ACADGILD

Presents Introduction to Big Data and Hadoop2.x





Brief Intro About AcadGild: CEO – Vinod Dham, Father of Pentium

- ACADGILD is a technology education start-up which provides online courses in latest technologies like FrontEnd, FullStack, Big-Data, Android etc.
- Started by IIT/IIM alumni
- Our aim is to provide job ready skills to millions of high school and college graduates, and working professionals.



Course Objectives

- Define & Describe Big Data with examples.
- Understand the Solution of Big Data Hadoop Technology.
- Learn Hadoop Architecture.
- Creating our own single node and multi node cluster set up on linux platform.
- Learn Key Components of Hadoop Ecosystem in depth.
 - MapReduce, Yarn, HDFS, Pig, Hive, Hbase, and Oozie
- Data Loading Techniques of Flume & Sqoop.
- Assignments / Hands-on lab practice imparted with step-by-step guidance on tasks
 - to help you become an expert in writing your own programs on Hadoop2.x.

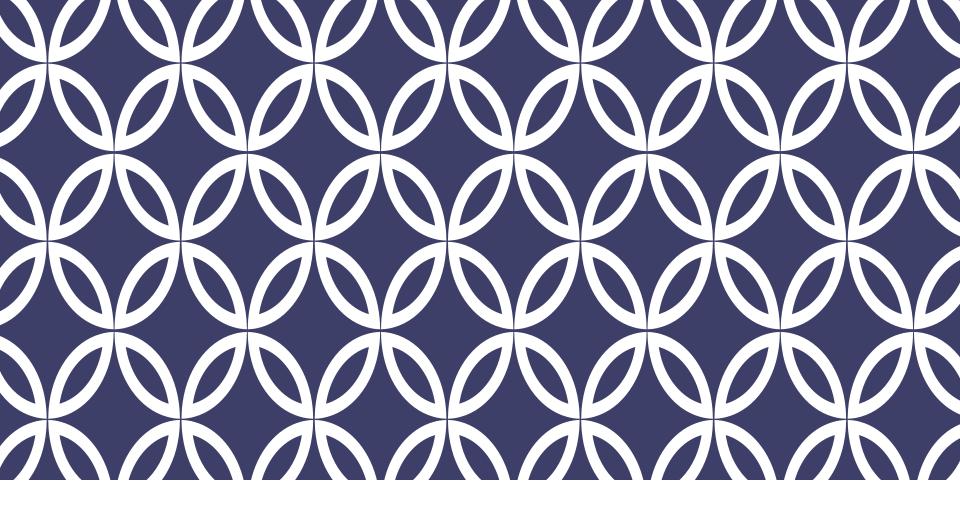
Towards the course end, you will apply your learnings by working on **two end-to-end real life projects on Hadoop!**





Sessions Break-Up

Session #	Module	Session #	Module
1	How to Solve Big Data Problem	14	Introduction to Hive
2	Hadoop Framework Description	15	Advanced Hive opertions
3	HDFS Hadoop Installation & EcoSystem	16	Hive UDF, UDF Demo using Hive, Thrift Server Demo, and Assignment
5 & 6	MapReduce	17	Introduction to HBase
7	Pig	18	HBase Architecture
8	Pig Contd	19	Hands-On HBase CRUD Operations, Hbase Thrift Server, & Assignment
9	Advanced Pig	20	Apache Sqoop & Hands-On
10 & 11	Project1 – Enterprise Data Dictionary (EDD)	21	Apache Flume & Hands-On
12	Advanced MR - Demo	22	Introduction to Apache Oozie
		23 & 24	Project 2: Text Mining over Hadoop to do Sentiment Analysis
13	Advanced MR – Demo Contd		



Session 1 – How to Solve Big

Data



Agenda – How to Solve Big Data

- Introduction to Big Data
 - What is Big Data
 - 3Vs of Big Data
- Sources of Data flood
- Exploding Data Problem
- Solution for Data exploding Hadoop
- Evolutionary features of Hadoop
- Hadoop Timeline
- Who is using Big Data
- Job Trends in Big Data



What is Big Data?





3 Vs of Big Data

Volume

Data Size

- TeraBytes
- Records
- Transactions
- Table/Files

Data Complexity







- Structured
- Unstructured
- Semi-structured
- All of the above



- Batch
- Near-Time
- Real-Time
- Streams

Velocity

Speed of

Change





Sources of Data Flood

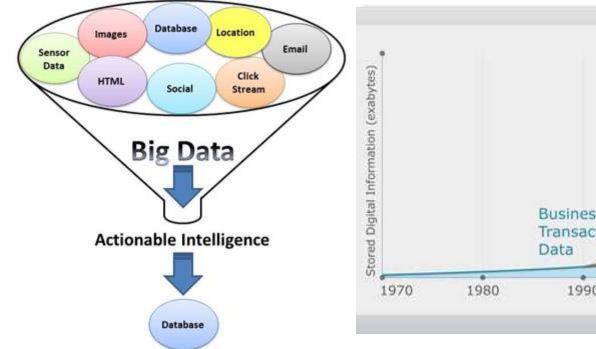
- This flood of data is coming from many sources.
- The new York stock exchange generates about 4-5 terabytes of data everyday.
- Facebook hosts more than 240 billion photos, growing at 7 petabytes of data everyday.
- Ancestory.com, the genealogy site stores around 10 petabytes of the data.
- The Internet Archive stores around 18.5 petabytes of data.
- The large Hadron collider near Geneva produces about 30 PetaBytes of data every year.

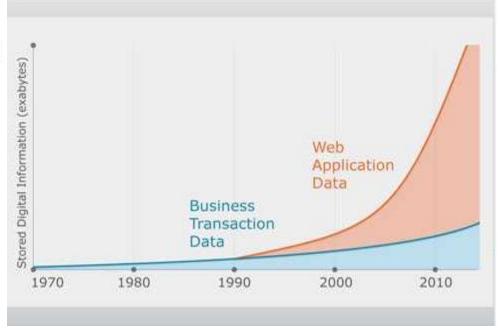




Exploding Data Problem

 Big Data constitutes - Large data sets in PBs & ZBs which cannot be processed by a single machine within expected time frame.







From the Pen of Eric Schmidt- Ex CEO GOOGLE

Every two days now we create as much information as we did from the dawn of civilization up until 2003, according to Schmidt. That's something like five exabytes of data.now

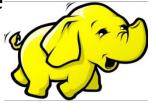




Solution for Data exploding - Hadoop

Need a new System:

- With new database management other than Relational Databases capable of handling unstructured as well as structured data.
- To process huge datasets on large clusters of computers than on a single system.
- To manage clusters in which:
 - Nodes fail frequently
 - Number of nodes keep changing
- Common infrastructure which is:
 - Efficient
 - Easy to use
 - Reliable



Hadoop is that new system !!



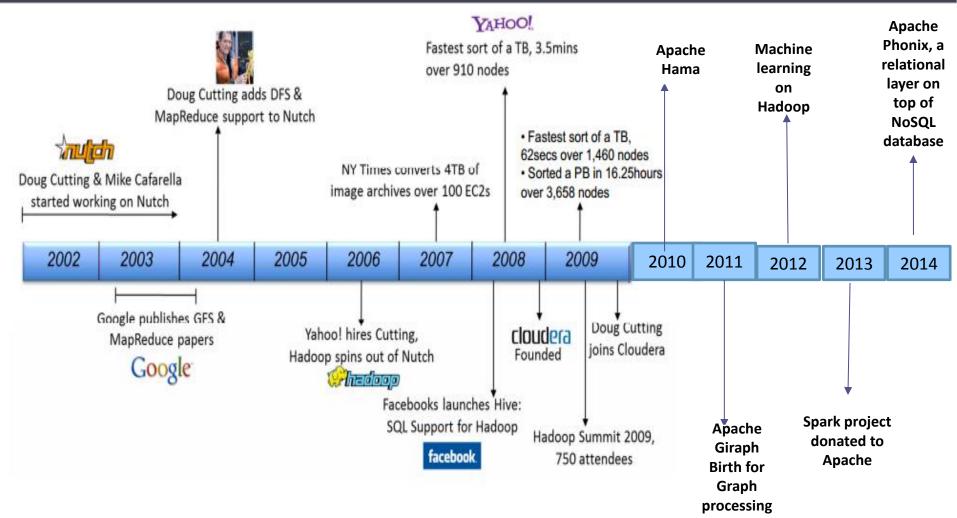
Evolution of hadoop framework

Over the years new processing patterns emerged:

Interactive SQL:	Impala has been integrated with Hadoop and Hive to build a new distributed query engine Tez to achieve low latency responses on SQL queries on hadoop.	
Stream processing:	Streaming systems are Storm and Spark. Streaming has made it possible to run real time distributed computations on unbounded streams of data and send results to hadoop storage systems.	
Search:	The Solr search engine can run on a hadoop cluster and can serve search queries from Indexes stored in HDFS.	



Hadoop Timeline



Case Study 1: Birth of Hadoop



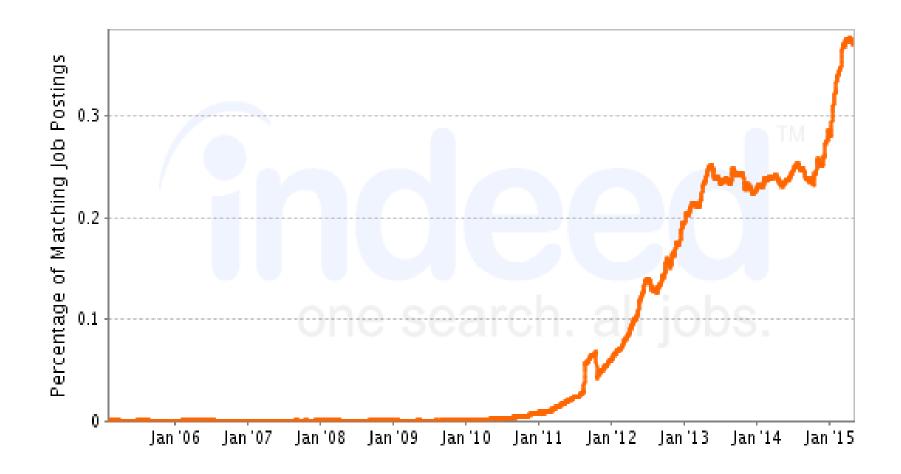


Who is using Hadoop?





Job Trends in Big Data



Source: http://www.indeed.com/jobtrends/Big-data.html



Questions - Big Data

- What is Big data?
- How much is the Quantum of Big data, is it a constant or a variable?
- Why organizations are interested in Big data problems?
- Why data is increasing exponentially in the world wide web?
- Why scaling up is not a solution to Big data problem?



Topics in next Session(2)

Hadoop Framework Description:

- 1. Solving Big Data Problem
- 2. Hadoop Cluster
 - Introduction
 - Concepts
 - Why Hadoop Cluster?
 - Why Hadoop2 Came About?
 - How Hadoop Works
- 3. Hadoop 1.x Architcture
- 4. Progression from Hadoop 1.x to Hadoop-2.x
 - Core Components of Hadoop
 - NameNode Backup in Hadoop1.x
 - HDFS High Availability Feature in Hadoop 2.x
- 5. Introduction to a YARN Application
- 6. Anatomy of a YARN Application
 - Phase I
 - Phase II



Get In touch with AcadGild

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