Project #1. Scanner

2023 Compiler Prof. Eul Gyu Lm

Project Goal: Scanner

- C-Minus Scanner Implementations (both 2 methods)
 - The scanner reads an input source code string, tokenizes it, and returns (prints) recognized tokens.
 - Method 1: C code
 - Recognize tokens by **DFA**
 - scan.c, ... -> cminus_cimpl

둘 다 구현

- Method 2: Lex (flex)
 - Specify lexical patterns by *Regular Expression*
 - cminus.l, ... -> cminus_lex

Goal: Lexical Convention of C-Minus

3

- Reserved Words (Keywords)
 - int void if else while return (lower cases)

- 6 Reserved Words
- ID and NUM
- 19 other tokens

```
• Symbols 심볼들 token화
```

```
+ - * /

< <= > >= !=

- ; ,

( ) [ ] { }
```

Identifier and Number

- *ID* = *letter* (*letter* | *digit*)*
- **NUM** = digit digit*
- *letter* = a | ... | z | A | ... | Z |
- *digit* = 0 | ... | 9

Goal: Lexical Convention of C-Minus

Whitespace:

Space Bar





- Space, Newline, Tab
- Ignore other cases (ex: located in beginning and end of line)
 except whitespace between ID, NUM, and keywords

Comments

- Comments (/* */) follows normal C notation.
- No single-line comments(//)
- Comments cannot be nested
- When a comment is opened with '/*' but not closed with '*/', it results in EOF.

Please refer "Kenneth C. Louden book p. 491-492"

Requirements

Output Format

```
C-MINUS COMPILATION: ./testcase/03_GeneralCase/array.cm
             1: reserved word: void
                ID, name= main
Line Number
             1: reserved word: void
               reserved word: int
                                        Token String
             3: ID, name= i
                                        - reserved word: %s
                                        - ID, name = %s
             4: reserved word: int
                                        - NUM, val = %s
             4: ID, name= size
                                        - %5
             4: NUM, val= 3
             5: reserved word: int
             5: ID, name= arr
             5:
```

Example: C-Minus Code

test.cm

```
/* A program to perform Euclid's
   Algorithm to computer gcd */
int gcd (int u, int v)
    if (v == 0) return u;
    else return gcd(v,u-u/v*v);
   /* u-u/v*v == u mod v */
void main(void)
    int x; int y;
    x = input(); y = input();
    output(gcd(x,y));
```

Comments

Execute as:

```
$ ./cminus_cimpl test.cm
$ ./cminus_lex test.cm
```

 Result should be shown as in the next slide.

```
C-MINUS COMPILATION: test.cm
                                                                                  11: reserved word: void
               4: reserved word: int
                                                                                   11: ID, name= main
               4: ID, name= gcd
                                                                                   11: (
                                                                                  11: reserved word: void
               4: (
               4: reserved word: int
                                                                                  11:)
               4: ID, name= u
                                                                                  12: {
               4:,
                                                                                   13: reserved word: int
               4: reserved word: int
                                                                                  13: ID, name= x
               4: ID, name= v
                                                                                  13: ;
                                                                                  13: reserved word: int
               4:)
               5: {
                                                                                   13: ID, name= y
               6: reserved word: if
                                                                                  13: ;
               6: (
                                                                                  14: ID, name= x
               6: ID, name= v
                                                                                   14: =
               6: ==
                                                                                   14: ID, name= input
               6: NUM, val= 0
                                                                                   14: (
               6:)
                                                                                  14:)
               6: reserved word: return
                                                                                  14:;
               6: ID. name= u
                                                                                   14: ID, name= y
                                                                                   14: =
               6:;
               7: reserved word: else
                                                                                  14: ID, name= input
               7: reserved word: return
                                                                                  14: (
                                                                                   14:)
               7: ID, name= gcd
                                                                                  14: ;
             7: (
               7: ID, name= v
                                                                                  15: ID, name= output
               7:,
                                                                                  15: (
               7: ID, name= u
                                                                                   15: ID, name= gcd
                                                                                   15: (
             7: -
                                                                                  15: ID, name= x
               7: ID, name= u
               7:/
                                                                                  15:,
               7: ID, name= v
                                                                                   15: ID, name= y
             7: *
                                                                                   15:)
                                                                                  15:)
               7: ID, name= v
               7:)
                                                                                  15:;
                                                                                   16: }
               9:}
                                                                                   17: EOF
```

Makefile

```
# Makefile for C-Minus Scanner
 2 # ./lex/tiny.l --> ./cminus.l
 4 \text{ CC} = \text{gcc}
 6 CFLAGS = -W -Wall
 8 OBJS = main.o util.o scan.o
 9 OBJS LEX = main.o util.o lex.yy.o
10
11 .PHONY: all clean
12 all: cminus_cimpl cminus_lex
13
14 clean:
       -rm -vf cminus cimpl cminus lex *.o lex.yy.c
15
16
17 cminus cimpl: $(OBJS)
       $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -0 $@ $(OBJS)
18
19
20 cminus lex: $(OBJS LEX)
       $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ $(OBJS LEX) -lfl
22
23 main.o: main.c globals.h util.h scan.h
       $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c -o $@ $<
25
26 scan.o: scan.c globals.h util.h scan.h
27
       $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c -o $@ $<
28
29 util.o: util.c globals.h util.h
       $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c -o $@ $<
30
31
32 lex.yy.o: lex.yy.c globals.h util.h scan.h
33
       $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -c -o $@ $<
34
35 lex.yy.c: cminus.l
       flex -o $@ $<
```

```
$make clean
$make all
$./cminus_cimpl ./example/test.cm
$./cminus_lex ./example/test.cm
```

Hint: main.c

main.c

- Modify code to print source & tokens
- Set NO_PARSE, TraceScan to TRUE

```
2 /* File: main.c
                                                    10 /* set NO PARSE to TRUE to
3 /* Main program for TINY compiler
4 /* Compiler Construction: Principles and Practice
5 /* Kenneth C. Louden
                                                    11 #define NO PARSE TRUE
8 #include "globals.h"
                                                    12 /* set NO ANALYZE to TRUE
10 /* set NO_PARSE to TRUE to get a scanner enty compiler */
11 #define NO PARSE TRUE
12 /* set NO_ANALYZE to TRUE to get a parser-only compiler */
                                                    13 #define NO ANALYZE FALSE
13 #define NO_ANALYZE FALSE
15 /* set NO_CODE to TRUE to get a compiler that does not
16 * generate code
18 #define NO_CODE FALSE
20 #include "util.h"
21 #if NO PARSE
22 #include "scan.h"
                                                                          Debug Option
23 #else
24 #include "parse.h"
25 #if !NO ANALYZE
                                                          /* allocate/and set tracing
26 #include "analyze.h"
27 #if !NO CODE
28 #include "cgen.h"
29 #endif
                                                         int EchoSource = FALSE;
30 #endif
31 #endif
                                                    41 int TraceScan = TRUE;
33 /* allocate global variables */
34 int lineno = 0;
35 FILE * source;
36 FILE * listing;
                                                    42 int TraceParse = FALSE;
37 FILE * code;
39 /* allocate and set tracing flags *
                                                         int TraceAnalyze = FALSE;
40 int EchoSource = FALSE;
41 int TraceScan = TRUE;
42 int TraceParse = FALSE:
                                                    44 int TraceCode = FALSE;
43 int TraceAnalyze = FALSE;
44 int TraceCode = FALSE;
```



Hint: Token Definitions

• globals.h

- Add C-Minus tokens to TokenType
- You MUST remove Tiny's Tokens (then, repeat, until, write, read, end)

```
* MAXRESERVED = the number of reserved words */
26 #define MAXRESERVED 6
28 typedef enum
       /* book-keeping tokens */
29
30
      {ENDFILE, ERROR,
      /* reserved words */
31
                                         형식에 맞게 수정
      IF,ELSE,WHILE,RETURN,INT,VOID,
32
33
       /* multicharacter tokens */
34
       ID, NUM,
      /* special symbols */
35
36
       ASSIGN, EQ, NE, LT, LE, GT, GE, PLUS, MINUS, TIMES, OVER, LPAREN, RPAREN, LBRACE, RBRACE, LCURLY, RCURLY, SEMI, COMMA
37
      } TokenType;
```

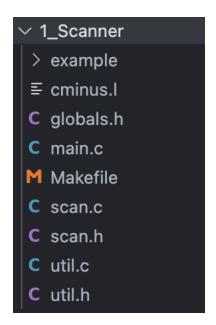
Hint: Print Tokens

utils.c

- Need to modify *printToken()* for C-Minus tokens
- Check slide [Requirements: Output Format]

Method 1: C Implementation

- C-Minus Scanner Implementations (both 2 methods)
 - The Scanner reads an input source code string, tokenizes it, and returns (prints) recognized tokens.
 - Method 1: <u>C code</u>
 - Recognize tokens by **DFA**
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scan.c

Reserved word should be added for C-Minus

scan.c

- getToken() should be modified for C-Minus tokens
 - It represents DFA for scanner.
- StateType state variable represents current state in DFA
 - You should add your custom states to scan C-Minus tokens into StateType
 - Note: "==", "<=", ">="
 - Hint: additional state INEQ, INLT, INGT, INNE, INOVER, INCOMMENT, INCOMMENT_ useless state INASSIGN incomment = /*
- TokenType currentToken variable represents a recognized token.
- getNextChar() reads a character
- ungetNextChar() undoes a read character

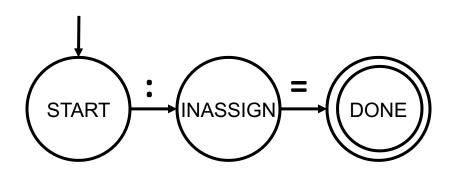
• scan.c

```
79 TokenType getToken(void)
80 { /* index for storing into tokenString */
81    int tokenStringIndex = 0;
82    /* holds current token to be returned */
83    TokenType currentToken;
84    /* current state - always begins at START */
85    StateType state = START;
86    /* flag to indicate save to tokenString */
87    int save;
```

scan.c

- Example: existing ":=" (ASSIGN) token in Tiny
 - It is NOT a C-Minus ASSIGN Token, refer as just example.

```
while (state != DONE)
   int c = getNextChar();
                            1개의 char 읽어오기
   save = TRUE:
   switch (state)
        case START:
            if (c == ':')
                state = INASSIGN;
         case INASSIGN:
            state = DONE:
            if (c == '=') currentToken = ASSIGN;
                ungetNextChar();
                save = FALSE;
                currentToken = ERROR;
            break;
```



Method 2: Lex Implementation

- C-Minus Scanner Implementations (both 2 methods)
 - The Scanner reads an input source code string, tokenizes it, and returns (prints) recognized tokens.
 - Method 1: C code
 - Recognize tokens by DFA
 - scan.c, ... -> cminus_cimpl
 - Method 2: <u>Lex (flex)</u>
 - Specify Lexical Patterns by Regular Expression
 - cminus.l, ... -> cminus_lex

Lex / Flex

• (Fast) Lexeme Analysis

- Automatically generates a target scanner based on input Regex
- Usually work with yacc (bison)

Install

- Ubuntu: \$ apt-get install flex
- MacOS: \$ brew install flex

Usage

- \$ flex [Lex filename]
- lex.yy.c will be created

Manual

- \$ man flex
- \$ info flex

```
16 digit [0-9]
17 number {digit}+
18 letter [a-zA-Z]
19 identifier {letter}+
20 newline \n
21 whitespace [\t]+
```

22 23 %%

42 43 %% string에 따라 token으로 변환 - role section 잘 정의

```
26 "then"
                    {return THEN:}
27 "else"
                    {return ELSE:}
28 "end"
                    {return END;}
29 "repeat"
                    {return REPEAT:}
30 "until"
31 "read"
                    {return READ:}
                    {return WRITE:}
32 "write"
                    {/* skip whitespace */}
33 {whitespace}
34 "{"
                    { char c;
35
                      { c = input();
36
                        if (c == EOF) break;
37
                        if (c == '\n') lineno++
38
                      } while (c != '}'):
39
40
41
                    {return ERROR;}
```

Definition Section

- C header / declaration, Regex naming, ...

Rule Section

- Token rule (Regex) and action (C codes)
- You can use "rule" or {name} for token rule
- The return in action will become return of yylex()

얘는 바꿀 필요 없음

```
45 TokenType getToken(void)
46 { static int firstTime = TRUE;
47 TokenType currentToken;
48 if (firstTime)
49 { firstTime = FALSE;
```

Subroutine Section

- User defined functions



Hint: Difference in Lex Version

- globals.h, main.c, util.c
 - Same as in DFA implementation

scan.c

 This file is not used because the body of getToken() will be automatically generated using Flex

cminus.l

properly modify it

Evaluation

- Evaluation Items
 - Compilation (Success / Fail): 20%
 - Please describe in the report how TA can build your project.
 - Correctness check for several testcases: 70%
 - Note: Comments are also one of key check point.
 - Note: Make sure there are no segmentation fault or infinite loop on any inputs.
 - Report : 10%

Report

Guideline (≤ 3 pages)

- Compilation environment and method 개발환경, method 필수
- Brief explanations about how to implement and how it operates
- Examples and corresponding result screenshots

Format

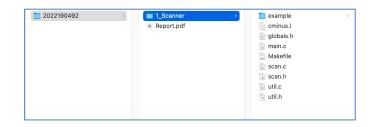
PDF format

Submission

Deadline: 10/16 (Mon.) 23:59:59

Submission

- Place all the <u>source codes</u> in the **StudentID/1_Scanner** directory
- Place <u>report</u> in the **StudentID** directory
- Zip the **StudentID** directory
- Upload the zip file to the LMS system



Questions

- E-mail: ted6345@hanyang.ac.kr
 - Please provide all questions related with projects to TAs.



FAQ

Handling EOF

- Whether the input source is valid or not, the scanner program mu st be terminated without any runtime errors such as segmentatio n fault or infinite loop.
- Even if the input source ends without closing brace when the scan ner reads EOF, for example, all tokens except the missing brace m ust be printed normally.

\0또는 -1이면 EOF이게 코드에 넣을 것

- Please consider that Lex cand detect (0)(0) instead of EOF(-1) in the end of the input source in some environment.

Q&A