

Bash scripting cheatsheet

Example

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash

NAME="John"
echo $NAME
echo "Hello $NAME!"
```

Variables

```
NAME="John"
echo $NAME
echo "$NAME"
echo "${NAME}!"
```

String quotes

```
NAME="John"
echo "Hi $NAME" #=> Hi John
echo 'Hi $NAME' #=> Hi $NAME
```

Conditional execution

```
git commit && git push
git commit || echo "Commit failed"
```

Functions

```
get_name() {
  echo "John"
}

echo "You are ${get_name}"
```

See: Functions

Shell execution

```
echo "I'm in ${pwd}"
echo "I'm in `pwd`"
# Same

See Command substitution
```

Conditionals

```
if [ -z "$string" ]; then
  echo "String is empty"
elif [ -n "$string" ]; then
  echo "String is not empty"
fi

See: Conditionals
```

Brace expansion

```
echo {A,B}.js

{A,B}                Same as A B
{A,B}.js             Same as A.js B.js
{1..5}               Same as 1 2 3 4 5

See: Brace expansion
```

Strict mode

```
set -euo pipefail
IFS=$'\n\t'

See: Unofficial bash strict mode
```

Parameter expansions

Basics

```
name="John"
echo ${name}
echo ${name:3/3}    #=> "john" (substitution)
echo ${name:0:2}    #=> "jo" (slicing)
echo ${name:2}      #=> "hn" (slicing)
echo ${name::-1}    #=> "John" (slicing)
echo ${food:-Cake}  #=> $food or "Cake"

length=2
echo ${name:0:length} #=> "jo"

See: Parameter expansion

STR="/path/to/foo.cpp"
echo ${STR%.cpp}      # /path/to/foo
echo ${STR%.cpp}.o    # /path/to/foo.o

echo ${STR%*.*}       # cpp (extension)
echo ${STR%*/}        # foo.cpp (basepath)

echo ${STR%*/}        # path/to/foo.cpp
echo ${STR%*/}        # foo.cpp

echo ${STR/foo/bar}   # /path/to/bar.cpp

STR="hello world"
echo ${STR:6:5}       # "world"
echo ${STR:-5:5}      # "world"

SRC="/path/to/foo.cpp"
BASE=${STR%*/}        #> "foo.cpp" (basepath)
DIR=${SRC%$BASE}      #> "/path/to" (dirpath)
```

Substitution

<code>\${FOO%suffix}</code>	Remove suffix
<code>\${FOO#prefix}</code>	Remove prefix
<code>\${FOO%0suffix}</code>	Remove long suffix
<code>\${FOO#0prefix}</code>	Remove long prefix
<code>\${FOO/from/to}</code>	Replace first match
<code>\${FOO//from/to}</code>	Replace all
<code>\${FOO%/from/to}</code>	Replace suffix
<code>\${FOO/#from/to}</code>	Replace prefix

Length

<code>\${#FOO}</code>	Length of \$FOO
-----------------------	-----------------

Comments

```
# Single line comment

: '
This is a
multi line
comment
```

Substrings

<code>\${FOO:0:3}</code>	Substring (position, length)
<code>\${FOO:-3:3}</code>	Substring from the right

Default values

<code>\${FOO:-val}</code>	\$FOO, or val if not set
<code>\${FOO:=val}</code>	Set \$FOO to val if not set
<code>\${FOO:+val}</code>	val if \$FOO is set
<code>\${FOO:?message}</code>	Show error message and exit if \$FOO is not set

The : is optional (eg, `${FOO=word}` works)

Loops

Basic for loop

```
for i in {etc/rc.*}; do
  echo $i
done
```

Forever

```
while true; do
  ...
done
```

Ranges

```
for i in {1..5}; do
  echo "Welcome $i"
done

With step size
for i in {5..50..5}; do
  echo "Welcome $i"
done
```

Reading lines

```
cat file.txt | while read line; do
  echo $line
done
```

Functions

Defining functions

```
myfunc() {
  echo "hello $1"
}

# Same as above (alternate syntax)
function myfunc() {
  echo "hello $1"
}

myfunc "John"
```

Returning values

```
myfunc() {
  local myresult='some value'
  echo $myresult
}

result=$(myfunc)
```

Arguments

<code>\$#</code>	Number of arguments
<code>\$*</code>	All arguments
<code>\$@</code>	All arguments, starting from first
<code>\$1</code>	First argument

See Special parameters.

Raising errors

```
myfunc() {
  return 1
}

if myfunc; then
  echo "success"
else
  echo "failure"
fi
```

Conditionals

Conditions

<code>[-z STRING]</code>	Empty string
<code>[-n STRING]</code>	Not empty string
<code>[NUM -eq NUM]</code>	Equal
<code>[NUM -ne NUM]</code>	Not equal
<code>[NUM -lt NUM]</code>	Less than
<code>[NUM -le NUM]</code>	Less than or equal
<code>[NUM -gt NUM]</code>	Greater than
<code>[NUM -ge NUM]</code>	Greater than or equal
<code>[[STRING =~ STRING]]</code>	Regex
<code>((NUM < NUM))</code>	Numeric conditions
<code>[-o noclobber]</code>	IF OPTIONNAME is enabled
<code>[! EXPR]</code>	Not
<code>[X] && [Y]</code>	And
<code>[X] [Y]</code>	Or

File conditions

<code>[-e FILE]</code>	Exists
<code>[-r FILE]</code>	Readable
<code>[-h FILE]</code>	Symlink
<code>[-d FILE]</code>	Directory
<code>[-w FILE]</code>	Writable
<code>[-s FILE]</code>	Size is > 0 bytes
<code>[-f FILE]</code>	File
<code>[-x FILE]</code>	Executable
<code>[FILE1 -nt FILE2]</code>	1 is more recent than 2
<code>[FILE1 -ot FILE2]</code>	2 is more recent than 1
<code>[FILE1 -ef FILE2]</code>	Same files

Example

```
# String
if [ -z "$string" ]; then
  echo "String is empty"
elif [ -n "$string" ]; then
  echo "String is not empty"
fi

# Combinations
if [ X ] && [ Y ]; then
  ...
fi

# Regex
if [[ "A" =~ ".+" ]]

if [ -e "file.txt" ]; then
  echo "file exists"
fi
```

Arrays

Defining arrays

```
Fruits=('Apple' 'Banana' 'Orange')

Fruits[0]="Apple"
Fruits[1]="Banana"
Fruits[2]="Orange"
```

Working with arrays

```
echo ${Fruits[0]}      # Element #0
echo ${Fruits[@]}      # All elements, space-separated
echo ${#Fruits[@]}     # Number of elements
echo ${#Fruits}         # String length of the 1st element
echo ${Fruits[3]}      # String length of the 4th element
echo ${Fruits[0]:3:2}  # Range (from position 3, length 2)
```

Operations

```
Fruits=( "${Fruits[@]}" "Watermelon" ) # Push
Fruits=( ${Fruits[@]/Ap*/} )           # Remove by regex match
unset Fruits[2]                        # Remove one item
Fruits=( "${Fruits[@]}" )               # Duplicate
Fruits=( "${Fruits[@]}" "${Veggies[@]}" ) # Concatenate
lines=( cat logfile )                  # Read from file
```

Iteration

```
for i in "${arrayName[@]"; do
  echo $i
done
```

Options

Options

<code>set -o noclobber</code>	# Avoid overlay files (echo "hl" > foo)
<code>set -o errexit</code>	# Used to exit upon error, avoiding cascading errors
<code>set -o nocaseglob</code>	# Case insensitive globs
<code>set -o pipefail</code>	# Unveils hidden failures
<code>set -o nounset</code>	# Exposes unset variables

Glob options

<code>set -o nullglob</code>	# Non-matching globs are removed (''.foo' => '')
<code>set -o failglob</code>	# Non-matching globs throw errors
<code>set -o nocaseglob</code>	# Case insensitive globs
<code>set -o globdots</code>	# Wildcards match dotfiles ('*.sh' => '.foo.sh')
<code>set -o globstar</code>	# Allow ** for recursive matches ('lib/**/*.rb' => 'lib/...')

Set GLOBIGNORE as a colon-separated list of patterns to be removed from glob matches.

History

Commands

history	Show history
shopt -s histverify	Don't execute expanded result immediately

Operations

!!:s/<FROM>/<TO>/	Replace first occurrence of <FROM> to <TO> in most recent command
!!:gs/<FROM>/<TO>/	Replace all occurrences of <FROM> to <TO> in most recent command
!:t	Expand only basename from last parameter of most recent command
!:h	Expand only directory from last parameter of most recent command
!! and ! \$ can be replaced with any valid expansion.	

Expansions

!\$	Expand last parameter of most recent command
!*	Expand all parameters of most recent command
!-n	Expand nth most recent command
!n	Expand nth command in history
!<command>	Expand most recent invocation of command <command>

Slices

!!:n	Expand only nth token from most recent command (command is 0; first param is 1)
!!:n-m	Expand range of tokens from most recent command
!!:n-\$	Expand nth token to last from most recent command
!! can be replaced with any valid expansion ie. !cat, !-2, !42, etc.	

Miscellaneous

Numeric calculations

\$((a + 200))	# Add 200 to \$a
\$((RANDOM%200))	# Random number 0..200

Inspecting commands

command -V cd	
#> "cd is a function/alias/whatever"	

Trap errors

trap 'echo Error at about \$LINENO' ERR	
or	
traperr() { echo "ERROR: \${BASH_SOURCE[1]} at about \${BASH_LINENO[0]}" }	
set -o erretrace trap traperr ERR	

Source relative

source "\${0%/*}/../share/foo.sh"	
-----------------------------------	--

Directory of script

DIR="\${0%/*}"	
----------------	--

Heredoc

cat <<END hello world END	
---------------------------------	--

Reading input

echo -n "Proceed? [y/n]: " read ans echo \$ans	
read -n 1 ans	# Just one character

Subshells

(cd somedir; echo "I'm now in \$PWD") pwd	# still in first directory
--	----------------------------

Redirection

python hello.py > output.txt	# stdout to (file)
python hello.py >> output.txt	# stdout to (file), append
python hello.py 2> error.log	# stderr to (file)
python hello.py 2>&1	# stderr to stdout
python hello.py 2>/dev/null	# stderr to (null)
python hello.py >>/dev/null	# stdout and stderr to (null)
python hello.py < foo.txt	

Case/switch

case "\$1" in start up) vagrant up ;; *) echo "Usage: \$0 {start stop ssh}" ;; esac	
--	--

printf

printf "Hello %s, I'm %s" Sven Olga #> "Hello Sven, I'm Olga"	
--	--

Getting options

while [["\$1" == ^- && ! "\$1" == "--"]]; do case \$1 in -V --version) echo \$version exit ;; -s --string) shift; string=\$1 ;; -f --flag) flag=1 ;; ;; esac; shift; done if [["\$1" == "--"]]; then shift; fi	
--	--

Special variables

\$?	Exit status of last task
\$!	PID of last background task
\$\$	PID of shell
See Special parameters.	

Also see

Bash-hackers wiki (bash-hackers.org)
Shell vars (bash-hackers.org)
Learn bash in y minutes (learnxinyminutes.com)

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