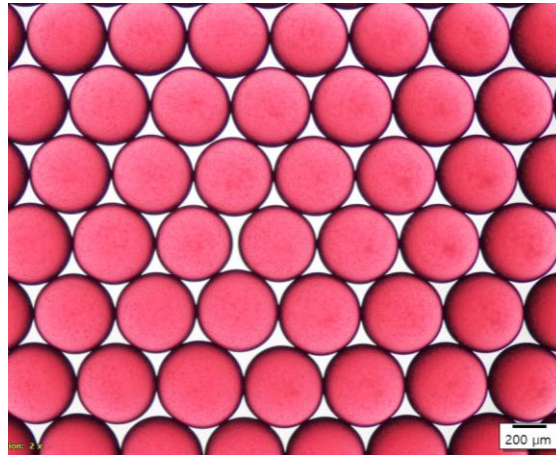
- DP : DCM + Oil Red, 0.6 mL/h
- CP : 2% PVA in DW, 1, 3, 6 mL/h

CP flow rate : 1 mL/h



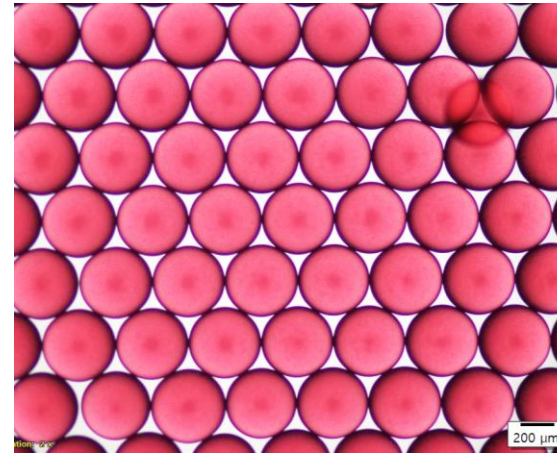
Size : $548.29 \pm 12.52 \mu\text{m}$

3 mL/h

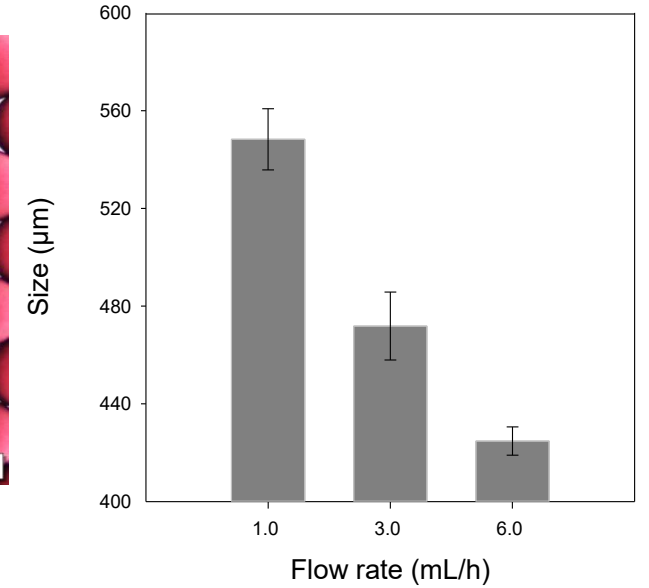


$471.82 \pm 13.88 \mu\text{m}$

6 mL/h

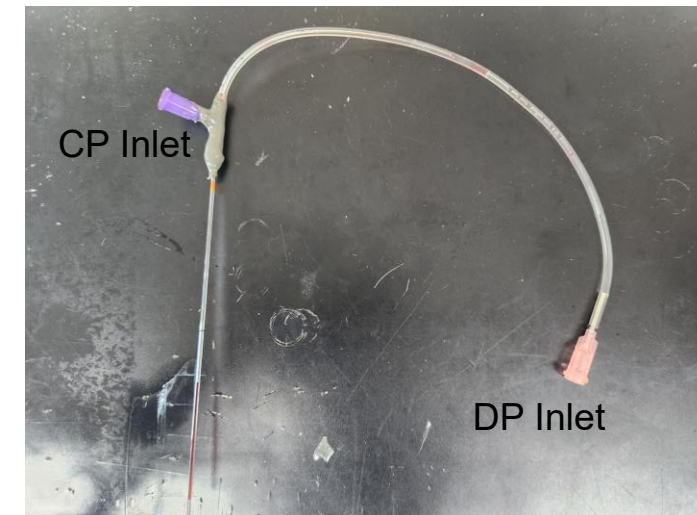


$424.78 \pm 5.79 \mu\text{m}$



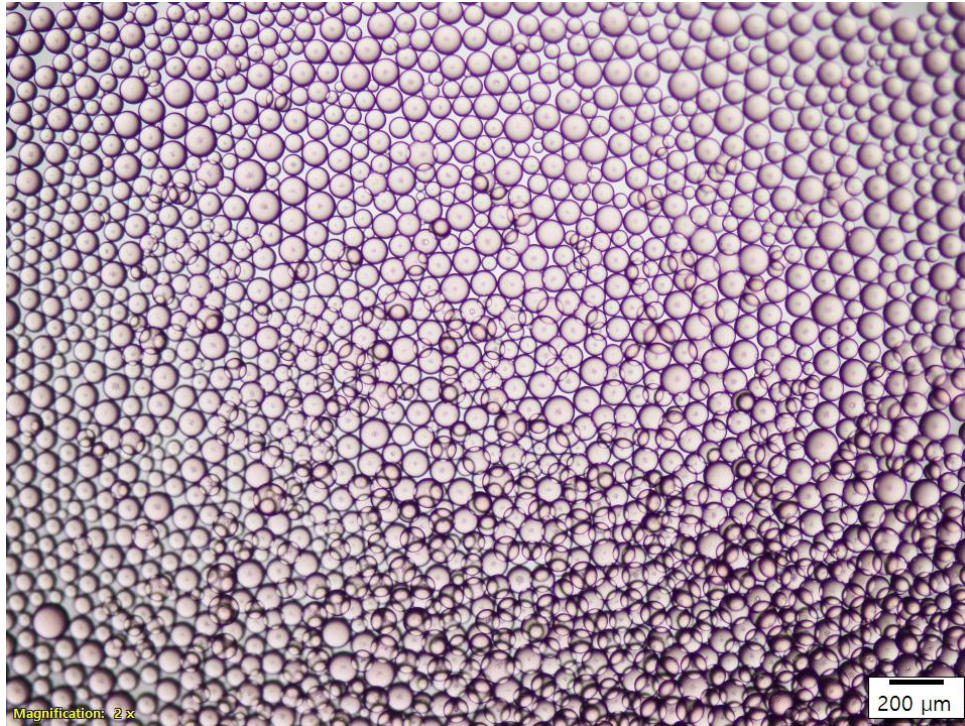
• Results

- 1) Emulsion size decreases as CP flow rate increases
- 2) CV values: 2.28%, 2.94%, 1.36% (<10%) → Emulsions are uniform



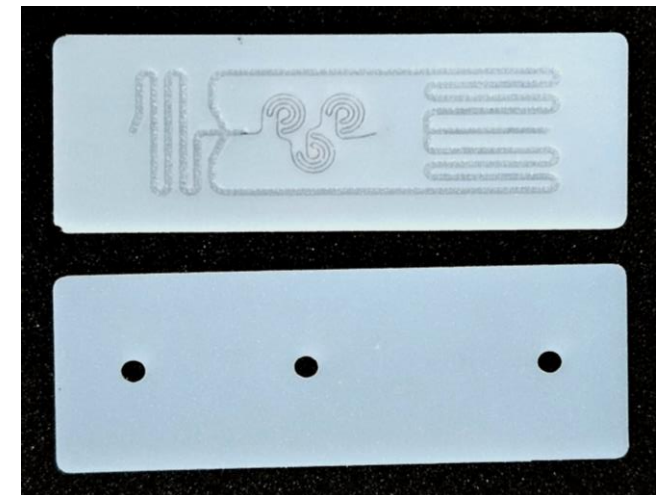
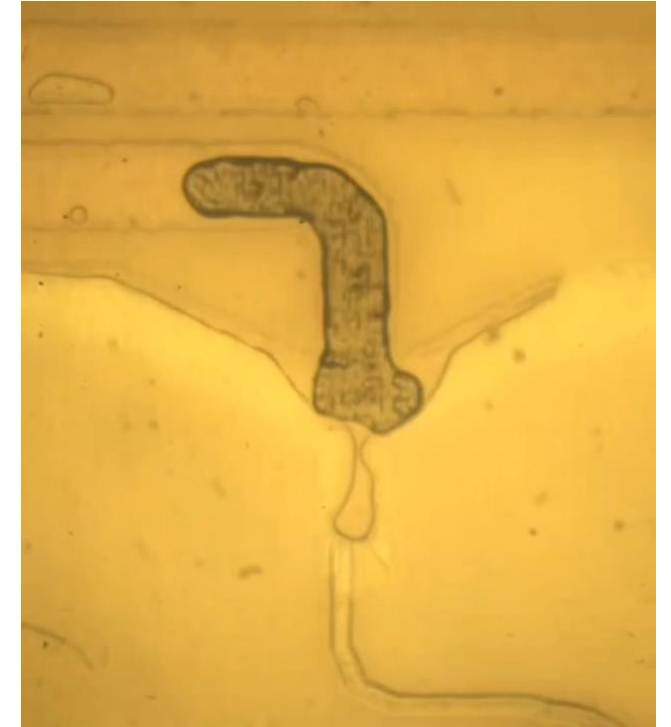
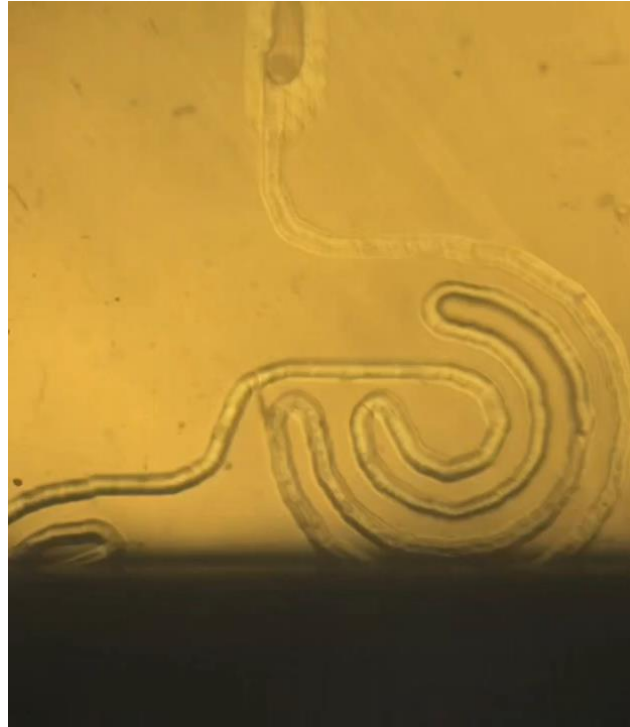
Emulsion fabrication

- DP : DCM + Oil Red, 0.5 mL/h
- CP : 2% PVA in DW, 5.0 mL/h



Size : $73.67 \pm 20.05 \mu\text{m}$

- High volatility of DCM causes continuous bubble formation
→ CV = 27.22% (>10%)
→ Emulsions are non-uniform



O/W Emulsion Fabrication

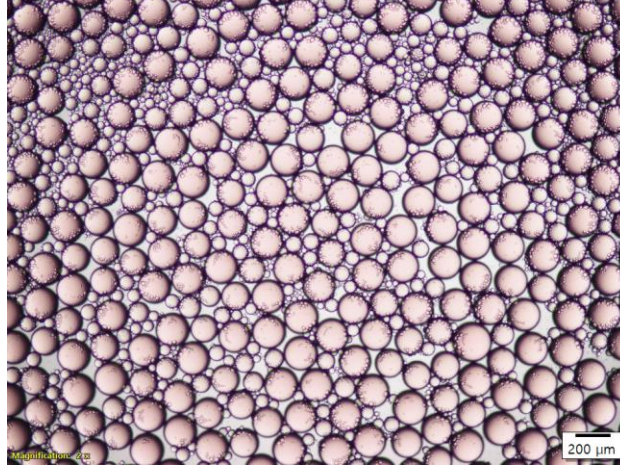
- DP : Isododecane + Oil Red, 1 mL/h
- CP : 2% Poloxamer in DW

CP flow rate : 10 mL/h



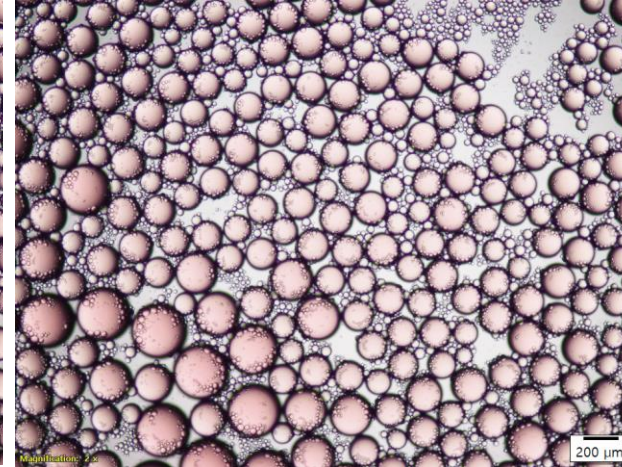
Size : $116.13 \pm 38.79 \mu\text{m}$

20 mL/h

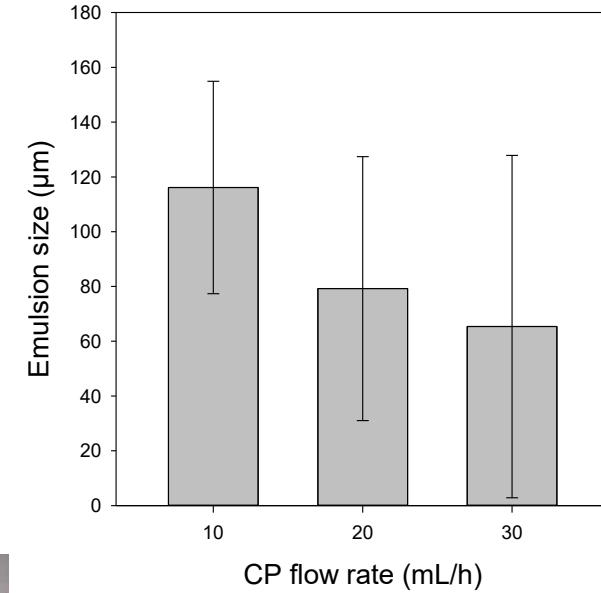


$79.21 \pm 48.20 \mu\text{m}$

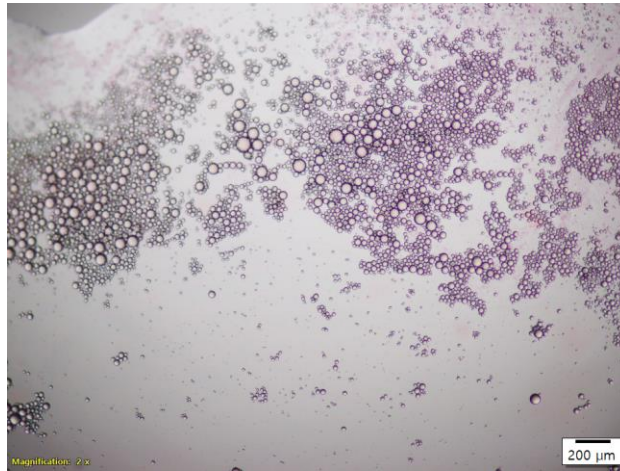
30 mL/h



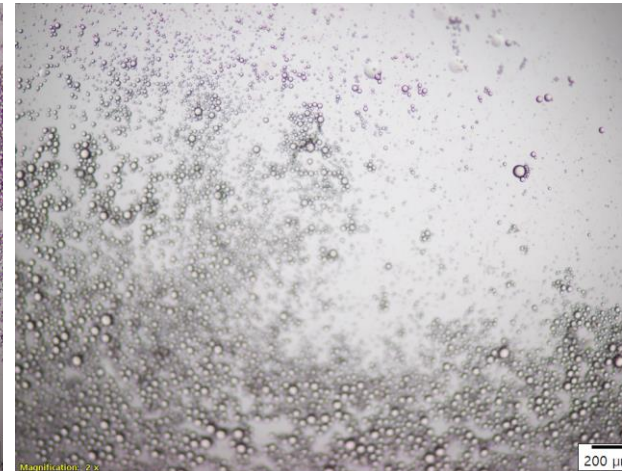
$65.35 \pm 62.50 \mu\text{m}$



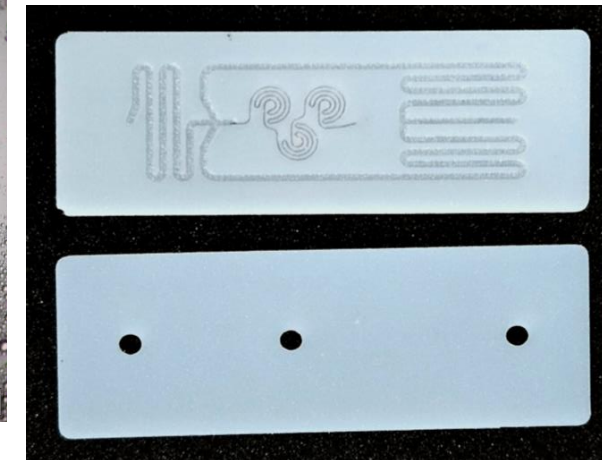
✓ CV values:
33.40%, 60.86%, 95.63%
(>10%)
→ Emulsions are uniform



$18.58 \pm 7.12 \mu\text{m}$

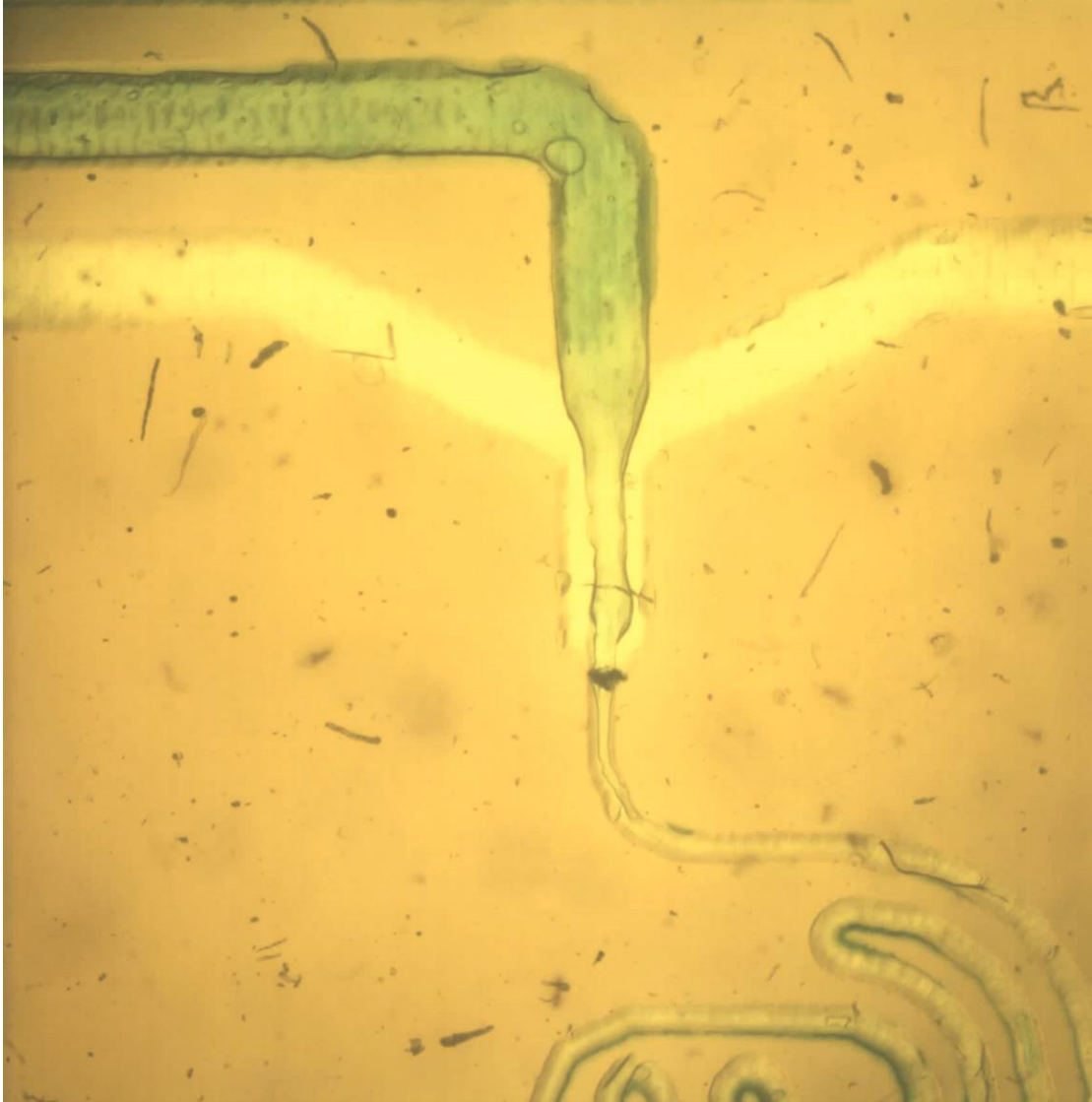


$15.95 \pm 6.92 \mu\text{m}$



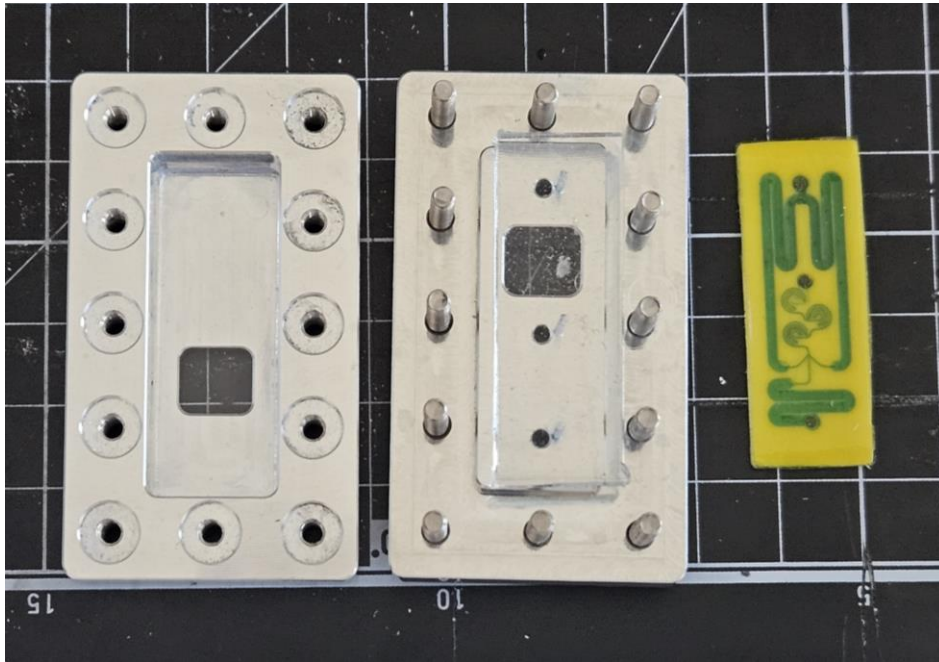
W/O Emulsion Fabrication

- DP : DW + metlyne blue, 1 mL/h
- CP : Isododecane + span80, 10 mL/h



Emulsions not formed at the junction
→ Formed as the channel narrows

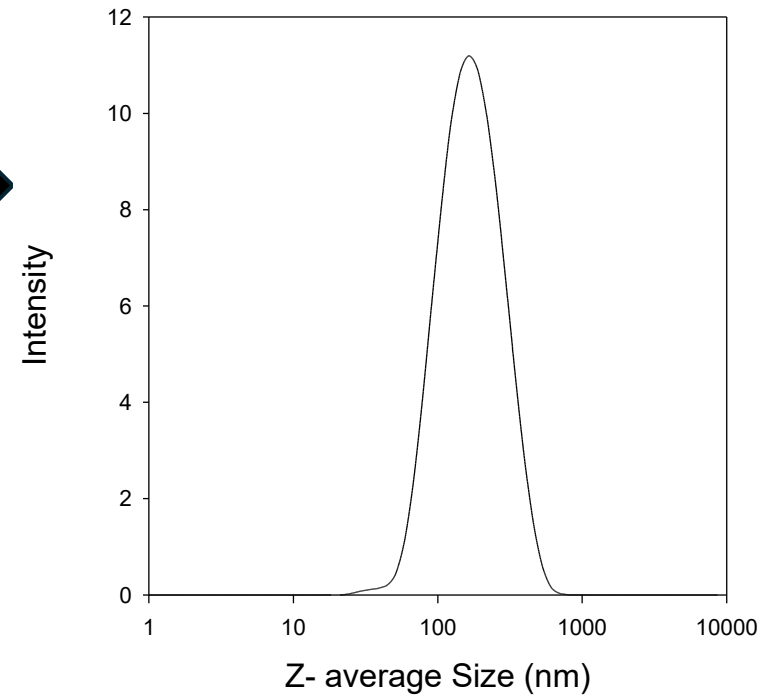
Leak test



- Stable operation at TFR 5 mL/h for 1 hour
→ No leaks observed
- Upon disassembling the chip
→ Fluid only flowed through channels

LNP fabrication

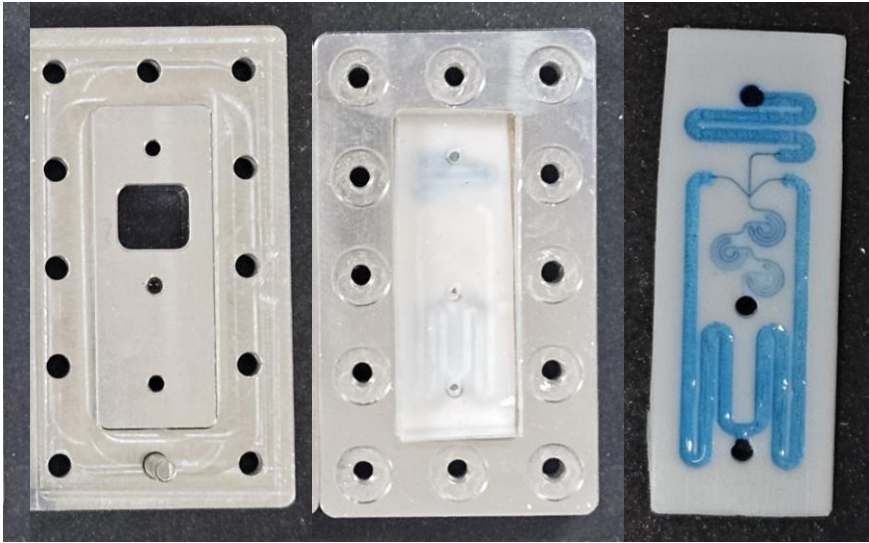
- TFR : 5mL/h, FFR :3
- DP : 0.25% Lecithin in Ethanol , 1.25mL/h (0.02mL/min)
- CP : DW, 3.75mL/h (0.06mL/min)



- ✓ Size :146.90±67.58 nm
- ✓ PDI : 0.21±0.005

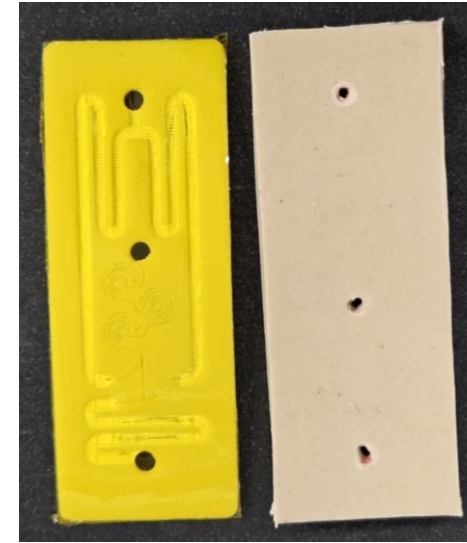
- Using 8T PDMS,
TFR above 5 mL/h prevented fluid entry into CP and DP
- PDMS thickness reduced to 6T
→ less compression, smaller LNPs expected

Teflon + Teflon Tape Leak Test



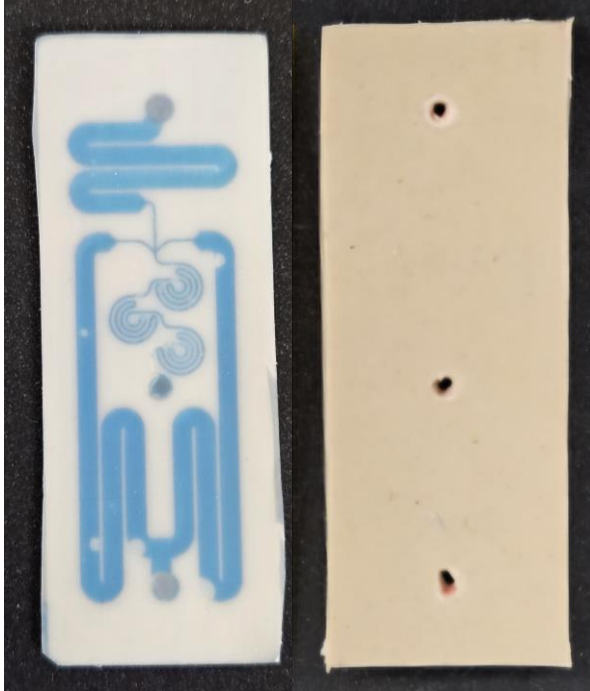
- Leakage was observed when using 6T PDMS
- With 7T PDMS, stable and leak-free operation was maintained for 1 hour at a TFR of up to 5 mL/h
- However, when the TFR was increased beyond 5 mL/h, leakage occurred at the CP inlet

Teflon + Keptone Tape Leak Test



- Further increases in TFR were limited by back pressure from excessive compression
- Therefore, the chip size was enlarged to 1.5× (60 mm × 22.5 mm)

Teflon + Teflon Tape Leak Test

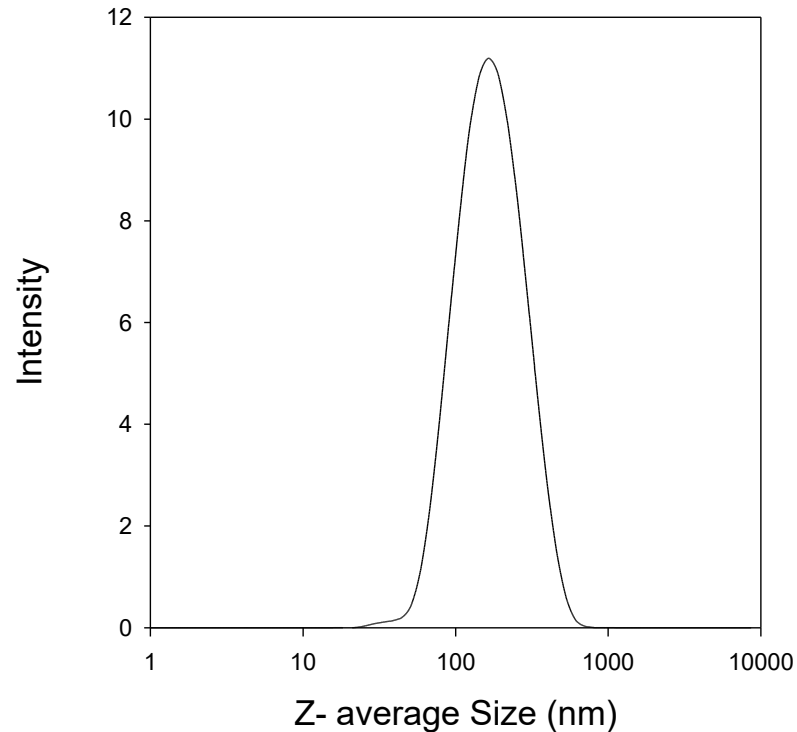


60mm x 22.5 mm

- Using 3T isoprene, leak-free operation was confirmed up to a TFR of 30 mL/h
 - When the TFR was increased to 40 mL/h, leakage occurred after 1 hour of operation.
- ⇒ By increasing the chip dimensions by 1.5×, a sixfold increase in the maximum achievable TFR was obtained
- ⇒ To further increase the TFR and fabricate smaller LNPs, the channel layer will be fabricated using thicker Teflon (1.5T) instead of 1T Teflon
- ⇒ After identifying the maximum stable TFR between 30 and 40 mL/h, LNP formulation will be performed

LNP formulation

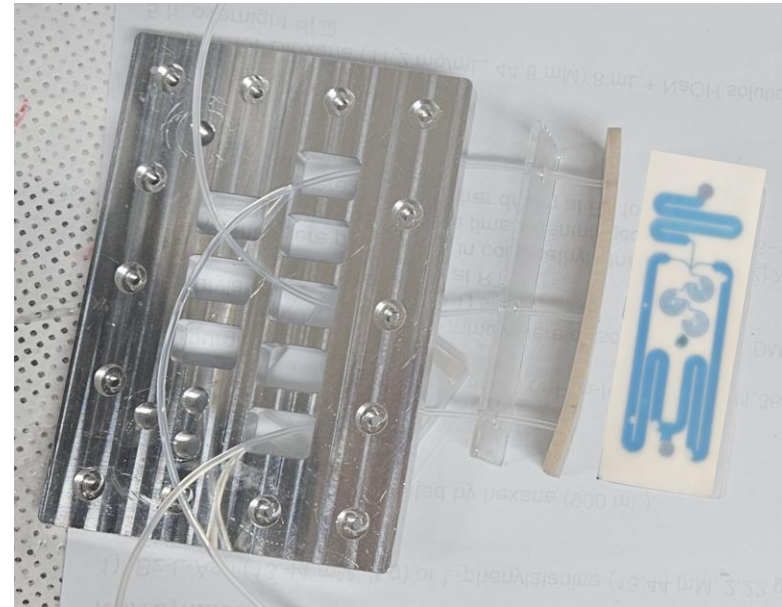
- TFR : 5 mL/h, FFR :3
- DP : 0.25% Lecithin in Ethanol , 1.25 mL/h (0.02 mL/min)
- CP : DW, 3.75 mL/h (0.06 mL/min)



- ✓ Size : 146.90 ± 67.58 nm
- ✓ PDI : 0.21 ± 0.005

Teflon + Teflon Tape Leak Test

- Channel dimensions increased by 1.5×
→ Maximum TFR increased from 5 mL/h to 30 mL/h (6× increase)
- The chip size was increased by 2× to fit a wider jig,
→ resulting in an increase in the maximum TFR from 5 to 45 mL/h (9× increase)..



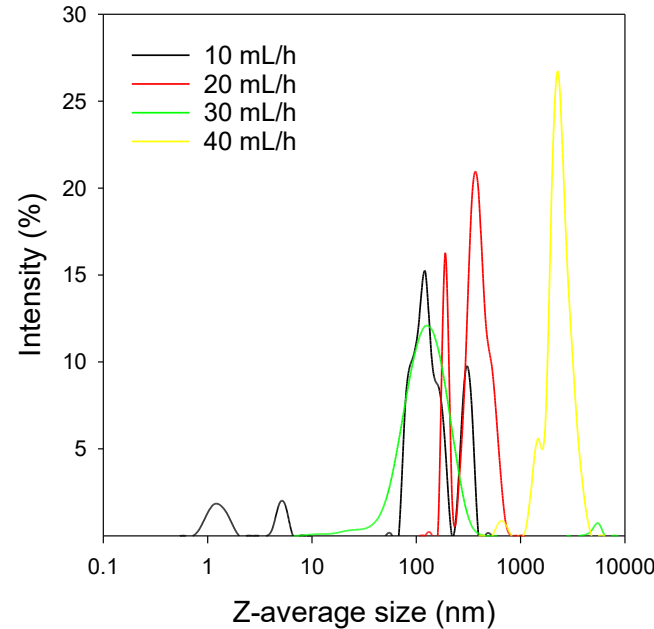
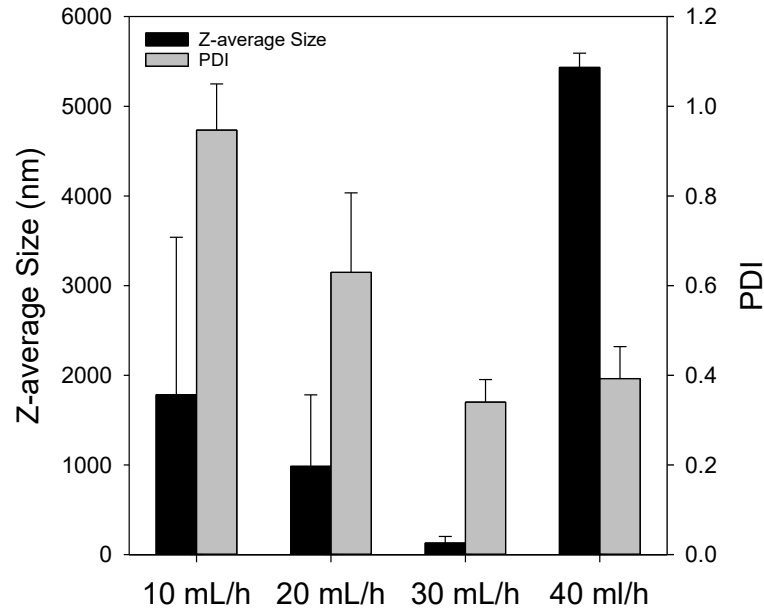
Assembly order:
acryl plate
Isoprene
channel

Chip size:
80 × 30 mm

→ LNP fabrication planned
at the maximum flow rate (45 mL/h).

LNP formulation

- TFR : 10 mL/h, 20 mL/h, 30 mL/h, 40 mL/h, FRR : 1:3
- DP : 0.25% Lecithin in Ethanol
- CP : DW



➔ Non-uniform particle formation is likely due to a decrease in flow rate over time. Previous flow tests were conducted using water only, flow rate tests using ethanol and water will be performed.

➔ The surface roughness of the laser-engraved Teflon channels is expected to hinder uniform dispersion, leading to particle aggregation in localized regions and resulting in larger particle sizes or broader size distributions..

	10 mL/h	20 mL/h	30 mL/h	40 mL/h
Z-average Size (nm)	1783.8±1755.06	984.58±798.46	128.32±74.26	5433.40±159.12
PDI	0.95±0.10	0.63±0.18	0.34±0.05	0.39±0.007