

# **Supplemental Appendix for The Influence of Federalist Society Affiliation on Senator Voting in Federal Judicial Nominations**

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Table A1: Federalist Society Influence on Senator Voting: All Nominees

	<i>Dependent variable:</i>	
	Senator Vote	
	Party Interaction	Ideology Interaction
Female	0.457*** (0.039)	0.452*** (0.039)
ABA Rating	-0.542*** (0.035)	-0.547*** (0.035)
Elite Law School	-0.405*** (0.037)	-0.408*** (0.037)
Republican Senator	-0.540** (0.262)	-0.078 (0.241)
Nominee FedSoc Affiliate	-1.469*** (0.050)	-0.397*** (0.057)
Senator Ideology	0.051 (0.307)	-0.466* (0.283)
Home State Senator	1.787*** (0.182)	1.817*** (0.184)
Nominee Ideology	0.208 (0.142)	0.192 (0.142)
Allied Senator	3.854*** (0.079)	3.872*** (0.078)
Republican Senator $\times$ Nominee FedSoc Affiliate	2.767*** (0.129)	
Senator Ideology $\times$ Nominee FedSoc Affiliate		3.319*** (0.153)
Constant	2.111*** (0.577)	1.909*** (0.578)
Observations	58,252	58,252
Var(Unique Senator)	0.38	0.29
N(Unique Senator)	282	282
Var(Congress)	0.86	0.86
N(Congress)	14	14
Var(Court Level)	1.29	1.28
N(Court Level)	5	5
Log Likelihood	-12,648.410	-12,629.090
Akaike Inf. Crit.	25,324.820	25,286.190
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	25,450.440	25,411.800

*Note:*

\*p&lt;0.1; \*\*p&lt;0.05; \*\*\*p&lt;0.01

Table A2: Federalist Society Influence on Senator Voting: DIME Ideology

	<i>Dependent variable:</i>	
	Senator Vote	
	Party Interaction	Ideology Interaction
Female	0.775*** (0.133)	0.806*** (0.135)
ABA Rating	−0.453*** (0.118)	−0.481*** (0.121)
Elite Law School	1.646*** (0.153)	1.752*** (0.160)
Republican Senator	−0.868*** (0.329)	1.006*** (0.337)
Nominee FedSoc Affiliate	−1.660*** (0.132)	0.895*** (0.233)
Senator Ideology	4.521*** (0.456)	1.693*** (0.481)
Home State Senator	1.147*** (0.406)	1.333*** (0.421)
Nominee Ideology (DIME)	0.457*** (0.123)	0.474*** (0.123)
Republican Senator × Nominee FedSoc Affiliate	4.958*** (0.503)	
Senator Ideology × Nominee FedSoc Affiliate		8.019*** (0.692)
Constant	2.618* (1.513)	1.588 (1.568)
Observations	17,529	17,529
Var(Unique Senator)	0.00	0.00
N(Unique Senator)	256	256
Var(Congress)	2.60	3.01
N(Congress)	7	7
Var(Court Level)	8.72	9.39
N(Court Level)	5	5
Log Likelihood	−1,630.006	−1,607.658
Akaike Inf. Crit.	3,286.011	3,241.316
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	3,387.042	3,342.347

*Note:*

\*p&lt;0.1; \*\*p&lt;0.05; \*\*\*p&lt;0.01

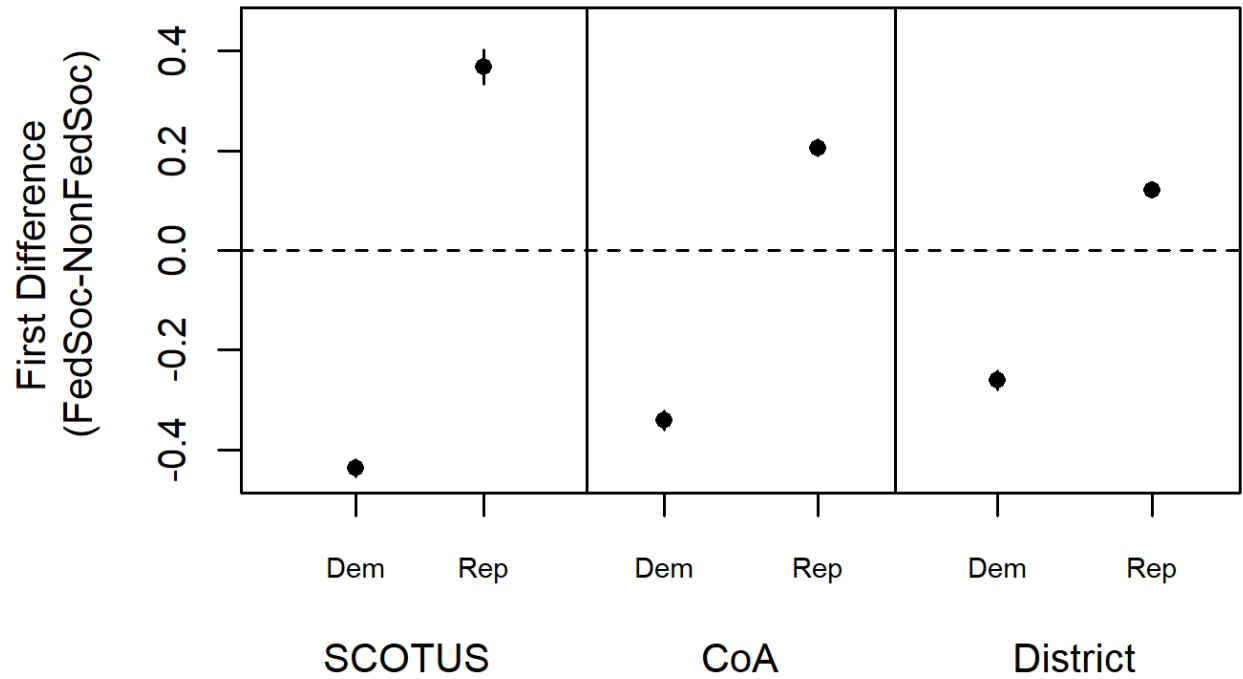
Table A3: Federalist Society Influence on Senator Voting: Pre-Trump and Trump Nominee Comparisons (First Trump Administration)

	<i>Dependent variable:</i>	
	Senator Vote	
	Pre-Trump Noms	Trump I Noms
Female	0.325** (0.127)	1.033*** (0.067)
ABA Rating	-0.585*** (0.120)	-0.955*** (0.055)
Elite Law School	2.323*** (0.187)	-0.134** (0.064)
Republican Senator	-0.201 (0.298)	1.643*** (0.505)
Nominee FedSoc Affiliate	-1.547*** (0.128)	-1.308*** (0.061)
Senator Ideology	4.553*** (0.448)	2.298*** (0.562)
Home State Senator	0.797** (0.397)	1.766*** (0.242)
Nominee Ideology	1.370*** (0.333)	-1.582*** (0.245)
Republican Senator $\times$ Nominee FedSoc Affiliate	3.383*** (0.459)	3.638*** (0.199)
Constant	3.779*** (1.452)	1.953** (0.968)
Observations	18,028	18,547
Var(Unique Senator)	0.00	0.55
N(Unique Senator)	232	115
Var(Congress)	5.16	3.33
N(Congress)	10	2
Var(Court Level)	6.75	0.40
N(Court Level)	5	5
Log Likelihood	-1,767.489	-5,036.465
Akaike Inf. Crit.	3,560.978	10,098.930
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	3,662.374	10,200.690

*Note:*

\*p<0.1; \*\*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.01

Figure A1: First Differences: Senator Party and Federalist Society Affiliation



The first differences of Figure 3. Estimates above the dotted line denote Federalist Society affiliated nominees are more likely to receive a senator's vote than non-affiliated nominees. Estimates below the dotted line represent Federalist Society affiliated nominees are less likely to receive a senator's vote. 95% confidence intervals crossing the horizontal dotted line at 0 indicates a lack of statistical significance ( $p < 0.05$ ).

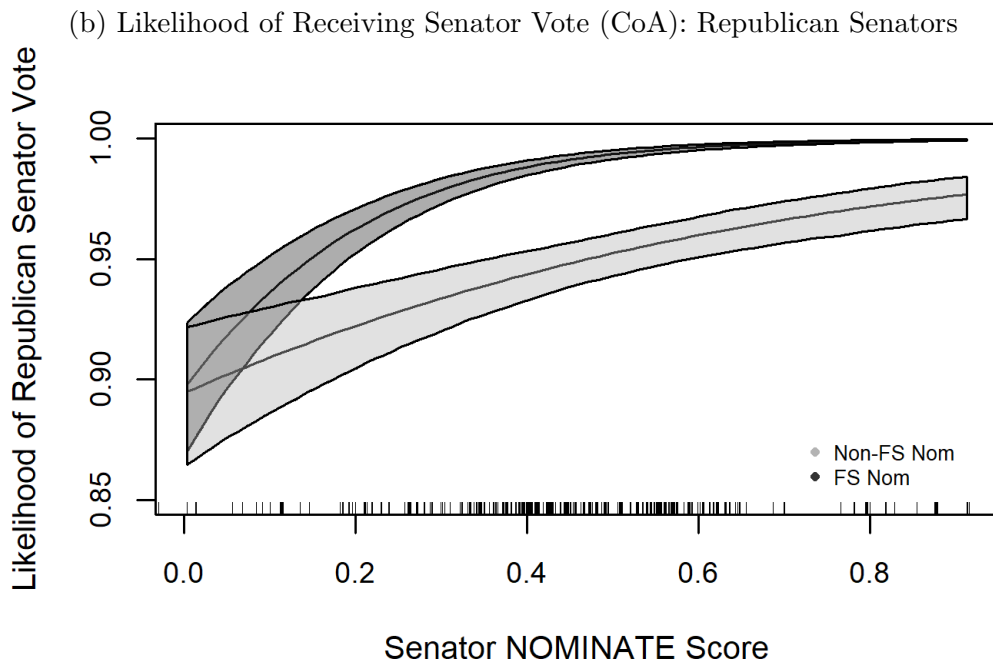
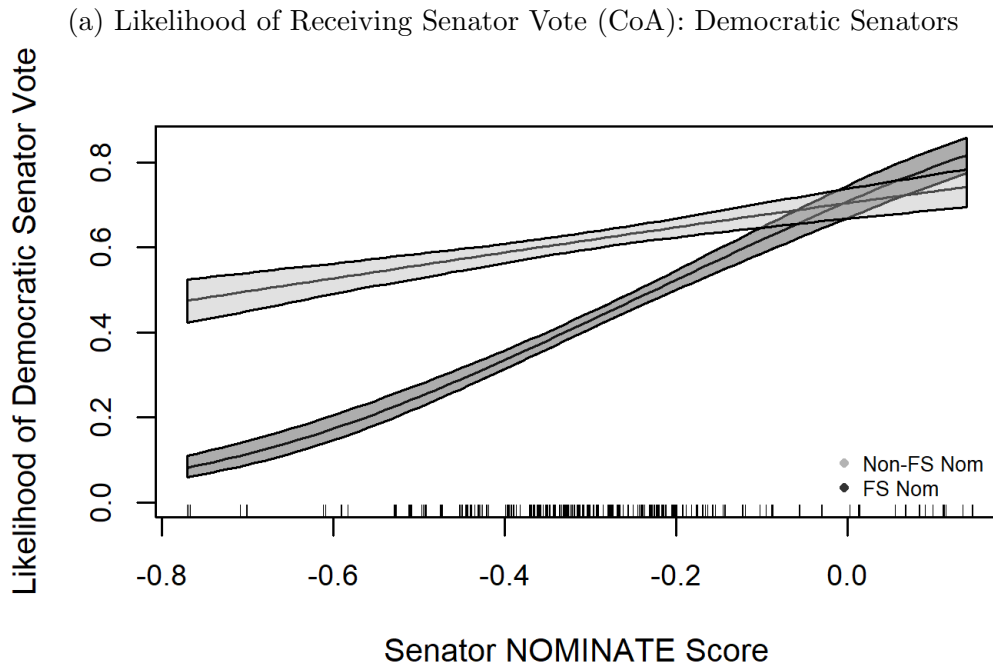


Figure A2: The predicted likelihood of a Court of Appeals nominee receiving a senator's vote by FedSoc affiliation for a) Democratic and b) Republican senators. Shaded areas represent 95% confidence intervals.

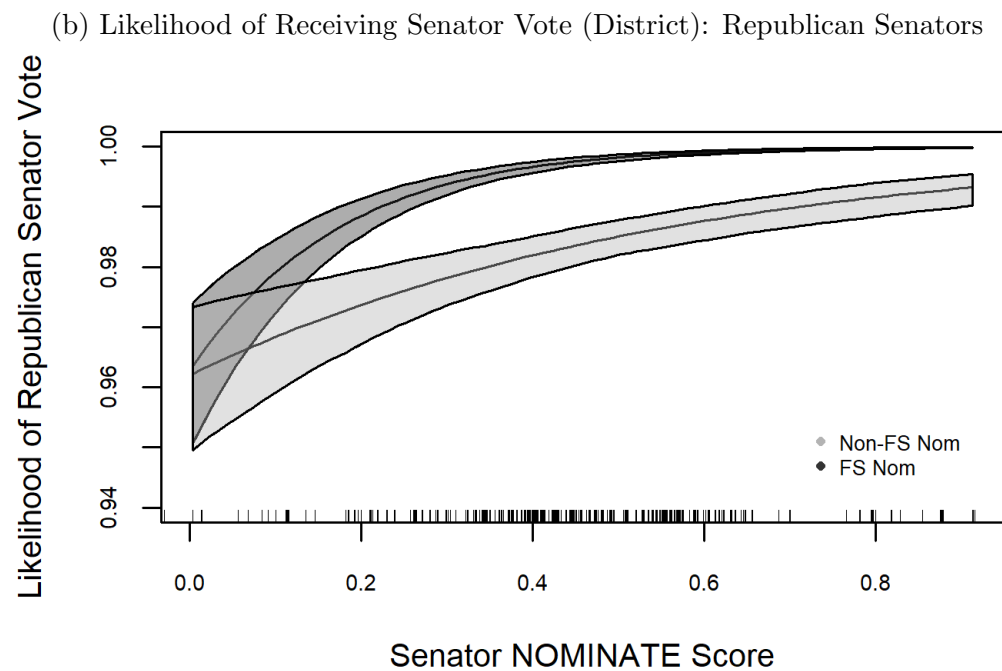
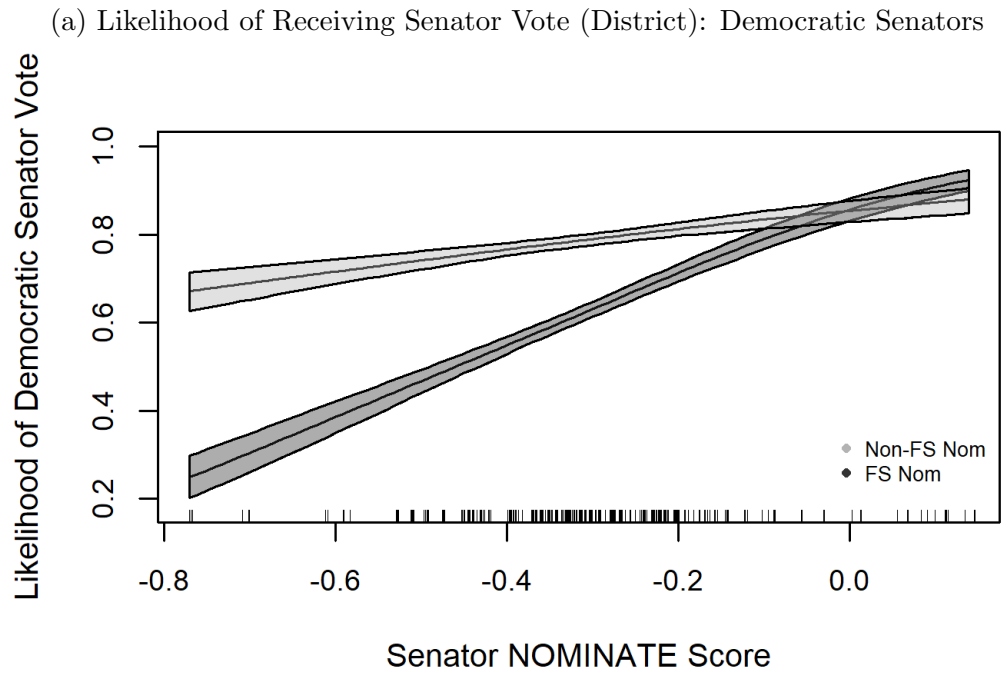


Figure A3: The predicted likelihood of a District Court nominee receiving a senator's vote by FedSoc affiliation for a) Democratic and b) Republican senators. Shaded areas represent 95% confidence intervals.

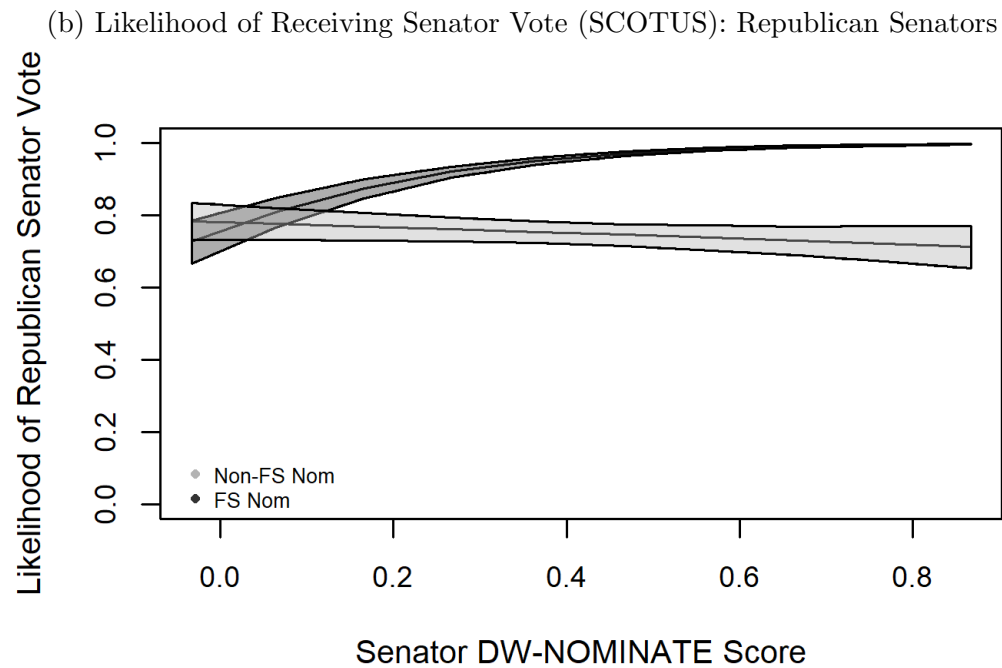
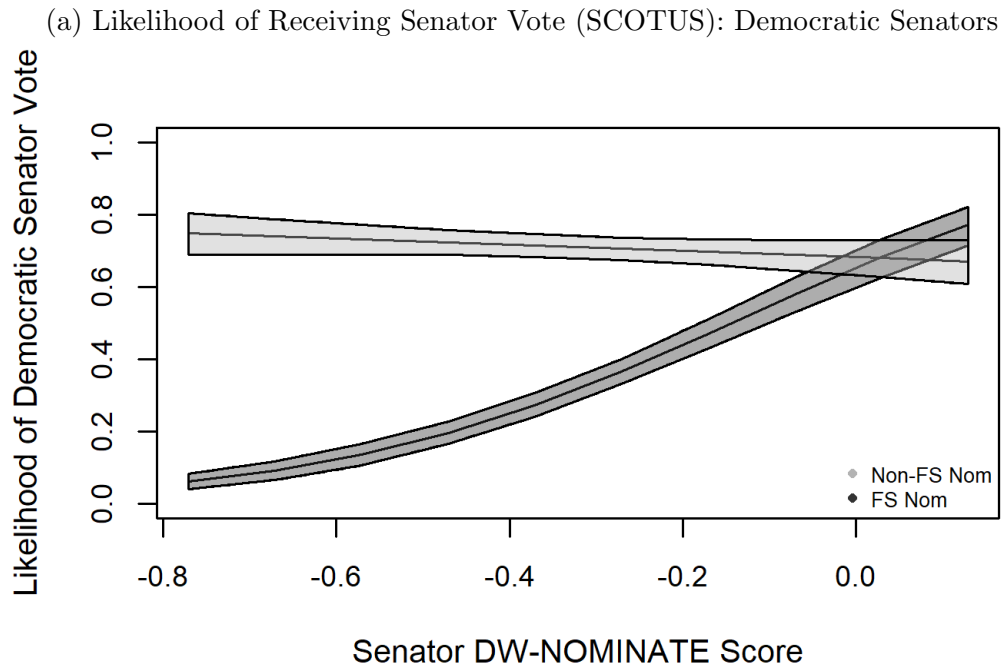
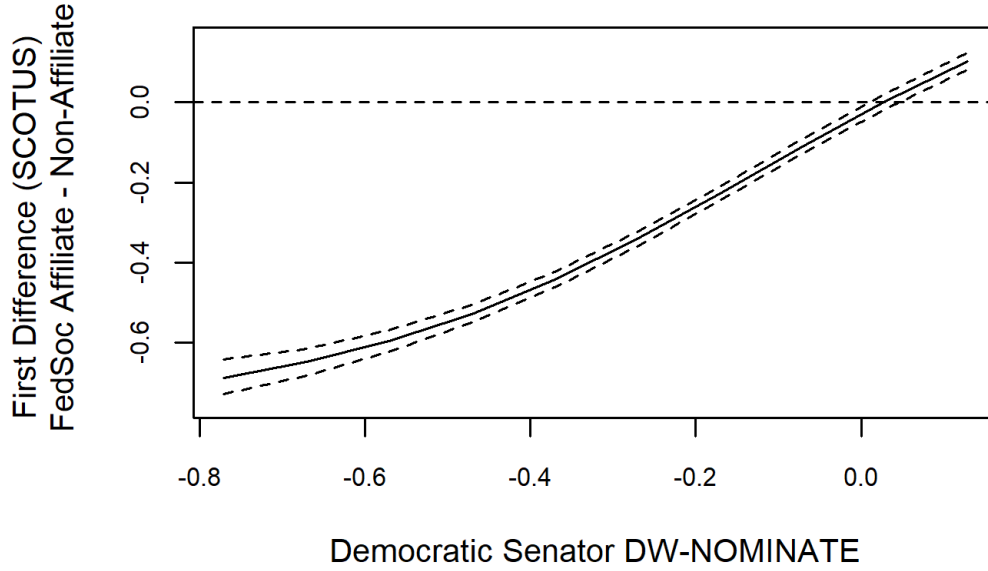


Figure A4: The predicted likelihood of a Supreme Court nominee receiving a senator's vote by FedSoc affiliation for a) Democratic and b) Republican senators. Shaded areas represent 95% confidence intervals.



(a) First Difference Estimates of Receiving Vote (SCOTUS): Democratic Senators



(b) First Difference Estimates of Receiving Vote (SCOTUS): Republican Senators

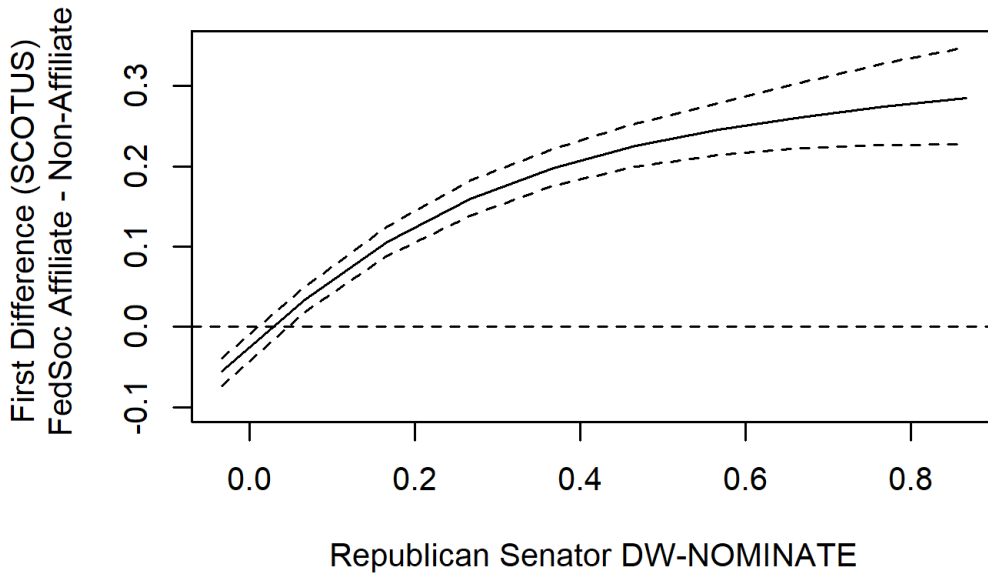


Figure A5: First differences of confirmation success by gender for a) Democratic and b) Republican Senators. Dotted lines represents 95% confidence intervals and dotted lines crossing the line at zero do not significantly differ.

Table A4: Republican Senator Federalist Society Influence on Voting for Federalist Society-affiliated Nominees

	<i>Dependent variable:</i>
	Senator Vote
Female	0.034 (0.052)
ABA Rating	−0.069 (0.055)
Elite Law School	−0.896*** (0.051)
Nominee FedSoc Affiliate	0.897*** (0.140)
Senator Ideology	−2.633*** (0.271)
Home State Senator	1.831*** (0.417)
Senator FedSoc Affiliate	0.198** (0.101)
Nominee Ideology	2.239*** (0.289)
Senator FedSoc Affiliate × Nominee FedSoc Affiliate	0.234 (0.240)
Constant	4.015*** (0.474)
Observations	28,958
Var(Unique Senator)	0.08
N(Unique Senator)	143
Var(Congress)	1.94
N(Congress)	14
Var(Court Level)	0.28
N(Court Level)	5
Log Likelihood	−5,968.585
Akaike Inf. Crit.	11,963.170
Bayesian Inf. Crit.	12,070.730

*Note:*

\*p<0.1; \*\*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.01

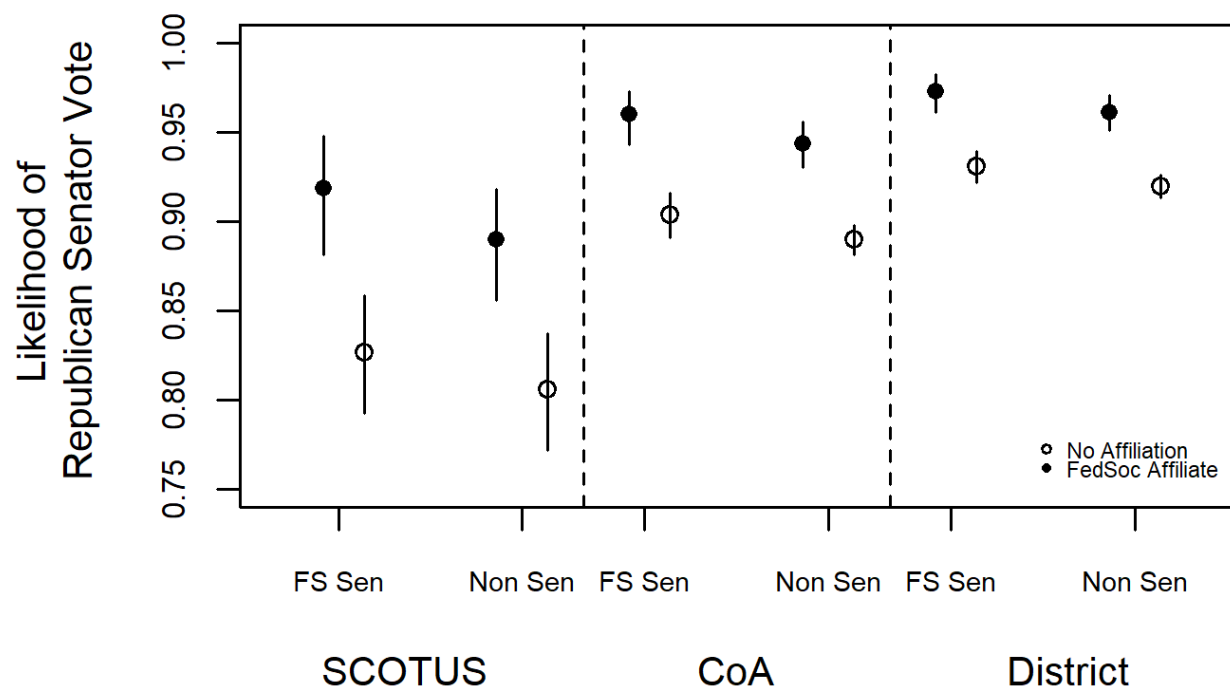


Figure A6: Predicted probabilities of the interaction between a Republican senator's FedSoc affiliation and a nominee's FedSoc affiliation in Figure 5.