

## SECURITY AUDIT OF

# KINGDOM RAIDS IDO SMART CONTRACT



**Public Report** 

Nov 29, 2021

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Driving Technology > Forward

## Security Audit – Kingdom Raids IDO Smart Contract

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## **ABBREVIATIONS**

Name	Description		
Ethereum	An open source platform based on blockchain technology to create and distribute smart contracts and decentralized applications.		
Ether (ETH)	A cryptocurrency whose blockchain is generated by the Ethereum platform. Ether is used for payment of transactions and computing services in the Ethereum network.		
Smart contract	A computer protocol intended to digitally facilitate, verify or enforce the negotiation or performance of a contract.		
Solidity	A contract-oriented, high-level language for implementing smart contracts for the Ethereum platform.		
Solc	A compiler for Solidity.		
ERC20	ERC20 (BEP20 in Binance Smart Chain or <i>x</i> RP20 in other chains) tokens are blockchain-based assets that have value and can be sent and received. The primary difference with the primary coin is that instead of running on their own blockchain, ERC20 tokens are issued on a network that supports smart contracts such as Ethereum or Binance Smart Chain.		

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## **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This Security Audit Report prepared by Verichains Lab on Nov 29, 2021. We would like to thank the Kingdom Raids for trusting Verichains Lab in auditing smart contracts. Delivering high-quality audits is always our top priority.

This audit focused on identifying security flaws in code and the design of the Kingdom Raids IDO Smart Contract. The scope of the audit is limited to the source code files provided to Verichains. Verichains Lab completed the assessment using manual, static, and dynamic analysis techniques.

During the audit process, the audit team had identified no vulnerable issues in the smart contracts code.

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## 1. MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

#### 1.1. About Kingdom Raids IDO Smart Contract

Kingdom Raids is an RPG developed by a leading gaming studio, Alley Labs which has attracted more than 100 million downloads for their games. The game takes place in a fictional kingdom, "Dood Kingdom", a land of mystery and adventure.

The Kingdom Raids IDO Smart Contract is a contract used to support to release of tokens in the Initial DEX Offering.

## 1.2. Audit scope

This audit focused on identifying security flaws in code and the design of the smart contracts of Kingdom Raids Token. **I**t was conducted on commit ae8e713dfa8a919b4d4eb1491837dff187323adf from git repository https://github.com/kingdomraids/kr-ido-contract/.

#### 1.3. Audit methodology

Our security audit process for smart contract includes two steps:

- Smart contract codes are scanned/tested for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities using public and RK87, our in-house smart contract security analysis tool.
- Manual audit of the codes for security issues. The contracts are manually analyzed to look for any potential problems.

Following is the list of commonly known vulnerabilities that was considered during the audit of the smart contract:

- Integer Overflow and Underflow
- Timestamp Dependence
- Race Conditions
- Transaction-Ordering Dependence
- DoS with (Unexpected) revert
- DoS with Block Gas Limit
- Gas Usage, Gas Limit and Loops
- Redundant fallback function
- Unsafe type Inference
- Reentrancy
- Explicit visibility of functions state variables (external, internal, private and public)
- Logic Flaws

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For vulnerabilities, we categorize the findings into categories as listed in table below, depending on their severity level:

SEVERITY LEVEL	DESCRIPTION
CRITICAL	A vulnerability that can disrupt the contract functioning; creates a critical risk to the contract; required to be fixed immediately.
HIGH	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract with high impact; needs to be fixed with high priority.
MEDIUM	A vulnerability that could affect the desired outcome of executing the contract with medium impact in a specific scenario; needs to be fixed.
LOW	An issue that does not have a significant impact, can be considered as less important.

Table 1. Severity levels

## 1.4. Disclaimer

Please note that security auditing cannot uncover all existing vulnerabilities, and even an audit in which no vulnerabilities are found is not a guarantee for a 100% secure smart contract. However, auditing allows discovering vulnerabilities that were unobserved, overlooked during development and areas where additional security measures are necessary.

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## 2. AUDIT RESULT

#### 2.1. Overview

The initial review was conducted in Nov 2021 and a total effort of 5 working days was dedicated to identifying and documenting security issues in the code base of Kingdom Raids IDO contract.

#### 2.2. Contract codes

The Kingdom Raids IDO Smart Contract was written in Solidity language, with the required version to be 0.6.12.

The contract is used to support to release tokens in the Initial DEX Offering.

There are three phases during the contract works. The contract will handle 3 logical ido phases according to time as below:

- SalePhase: initial phase, users can deposit the input token to join the IDO. If users want to stop joining the IDO, they can withdraw the input token.
- GracePhase: this will follow after SalePhase, it's the second chance for users to withdraw the input token if they want to leave the IDO. After this phase, only the owner of the contract can withdraw the input token through the finalize function.
- RedeemPhase: users can redeem the tokens corresponding to the input token that they
  deposited. If users don't redeem the tokens in this phase, the tokens will belong to the
  owner of the contract.

#### 2.3. Findings

During the audit process, the audit team found no vulnerability in the given version of Kingdom Raids IDO Smart Contract.

#### 2.4. Additional notes and recommendations

#### 2.4.1. Using hardcode in getCurrentPrice function INFORMATIVE

In the getCurrentPrice functions, the function calculates by mul with the power of decimals input token but it is using a hardcode value. It may be an issue if the decimals value is changed.

```
function getCurrentPrice() public view returns (uint256) {
   return totalDeposit.mul(1e18).div(totalSupply);
   }
}
```

#### RECOMMENDATION

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```
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```



We suggest importing the IERC20Metadata interface and using the decimals value instead of hardcode in the getCurrentPrice function like the below code:

```
import "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/IERC20Metadata.sol...
";

function getCurrentPrice() public view returns (uint256) {
    uint8 decimals=token.decimals()
    return totalDeposit.mul(10**decimals).div(totalSsupply);
}
```

#### **UPDATES**

• 2021-11-29: This issue has been acknowledged and fixed by the Kingdom Raids team in commit ec6b13a6e72f846afd56baf42c9d701617d77bdd.

#### 2.4.2. Outdated version of Solidity INFORMATIVE

The required version of Solidity in the Kingdom Raids IDO Smart Contract source code is 0.6.12, which is outdated.

Updating the Solidity version from 0.6.12 to 0.8.10 will introduce many features and fix some bugs like:

- Automatic integer overflow/underflow checking for arithmetic operations.
- Allow overrides to have stricter state mutability: view can override nonpayable and pure can override view.
- Disallow public state variables overwriting pure functions.

#### **UPDATES**

• 2021-11-29: This issue has been acknowledged and fixed by the Kingdom Raids team in commit 1e3352de9485c648bd07e870377f8b9af4c49e72.

#### 2.4.3. An incorrect comment causes misunderstand INFORMATIVE

The comment says that the below variable is the end sale time but the below variable is the end grace time.

```
// Start grace time
uint256 public startGraceAt;
// End sale time
uint256 public endGraceAt;
// Start redeem time
uint256 public startRedeemAt;
```

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#### **RECOMMENDATION**

We suggest changing the comment to // End grace time for readability.

## **UPDATES**

• 2021-11-29: This issue has been acknowledged and fixed by the Kingdom Raids team in commit 1e3352de9485c648bd07e870377f8b9af4c49e72.

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## **APPENDIX**

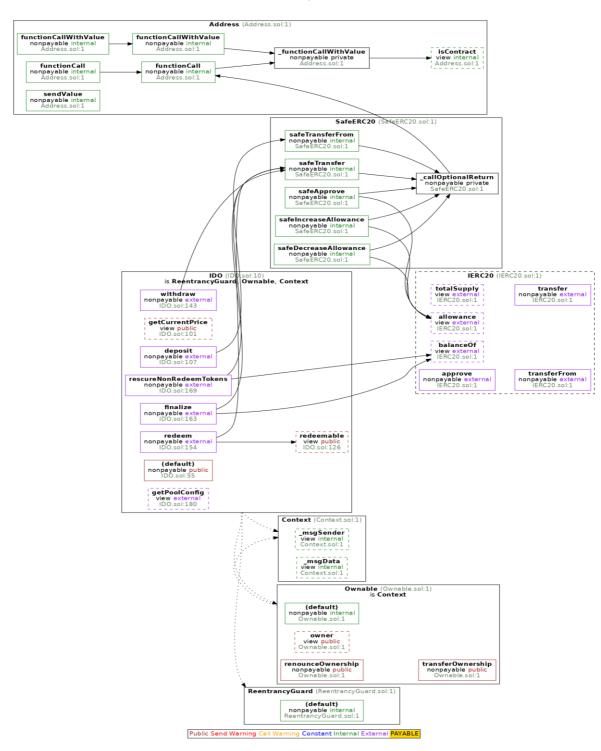


Image 1. Kingdom Raids IDO Smart Contract call graph

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## 3. VERSION HISTORY

Version	Date	Status/Change	Created by
1.0	2021-11-23	Public Report	Verichains Lab
1.1	2021-11-29	Public Report	Verichains Lab

Table 2. Report versions history