### STROKE DISEASE PREDICTION

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### Project Description (Introduction)

Stroke is a serious medical condition that can lead to long-term disability or death. Early prediction of stroke risk can help save lives by enabling timely medical intervention. This project focuses on building a machine learning model to predict the likelihood of a stroke based on health data such as age, gender, blood pressure, and lifestyle habits. The goal is to assist healthcare providers in identifying high-risk individuals and improving stroke prevention efforts.

### **Project Overview**

► The goal of this project is to develop a machine learning-based stroke prediction model that identifies individuals at high risk of stroke, providing insights to guide preventive healthcare strategies

#### **Business Questions**

- 1. Who are the individuals most at risk of experiencing a stroke based on their demographic, lifestyle, and clinical characteristics?
- 2. Which factors (e.g., age, smoking status, glucose levels, hypertension) are the most significant predictors of stroke?
- 3. How accurately can we predict the likelihood of a stroke using the given data?
- 4. What preventive actions or healthcare measures can be recommended for high-risk groups?
- 5. Can we design a model that is interpretable and can be used effectively by healthcare providers in both high- and low-resource settings?

### **Business Understanding**

- ➤ Stroke is one of the leading causes of disability and death worldwide, and early prediction can significantly reduce its impact.
- ► This project focuses on building a predictive model for stroke risk, providing actionable insights for healthcare providers to improve early detection, prioritize high-risk individuals, and implement targeted interventions.

### **Data Understanding**

we explore the dataset to understand its structure, quality, and relevance to the project. The dataset typically contains various demographic, lifestyle, and clinical factors that influence the likelihood of stroke.

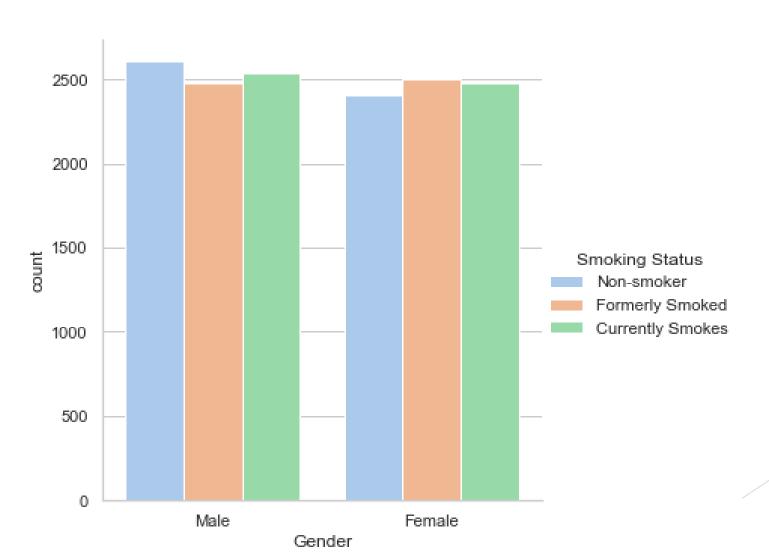
### **Data Preparation**

- ► Data Cleaning:
- Handling missing values
- Removing unwanted images
- Checking outliers

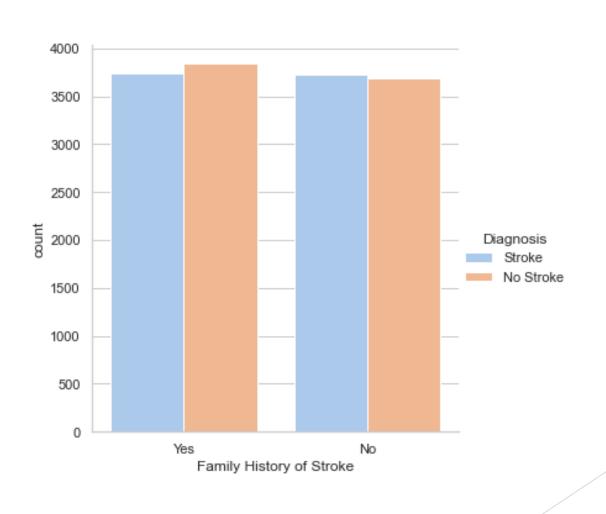
### Data Analysis

► The data analysis process for stroke disease prediction involves exploring and preparing the dataset to uncover patterns and relationships that can help build a predictive model

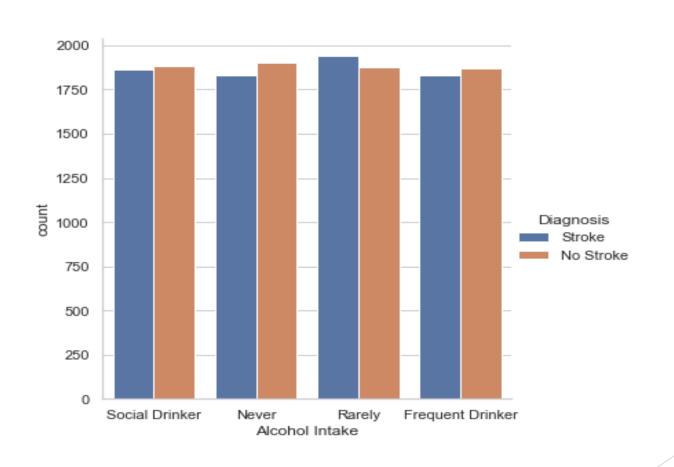
## Data Visualization Plot of gender against smoking status



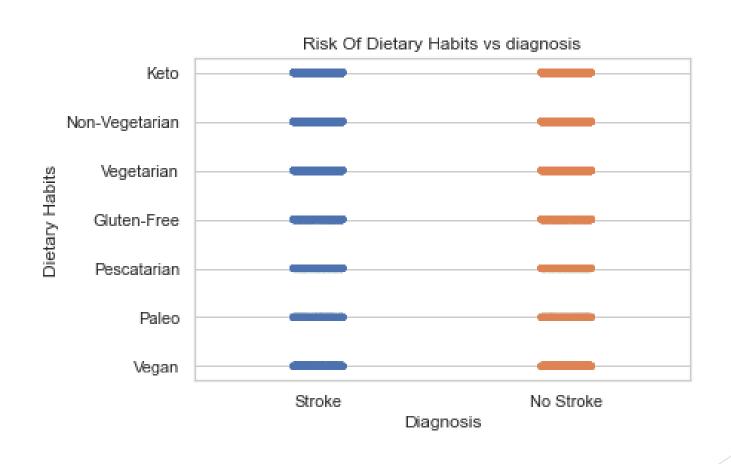
# Plot of Family History of Stroke against Diagnosis



# Plot for Alcohol intake against Diagnosis of stroke



### PLot for relations between Diagnosis with Dietary habits



#### Conclusion

#### **Key Risk Factors:**

- Age: Older individuals are at higher risk for strokes.
- Smoking: Smokers, especially heavy smokers, are more prone to strokes.
- Hypertension: Prevalent hypertension significantly increases stroke risk.
- Diabetes: Individuals with diabetes are at higher risk.
- Obesity (High BMI): Obesity is a contributing factor to stroke.
- High Cholesterol and Glucose Levels: Elevated levels correlate with a higher stroke risk.
- Lifestyle Factors: Lack of exercise and poor diet can exacerbate these risks

#### Recommendation

- ▶ 1. Public Health Interventions:
- ▶ 2. Healthcare Strategies:
- ▶ 3. Personalized Prevention Plans:
- ▶ 4. Model Utilization:
- ▶ 5. Awareness Campaigns: