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Homework #1
Due: Feb 9th 2017

Question 1:

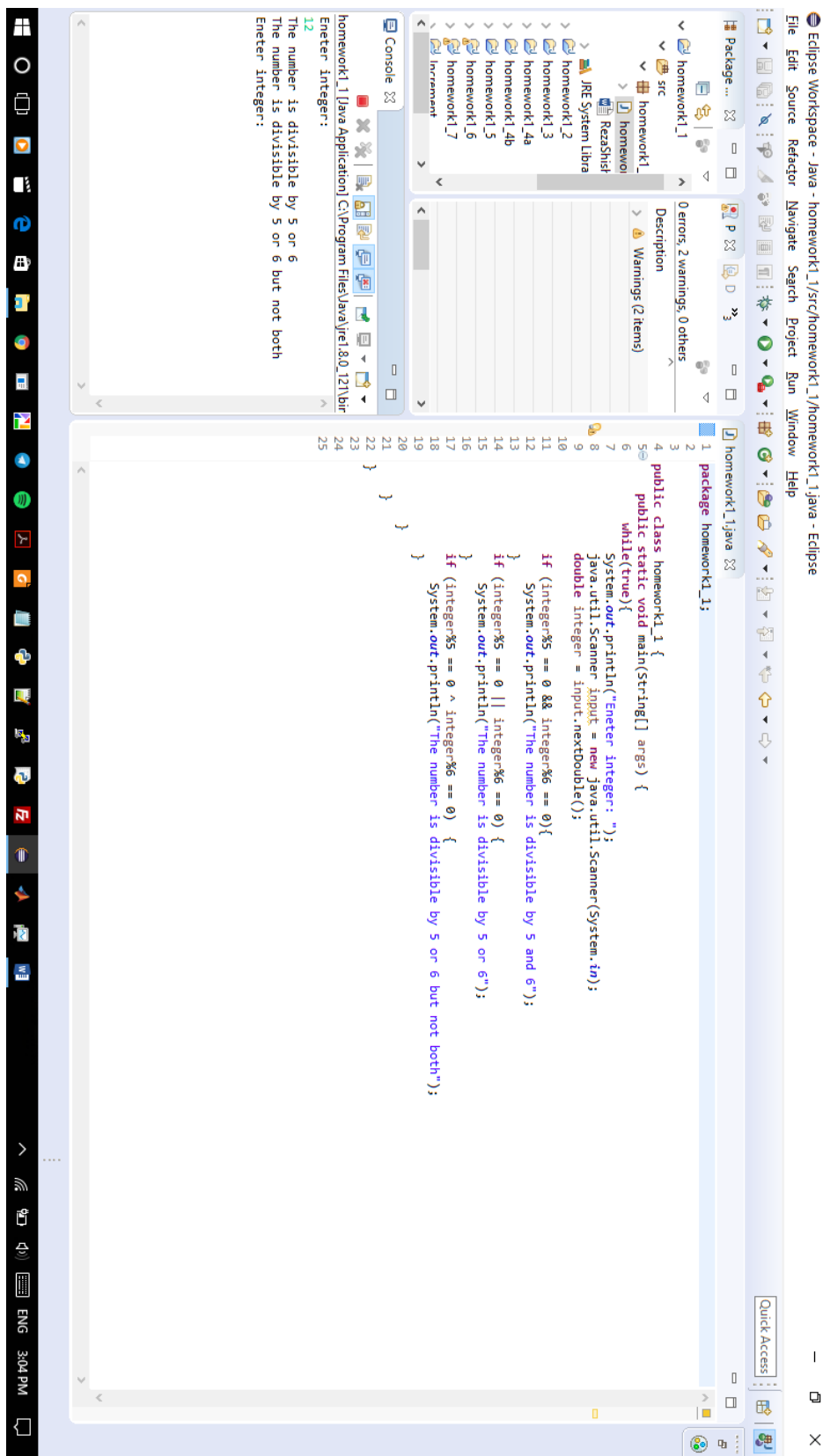
```
package homework1_1;

public class homework1_1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        while(true){
            System.out.println("Enter integer: ");
            java.util.Scanner input = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
            double integer = input.nextDouble();

            if (integer%5 == 0 && integer%6 == 0){
                System.out.println("The number is divisible by 5 and 6");
            }
            if (integer%5 == 0 || integer%6 == 0) {
                System.out.println("The number is divisible by 5 or 6");
            }
            if (integer%5 == 0 ^ integer%6 == 0) {
                System.out.println("The number is divisible by 5 or 6 but
not both");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Output

```
Enter integer:
12
The number is divisible by 5 or 6
The number is divisible by 5 or 6 but not both
Enter integer:
```



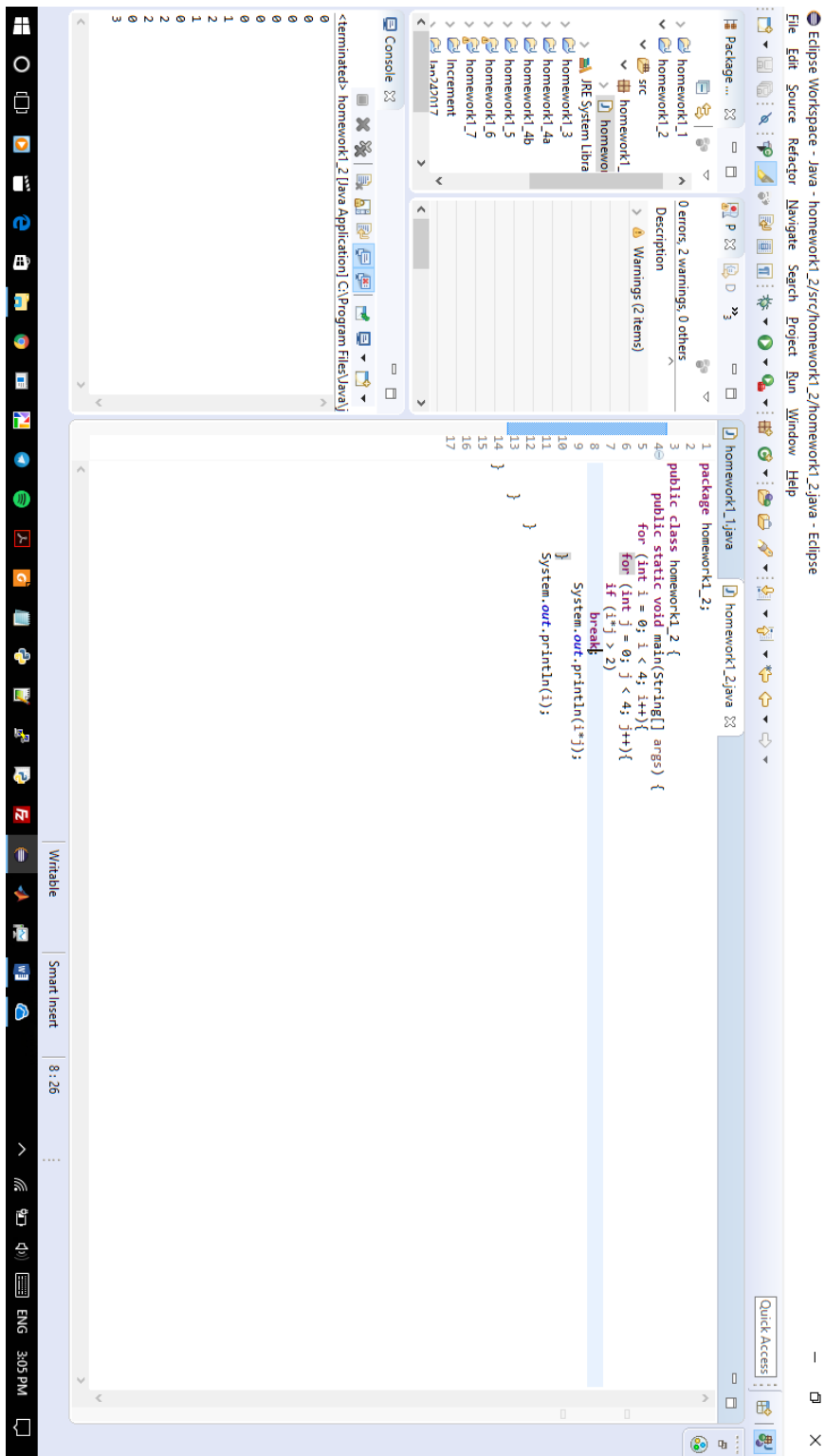
Question 2.a:

```
package homework1_2;

public class homework1_2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
            for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++){
                if (i*j > 2)
                    break;
                System.out.println(i*j);
            }
            System.out.println(i);
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

```
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
1
2
1
0
2
2
2
0
3
```



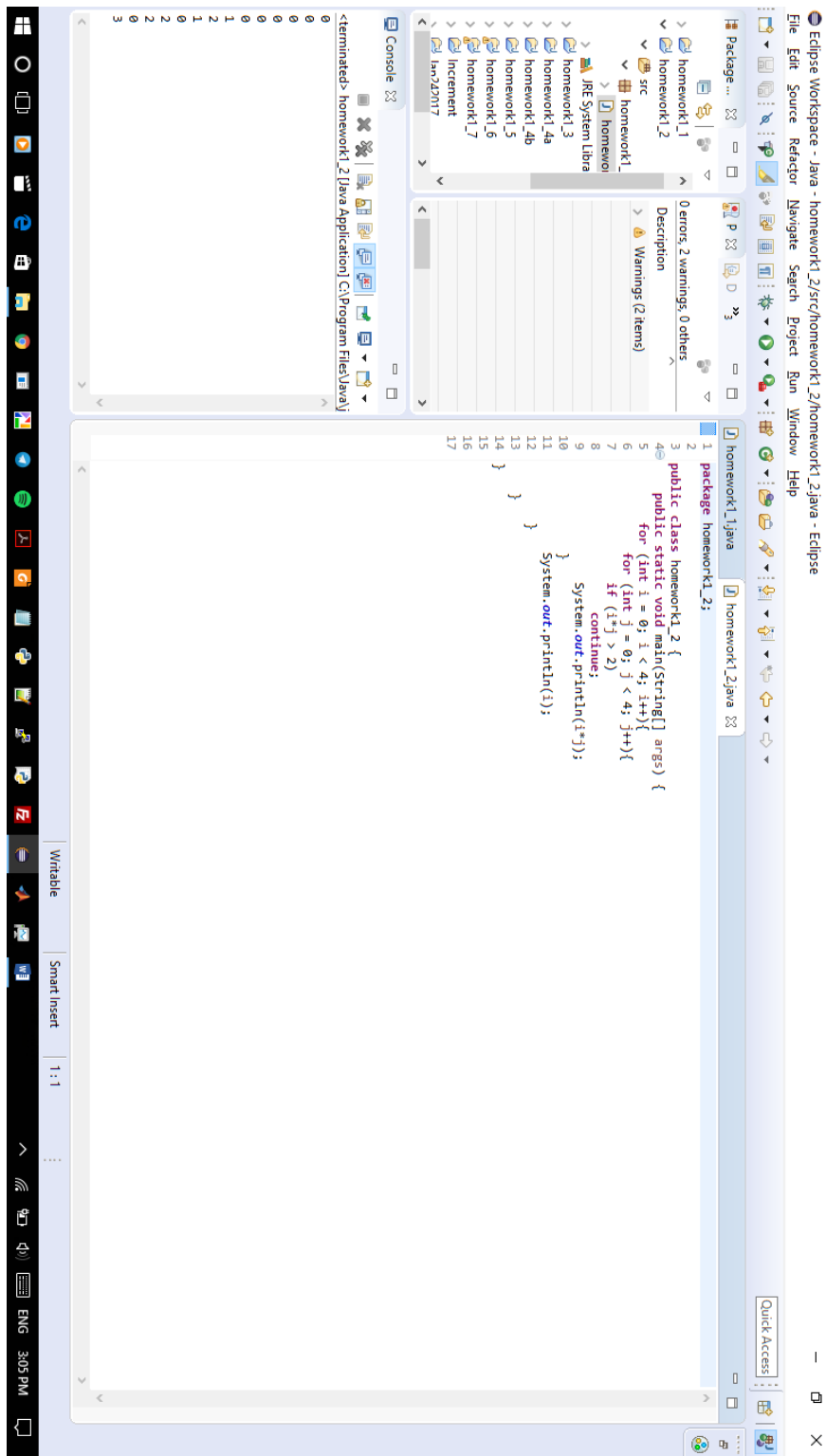
Question 2.b:

```
package homework1_2;

public class homework1_2 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++){
            for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++){
                if (i*j > 2)
                    continue;
                System.out.println(i*j);
            }
            System.out.println(i);
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

```
0
0
0
0
0
0
0
1
2
1
0
2
2
0
0
3
```



Question 3:

```
package homework1_3;

public class homework1_3 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        java.util.Scanner input = new java.util.Scanner(System.in);
        int matrix_size;
        do{
            System.out.println("Enter the size of matrix: ");
            matrix_size = input.nextInt();
        } while (matrix_size <= 0);

        printMatrix (matrix_size);

    }

    public static void printMatrix (int n){

        int[][] matrix = new int[n][n];

        for (int i = 0; i<n; i++){
            for (int j = 0; j<n; j++){
                if ( Math.random() < 0.5 ){
                    matrix[i][j] = 0;
                    System.out.print(matrix[i][j] + " ");
                } else {
                    matrix[i][j] = 1;
                    System.out.print(matrix[i][j] + " ");
                }
            }
            System.out.println(" ");
        }
    }
}
```

Input and output:

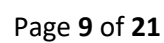
Enter the size of matrix:

3

0 1 1

0 0 0

0 1 0



Question 4:

This is the question between pass-by-value and pass-by-reference:

When a parameter is passed by reference, the caller and the callee use the same variable for the parameter. If the callee modifies the parameter variable, the effect is visible to the caller's variable.

When a parameter is passed by value, the caller and callee have two independent variables with the same value. If the callee modifies the parameter variable, the effect is not visible to the caller.

Question 4.a:

```
package homework1_4a;

public class homework1_4a {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int max = 0;
        max(1,2,max);
        System.out.println(max);
    }

    public static void max(int value1, int value2, int max){
        if (value1>value2){
            max = value1;
        } else {
            max = value2;
        }
    }
}
```

Output = 0

The program can be changed to the following to return the max:

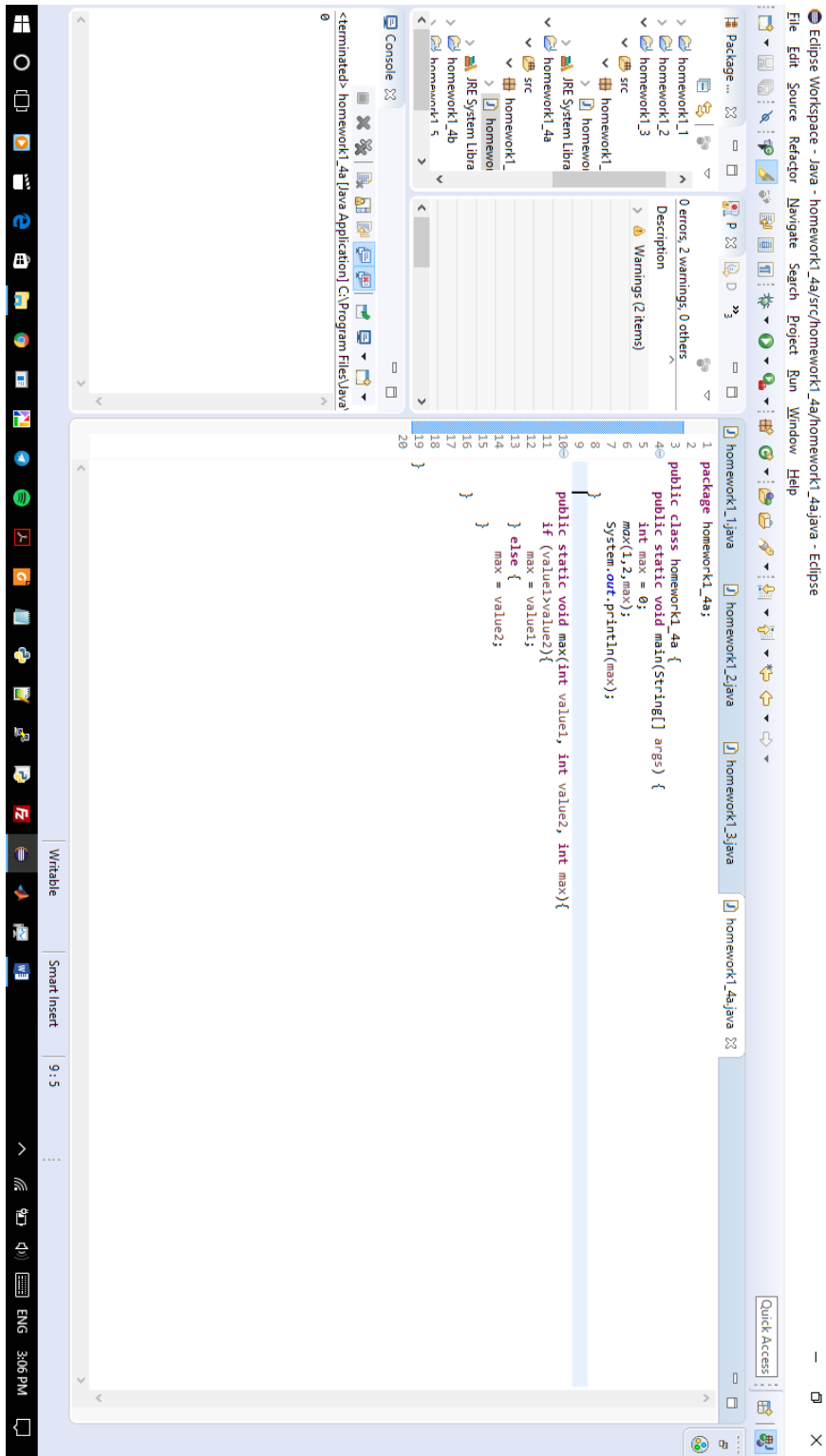
```
package homework1_4a;

public class homework1_4a {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int max = 0;
        max = max(1,2,max);
        System.out.println(max);
    }

    public static int max(int value1, int value2, int max){
        if (value1>value2){
            max = value1;
        } else {
            max = value2;
        }
        return max;
    }
}
```

Output:

2



Question 4.b:

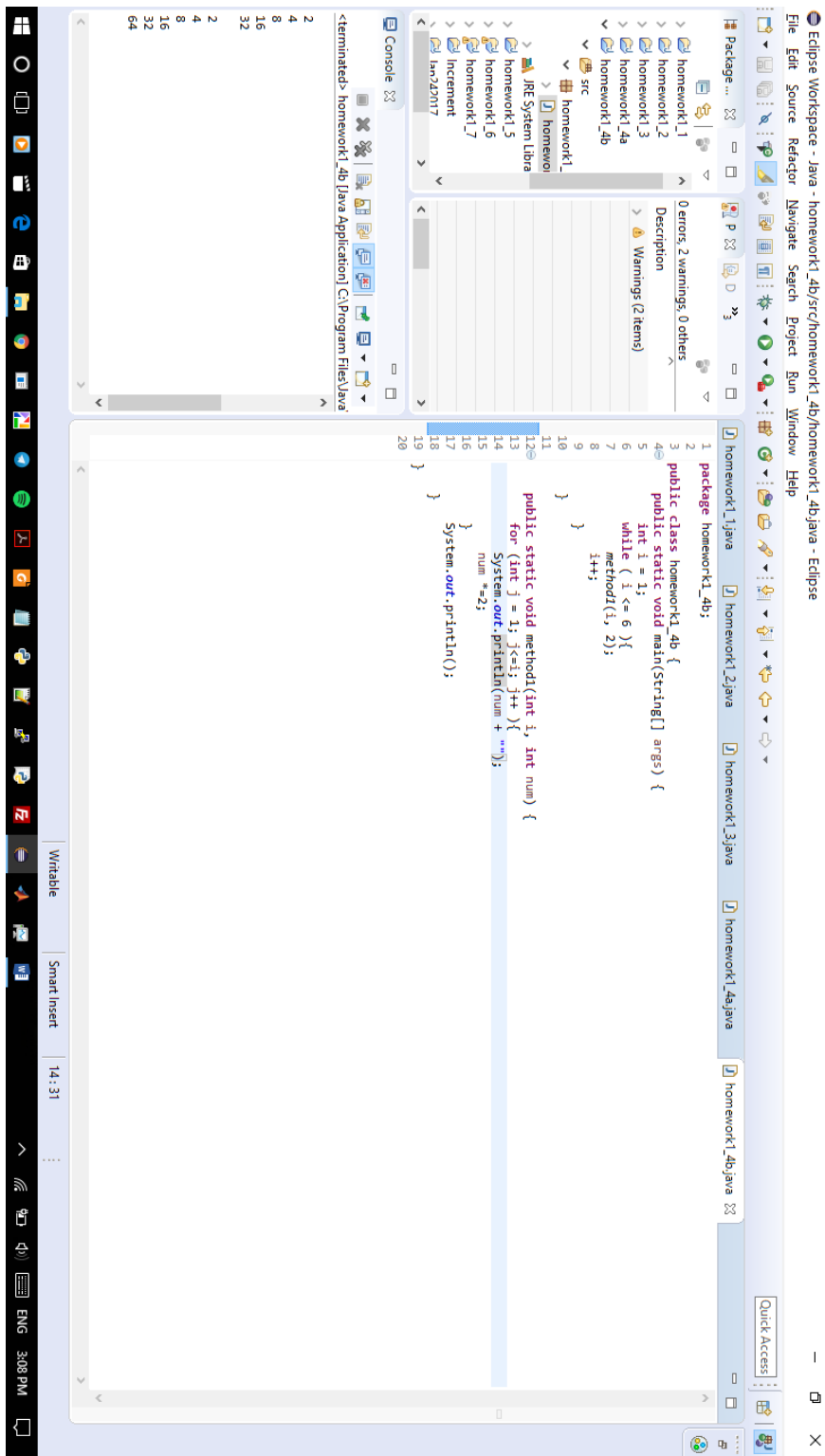
```
package homework1_4b;

public class homework1_4b {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int i = 1;
        while ( i <= 6 ){
            method1(i, 2);
            i++;
        }

        public static void method1(int i, int num) {
            for (int j = 1; j<=i; j++ ){
                System.out.println(num + "");
                num *=2;
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

```
2
2
4
2
4
8
2
4
8
16
2
4
8
16
32
2
4
8
16
32
64
```



Question 5:

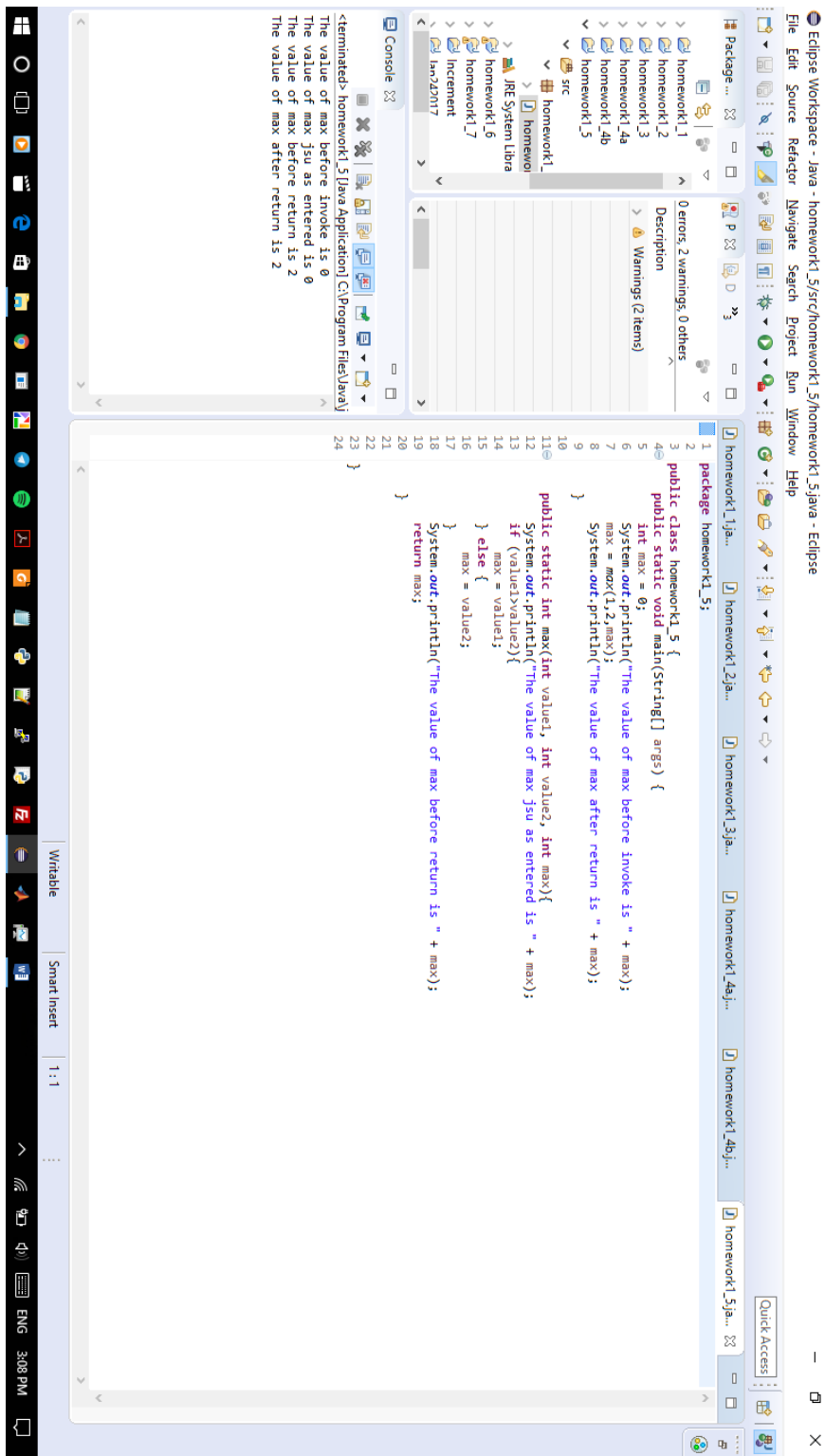
```
package homework1_5;

public class homework1_5 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int max = 0;
        System.out.println("The value of max before invoke is " + max);
        max = max(1,2,max);
        System.out.println("The value of max after return is " + max);
    }

    public static int max(int value1, int value2, int max){
        System.out.println("The value of max jsu as entered is " + max);
        if (value1>value2){
            max = value1;
        } else {
            max = value2;
        }
        System.out.println("The value of max before return is " + max);
        return max;
    }
}
```

Output:

```
The value of max before invoke is 0
The value of max jsu as entered is 0
The value of max before return is 2
The value of max after return is 2
```



Question 6:

```
package homework1_6;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class homework1_6 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        boolean error = true;
        System.out.println("The guideline for passwords is as follows: ");
        System.out.println("1. Minimum of 8 characters ");
        System.out.println("2. Only LETTERS and DIGITS ");
        System.out.println("3. At least TWO digits ");
        while (error == true){
            error = false; // turn off error

            System.out.println("Please enter your password: ");
            String input_string = input.next();

            char arr[]=input_string.toCharArray(); // take string input

            // CHECK THE LENGTH
            boolean length_pass = false;
            int pass_len = arr.length;
            if ( pass_len > 7)
                length_pass = true;

            // CHECK FOR DIGITS AND LETTERS AND OTHER
            boolean digit_pass = false;
            boolean letter_pass = false;
            boolean DigitChar_fail = false;

            for (int i=0; i<arr.length; i++){
                int x = (int)arr[i];

                if ( x>=48 && x<=57 ){
                    digit_pass = true;

                } else if (( x>=65 && x<=90 ) || ( x>=97 && x<=122 )) {
                    letter_pass = true;

                } else {
                    DigitChar_fail = true;
                }
            }

            // CHECK FOR TWO DIGITS
            boolean twoDigit_pass = false;
            int digit_count = 0;
            for (int i=0; i<arr.length; i++){
                int x = (int)arr[i];
                if (x>=48 && x<=57)
```

```

        digit_count++;
    }
    if (digit_count > 1)
        twoDigit_pass = true;

    // ERRORS

    if (length_pass == false){
        System.out.println("Please put AT LEAST 8 CHARACHERS in
your password!");
        error = true;
    }
    if (digit_pass == false){
        System.out.println("Please put DIGITS in your password!");
        error = true;
    }
    if (letter_pass == false){
        System.out.println("Please put LETTERS in your
password!");
        error = true;
    }
    if (DigitChar_fail == true){
        System.out.println("Please only put ONLY DIGITS and
LETTERS in your password!");
        error = true;
    }
    if (twoDigit_pass == false){
        System.out.println("Please put AT LEAST 2 DIGITS in your
password!");
        error = true;
    }
    System.out.println("");
}
System.out.println("Password passed!");
}
}

```


Question 7:

In the while loop the loop statement only gets executed if the condition is met. However, in the do-while loop the loop statement gets executed in the do loop and then the while checks the condition and if the condition is met it keeps executing the do loop.

```
package homework1_7;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class homework1_7 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        int sum = 0;
        int number = 0;
        do{
            sum += number;
            System.out.println("Enter an integer " + "(the input ends if it
is 0)");
            number = input.nextInt();
        } while(number != 0 );
        System.out.println("The sum is " + sum);
    }
}
```

