o SimpleTimer, 16x2 LCD의 간편 사용을 위한 클래스

❖ MiniCom/MiniCom.h

```
#pragma once
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal I2C.h>
#include <SimpleTimer.h>
class MiniCom {
protected:
   long serial bps; // Serial 속도
   LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd; // 1602 LCD
   SimpleTimer timer; // 타이머
                // LCD 사용 여부
   bool no lcd;
public:
   MiniCom(long serial_bps=115200, int lcd_addr=0x27);
   void setNoLcd() { no lcd = true;};
   void init();
   int setInterval(unsigned long interval, timer callback f);
   void run();
   SimpleTimer& getTimer() { return timer; }
```

❖ minicom/MiniCom.h

minicom/MiniCom.cpp

```
#include "MiniCom.h"
MiniCom::MiniCom(long serial_bps, int lcd_addr)
    :serial_bps(serial_bps), lcd(lcd_addr, 16, 2) {
    no lcd = false;
}
void MiniCom::init() {
    Serial.begin(serial bps);
    if(!no_lcd) {
        lcd.init();
        lcd.backlight();
int MiniCom::setInterval(unsigned long interval, timer callback f) {
    return timer.setInterval(interval, f);
}
void MiniCom::run() {
    timer.run();
```

❖ MiniCom.cpp

```
void MiniCom::print(int row, const char *pMsg) {
    if(no_lcd) return;
    char buf[17];
    sprintf(buf, "%-16s", pMsg);
    lcd.setCursor(0, row);
    lcd.print(buf);
}
void MiniCom::print(int row, String title, int value) {
    if(no lcd) return;
    String buf = title + value;
    print(row, buf.c_str());
}
void MiniCom::print(int row, String title1, int value1,
                             String title2, int value2) {
    if(no_lcd) return;
    String buf = title1 + value1 + "," + title2 + value2;
    print(row, buf.c_str());
}
```

MiniCom.cpp

❖ minicom/app.ino

```
#include "MiniCom.h"
#include <Led.h>
Led led(8);
MiniCom com;
void setup() {
    com.init();
    com.print(0, "[[MiniCom]]");
    com.setInterval(1000, check); // 1초 간격으로
void loop() {
    com.run();
void check() {
    int on = led.toggle();
    if(on) {
        com.print(1, "led on");
    } else {
        com.print(1, "led off");
```