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HW1Chip Treewalker

1. We can sum  $\sum_{k=1}^{n} k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$  inside text or use the displayed math like below:

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k = 1 + 2 + \dots + n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

2. The recurrence (??) shows the worst-case running time T(n) of mergesort:

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} c & \text{if } n = 1, \\ 2T(n/2) + cn & \text{if } n > 1. \end{cases}$$
 (1)

Using the master theorem in Chapter 4, we can get  $T(n) = \Theta(n \log n)$ .

3. The recurrence (??) shows the worst-case running time T(n) of binary search:

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} c & \text{if } n = 1, \\ T(n/2) + c & \text{if } n > 1. \end{cases}$$
 (2)

Using the master theorem in Chapter 4, we can get  $T(n) = \Theta(\log n)$ .

4. Browse https://www.cs.dartmouth.edu/~thc/clrscode/clrscode3e.pdf to learn how to use the clrscode3e package in LaTex to typeset pseudocode.

```
INSERTION-SORT(A)
   for j = 2 to A. length
2
        key = A[j]
3
```

- # Insert A[j] into the sorted sequence A[1..j-1]. 4 i = j - 1
- 5
- while i > 0 and A[i] > keyA[i+1] = A[i]
- i = i 1
- A[i+1] = key