

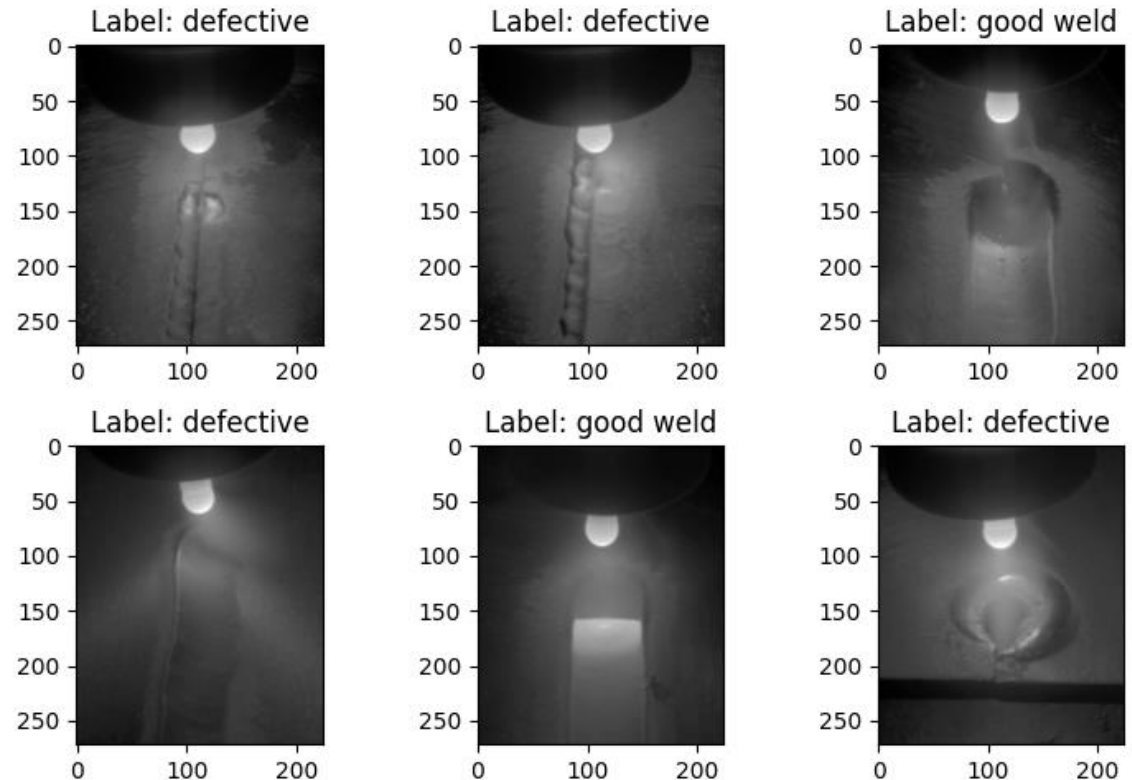
Womanium Quantum+AI 2024 Project Presentation

Conspicuity Detection in Production by Classical-to-Quantum Transfer Learning

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Problem Statement

- Problem:
Image classification of the welding process
- Dataset:
Successful welding (10947 images) and unsuccessful welding (22307 images)
- Goal:
Build a model to determine whether welding is successful from images.

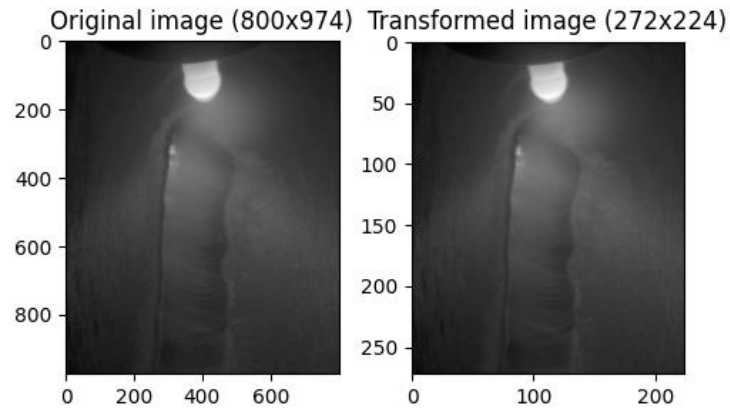


Reference:

D. Bacioiu, G. Melton, M. Papaelias, and R. Shaw, *Automated Defect Classification of Aluminium 5083 TIG Welding Using HDR Camera and Neural Networks*, J. Manuf. Process. **45**, 603 (2019).

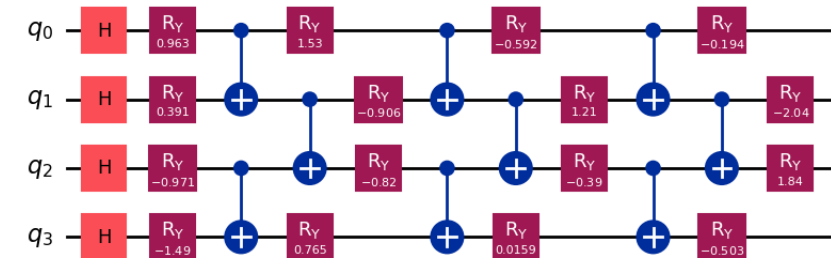
Model Architecture

① Image Preprocessing

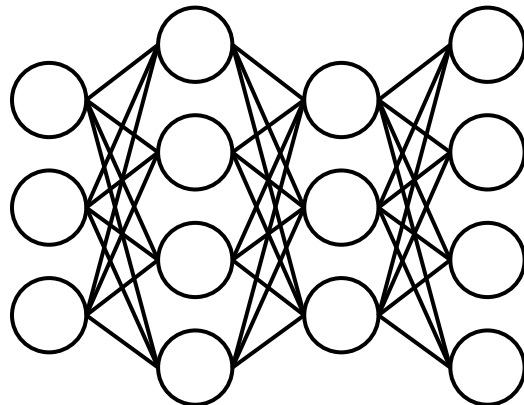


Linear layer
+
Feature rescaling
by tanh function

③ Trainable Variational Quantum Circuit



② ResNet18 (Pre-trained Classical Model)

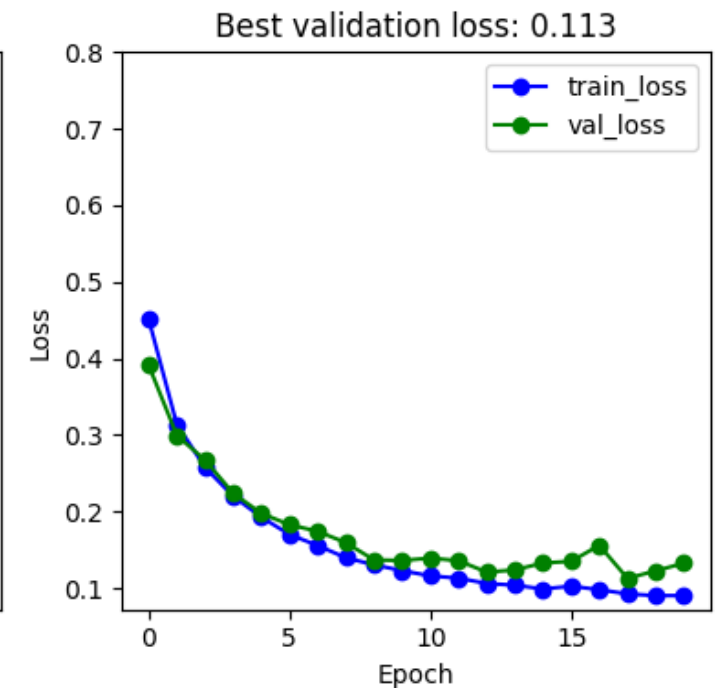
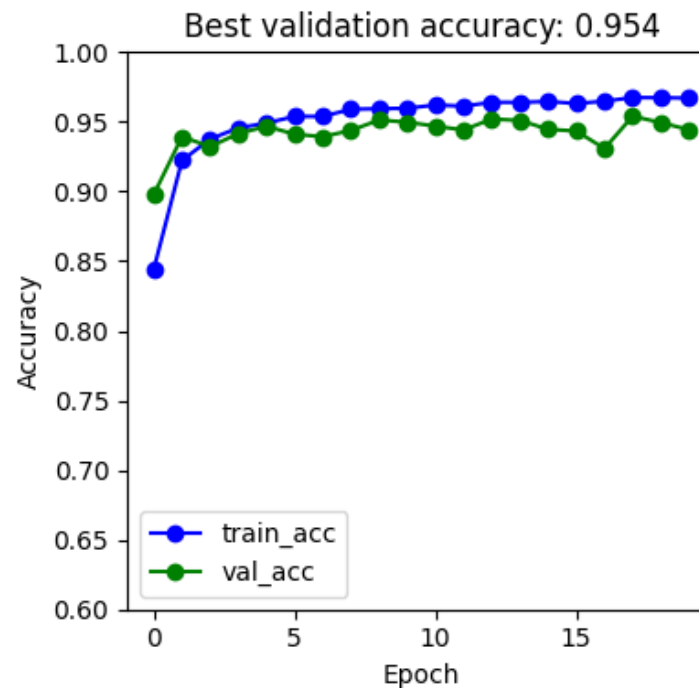


④ Measurement & Postprocessing

Linear layer
“good weld”
or
“defective” ?

Result

- Best test accuracy was 95.4%.
- The original paper's best accuracy was 95.6%, comparable to the classical-quantum hybrid model created.



Future scope

- The power of quantum computers can only be exploited by using large quantum circuits.
- However, setting the number of qubits > 4 suffered from overfitting of the model.
- It may be beneficial to know how to increase the size of quantum circuits while preventing overfitting.