

# Financial\_analytics\_Lab\_DA5

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<b>Course Name</b>	Financial Analytics Lab
<b>Course Code</b>	PMDS610P
<b>Assessment</b>	Lab Digital Assessment 5

## 1 Problem Statement

You are given historical daily closing prices of the stock from NIFTY 50 index from the National Stock Exchange of India (NSE). Your task is to analyze the volatility of stock prices using a Generalized Autoregressive Conditional Heteroskedasticity (GARCH) Model. Investigate the presence of heteroskedasticity and fit an appropriate GARCH model to capture volatility clustering

### 1.0.1 Importing the necessary libraries

```
[2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import yfinance as yf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from arch import arch_model
from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf
from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller
from statsmodels.stats.diagnostic import acorr_ljungbox
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[3]: # -----
# 2.1 Data Preprocessing
# -----
# Load NIFTY 50 data from Yahoo Finance (Jan 1, 2019 to Jan 1, 2024)
import yfinance as yf

## Choosing stock of HDFC bank for analysis
stock = yf.Ticker('HDFCBANK.BO')
nifty = stock.history(period="5y")
```

```

# Retain only the 'Close' column
nifty = nifty[['Close']]

# Convert index to datetime and set as index
nifty.index = pd.to_datetime(nifty.index)

# Compute log returns for volatility analysis
nifty['Log_Returns'] = np.log(nifty['Close'] / nifty['Close'].shift(1)).dropna()
# Debug: Check Log_Returns data
print("Log_Returns head:", nifty['Log_Returns'].head())
print("Log_Returns dtype:", nifty['Log_Returns'].dtype)

```

```

Log_Returns head: Date
2020-04-07 00:00:00+05:30      NaN
2020-04-08 00:00:00+05:30   -0.008290
2020-04-09 00:00:00+05:30    0.038996
2020-04-13 00:00:00+05:30   -0.031710
2020-04-15 00:00:00+05:30   -0.036390
Name: Log_Returns, dtype: float64
Log_Returns dtype: float64

```

```

[4]: # Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) for volatility clustering
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 10))

# Plot log returns
plt.subplot(3, 1, 1)
plt.plot(nifty['Log_Returns'], label='Log Returns', color='blue')
plt.title('NIFTY 50 Log Returns (2019-2024)')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Log Returns')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

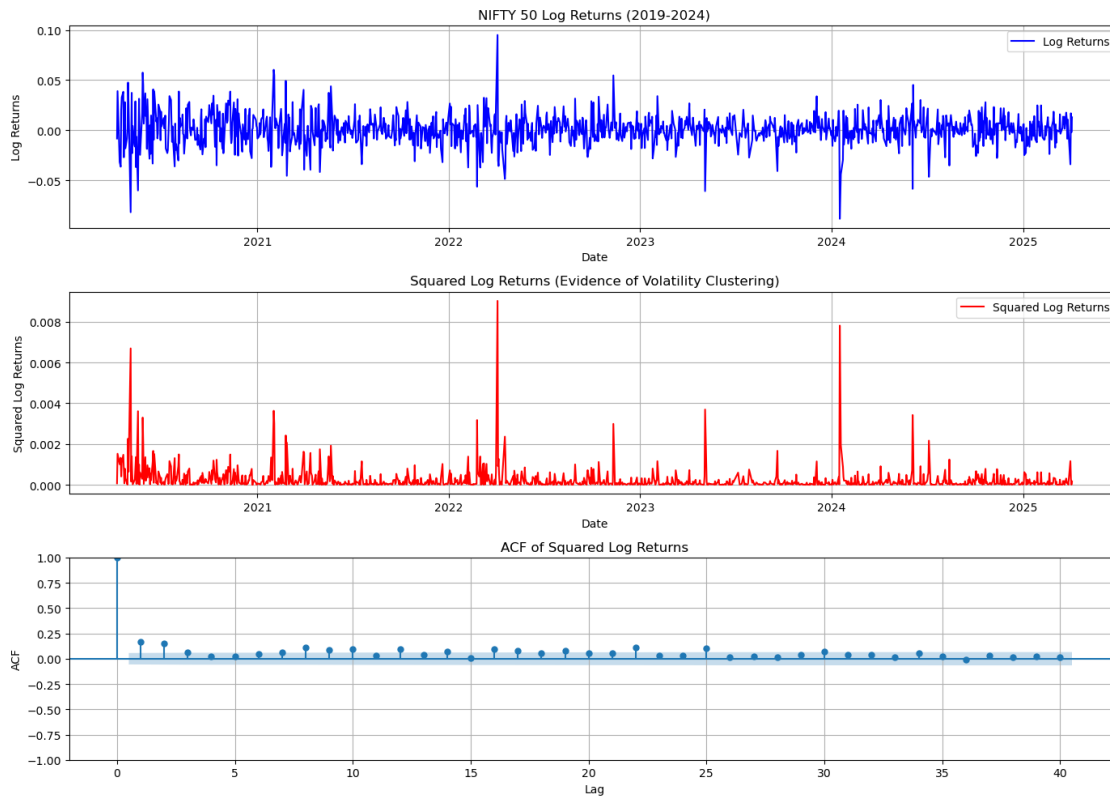
# Plot squared log returns to detect volatility clustering
plt.subplot(3, 1, 2)
plt.plot(nifty['Log_Returns']**2, label='Squared Log Returns', color='red')
plt.title('Squared Log Returns (Evidence of Volatility Clustering)')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Squared Log Returns')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

# ACF plot of squared returns to confirm volatility clustering
squared_returns = (nifty['Log_Returns'] ** 2).dropna()
plt.subplot(3, 1, 3)
plot_acf(squared_returns, lags=40, ax=plt.gca())
plt.title('ACF of Squared Log Returns')
plt.xlabel('Lag')

```

```
plt.ylabel('ACF')
plt.grid(True)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
[5]: # Check stationarity of log returns
adf_result = adfuller(nifty['Log_Returns'].dropna())
print("\nADF Test on Log Returns:")
print(f"ADF Statistic: {adf_result[0]}")
print(f"p-value: {adf_result[1]}")

if adf_result[1] < 0.05:
    print("Log returns are stationary.")
else:
    print("Log returns are non-stationary.")

# -----
# 2.2 Modeling Volatility with GARCH
# -----
```

```
# Fit GARCH(1,1) model using Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE)
garch_model = arch_model(nifty['Log_Returns'].dropna(), vol='Garch', p=1, q=1,
    dist='normal')
garch_results = garch_model.fit(update_freq=10, disp='off')

# Print GARCH model summary
print("\nGARCH(1,1) Model Summary:")
print(garch_results.summary())
# -----
```

ADF Test on Log Returns:

ADF Statistic: -13.423245571506643

p-value: 4.149783587104904e-25

Log returns are stationary.

GARCH(1,1) Model Summary:

```
Constant Mean - GARCH Model Results
=====
Dep. Variable:      Log_Returns      R-squared:      0.000
Mean Model:         Constant Mean    Adj. R-squared: 0.000
Vol Model:          GARCH            Log-Likelihood: 3419.37
Distribution:        Normal          AIC:            -6830.74
Method:             Maximum Likelihood BIC:           -6810.33
                                     No. Observations: 1215
Date:               Sat, Apr 05 2025 Df Residuals:     1214
Time:               16:20:33         Df Model:        1
                                     Mean Model
=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      95.0% Conf. Int.
-----
mu           4.4436e-04  4.032e-04      1.102      0.270  [-3.458e-04, 1.235e-03]
Volatility Model
=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      95.0% Conf. Int.
-----
omega        2.3399e-05  4.424e-07     52.894      0.000  [2.253e-05, 2.427e-05]
alpha[1]      0.1000    3.272e-02      3.056    2.241e-03  [3.587e-02, 0.164]
beta[1]       0.8000    2.870e-02     27.872    5.769e-171  [ 0.744, 0.856]
=====
```

Covariance estimator: robust

```
[6]: # 2.3 Model Evaluation and Forecasting
# -----
# Diagnostic plots
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
```

```

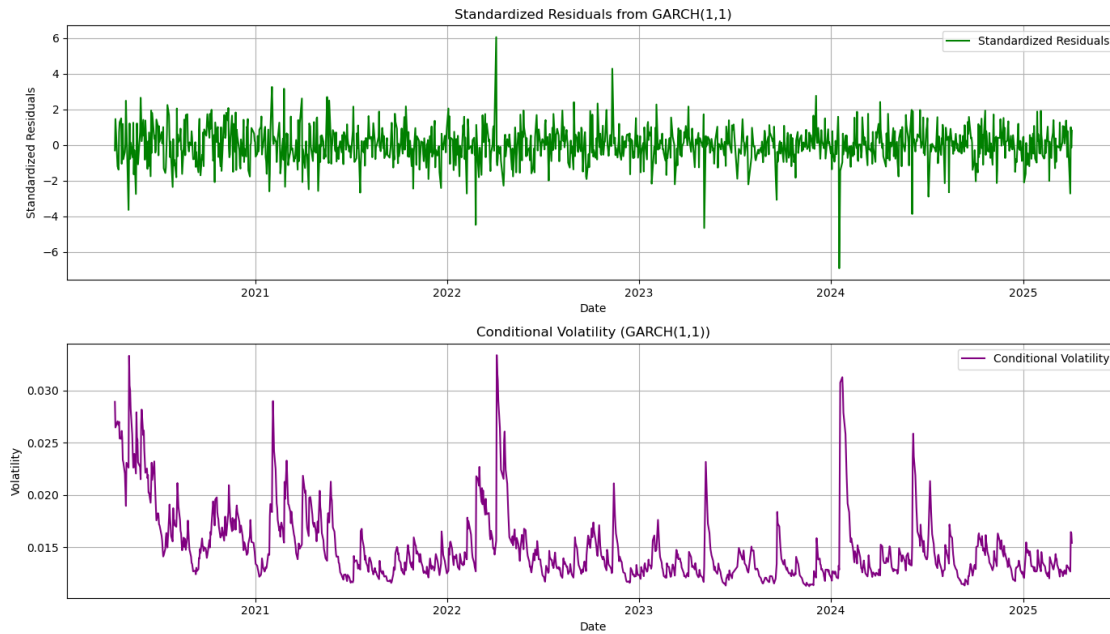
# Plot standardized residuals
plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
std_residuals = garch_results.resid / garch_results.conditional_volatility
plt.plot(nifty.index[len(nifty) - len(std_residuals):], std_residuals,
        label='Standardized Residuals', color='green')
plt.title('Standardized Residuals from GARCH(1,1)')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Standardized Residuals')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

# Plot conditional volatility
plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
plt.plot(nifty.index[len(nifty) - len(garch_results.conditional_volatility):],
        garch_results.conditional_volatility, label='Conditional Volatility',
        color='purple')
plt.title('Conditional Volatility (GARCH(1,1))')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Volatility')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

# Ljung-Box test on squared standardized residuals to evaluate model fit
lb_test = acorr_ljungbox(std_residuals**2, lags=[10, 20], return_df=True)
print("\nLjung-Box Test on Squared Standardized Residuals:")
print(lb_test)

```



Ljung-Box Test on Squared Standardized Residuals:

	lb_stat	lb_pvalue
10	5.018576	0.889934
20	8.643630	0.986679

```
[7]: # Forecast volatility for the next 30 days
forecast_horizon = 30
forecast = garch_results.forecast(horizon=forecast_horizon, start=None)
forecast_volatility = np.sqrt(forecast.variance.dropna().iloc[-1].values)

# Print annualized volatility forecast
print("\n30-Day Volatility Forecast (Annualized Standard Deviation):")
for i, vol in enumerate(forecast_volatility, 1):
    annualized_vol = vol * np.sqrt(252) # Annualize by multiplying by sqrt(252)
    print(f"Day {i}: {annualized_vol:.4f}")

# Plot historical and forecasted volatility (last 100 days + 30-day forecast)
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))
plt.plot(nifty.index[-100:], garch_results.conditional_volatility[-100:],
         label='Historical Volatility', color='purple')
future_dates = pd.date_range(start=nifty.index[-1] + pd.Timedelta(days=1),
                             periods=forecast_horizon, freq='B')
plt.plot(future_dates, forecast_volatility, label='30-Day Volatility Forecast',
         color='red', linestyle='--')
plt.title('HDFC bank Volatility Forecast (GARCH(1,1))')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Volatility')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

30-Day Volatility Forecast (Annualized Standard Deviation):

Day 1: 0.2403  
Day 2: 0.2406  
Day 3: 0.2408  
Day 4: 0.2410  
Day 5: 0.2412  
Day 6: 0.2414  
Day 7: 0.2415  
Day 8: 0.2416  
Day 9: 0.2418  
Day 10: 0.2419  
Day 11: 0.2420  
Day 12: 0.2421  
Day 13: 0.2421  
Day 14: 0.2422  
Day 15: 0.2423  
Day 16: 0.2423  
Day 17: 0.2424  
Day 18: 0.2424  
Day 19: 0.2425  
Day 20: 0.2425  
Day 21: 0.2425  
Day 22: 0.2426  
Day 23: 0.2426  
Day 24: 0.2426  
Day 25: 0.2426  
Day 26: 0.2427  
Day 27: 0.2427  
Day 28: 0.2427  
Day 29: 0.2427  
Day 30: 0.2427

