# JavaScript

CC Lab Week 1

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# Class Files + Syllabus

http://github.com/pfengx/cclab2016

# JavaScript

Arduino

openFrameworks

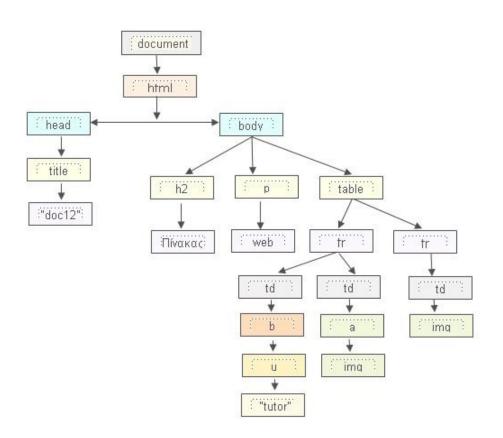
Unity

#### JS is...

- NOT related to Java (although some similarities exist)
- Lightweight, interpreted programming language
- Object-oriented, prototype-based
- Most well-known as scripting language for web pages
- JS is built into web browsers
- Useful for its ability to access and programmatically manipulate the elements in HTML/CSS, adding interactivity to web pages

## DOM: Document Object Model

The DOM provides a way to represent, store, and manipulate the web page elements as objects (represented as a tree or node structure). JavaScript can call these objects and programmatically alter anything that is written in the HTML document.



#### Variables

Variables are containers for storing data values.

Variables can be **booleans**, numbers, strings, arrays, objects.

Variable names must begin with a letter, \_, or \$ (not to be confused with JQuery) . Variable names are case sensitive.

```
// All variables in JS are
declared with var

var excited2BeHere = true;

var count = [0,1,2,3];

var num = 3;

var name = "hello";
```

#### **Function**

A function is a set of statements that performs a task.

// To define a function, you need a
function name, parameters inside
the parentheses ( ), and statements
inside the curly brackets { }

function addNumbers (num1, num2) {
 return num1 + num2;

// For the function to execute,
it needs to be called somewhere
else in the code.

addNumbers(1,2);

## **Arrays**

http://www.w3schools.com/js/js arrays.asp

JavaScript arrays are used to store multiple values in a single variable.

```
//Arrays store multiple values in one variable (like objects!)
var animals = ["rabbit", "cat", "hamster"];
//Arrays in JS can contain varied data types
var thingsILike = ["cookies", 2, "bunny"];
//Arrays can even contain objects and other arrays!
var student = {firstName: "Sven", lastName: "Travis", height: 900};
var myArray = [student, "42"];
```

## Manipulating Arrays

There are a bunch of properties and methods for you to manipulate arrays.

```
var animals = ['hamster','bunny','pikachu'];
```

animals.length

animals.push()

. . .

http://www.w3schools.com/jsref/jsref\_obj\_array.asp

# **Objects**

Objects can contain many values
Written with curly braces { },
with object properties written in
name:value pairs and separated by
commas

```
//literal notation

var student = {
    firstName: "Sven",
    lastName: "Travis",
    height: 900
};
```

```
//constructor notation var
                                           var firstname1 = sven["firstName"];
student = new Object();
                                           var firstname2 = sven["lastName"];
student.firstName = "Sven";
                                           var firstname1 = sven.firstName;
student.lastName = "Travis";
```

var firstname2 = sven.lastName;



#### Homework

1. Set up a Github repository. Repository naming format:

fengp239 cclab2016

- 2. Use JavaScript to manipulate the DOM and make something shiny and animated!
- 3. (Upload it to your GitHub)

#### **Terminal**

list folder content ls

change directory cd [folderName]

go to home directory cd ~

go upstream cd ..

open current folder open .

https://github.com/0nn0/terminal-mac-cheatsheet

### How to Set Up Github

http://burnedpixel.com/blog/setting-up-git-and-github-on-your-mac/

To set up a repository:

https://help.github.com/articles/adding-an-existing-project-to-github-using-the-command-line/

Alternatively, you can also use Github Desktop (it has a GUI)

https://desktop.github.com/