## Quiz on Lesson 3

## July 18, 2023

Question 1. Suppose that 10 replications of a particle filter, each using  $10^3$  particles, runs in 15 minutes with no parallelization. To look for a more precise likelihood evaulation, you consider running 20 replicates, each with  $10^4$  particles. How many minutes will this take, if you distribute the calculation across 4 cores?

- (A) 50
- (B) 60
- (C) 75
- (D) 120
- (E) 300

Question 2. A particle filter is repeated 5 times to evaluate the likelihood at a proposed maximum likelihood estimate, each time with  $10^4$  particles. Suppose the log likelihood estimates are -2446.0, -2444.0, -2443.0, -2442.0, -2440.0. Which of the following is an appropriate estimate for the log likelihood at this parameter value and its standard error.

- (A) Estimate = -2443.0, with standard error 1.0
- (B) Estimate = -2443.0, with standard error 2.2
- (C) Estimate = -2443.0, with standard error 5.0
- (D) Estimate = -2441.4, with standard error 2.2
- (E) Estimate = -2441.4, with standard error 1.4

Question 3. What is the log likelihood (to the nearest unit) of the Dacca cholera data for the POMP model constructed in pomp via

## d <- dacca(deltaI=0.08)</pre>

with cholera mortality rate 8% and other parameters fixed at the default values.

- (A) -3764
- (B) -3765
- (C) -3766
- (D) -3767
- (E) -3768

Question 4. Effective sample size (ESS) is one of the main tools for diagnosing the success of a particle filter. If you plot an object of class  $pfilterd_pomp$  (created by applying pfilter to a pomp object), the ESS is displayed. Suppose one or more time points have low ESS (say, less than 10) even when using a fairly large number of particles (say,  $10^4$ ). What is the proper interpretation?

- (A) There is a problem with data, perhaps an error recording an observation.
- (B) There is a problem with the model which means that it cannot explain something in the data.
- (C) The model and data have no major problems, but the model happens to be problematic for the particle filter algorithm.
- (D) At least one of A, B and C.
- (E) Either A or B or both, but not C. If the model fits the data well, the particle filter is guaranteed to work well.