

James Hahn
MATH1101
Homework #2

2. 1) 0.016 seconds

2) 0.017 seconds

3) 0.017 seconds (tolerance = 0.5%)

All simulations were ran on my desktop computer, so these times are almost indistinguishable.

Microsoft Excel 16.0 Answer Report

Worksheet: [Book1]Sheet1

Report Created: 9/22/2018 6:09:44 PM

Result: Solver found a solution. All Constraints and optimality conditions are satisfied.

Solver Engine

Engine: Simplex LP

Solution Time: 0.017 Seconds.

Iterations: 2 Subproblems: 4

Solver Options

Max Time Unlimited, Iterations Unlimited, Precision 0.000001

Max Subproblems Unlimited, Max Integer Sols Unlimited, Integer Tolerance .5%, Assume NonNegative

Objective Cell (Max)

Cell	Name	Original Value	Final Value
\$A\$5	Objective	0	13

Variable Cells

Cell	Name	Original Value	Final Value	Integer
\$A\$2	x1	0	1	Integer
\$B\$2	x2	0	2	Integer
\$C\$2	x3	0	1	Integer

Constraints

Cell	Name	Cell Value	Formula	Status	Slack
\$E\$1	x3	9	\$E\$1<=\$G\$1	Not Binding	1
\$E\$2		13	\$E\$2<=\$G\$2	Not Binding	1
\$E\$3		7	\$E\$3<=\$G\$3	Binding	0
\$A\$2:\$C\$2=Integer					

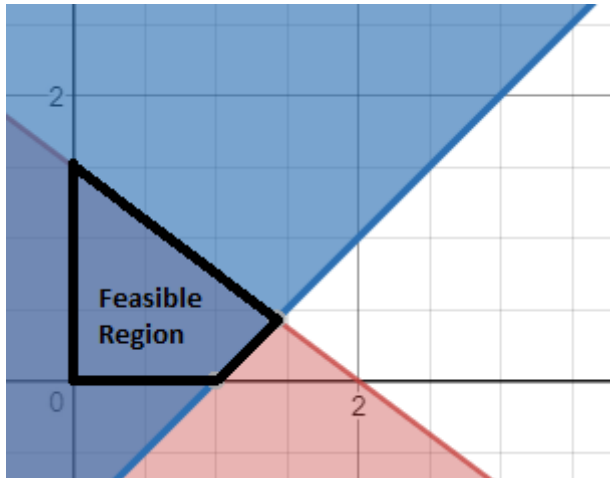
3. i) Minimize $P = x - y \Rightarrow$ Maximize $P = y - x$

Subject to:

$$3x + 4y + s_1 = 6$$

$$x - y + s_2 = 1$$

$$x, y, s_1, s_2 \geq 0$$



ii)

iii) Initial simplex tableau:

x	y	s1	s2	P	
3	4	1	0	0	6
1	-1	0	1	0	1
-1	1	0	0	1	0

iv) Solution to initial LP problem; $x = 0$, $y = 3/2$, $P = 3/2$:

x	y	s1	s2	P	
3/4	1	1/4	0	0	3/2
7/4	0	1/4	1	0	5/2
7/4	0	1/4	0	1	3/2

Choose 2nd row as the next cut plane since it has the largest RHS:

$$3/4x + y - 1/4 s_1 = 3/2$$

$$(0 + 3/4)x + (1+0)y + (0 + 1/4)s_1 = (1 + 1/2)$$

$$1 - 3/4x - 1/4s_1 = -1/2$$

$-3/4x - 1/4s_1 + 1/2 \leq 0$ is our new constraint, which converts to:

$$-3/4x - 1/4s_1 + t_1 = -1/2$$

New problem

Maximize $y - x$

Subject to:

$$3x + 4y + s_1 = 6$$

$$x - y + s_2 = 1$$

$$-3/4x - 1/4s_1 + t_1 = -1/2$$

$$x, y, s_1, s_2, t_1 \geq 0$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x	y	s1	s2	t1	P	
3/4	1	1/4	0	0	0	3/2
7/4	0	1/4	1	0	0	5/2
-3/4	0	-1/4	0	1	0	-1/2
7/4	0	1/4	0	0	1	3/2

Feasible Region:

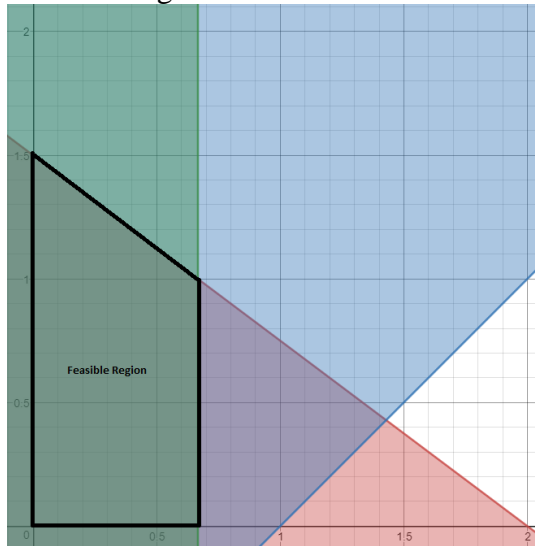


Tableau after solving the LP problem:

x	y	s1	s2	t1	P	
0	1	0	0	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	1	0	2
3	0	1	0	-4	0	2
1	0	0	0	1	1	1

x is not a basic variable and we cannot reduce the tableau, so $x = 0$ (reasoning for this is on page 48 of the notes) and $y = 1$ with $P = 1$. Thus, we have an integer solution and we do not need anymore cuts. To convert this into the solution for the minimization problem, negate the P value. So, the final solution is: $x = 0, y = 1, P = -1$.

4.

Maximize $P = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to:

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 + s_1 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 + s_2 = 14$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 3x_3 + s_3 = 7$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3 \geq 0$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	p	
4	2	1	1	0	0	0	10
3	4	2	0	1	0	0	14
2	1	3	0	0	1	0	7
-4	-3	-3	0	0	0	1	0

Tableau at end of LP iteration:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	p	
1	0	0	2/5	-1/5	0	0	6/5
0	1	0	-1/5	2/5	-1/5	0	11/5
0	0	1	-1/5	0	2/5	0	4/5
0	0	0	2/5	2/5	3/5	1	69/5

We get a solution at $x_1 = 6/5$, $x_2 = 11/5$, $x_3 = 4/5$ with $P = 69/5$.

Choose the 1st row as the next cut plane since we just need to choose one at random:

$$x_1 + 2/5s_1 - 1/5s_2 = 6/5$$

$$(1 + 0)x_1 + (0 + 2/5)s_1 + (-1 + 4/5)s_2 = (1 + 1/5)$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + 1/5 \leq 0$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + t_1 = -1/5 \text{ is the new constraint}$$

New problem

Maximize $P = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to:

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 + s_1 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 + s_2 = 14$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 3x_3 + s_3 = 7$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + t_1 = -1/5$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3, t_1 \geq 0$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	P	
1	0	0	2/5	-1/5	0	0	0	6/5
0	1	0	-1/5	2/5	-1/5	0	0	11/5
0	0	1	-1/5	0	2/5	0	0	4/5
0	0	0	-2/5	-4/5	0	1	0	-1/5
0	0	0	2/5	2/5	3/5	0	1	69/5

Tableau at end of LP iteration:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	P	
1	0	0	1/2	0	0	-1/4	0	5/4
0	1	0	-2/5	0	-1/5	1/2	0	21/10
0	0	1	-1/5	0	2/5	0	0	4/5
0	0	0	1/2	1	0	-5/4	0	1/4
0	0	0	1/5	0	3/5	1/2	1	137/10

We get a solution at $x_1 = 5/4$, $x_2 = 21/10$, $x_3 = 4/5$ with $P = 137/10$

Choose the 2nd row as the next cut plane at random:

$$x_2 - 2/5s_1 - 1/5s_3 + 1/2t_1 = 21/10$$

$$(1 + 0)x_2 + (-1 + 3/5)s_1 + (-1 + 4/5)s_3 + (0 + 1/2)t_1 = (2 + 1/10)$$

$$-3/5s_1 - 4/5s_3 - 1/2t_1 + 1/10 \leq 0$$

$$-3/5s_1 - 4/5s_3 - 1/2t_1 + t_2 = -1/10 \text{ is the new constraint}$$

New problem

Maximize $P = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to:

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 + s_1 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 + s_2 = 14$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 3x_3 + s_3 = 7$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + t_1 = -1/5$$

$$-3/5s_1 - 4/5s_3 - 1/2t_1 + t_2 = -1/10$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3, t_1, t_2 \geq 0$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	P	
1	0	0	1/2	0	0	-1/4	0	0	5/4
0	1	0	-2/5	0	-1/5	1/2	0	0	21/10
0	0	1	-1/5	0	2/5	0	0	0	4/5
0	0	0	1/2	1	0	-5/4	0	0	1/4
0	0	0	-3/5	0	-4/5	-1/2	1	0	-1/10
0	0	0	1/5	0	3/5	1/2	0	1	137/10

Tableau at end of LP iteration:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	P	
1	0	0	0	0	-2/3	-2/3	5/6	0	7/6
0	1	0	0	0	1/3	5/6	-2/3	0	13/6
0	0	1	0	0	2/3	1/6	-1/3	0	5/6
0	0	0	0	1	-2/3	-5/3	5/6	0	1/6
0	0	0	1	0	4/3	5/6	-5/3	0	1/6
0	0	0	0	0	1/3	1/3	1/3	1	41/3

We get a solution at $x_1 = 7/6$, $x_2 = 13/6$, $x_3 = 5/6$ with $P = 41/3$

Choose the 1st row as the next cut plane at random:

$$x_1 - 2/3s_3 - 2/3t_1 + 5/6t_2 = 7/6$$

$$(1 + 0)x_1 + (-1 + 1/3)s_3 + (-1 + 1/3)t_1 + (0 + 5/6)t_2 = (1 + 1/6)$$

$$-1/3s_3 - 1/3t_1 - 5/6t_2 + 1/6 \leq 0$$

$-1/3s_3 - 1/3t_1 - 5/6t_2 + t_3 = -1/6$ is the new constraint

New problem

Maximize $P = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to:

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 + s_1 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 + s_2 = 14$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 3x_3 + s_3 = 7$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + t_1 = -1/5$$

$$-3/5s_1 - 4/5s_3 - 1/2t_1 + t_2 = -1/10$$

$$-1/3s_3 - 1/3t_1 - 5/6t_2 + t_3 = -1/6$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3, t_1, t_2, t_3 \geq 0$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	P	
1	0	0	0	0	-2/3	-2/3	5/6	0	0	7/6
0	1	0	0	0	1/3	5/6	-2/3	0	0	13/6
0	0	1	0	0	2/3	1/6	-1/3	0	0	5/6
0	0	0	0	1	-2/3	-5/3	5/6	0	0	1/6
0	0	0	1	0	4/3	5/6	-5/3	0	0	1/6
0	0	0	0	0	-1/3	-1/3	-5/6	1	0	-1/6
0	0	0	0	0	1/3	1/3	1/3	0	1	41/3

Tableau at end of LP iteration:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	P	
1	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	3/5	11/10	0	-4/5	0	23/10
0	0	1	0	0	4/5	3/10	0	-2/5	0	9/10
0	0	0	0	1	-1	-2	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	2	3/2	0	-2	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	0	2/5	2/5	1	-6/5	0	1/5
0	0	0	0	0	1/5	1/5	0	2/5	1	68/5

We get a solution at $x_1 = 1$, $x_2 = 23/10$, $x_3 = 9/10$ with $P = 68/5$

Choose the 2nd row as the next cut plane at random:

$$x_2 + 3/5s_3 + 11/10t_1 - 4/5t_3 = 23/10$$

$$(1 + 0)x_2 + (0 + 3/5)s_3 + (1 + 1/10)t_1 + (-1 + 1/5)t_3 = (2 + 3/10)$$

$$-3/5s_3 - 1/10t_1 - 1/5t_3 + 3/10 \leq 0$$

$$-3/5s_3 - 1/10t_1 - 1/5t_3 + t_4 = -3/10 \text{ is the new constraint}$$

New problem

Maximize $P = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to:

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 + s_1 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 + s_2 = 14$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 3x_3 + s_3 = 7$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + t_1 = -1/5$$

$$-3/5s_1 - 4/5s_3 - 1/2t_1 + t_2 = -1/10$$

$$\begin{aligned}
-1/3s_3 - 1/3t_1 - 5/6t_2 + t_3 &= -1/6 \\
-3/5s_3 - 1/10t_1 - 1/5t_3 + t_4 &= -3/10 \\
x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3, t_1, t_2, t_3, t_4 &\geq 0
\end{aligned}$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	t4	P	
1	0	0	0	0	-1	-1	0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	3/5	11/10	0	-4/5	0	0	23/10
0	0	1	0	0	4/5	3/10	0	-2/5	0	0	9/10
0	0	0	0	1	-1	-2	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	2	3/2	0	-2	0	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	0	2/5	2/5	1	-6/5	0	0	1/5
0	0	0	0	0	-3/5	-1/10	0	-1/5	1	0	-3/10
0	0	0	0	0	1/5	1/5	0	2/5	0	1	68/5

Tableau at end of LP iteration:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	t4	P	
1	0	0	1/2	0	0	-1/4	0	0	0	0	5/4
0	1	0	-3/8	0	0	9/16	0	0	-1/4	0	35/16
0	0	1	-1/4	0	0	-1/8	0	0	1/2	0	5/8
0	0	0	1/2	1	0	-5/4	0	0	0	0	1/4
0	0	0	-3/8	0	0	-7/16	0	1	-5/4	0	3/16
0	0	0	-1/2	0	0	-1/4	1	0	-1	0	1/4
0	0	0	1/8	0	1	5/16	0	0	-5/4	0	7/16
0	0	0	1/8	0	0	5/16	0	0	3/4	1	215/16

We get a solution at $x_1 = 5/4$, $x_2 = 35/16$, $x_3 = 5/8$ with $P = 215/16$

Choose the 2nd row as the next cut plane at random:

$$x_2 - 3/8s_1 + 9/16t_1 - 1/4t_4 = 35/16$$

$$(1 + 0)x_2 + (-1 + 5/8)s_1 + (0 + 9/16)t_1 + (-1 + 3/4)t_4 = (2 + 3/16)$$

$$-5/8s_1 - 9/16t_1 - 3/4t_4 + 3/16 \leq 0$$

$-5/8s_1 - 9/16t_1 - 3/4t_4 + t_5 = -3/16$ is the new constraint

New problem

Maximize $P = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to:

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 + s_1 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 + s_2 = 14$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 3x_3 + s_3 = 7$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + t_1 = -1/5$$

$$-3/5s_1 - 4/5s_3 - 1/2t_1 + t_2 = -1/10$$

$$-1/3s_3 - 1/3t_1 - 5/6t_2 + t_3 = -1/6$$

$$-3/5s_3 - 1/10t_1 - 1/5t_3 + t_4 = -3/10$$

$$-5/8s_1 - 9/16t_1 - 3/4t_4 + t_5 = -3/16$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3, t_1, t_2, t_3, t_4, t_5 \geq 0$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	P	
1	0	0	1/2	0	0	-1/4	0	0	0	0	0	5/4
0	1	0	-3/8	0	0	9/16	0	0	-1/4	0	0	35/16
0	0	1	-1/4	0	0	-1/8	0	0	1/2	0	0	5/8
0	0	0	1/2	1	0	-5/4	0	0	0	0	0	1/4
0	0	0	-3/8	0	0	-7/16	0	1	-5/4	0	0	3/16
0	0	0	-1/2	0	0	-1/4	1	0	-1	0	0	1/4
0	0	0	1/8	0	1	5/16	0	0	-5/4	0	0	7/16
0	0	0	-5/8	0	0	-9/16	0	0	-3/4	1	0	-3/16
0	0	0	1/8	0	0	5/16	0	0	3/4	0	1	215/16

Tableau at end of LP iteration:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	P	
1	0	0	0	0	0	-7/10	0	0	-3/5	4/5	0	11/10
0	1	0	0	0	0	9/10	0	0	1/5	-3/5	0	23/10
0	0	1	0	0	0	1/10	0	0	4/5	-2/5	0	7/10
0	0	0	0	1	0	-17/10	0	0	-3/5	4/5	0	1/10
0	0	0	0	0	0	-1/10	0	1	-4/5	-3/5	0	3/10
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/5	1	0	-2/5	-4/5	0	2/5
0	0	0	0	0	1	1/5	0	0	-7/5	1/5	0	2/5
0	0	0	1	0	0	9/10	0	0	6/5	-8/5	0	3/10
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/5	0	0	3/5	1/5	1	67/5

We get a solution at $x_1 = 11/10$, $x_2 = 23/10$, $x_3 = 7/10$ with $P = 67/5$

Choose the 1st row as the next cut plane at random:

$$x_1 - 7/10t_1 - 3/5t_4 + 4/5t_5 = 11/10$$

$$(1 + 0)x_1 + (-1 + 3/10)t_1 + (-1 + 2/5)t_4 + (0 + 4/5)t_5 = (1 + 1/10)$$

$$-3/10t_1 - 2/5t_4 - 4/5t_5 + 1/10 \leq 0$$

$$-3/10t_1 - 2/5t_4 - 4/5t_5 + t_6 \leq -1/10$$

New problem

Maximize $P = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to:

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 + s_1 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 + s_2 = 14$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 3x_3 + s_3 = 7$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + t_1 = -1/5$$

$$-3/5s_1 - 4/5s_3 - 1/2t_1 + t_2 = -1/10$$

$$-1/3s_3 - 1/3t_1 - 5/6t_2 + t_3 = -1/6$$

$$-3/5s_3 - 1/10t_1 - 1/5t_3 + t_4 = -3/10$$

$$-5/8s_1 - 9/16t_1 - 3/4t_4 + t_5 = -3/16$$

$$-3/10t_1 - 2/5t_4 - 4/5t_5 + t_6 \leq -1/10$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3, t_1, t_2, t_3, t_4, t_5, t_6 \geq 0$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	P	
1	0	0	0	0	0	-7/10	0	0	-3/5	4/5	0	0	11/10
0	1	0	0	0	0	9/10	0	0	1/5	-3/5	0	0	23/10
0	0	1	0	0	0	1/10	0	0	4/5	-2/5	0	0	7/10
0	0	0	0	1	0	-17/10	0	0	-3/5	4/5	0	0	1/10
0	0	0	0	0	0	-1/10	0	1	-4/5	-3/5	0	0	3/10
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/5	1	0	-2/5	-4/5	0	0	2/5
0	0	0	0	0	1	1/5	0	0	-7/5	1/5	0	0	2/5
0	0	0	1	0	0	9/10	0	0	6/5	-8/5	0	0	3/10
0	0	0	0	0	0	-3/10	0	0	-2/5	-4/5	1	0	-1/10
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/5	0	0	3/5	1/5	0	1	67/5

Tableau at end of LP iteration:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	P	
1	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	-1	0	1	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	0	9/8	0	0	1/2	0	-3/4	0	19/8
0	0	1	0	0	0	1/4	0	0	1	0	-1/2	0	3/4
0	0	0	0	1	0	-2	0	0	-1	0	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/8	0	1	-1/2	0	-3/4	0	3/8
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/2	1	0	0	0	-1	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	0	1	1/8	0	0	-3/2	0	1/4	0	3/8
0	0	0	1	0	0	3/2	0	0	2	0	-2	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	0	0	3/8	0	0	1/2	1	-5/4	0	1/8
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/8	0	0	1/2	0	1/4	1	107/8

We get a solution at $x_1 = 1$, $x_2 = 19/8$, $x_3 = 3/4$ with $P = 107/8$

Choose the 2nd row as the next cut plane at random:

$$x_2 + 9/8t_1 + 1/2t_4 - 3/4t_6 = 19/8$$

$$(1 + 0)x_2 + (1 + 1/8)t_1 + (0 + 1/2)t_4 + (-1 + 1/4)t_6 = (2 + 3/8)$$

$$-1/8t_1 - 1/2t_4 - 1/4t_6 + 3/8 \leq 0$$

$$-1/8t_1 - 1/2t_4 - 1/4t_6 + t_7 = -3/8 \text{ is the new constraint}$$

New problem

Maximize $P = 4x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3$

Subject to:

$$4x_1 + 2x_2 + 1x_3 + s_1 = 10$$

$$3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 + s_2 = 14$$

$$2x_1 + 1x_2 + 3x_3 + s_3 = 7$$

$$-2/5s_1 - 4/5s_2 + t_1 = -1/5$$

$$-3/5s_1 - 4/5s_3 - 1/2t_1 + t_2 = -1/10$$

$$-1/3s_3 - 1/3t_1 - 5/6t_2 + t_3 = -1/6$$

$$-3/5s_3 - 1/10t_1 - 1/5t_3 + t_4 = -3/10$$

$$-5/8s_1 - 9/16t_1 - 3/4t_4 + t_5 = -3/16$$

$$-3/10t_1 - 2/5t_4 - 4/5t_5 + t_6 \leq -1/10$$

$$-1/8t_1 - 1/2t_4 - 1/4t_6 + t_7 = -3/8$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, s_1, s_2, s_3, t_1, t_2, t_3, t_4, t_5, t_6, t_7 \geq 0$$

Initial simplex tableau:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	t7	P	
1	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	-1	0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	0	0	9/8	0	0	1/2	0	-3/4	0	0	19/8
0	0	1	0	0	0	1/4	0	0	1	0	-1/2	0	0	3/4
0	0	0	0	1	0	-2	0	0	-1	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/8	0	1	-1/2	0	-3/4	0	0	3/8
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/2	1	0	0	0	-1	0	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	0	1	1/8	0	0	-3/2	0	1/4	0	0	3/8
0	0	0	1	0	0	3/2	0	0	2	0	-2	0	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	0	0	3/8	0	0	1/2	1	-5/4	0	0	1/8
0	0	0	0	0	0	-1/8	0	0	-1/2	0	-1/4	1	0	-3/8
0	0	0	0	0	0	1/8	0	0	1/2	0	1/4	0	1	107/8

Tableau at end of LP iteration:

x1	x2	x3	s1	s2	s3	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6	t7	P	
1	0	0	0	-1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	2/3	0	-1/6	0	0	0	0	0	-1/3	0	5/2
0	0	1	0	2/3	0	-7/6	0	0	0	0	0	2/3	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	2/3	0	-7/6	0	0	0	0	1	-4/3	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	1/3	0	-1/3	0	1	0	0	0	-5/3	0	1
0	0	0	0	2/3	0	-2/3	1	0	0	0	0	-4/3	0	1
0	0	0	0	-2/3	1	5/3	0	0	0	0	0	-5/3	0	1
0	0	0	0	-1/3	0	5/6	0	0	1	0	0	-4/3	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	1	0	-3/2	0	0	0	1	0	-1	0	1/2
0	0	0	1	2	0	-5/2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1/2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	13

We get a solution at $x_1 = 1$, $x_2 = 5/2$, $x_3 = 1/2$ with $P = 13$

It was at this point the online matrix calculator ran out of columns. It began with 15 columns, and after 7 cuts, there are not enough columns to continue further cuts unless I decided to do all the row operations by hand. However, by best judgement, that is not completely necessary.

Through these 7 cuts, we have noticed several unique patterns:

- 1) x_1 has been hovering around the value of 1 for six cuts now and has even reached the value of 1 on several iterations. We can estimate the true integer value of x_1 is 1.
- 2) x_2 has been hovering around the value of 2 for five cuts now. We can estimate the true integer value of x_1 is 2.
- 3) Our objective function, P, began at a value of 13.6, hovered around that number, and has slowly decreased since, slowly plateauing around the value of 13. We can estimate this may be one of the possibilities for the ground-truth objective function value for this integer linear programming problem.
- 4) With the above estimates, we notice x_3 has been hovering around the value of 1 on and off for iterations. With moderate to low confidence, we can conclude at this point that x_3 converges to integer 1. However, undergoing many more cuts should unveil its true value of 1, as we have learned in question #1 of this homework.
- 5) With some confidence, we can safely predict the solution to this integer linear programming problem is **$x_1 = 1$, $x_2 = 2$, $x_3 = 1$ with $P = 13$** . Undergoing a countless number of further cuts will require much more computational time, handwritten work to discover new constraints, and a large matrix calculator. However, due to the limits of all three variables showing themselves across 7 cuts/iterations, we can assume to an extent this is a safe maximum solution to our integer linear programming problem.

5.

	NPV	Year 1 Cost	Year 2 Cost	Year 3 Cost	Year 4 Cost	Year 5 Cost	Selected		Constraints			
Project 1	141	75	25	20	15	10	1		205 <=	250	Cost of first year <= 250k	
Project 2	187	90	35	0	0	30	0		70 <=	75	Cost of second year <= 75k	
Project 3	121	60	15	15	15	15	0		50 <=	50	Cost of third year <= 50k	
Project 4	83	30	20	10	5	5	1		40 <=	50	Cost of fourth year <= 50k	
Project 5	262	100	25	20	20	20	1		35 <=	50	Cost of fifth year <= 50k	
Project 6	127	50	20	10	30	40	0		All project 'selected' values are binary			
									The 'selected' column indicates that project was chosen in the optimal solution			
Objective												
	486 Maximum total NPV of all selected projects (in thousands of dollars)											

Microsoft Excel 16.0 Answer Report

Worksheet: [Book1]Sheet1

Report Created: 9/23/2018 2:53:54 PM

Result: Solver found a solution. All Constraints and optimality conditions are satisfied.

Solver Engine

Engine: Simplex LP

Solution Time: 0.157 Seconds.

Iterations: 4 Subproblems: 10

Solver Options

Max Time Unlimited, Iterations Unlimited, Precision 0.000001

Max Subproblems Unlimited, Max Integer Sols Unlimited, Integer Tolerance 0.5%, Assume NonNegative

Objective Cell (Max)

Cell	Name	Original Value	Final Value
\$A\$17	Objective	486	486

Variable Cells

Cell	Name	Original Value	Final Value	Integer
\$H\$9	Project 1 Selected	1	1	Binary
\$H\$10	Project 2 Selected	0	0	Binary
\$H\$11	Project 3 Selected	0	0	Binary
\$H\$12	Project 4 Selected	1	1	Binary
\$H\$13	Project 5 Selected	1	1	Binary
\$H\$14	Project 6 Selected	0	0	Binary

Constraints

Cell	Name	Cell Value	Formula	Status	Slack
\$J\$10	Project 2 Constraints	70	\$J\$10<=\$L\$10	Not Binding	5
\$J\$11	Project 3 Constraints	50	\$J\$11<=\$L\$11	Binding	0
\$J\$12	Project 4 Constraints	40	\$J\$12<=\$L\$12	Not Binding	10
\$J\$13	Project 5 Constraints	35	\$J\$13<=\$L\$13	Not Binding	15
\$J\$9	Project 1 Constraints	205	\$J\$9<=\$L\$9	Not Binding	45
\$H\$9:\$H\$14=Binary					

In this problem, we have several variables to consider. For the objective function, it is simply the sum of the all NPV revenue from the selected R&D projects. In addition, there are six main constraints: the total cost per year of the projects for years 1 through 5, as well as each project being selected or not (i.e. project 1 is selected = 1, project 1 is **not** selected = 0), so it's a binary possibility of whether a project is selected in the end. Finally, a table was created to monitor all costs and revenues for all five years, as well as the final maximum NPV brought into the company. The results can be found below:

Selected projects are **Project 1, Project 4, and Project 5.**

Total cost for the first year investment is \$205k, which is \$45k under the \$250k limit.

Total cost for the second year investment is \$70k, which is \$5k under the \$75k limit.

Total cost for the third year investment is \$50k, which matches the \$50k limit.

Total cost for the fourth year is \$40k, which is \$10k under the \$50k limit.

Total cost for the fifth year is \$35k, which is \$15k under the \$50k limit.

The total NPV generated from these three selected projects is \$486k.

As such, Project 1, 4, and 5 will require a total investment of \$400k across all five years, while bringing in an NPV of \$486k. These three projects also fit within the money constraints of all

five year investments, so the company is provided with \$75k to reallocate across the rest of the company.