



HERITAGE GLOBAL ACADEMY  
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CIVIC EDUCATION JSS2  
SECOND TERM EXAMINATIONS MARCH 2024  
**Answer ALL Questions in the THREE Sections (60 MINUTES)**

**SECTION 1**  
**PICK YOUR ANSWERS FROM THE LIST BELOW**

Beliefs	Hospitality	Nationalism	Teachers Union
Campaigns	Illiteracy	Nigeria Labour	Congress
Civic Education	Integrity	Congress	Tolerance
Constitution	Law-abiding	Patriotism	Tribalism
Cooperation	Learned	Rights	Unity
Courage	National	Selfishness	Values
Duties	consciousness	Socialisation	
Honesty	National identity		

1. The act of satisfying personal interests irrespective of violating other people's rights is \_\_\_\_\_
2. An exhibition of friendly behaviour towards one another and the visitors to the country is termed \_\_\_\_\_
3. The act of working or acting together to achieve a common goal or result that is good for them is \_\_\_\_\_
4. Having or expressing a great love of one's country, expressing loyalty and devotion to a nation is \_\_\_\_\_
5. An academic discipline which aims to inculcate in us the right values, positive attitudes and behaviours that are considered acceptable to the society is \_\_\_\_\_
6. The quality that enables a person to hold fast and be strong when he or she is in danger path or in a difficult situation is \_\_\_\_\_
7. The willingness to allow people to do or say, or believe what they want without criticizing them is \_\_\_\_\_
8. The aim of Civic education is the need for national \_\_\_\_\_ and strong political stability in Nigeria
9. Civic Education is the study of the \_\_\_\_\_ and rights of the citizens in their society.

10. One of the General Objectives of Civic Education includes to expose the Nigerian students to the basic concept and provision of the Nigerian \_\_\_\_\_ and its relevance towards the socio-cultural diversity of the country.
11. Benefit of studying Civic Education is that it helps us to instill the proper and necessary \_\_\_\_\_ needed by individuals to function effectively in their society.
12. The knowledge of Civic Education helps individuals to acquire good leadership qualities and why they must also be good and \_\_\_\_\_ followers.
13. The study of Civic Education gives us awareness about our duties, \_\_\_\_\_ and freedom.
14. Political parties through their manifestos and \_\_\_\_\_ educate citizens on their political rights, duties, interests and how best to achieve them.
15. The social or pressure group, which serves as an agent of Civic Education in Nigeria include Trade Union Congress and \_\_\_\_\_
16. Culture is transmitted, shared and \_\_\_\_\_
17. The process of creating a sense of uniqueness of identity and loyalty among people with a different socio-cultural background into a single territorial political society is termed \_\_\_\_\_
18. The process of acquiring good values, beliefs, norms and attitudes in relation to politics is \_\_\_\_\_
19. The situation where an individual prefers or favours his tribal kinsmen above other tribes in public dealings is \_\_\_\_\_
20. Those who are not informed can constitute danger to national consciousness because they are ignorant of what is expected of them in the society are called \_\_\_\_\_

## SECTION 2

1. Mention TWO responsibilities of mothers in the family
2. One sentence for each, explain civic values under the following:
  - a. Obedience.
  - b. Patriotism.
  - c. Honesty.
3. Explain the meaning of Human Rights.
4. List FOUR rights you have as a child.
5. Mention your nationality and give one reason for your answer
6. List FOUR ethnic groups in Nigeria
7. Mention THREE ways you would recognise the Yoruba tribe.
8. Mention TWO effects of tribalism and ethnicity on the people.
9. Why do you think National Youth Service is a way to solve the problem of ethnicity?
10. Do you think inter-ethnic marriage is good? Explain.
11. What is the benefit of citizens paying their taxes to government?

### SECTION 3

1. ....is the set of rules and regulations through which a society is governed  
(1 Point)
  - (a) book
  - (b) document
  - (c) law
  - (d) theory
2. One of the following is not a feature of rules of law  
(1 Point)
  - (a) equality before the law
  - (b) principles of immunity
  - (c) principles of fair hearing
  - (d) principles of impartiality
3. The rules of law imply that the.....of the law is over every citizens  
(1 Point)
  - (a) Supremacy
  - (b) adjustment
  - (c) review
  - (d) exposure
4. The law-making bodies in Nigeria is together called  
(1 Point)
  - (a) house of rep
  - (b) national assembly
  - (c) parliament
  - (d) house of senate
5. The rights of every citizen to vote and be voted for in an election is called.....  
(1 Point)
  - (a) franchise
  - (b) voting
  - (c) human rights
  - (d) choosing
6. Every person must be up to --- years before he/she is eligible to vote and be voted for  
(1 Point)
  - (a) 20
  - (b) 18
  - (c) 14
  - (d) 12
7. In Nigeria, general elections are conducted every --- years  
(1 Point)
  - (a) 2
  - (b) 4
  - (c) 8
  - (d) 6
8. --- is the acts of denial of one's fundamental human right.

(1 Point)

- (a) Human right
- (b) Human right abuse
- (c) Honesty
- (d) Democracy

9. The organization charged with the responsibility of conducting election in Nigeria is

(1 Point)

- (A) FEDECO
- (B) INEC
- (C) NDCR
- (D) NEC

10. Which of the following is NOT a feature of democracy?

(1 Point)

- (A) Denial of human rights
- (B) Election
- (C) Free press
- (D) Political parties

11. The primary duty of a government is to

(1 Point)

- (A) conduct elections
- (B) jail offenders
- (C) make laws
- (D) protect lives and properties

12. The highest court in Nigeria is the \_\_\_\_

(1 Point)

- (A) Federal High Court
- (B) Customary court
- (C) The Supreme court
- (D) Chief Justice

13. \_\_\_\_\_ can be defined as the government in the hand of the majority

(1 Point)

- A. Citizenship
- B. Constitution
- C. Democracy
- D. People

14. The upper chamber of the legislature in Nigeria is \_\_\_\_\_

(1 Point)

- A. House of Assembly
- B. House of Representatives
- D. Vice president
- D. Senate House

15. The head of the executive arms of government is the .....

(1 Point)

- A. Speaker
- B. Chief Justice of the Federation
- C. Senate President
- D. President

16. May 27th every year is celebrated in Nigeria as  
(1 Point)  
(A) children's day  
(B) commonwealth day  
(C) Democracy day  
(D) independence day
17. Which of the following symbols is NOT recognized in Nigeria?  
(1 Point)  
(A) National anthem  
(B) National flag  
(C) National pledge  
(D) State religion
18. People elect.....through voting means  
(1 Point)  
(a) representative  
(b) judge  
(c) alien  
(d) hooligans
19. Nigeria flag has how many colours?  
(1 Point)  
(a) 2  
(b) 5  
(c) 1  
(d) 3
20. Nigeria got her independence in.....  
(1 Point)  
(a) 1942  
(b) 1960  
(c) 1963  
(d) 1946
21. Which of the following is not a fundamental human right  
(1 Point)  
(a) right to life  
(b) right to education  
(c) right to freedom of religion  
(d) right to freedom of violence
22. The following are effects of human right abuse except  
(1 Point)  
(a) under development  
(b) bad image  
(c) lack of patriotism  
(d) Development
23. --- is the ability for a citizen to know what's going on in their country.  
(1 Point)  
(a) National peace  
(b) National consciousness  
(c) National symbol

(d)National identity

24. Traffic light has three colours which include

(1 Point)

(A) Amber, green and black

(B) Green, amber and red

(C) Green, red and yellow

(D) Green, white and red

25. A good citizen should stand at attention whenever the national ... is being sung.

(1 Point)

(A) Anthem

(B) Pledge

(C) music

(D) Muslim's song