

# Statistical Learning - Final Report - Appendix Code

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```
# DATA READING, PREPROCESSING, BASIC STATISTICS, OUTLIER DETECTION
```

```
library(DMwR)
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
## Loading required package: grid
```

```
library(class)
```

```
library(MASS)
```

```
library(stats)
```

```
newsDataOriginal <- read.table("OnlineNewsPopularity.csv", header=TRUE, sep=",")
```

```
newsDataOriginal$shares = as.numeric(newsDataOriginal$shares)
```

```
newsDataOriginal = newsDataOriginal[sample(1:nrow(newsDataOriginal)), ]
```

```
names(newsDataOriginal)
```

```
## [1] "url" "timedelta"
## [3] "n_tokens_title" "n_tokens_content"
## [5] "n_unique_tokens" "n_non_stop_words"
## [7] "n_non_stop_unique_tokens" "num_hrefs"
## [9] "num_self_hrefs" "num_imgs"
## [11] "num_videos" "average_token_length"
## [13] "num_keywords" "data_channel_is_lifestyle"
## [15] "data_channel_is_entertainment" "data_channel_is_bus"
## [17] "data_channel_is_socmed" "data_channel_is_tech"
## [19] "data_channel_is_world" "kw_min_min"
## [21] "kw_max_min" "kw_avg_min"
## [23] "kw_min_max" "kw_max_max"
## [25] "kw_avg_max" "kw_min_avg"
## [27] "kw_max_avg" "kw_avg_avg"
## [29] "self_reference_min_shares" "self_reference_max_shares"
## [31] "self_reference_avg_shares" "weekday_is_monday"
## [33] "weekday_is_tuesday" "weekday_is_wednesday"
## [35] "weekday_is_thursday" "weekday_is_friday"
## [37] "weekday_is_saturday" "weekday_is_sunday"
## [39] "is_weekend" "LDA_00"
## [41] "LDA_01" "LDA_02"
## [43] "LDA_03" "LDA_04"
## [45] "global_subjectivity" "global_sentiment_polarity"
## [47] "global_rate_positive_words" "global_rate_negative_words"
## [49] "rate_positive_words" "rate_negative_words"
## [51] "avg_positive_polarity" "min_positive_polarity"
## [53] "max_positive_polarity" "avg_negative_polarity"
## [55] "min_negative_polarity" "max_negative_polarity"
## [57] "title_subjectivity" "title_sentiment_polarity"
## [59] "abs_title_subjectivity" "abs_title_sentiment_polarity"
## [61] "shares"
```

```
summary(newsDataOriginal)
```

```

##                                     url
## http://mashable.com/2013/01/07/amazon-instant-video-browser/ : 1
## http://mashable.com/2013/01/07/ap-samsung-sponsored-tweets/ : 1
## http://mashable.com/2013/01/07/apple-40-billion-app-downloads/: 1
## http://mashable.com/2013/01/07/astronaut-notre-dame-bcs/ : 1
## http://mashable.com/2013/01/07/att-u-verse-apps/ : 1
## http://mashable.com/2013/01/07/beewi-smart-toys/ : 1
## (Other) :39638
##      timedelta      n_tokens_title n_tokens_content n_unique_tokens
## Min.   : 8.0      Min.   : 2.0      Min.   : 0.0      Min.   : 0.0000
## 1st Qu.:164.0     1st Qu.: 9.0      1st Qu.: 246.0   1st Qu.: 0.4709
## Median :339.0     Median :10.0     Median : 409.0   Median : 0.5392
## Mean   :354.5     Mean   :10.4     Mean   : 546.5   Mean   : 0.5482
## 3rd Qu.:542.0     3rd Qu.:12.0     3rd Qu.: 716.0   3rd Qu.: 0.6087
## Max.   :731.0     Max.   :23.0     Max.   :8474.0   Max.   :701.0000
##
##      n_non_stop_words      n_non_stop_unique_tokens      num_hrefs
## Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.00
## 1st Qu.: 1.0000      1st Qu.: 0.6257      1st Qu.: 4.00
## Median : 1.0000      Median : 0.6905      Median : 8.00
## Mean   : 0.9965      Mean   : 0.6892      Mean   : 10.88
## 3rd Qu.: 1.0000      3rd Qu.: 0.7546      3rd Qu.: 14.00
## Max.   :1042.0000     Max.   :650.0000     Max.   :304.00
##
##      num_self_hrefs      num_imgs      num_videos      average_token_length
## Min.   : 0.000      Min.   : 0.000      Min.   : 0.00      Min.   :0.000
## 1st Qu.: 1.000      1st Qu.: 1.000      1st Qu.: 0.00      1st Qu.:4.478
## Median : 3.000      Median : 1.000      Median : 0.00      Median :4.664
## Mean   : 3.294      Mean   : 4.544      Mean   : 1.25      Mean   :4.548
## 3rd Qu.: 4.000      3rd Qu.: 4.000      3rd Qu.: 1.00      3rd Qu.:4.855
## Max.   :116.000     Max.   :128.000     Max.   :91.00      Max.   :8.042
##
##      num_keywords      data_channel_is_lifestyle data_channel_is_entertainment
## Min.   : 1.000      Min.   :0.00000      Min.   :0.000
## 1st Qu.: 6.000      1st Qu.:0.00000      1st Qu.:0.000
## Median : 7.000      Median :0.00000      Median :0.000
## Mean   : 7.224      Mean   :0.05295      Mean   :0.178
## 3rd Qu.: 9.000      3rd Qu.:0.00000      3rd Qu.:0.000
## Max.   :10.000     Max.   :1.00000      Max.   :1.000
##
##      data_channel_is_bus data_channel_is_socmed data_channel_is_tech
## Min.   :0.0000      Min.   :0.0000      Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.0000      Median :0.0000      Median :0.0000
## Mean   :0.1579      Mean   :0.0586      Mean   :0.1853
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000      3rd Qu.:0.0000      3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max.   :1.0000      Max.   :1.0000      Max.   :1.0000
##
##      data_channel_is_world      kw_min_min      kw_max_min      kw_avg_min
## Min.   :0.0000      Min.   : -1.00      Min.   : 0      Min.   : -1.0
## 1st Qu.:0.0000      1st Qu.: -1.00      1st Qu.: 445      1st Qu.: 141.8
## Median :0.0000      Median : -1.00      Median : 660      Median : 235.5
## Mean   :0.2126      Mean   : 26.11      Mean   : 1154      Mean   : 312.4
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000      3rd Qu.: 4.00      3rd Qu.: 1000      3rd Qu.: 357.0

```

```

## Max. :1.0000 Max. :377.00 Max. :298400 Max. :42827.9
##
## kw_min_max kw_max_max kw_avg_max kw_min_avg
## Min. : 0 Min. : 0 Min. : 0 Min. : -1
## 1st Qu.: 0 1st Qu.:843300 1st Qu.:172847 1st Qu.: 0
## Median : 1400 Median :843300 Median :244572 Median :1024
## Mean : 13612 Mean :752324 Mean :259282 Mean :1117
## 3rd Qu.: 7900 3rd Qu.:843300 3rd Qu.:330980 3rd Qu.:2057
## Max. :843300 Max. :843300 Max. :843300 Max. :3613
##
## kw_max_avg kw_avg_avg self_reference_min_shares
## Min. : 0 Min. : 0 Min. : 0
## 1st Qu.: 3562 1st Qu.: 2382 1st Qu.: 639
## Median : 4356 Median : 2870 Median : 1200
## Mean : 5657 Mean : 3136 Mean : 3999
## 3rd Qu.: 6020 3rd Qu.: 3600 3rd Qu.: 2600
## Max. :298400 Max. :43568 Max. :843300
##
## self_reference_max_shares self_reference_avg_shares weekday_is_monday
## Min. : 0 Min. : 0.0 Min. :0.000
## 1st Qu.: 1100 1st Qu.: 981.2 1st Qu.:0.000
## Median : 2800 Median : 2200.0 Median :0.000
## Mean : 10329 Mean : 6401.7 Mean :0.168
## 3rd Qu.: 8000 3rd Qu.: 5200.0 3rd Qu.:0.000
## Max. :843300 Max. :843300.0 Max. :1.000
##
## weekday_is_tuesday weekday_is_wednesday weekday_is_thursday
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.0000 Median :0.0000 Median :0.0000
## Mean :0.1864 Mean :0.1875 Mean :0.1833
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000
##
## weekday_is_friday weekday_is_saturday weekday_is_sunday is_weekend
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.00000 1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.0000 Median :0.00000 Median :0.00000 Median :0.0000
## Mean :0.1438 Mean :0.06188 Mean :0.06904 Mean :0.1309
## 3rd Qu.:0.0000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.00000 3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.00000 Max. :1.00000 Max. :1.0000
##
## LDA_00 LDA_01 LDA_02 LDA_03
## Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000
## 1st Qu.:0.02505 1st Qu.:0.02501 1st Qu.:0.02857 1st Qu.:0.02857
## Median :0.03339 Median :0.03334 Median :0.04000 Median :0.04000
## Mean :0.18460 Mean :0.14126 Mean :0.21632 Mean :0.22377
## 3rd Qu.:0.24096 3rd Qu.:0.15083 3rd Qu.:0.33422 3rd Qu.:0.37576
## Max. :0.92699 Max. :0.92595 Max. :0.92000 Max. :0.92653
##
## LDA_04 global_subjectivity global_sentiment_polarity
## Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.0000 Min. : -0.39375
## 1st Qu.:0.02857 1st Qu.:0.3962 1st Qu.: 0.05776
## Median :0.04073 Median :0.4535 Median : 0.11912

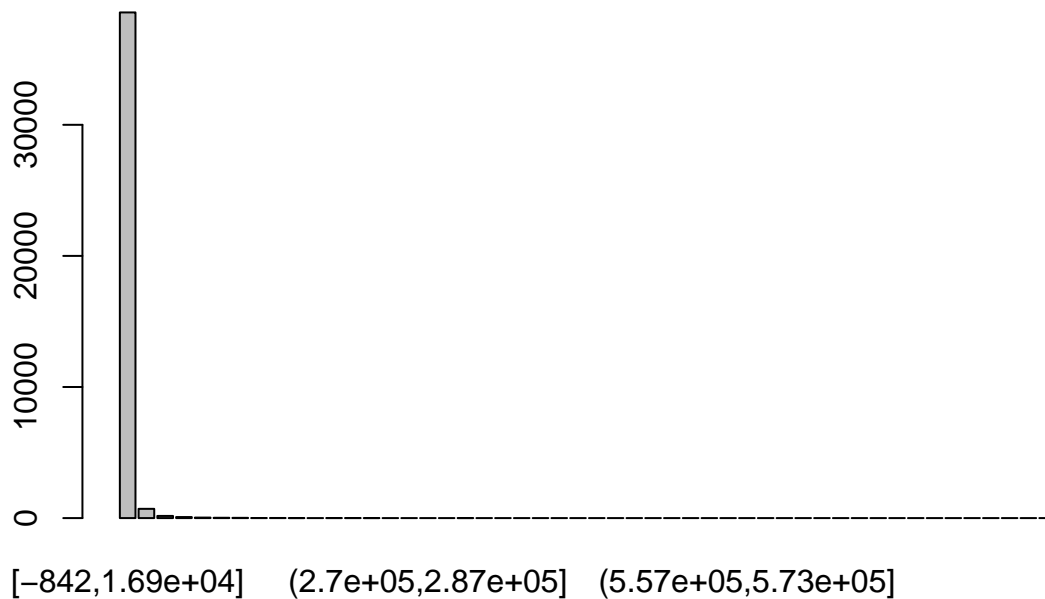
```

```
## Mean :0.23403 Mean :0.4434 Mean : 0.11931
## 3rd Qu.:0.39999 3rd Qu.:0.5083 3rd Qu.: 0.17783
## Max. :0.92719 Max. :1.0000 Max. : 0.72784
##
## global_rate_positive_words global_rate_negative_words rate_positive_words
## Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.000000 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.02838 1st Qu.:0.009615 1st Qu.:0.6000
## Median :0.03902 Median :0.015337 Median :0.7105
## Mean :0.03962 Mean :0.016612 Mean :0.6822
## 3rd Qu.:0.05028 3rd Qu.:0.021739 3rd Qu.:0.8000
## Max. :0.15549 Max. :0.184932 Max. :1.0000
##
## rate_negative_words avg_positive_polarity min_positive_polarity
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.00000
## 1st Qu.:0.1852 1st Qu.:0.3062 1st Qu.:0.05000
## Median :0.2800 Median :0.3588 Median :0.10000
## Mean :0.2879 Mean :0.3538 Mean :0.09545
## 3rd Qu.:0.3846 3rd Qu.:0.4114 3rd Qu.:0.10000
## Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :1.00000
##
## max_positive_polarity avg_negative_polarity min_negative_polarity
## Min. :0.0000 Min. : -1.0000 Min. : -1.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.6000 1st Qu.: -0.3284 1st Qu.: -0.7000
## Median :0.8000 Median : -0.2533 Median : -0.5000
## Mean :0.7567 Mean : -0.2595 Mean : -0.5219
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000 3rd Qu.: -0.1869 3rd Qu.: -0.3000
## Max. :1.0000 Max. : 0.0000 Max. : 0.0000
##
## max_negative_polarity title_subjectivity title_sentiment_polarity
## Min. : -1.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. : -1.00000
## 1st Qu.: -0.1250 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.: 0.00000
## Median : -0.1000 Median :0.1500 Median : 0.00000
## Mean : -0.1075 Mean :0.2824 Mean : 0.07143
## 3rd Qu.: -0.0500 3rd Qu.:0.5000 3rd Qu.: 0.15000
## Max. : 0.0000 Max. :1.0000 Max. : 1.00000
##
## abs_title_subjectivity abs_title_sentiment_polarity shares
## Min. :0.0000 Min. :0.0000 Min. : 1
## 1st Qu.:0.1667 1st Qu.:0.0000 1st Qu.: 946
## Median :0.5000 Median :0.0000 Median : 1400
## Mean :0.3418 Mean :0.1561 Mean : 3395
## 3rd Qu.:0.5000 3rd Qu.:0.2500 3rd Qu.: 2800
## Max. :0.5000 Max. :1.0000 Max. :843300
##
```

```
summary(newsDataOriginal$shares)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## 1 946 1400 3395 2800 843300
```

```
newsDataLen <- nrow(newsDataOriginal)
shares_bins <- cut(newsDataOriginal$shares, 50, include.lowest=TRUE)
plot(shares_bins)
```

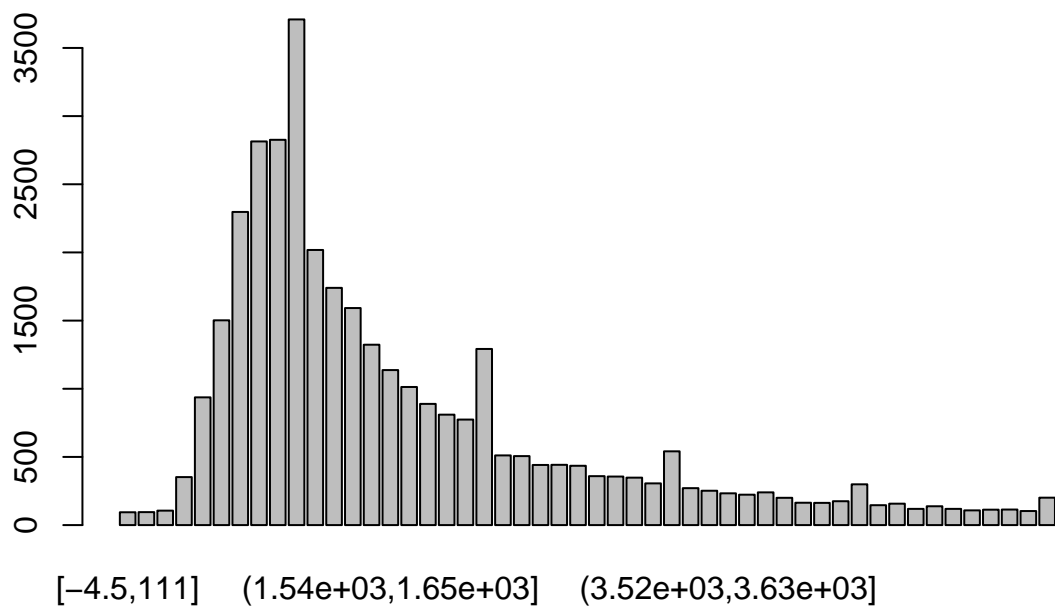


```
sharesIqr <- IQR(newsDataOriginal$shares)
shares75Quant <- quantile(newsDataOriginal$shares, 0.75)
shares25Quant <- quantile(newsDataOriginal$shares, 0.25)
newsData <- newsDataOriginal[newsDataOriginal$shares < (1.5*sharesIqr + shares75Quant) & newsDataOriginal$shares > (1.5*sharesIqr - shares25Quant)]
summary(newsData$shares)
```

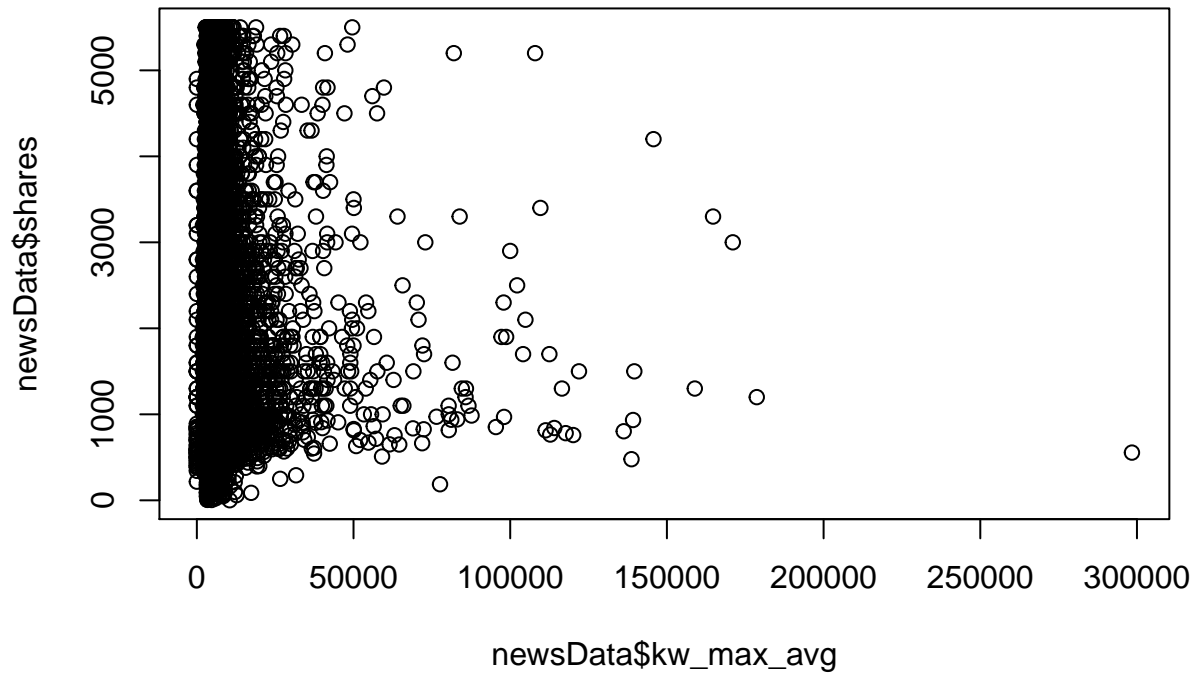
```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##         1     903     1300    1672    2100    5500
```

```
numOutliers <- (newsDataLen - nrow(newsData))
```

```
shares_bins <- cut(newsData$shares, 50, include.lowest=TRUE)
plot(shares_bins) # plot the shares distribution AFTER outlier removal so it isn't as skewed
```



```
plot(newsData$kw_max_avg, newsData$shares)
```



```
newsDataQuant <- newsData[, sapply(newsData, class) == "numeric"]
names(newsDataQuant)
```

```
## [1] "timedelta" "n_tokens_title"
## [3] "n_tokens_content" "n_unique_tokens"
## [5] "n_non_stop_words" "n_non_stop_unique_tokens"
## [7] "num_hrefs" "num_self_hrefs"
## [9] "num_imgs" "num_videos"
## [11] "average_token_length" "num_keywords"
## [13] "data_channel_is_lifestyle" "data_channel_is_entertainment"
## [15] "data_channel_is_bus" "data_channel_is_socmed"
## [17] "data_channel_is_tech" "data_channel_is_world"
## [19] "kw_min_min" "kw_max_min"
## [21] "kw_avg_min" "kw_min_max"
## [23] "kw_max_max" "kw_avg_max"
## [25] "kw_min_avg" "kw_max_avg"
## [27] "kw_avg_avg" "self_reference_min_shares"
## [29] "self_reference_max_shares" "self_reference_avg_shares"
## [31] "weekday_is_monday" "weekday_is_tuesday"
## [33] "weekday_is_wednesday" "weekday_is_thursday"
## [35] "weekday_is_friday" "weekday_is_saturday"
## [37] "weekday_is_sunday" "is_weekend"
## [39] "LDA_00" "LDA_01"
## [41] "LDA_02" "LDA_03"
## [43] "LDA_04" "global_subjectivity"
## [45] "global_sentiment_polarity" "global_rate_positive_words"
```

```

## [47] "global_rate_negative_words"      "rate_positive_words"
## [49] "rate_negative_words"             "avg_positive_polarity"
## [51] "min_positive_polarity"           "max_positive_polarity"
## [53] "avg_negative_polarity"           "min_negative_polarity"
## [55] "max_negative_polarity"           "title_subjectivity"
## [57] "title_sentiment_polarity"         "abs_title_subjectivity"
## [59] "abs_title_sentiment_polarity"     "shares"

cor(as.matrix(newsData[, 61]), as.matrix(newsData[, -1])) # correlations with 'shares' and every other v

##          timedelta n_tokens_title n_tokens_content n_unique_tokens
## [1,] 0.03657173   -0.04204983         0.04782074   -0.04909971
##          n_non_stop_words n_non_stop_unique_tokens num_hrefs num_self_hrefs
## [1,]   -0.01318755         -0.05080723  0.0776524    0.04316208
##          num_imgs   num_videos average_token_length num_keywords
## [1,] 0.05592683 -0.002898373         -0.02555183   0.06553517
##          data_channel_is_lifestyle data_channel_is_entertainment
## [1,]          0.03143692                -0.1054218
##          data_channel_is_bus data_channel_is_socmed data_channel_is_tech
## [1,]          0.001639743                0.1149444         0.09737915
##          data_channel_is_world kw_min_min kw_max_min kw_avg_min kw_min_max
## [1,]          -0.137431  0.03989283  0.02247175  0.03162921  0.007840949
##          kw_max_max kw_avg_max kw_min_avg kw_max_avg kw_avg_avg
## [1,] -0.02491639  0.01602475  0.08951021  0.06315745  0.1476776
##          self_reference_min_shares self_reference_max_shares
## [1,]          0.04458771                0.05480541
##          self_reference_avg_sharess weekday_is_monday weekday_is_tuesday
## [1,]          0.05719484                -0.02269312        -0.03918078
##          weekday_is_wednesday weekday_is_thursday weekday_is_friday
## [1,]          -0.04175593                -0.02504239         0.009257667
##          weekday_is_saturday weekday_is_sunday is_weekend LDA_00
## [1,]          0.101764         0.08975654  0.1399974  0.07562637
##          LDA_01 LDA_02 LDA_03 LDA_04 global_subjectivity
## [1,] -0.07674991 -0.1366928  0.03927561  0.08673353         0.05829045
##          global_sentiment_polarity global_rate_positive_words
## [1,]          0.06326113                0.06326329
##          global_rate_negative_words rate_positive_words rate_negative_words
## [1,]          -0.02546071                0.04474235        -0.06757323
##          avg_positive_polarity min_positive_polarity max_positive_polarity
## [1,]          0.0190065         -0.03203813         0.03322045
##          avg_negative_polarity min_negative_polarity max_negative_polarity
## [1,]          -0.003511512        -0.004899245         0.003100281
##          title_subjectivity title_sentiment_polarity abs_title_subjectivity
## [1,]          0.02585881                0.0452892         0.004831034
##          abs_title_sentiment_polarity shares
## [1,]          0.02951515         1

```

Refer to above code. The above code does a lot of work. I have done some preprocessing on the data. For example, I plotted the original news data with 20 histogram bins and immediately realized the distribution was significantly skewed to the right. I concluded there were definitely outliers in the data, so I went into further analysis. I did a summary of the shares data, which is the target/predicted label, and saw the first quartile was at 946 shares, third quartile was at 2800 shares, and then the min and max were 1 and 843,300 respectively. Therefore, with an IQR of 1854, I calculated outliers as being outside the range  $(946 - IQR1.5, 2800 + IQR1.5)$ . There were 4541 outliers in the data, taking the dataset from 39644 samples to 35103 samples. This had an immediate impact on the calculation of correlations. Although not depicted in the



code above, I did analysis before removing the outliers and the correlations between shares and all other features were in the range [-0.07, +0.08]. As such, there were no strong correlations. After removing the outliers, the range increased to [-0.137, +0.148] with the strongest positive and negative relationships being with `data_channel_is_entertainment` (-0.105), `data_channel_is_socmed` (0.115), `data_channel_is_world` (-0.137), `kw_avg_avg` (0.148), `weekday_is_saturday` (0.102), `is_weekend` (0.140), and `LDA_02` (-0.137).

#### *# BASIC STATISTICS ON SIGNIFICANT PREDICTORS*

```
summary(newsDataQuant$kw_max_avg)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##         0     3531     4230     5460     5852    298400
```

```
summary(newsDataQuant$kw_avg_avg)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
##         0     2351     2816     3055     3490     37608
```

```
summary(newsDataQuant$LDA_00)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## 0.01818 0.02506 0.03341 0.18630 0.24487 0.92699
```

```
summary(newsDataQuant$LDA_03)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
## 0.01818 0.02553 0.04000 0.21044 0.31880 0.92653
```

#### *# FORWARD SUBSET SELECTION*

```
library(leaps)
```

```
newsClassif <- head(newsDataQuant, 35000) # current classification set we're using for all classification
```

```
trainIndex <- sample(1:nrow(newsClassif), 1*nrow(newsClassif)) # train indices
```

```
testIndex <- setdiff(1:nrow(newsClassif), trainIndex) # test indices
```

```
train <- newsClassif[trainIndex,]
```

```
test <- newsClassif[testIndex,]
```

```
trainX <- newsClassif[trainIndex, -61]
```

```
trainY <- newsClassif[trainIndex, "shares"]
```

```
testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndex, -61])
```

```
testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndex, "shares"])
```

```
regfit.full = regsubsets(shares ~ ., data = train, method = "forward")
```

```
## Warning in leaps.setup(x, y, wt = wt, nbest = nbest, nvmax = nvmax,
```

```
## force.in = force.in, : 3 linear dependencies found
```

```
## Reordering variables and trying again:
```

```
summary(regfit.full)
```

```
## Subset selection object
```

```
## Call: regsubsets.formula(shares ~ ., data = train, method = "forward")
```

```
## 59 Variables (and intercept)
```

```
##                                Forced in Forced out
## timedelta                      FALSE      FALSE
## n_tokens_title                  FALSE      FALSE
## n_tokens_content                 FALSE      FALSE
## n_unique_tokens                  FALSE      FALSE
```

## n_non_stop_words	FALSE	FALSE
## n_non_stop_unique_tokens	FALSE	FALSE
## num_hrefs	FALSE	FALSE
## num_self_hrefs	FALSE	FALSE
## num_imgs	FALSE	FALSE
## num_videos	FALSE	FALSE
## average_token_length	FALSE	FALSE
## num_keywords	FALSE	FALSE
## data_channel_is_lifestyle	FALSE	FALSE
## data_channel_is_entertainment	FALSE	FALSE
## data_channel_is_bus	FALSE	FALSE
## data_channel_is_socmed	FALSE	FALSE
## data_channel_is_tech	FALSE	FALSE
## data_channel_is_world	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_min_min	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_max_min	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_avg_min	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_min_max	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_max_max	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_avg_max	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_min_avg	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_max_avg	FALSE	FALSE
## kw_avg_avg	FALSE	FALSE
## self_reference_min_shares	FALSE	FALSE
## self_reference_max_shares	FALSE	FALSE
## self_reference_avg_sharess	FALSE	FALSE
## weekday_is_monday	FALSE	FALSE
## weekday_is_tuesday	FALSE	FALSE
## weekday_is_wednesday	FALSE	FALSE
## weekday_is_thursday	FALSE	FALSE
## weekday_is_friday	FALSE	FALSE
## weekday_is_saturday	FALSE	FALSE
## LDA_00	FALSE	FALSE
## LDA_01	FALSE	FALSE
## LDA_02	FALSE	FALSE
## LDA_03	FALSE	FALSE
## global_subjectivity	FALSE	FALSE
## global_sentiment_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## global_rate_positive_words	FALSE	FALSE
## global_rate_negative_words	FALSE	FALSE
## rate_positive_words	FALSE	FALSE
## rate_negative_words	FALSE	FALSE
## avg_positive_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## min_positive_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## max_positive_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## avg_negative_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## min_negative_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## max_negative_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## title_subjectivity	FALSE	FALSE
## title_sentiment_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## abs_title_subjectivity	FALSE	FALSE
## abs_title_sentiment_polarity	FALSE	FALSE
## weekday_is_sunday	FALSE	FALSE
## is_weekend	FALSE	FALSE

```

## LDA_04                                FALSE      FALSE
## 1 subsets of each size up to 9
## Selection Algorithm: forward
##      timedelta n_tokens_title n_tokens_content n_unique_tokens
## 1 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " "      " "      "*"      " "
##      n_non_stop_words n_non_stop_unique_tokens num_hrefs
## 1 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "
##      num_self_hrefs num_imgs num_videos average_token_length
## 1 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " "      " "      " "      " "
##      num_keywords data_channel_is_lifestyle
## 1 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " "      " "
##      data_channel_is_entertainment data_channel_is_bus
## 1 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "      " "
## 8 ( 1 ) "*"      " "
## 9 ( 1 ) "*"      " "
##      data_channel_is_socmed data_channel_is_tech data_channel_is_world

```

```

## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " "*" " "
## 4 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " "
## 5 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " "
## 6 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " "
## 7 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " "
## 8 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " "
## 9 ( 1 ) "*" "*" " "
##      kw_min_min kw_max_min kw_avg_min kw_min_max kw_max_max kw_avg_max
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " "*"
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " "*"
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " "*"
##      kw_min_avg kw_max_avg kw_avg_avg self_reference_min_shares
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " "*" " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " " "*" " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " " "*" " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " " "*" " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " " "*" " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " "
##      self_reference_max_shares self_reference_avg_shares
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " "
##      weekday_is_monday weekday_is_tuesday weekday_is_wednesday
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
##      weekday_is_thursday weekday_is_friday weekday_is_saturday
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " " " "

```

```

## 5 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
##      weekday_is_sunday is_weekend LDA_00 LDA_01 LDA_02 LDA_03 LDA_04
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " "*" " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " "*" " " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " "*" " " " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " "*" "*" " " " "
##      global_subjectivity global_sentiment_polarity
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " "
##      global_rate_positive_words global_rate_negative_words
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " "
##      rate_positive_words rate_negative_words avg_positive_polarity
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
##      min_positive_polarity max_positive_polarity avg_negative_polarity
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " " " "

```

```

## 9 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## min_negative_polarity max_negative_polarity title_subjectivity
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " " " "
## title_sentiment_polarity abs_title_subjectivity
## 1 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " " " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " " " "
## abs_title_sentiment_polarity
## 1 ( 1 ) " "
## 2 ( 1 ) " "
## 3 ( 1 ) " "
## 4 ( 1 ) " "
## 5 ( 1 ) " "
## 6 ( 1 ) " "
## 7 ( 1 ) " "
## 8 ( 1 ) " "
## 9 ( 1 ) " "

# KNN REGRESSION

set.seed(1)
printf <- function(...) cat(sprintf(...))

newsDataBinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataBinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataBinary$shares > quantile(newsDataBinary$shares, 0.5), 1, 0) # n

newsDataTrinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataTrinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataTrinary$shares > quantile(newsDataTrinary$shares, 0.333), ifel

newsClassif <- head(newsDataQuant, 2000) # current classification set we're using for all classification

gc()

## used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
## Ncells 705599 37.7 2098485 112.1 1215585 65
## Vcells 11184890 85.4 33170445 253.1 28691946 219

library(StatMatch)

## Warning: package 'StatMatch' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Loading required package: proxy

```

```

## Warning: package 'proxy' was built under R version 3.5.3
##
## Attaching package: 'proxy'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   as.dist, dist
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##   as.matrix
## Loading required package: clue
## Warning: package 'clue' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Loading required package: survey
## Warning: package 'survey' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Loading required package: Matrix
## Loading required package: survival
##
## Attaching package: 'survey'
## The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':
##
##   dotchart
## Loading required package: RANN
## Warning: package 'RANN' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Loading required package: lpSolve
library(FastKNN)

## Warning: package 'FastKNN' was built under R version 3.5.3
library(caret)

## Loading required package: ggplot2
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following object is masked from 'package:survival':
##
##   cluster
library(FactoMineR)

## Warning: package 'FactoMineR' was built under R version 3.5.3
fold_n = 5
folds <- cut(seq(1, nrow(newsClassif)), breaks = fold_n, labels = FALSE)
k_values <- c(1, 3, 5, 21, 51, 101, 501, 1001)
accuracies <- c()
for(j in k_values){
  acc <- 0
  for(i in 1:fold_n){
    # grab the i-th fold

```

```

testIndices <- which(folds == i, arr.ind=TRUE)
test <- newsClassif[testIndices,]
train <- newsClassif[-testIndices,]
trainX <- newsClassif[-testIndices, -61]
trainY <- newsClassif[-testIndices, "shares"]
testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, -61])
testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, "shares"])

trainYDF <- as.data.frame(trainY)

gower.mat <- gower.dist(testX, trainX)
newsKnn <- knn_test_function(trainX, testX, gower.mat, trainY, k = j)

running_avg <- 0
for(m in 1:length(testY)){
  nn <- k.nearest.neighbors(m, gower.mat, k = j)
  avg <- mean(trainYDF[nn, ])
  se <- (avg - testY[m, ])^2
  running_avg <- running_avg + se
}
running_avg <- running_avg / length(testY)

acc <- acc + running_avg
}
acc <- acc/fold_n
printf("kNN with k = %d accuracy: %f\n", j, acc)
accuracies <- c(accuracies, acc)
}

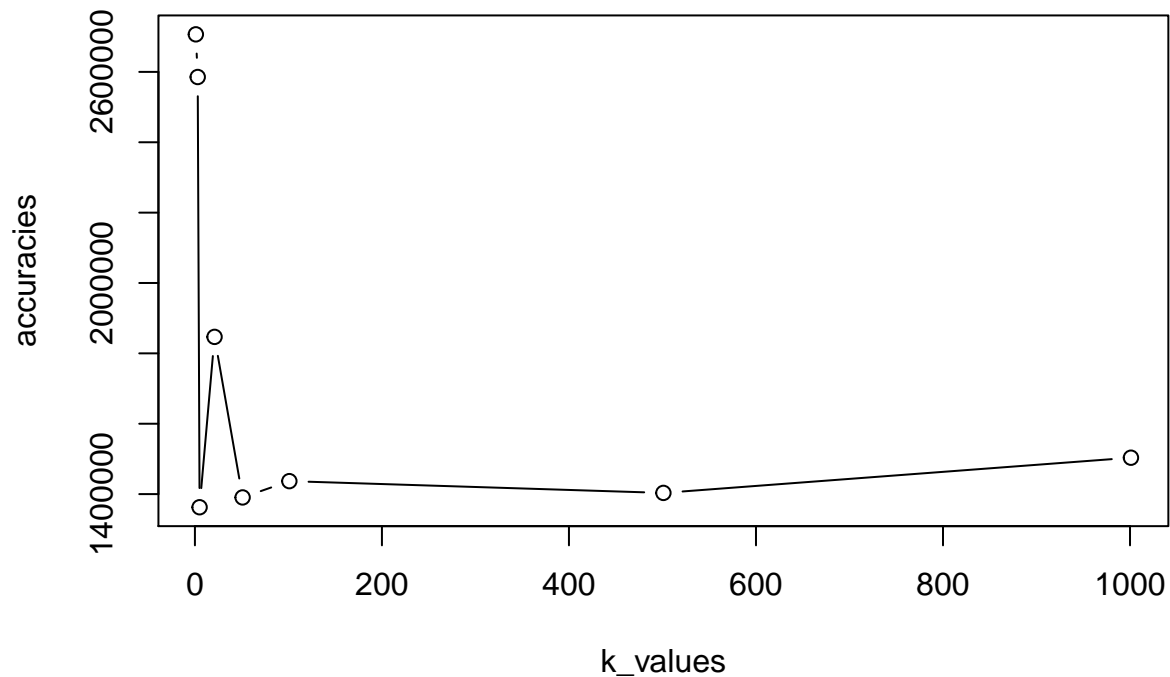
## kNN with k = 1 accuracy: 2706673.800000
## kNN with k = 3 accuracy: 2585432.422222
## kNN with k = 5 accuracy: 1362651.776000
## kNN with k = 21 accuracy: 1846831.116100
## kNN with k = 51 accuracy: 1390526.200923
## kNN with k = 101 accuracy: 1436841.161827
## kNN with k = 501 accuracy: 1403364.750739
## kNN with k = 1001 accuracy: 1503440.271418

plot(k_values, accuracies, type="b", main="MSE vs. Values of K for Regression kNN")

```



## MSE vs. Values of K for Regression kNN



```
# KNN BINARY CLASSIFICATION
```

```
set.seed(1)
```

```
printf <- function(...) cat(sprintf(...))
```

```
newsDataBinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
```

```
newsDataBinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataBinary$shares > quantile(newsDataBinary$shares, 0.5), 1, 0) # n
```

```
newsDataTrinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
```

```
newsDataTrinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataTrinary$shares > quantile(newsDataTrinary$shares, 0.333), ifel
```

```
newsClassif <- head(newsDataBinary, 2000) # current classification set we're using for all classificati
```

```
gc()
```

```
##          used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
```

```
## Ncells  2114513 113.0   3487092 186.3  3487092 186.3
```

```
## Vcells 10064272  76.8   33170513 253.1  33170513 253.1
```

```
library(StatMatch)
```

```
library(FastKNN)
```

```
library(caret)
```

```
library(FactoMineR)
```

```
fold_n = 5
```

```
folds <- cut(seq(1, nrow(newsClassif)), breaks = fold_n, labels = FALSE)
```

```
k_values <- c(1, 3, 5, 21, 51, 101, 501, 1001)
```

```

accuracies <- c()
for(j in k_values){
  acc <- 0
  for(i in 1:fold_n){
    #printf("i: %d\n", i) # print the current fold iteration

    # grab the i-th fold
    testIndices <- which(folds == i, arr.ind=TRUE)
    test <- newsClassif[testIndices,]
    train <- newsClassif[-testIndices,]
    trainX <- newsClassif[-testIndices, -61]
    trainY <- newsClassif[-testIndices, "shares"]
    testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, -61])
    testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, "shares"])

    trainYDF <- as.data.frame(trainY)

    gower.mat <- gower.dist(testX, trainX)
    newsKnn <- knn_test_function(trainX, testX, gower.mat, trainY, k = j)

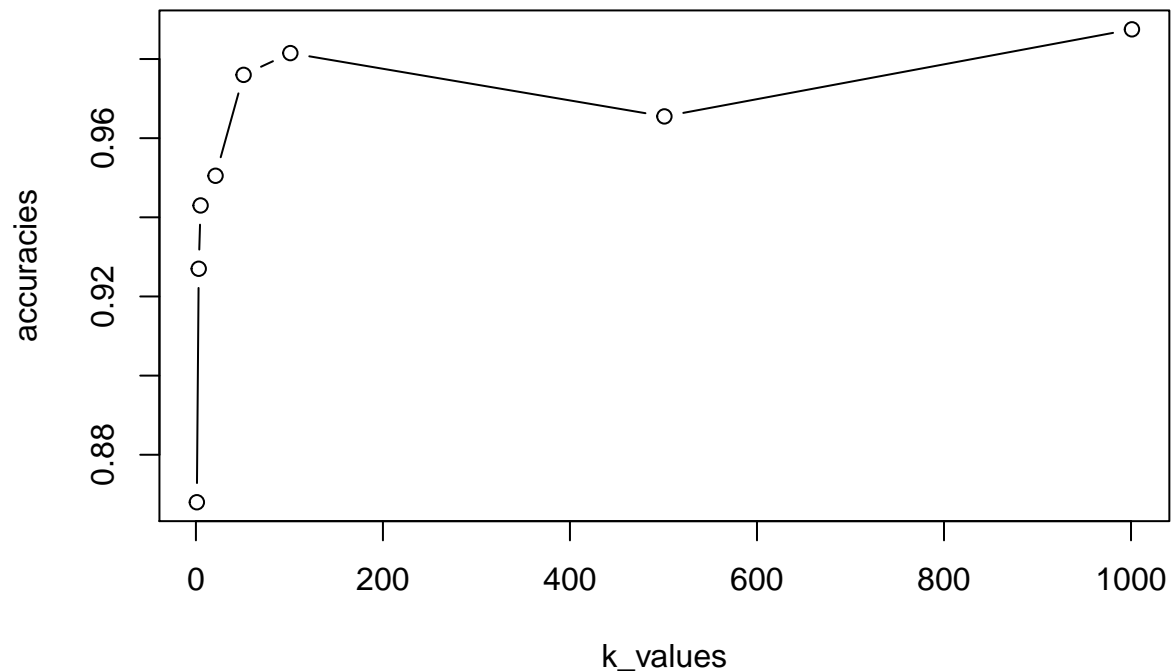
    conf_matrix <- table(newsKnn, t(testY)) # confusion matrix
    acc <- acc + sum(diag(conf_matrix))/sum(conf_matrix)
  }
  acc <- acc/fold_n
  printf("kNN with k = %d accuracy: %f\n", j, acc)
  accuracies <- c(accuracies, acc)
}

## kNN with k = 1 accuracy: 0.868000
## kNN with k = 3 accuracy: 0.927000
## kNN with k = 5 accuracy: 0.943000
## kNN with k = 21 accuracy: 0.950500
## kNN with k = 51 accuracy: 0.976000
## kNN with k = 101 accuracy: 0.981500
## kNN with k = 501 accuracy: 0.965500
## kNN with k = 1001 accuracy: 0.987500

plot(k_values, accuracies, type="b", main="Accuracies vs. Values of K for Binary Classification kNN")

```

## Accuracies vs. Values of K for Binary Classification kNN



*# KNN THREE-WAY CLASSIFICATION*

```
set.seed(1)
printf <- function(...) cat(sprintf(...))

newsDataBinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataBinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataBinary$shares > quantile(newsDataBinary$shares, 0.5), 1, 0) # n

newsDataTrinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataTrinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataTrinary$shares > quantile(newsDataTrinary$shares, 0.333), ifel

newsClassif <- head(newsDataTrinary, 2000) # current classification set we're using for all classificat

gc()
```

```
##          used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
## Ncells  2117407 113.1   3487092 186.3   3487092 186.3
## Vcells 10078592  76.9   33170513 253.1   33170513 253.1
```

```
library(StatMatch)
library(FastKNN)
library(caret)
library(FactoMineR)
```

```
fold_n = 5
folds <- cut(seq(1, nrow(newsClassif)), breaks = fold_n, labels = FALSE)
k_values <- c(1, 3, 5, 21, 51, 101, 501, 1001)
```

```

accuracies <- c()
for(j in k_values){
  acc <- 0
  for(i in 1:fold_n){
    # grab the i-th fold
    testIndices <- which(folds == i, arr.ind=TRUE)
    test <- newsClassif[testIndices,]
    train <- newsClassif[-testIndices,]
    trainX <- newsClassif[-testIndices, -61]
    trainY <- newsClassif[-testIndices, "shares"]
    testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, -61])
    testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, "shares"])

    trainYDF <- as.data.frame(trainY)

    gower.mat <- gower.dist(testX, trainX)
    newsKnn <- knn_test_function(trainX, testX, gower.mat, trainY, k = j)

    conf_matrix <- table(newsKnn, t(testY)) # confusion matrix
    acc <- acc + sum(diag(conf_matrix))/sum(conf_matrix)
  }
  acc <- acc/fold_n
  printf("kNN with k = %d accuracy: %f\n", j, acc)
  accuracies <- c(accuracies, acc)
}

```

```

## kNN with k = 1 accuracy: 0.629500
## kNN with k = 3 accuracy: 0.674000
## kNN with k = 5 accuracy: 0.705500
## kNN with k = 21 accuracy: 0.786000
## kNN with k = 51 accuracy: 0.833000
## kNN with k = 101 accuracy: 0.861500
## kNN with k = 501 accuracy: 0.879500
## kNN with k = 1001 accuracy: 0.888000

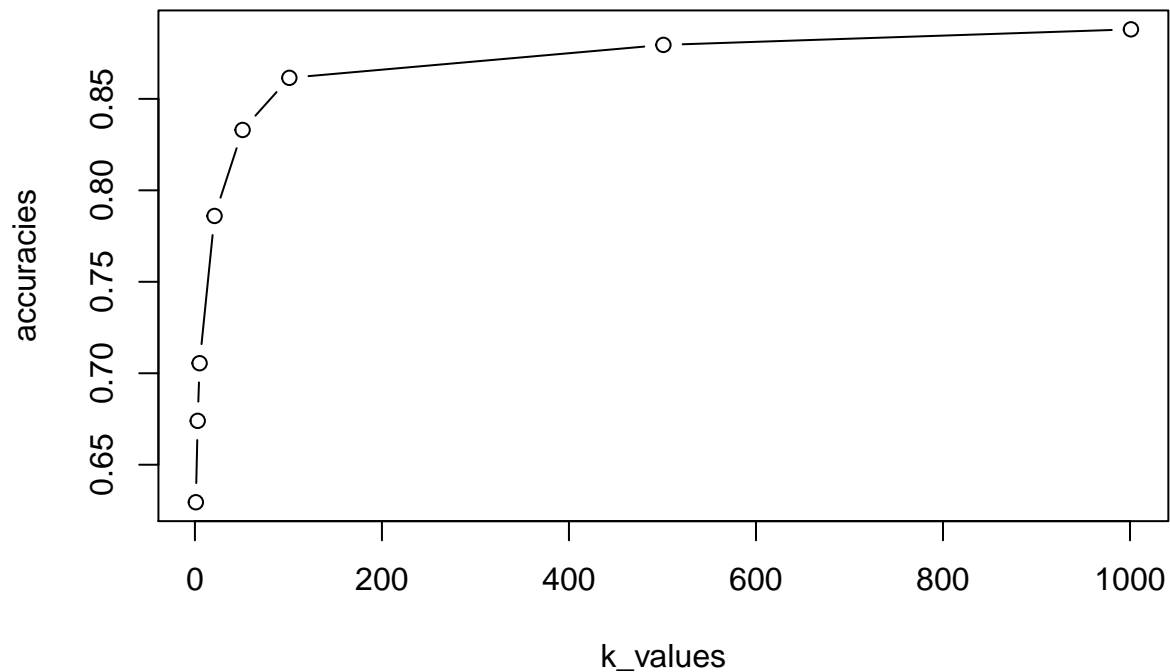
```

```

plot(k_values, accuracies, type="b", main="Accuracies vs. Values of K for Three-way Classification kNN")

```

## Accuracies vs. Values of K for Three-way Classification kNN



```
# RANDOM FORESTS REGRESSION
```

```
library(randomForest)
```

```
## Warning: package 'randomForest' was built under R version 3.5.3
```

```
## randomForest 4.6-14
```

```
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
```

```
##
```

```
##      margin
```

```
library(leaps)
```

```
set.seed(10)
```

```
gc()
```

```
##          used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
```

```
## Ncells  2120066 113.3   3487092 186.3   3487092 186.3
```

```
## Vcells 10087085  77.0   33170513 253.1   33170513 253.1
```

```
newsDataBinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
```

```
newsDataBinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataBinary$shares > quantile(newsDataBinary$shares, 0.5), 1, 0)
```

```
newsDataTrinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
```

```
newsDataTrinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataTrinary$shares > quantile(newsDataTrinary$shares, 0.333), ifel
```

```

newsClassif <- head(newsDataQuant, 5000) # current classification set we're using for all classification

fold_n = 5
folds <- cut(seq(1, nrow(newsClassif)), breaks = fold_n, labels = FALSE)
num_trees <- c(2, 4, 6, 20) #, 50, 100, 500, 1000)
rand_factor <- c(2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 55)
#num_trees <- c(8)
accuracies <- c()
rsqs <- c()
for(j in num_trees){
  acc <- 0 # mse
  rs <- 0 # r-squared
  for(i in 1:fold_n){
    # grab the i-th fold
    testIndices <- which(folds == i, arr.ind=TRUE)
    test <- newsClassif[testIndices,]
    train <- newsClassif[-testIndices,]
    trainX <- newsClassif[-testIndices, -61]
    trainY <- as.factor(newsClassif[-testIndices, "shares"])
    testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, -61])
    testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, "shares"])

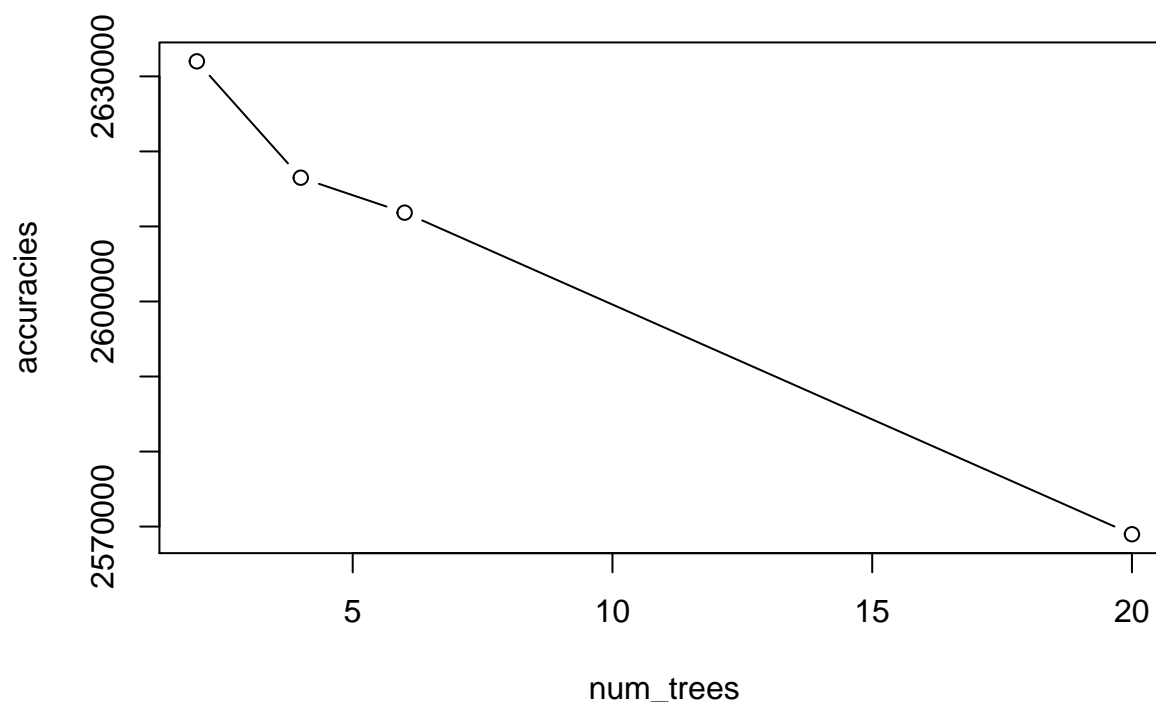
    forest <- randomForest(x = trainX, y = trainY, ntree = j, mtry = 8)
    forestPred <- as.numeric(predict(forest, newdata = testX))

    acc <- acc + mean((forestPred - t(testY))^2) # get the MSE
    #rs <- rs + mean(forest$rsq)
  }
  acc <- acc/fold_n
  #rs <- rs/fold_n
  printf("Random Forests with num trees = %d MSE: %f, r-squared: %f\n", j, acc, rs)
  accuracies <- c(accuracies, acc)
  #rsqs <- c(rsqs, rs)
}

## Random Forests with num trees = 2 MSE: 2632002.943800, r-squared: 0.000000
## Random Forests with num trees = 4 MSE: 2616497.318000, r-squared: 0.000000
## Random Forests with num trees = 6 MSE: 2611837.957200, r-squared: 0.000000
## Random Forests with num trees = 20 MSE: 2568978.719200, r-squared: 0.000000
plot(num_trees, accuracies, type="b", main="MSE vs. Random Forests Num Trees")

```

## MSE vs. Random Forests Num Trees



```
#plot(num_trees, rsqs, type="b", main="R squared vs. Random Forests Num Trees")
```

```
# RANDOM FORESTS REGRESSION
```

```
library(randomForest)
library(leaps)
set.seed(10)
gc()
```

```
##          used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
## Ncells 2132546 113.9   3487092 186.3   3487092 186.3
## Vcells 13665588 104.3   39884615 304.3  39884592 304.3
```

```
newsDataBinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataBinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataBinary$shares > quantile(newsDataBinary$shares, 0.5), 1, 0)
```

```
newsDataTrinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataTrinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataTrinary$shares > quantile(newsDataTrinary$shares, 0.333), ifel
```

```
newsClassif <- head(newsDataQuant, 5000) # current classification set we're using for all classification
```

```
fold_n = 5
folds <- cut(seq(1, nrow(newsClassif)), breaks = fold_n, labels = FALSE)
#num_trees <- c(2, 4, 6, 20, 50, 100, 500, 1000)
rand_factor <- c(2, 4, 8, 16)#, 32, 55)
accuracies <- c()
#rsqs <- c()
```

```

for(j in rand_factor){
  acc <- 0 # mse
  rs <- 0 # r-squared
  for(i in 1:fold_n){
    # grab the i-th fold
    testIndices <- which(folds == i, arr.ind=TRUE)
    test <- newsClassif[testIndices,]
    train <- newsClassif[-testIndices,]
    trainX <- newsClassif[-testIndices, -61]
    trainY <- as.factor(newsClassif[-testIndices, "shares"])
    testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, -61])
    testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, "shares"])

    forest <- randomForest(x = trainX, y = trainY, ntree = 20, mtry = j)
    forestPred <- as.numeric(predict(forest, newdata = testX))

    acc <- acc + mean((forestPred - t(testY))^2) # get the MSE
    #rs <- rs + mean(forest$rsq)
  }
  acc <- acc/fold_n
  #rs <- rs/fold_n
  printf("Random Forests with rand factor = %d MSE: %f, r-squared: %f\n", j, acc, rs)
  accuracies <- c(accuracies, acc)
  #rsqs <- c(rsqs, rs)
}

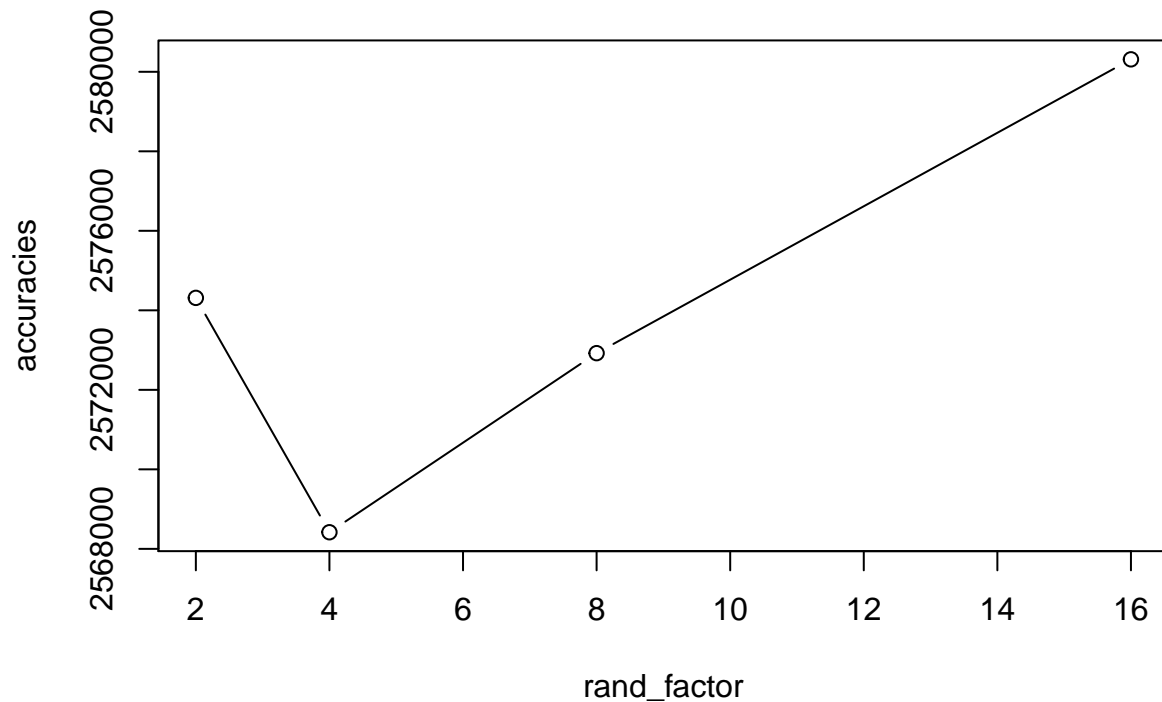
## Random Forests with rand factor = 2 MSE: 2574313.128400, r-squared: 0.000000
## Random Forests with rand factor = 4 MSE: 2568418.018600, r-squared: 0.000000
## Random Forests with rand factor = 8 MSE: 2572922.369800, r-squared: 0.000000
## Random Forests with rand factor = 16 MSE: 2580313.041400, r-squared: 0.000000

plot(rand_factor, accuracies, type="b", main="MSE vs. Random Forests Randomization Factor")

```



## MSE vs. Random Forests Randomization Factor



```
#plot(rand_factor, rsqs, type="b", main="R squared vs. Random Forests Randomization Factor")
```

```
# RANDOM FORESTS REGRESSION
```

```
library(randomForest)
library(leaps)
set.seed(10)
gc()
```

```
##          used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
## Ncells  2132487 113.9   3487092 186.3   3487092 186.3
## Vcells 13637111 104.1   39884615 304.3  39884592 304.3
```

```
newsDataBinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataBinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataBinary$shares > quantile(newsDataBinary$shares, 0.5), 1, 0)
```

```
newsDataTrinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataTrinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataTrinary$shares > quantile(newsDataTrinary$shares, 0.333), ifel
```

```
newsClassif <- head(newsDataQuant, 5000) # current classification set we're using for all classification
```

```
fold_n = 5
folds <- cut(seq(1, nrow(newsClassif)), breaks = fold_n, labels = FALSE)
accuracies <- c()
rsqs <- c()
acc <- 0 # mse
#rs <- 0 # r-squared
```

```

for(i in 1:fold_n){
  # grab the i-th fold
  testIndices <- which(folds == i, arr.ind=TRUE)
  test <- newsClassif[testIndices,]
  train <- newsClassif[-testIndices,]
  trainX <- newsClassif[-testIndices, -61]
  trainY <- as.factor(newsClassif[-testIndices, "shares"])
  testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, -61])
  testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, "shares"])

  forest <- randomForest(x = trainX, y = trainY, ntree = 20, mtry = 8)
  forestPred <- as.numeric(predict(forest, newdata = testX))

  acc <- acc + mean((forestPred - t(testY))^2) # get the MSE
  #rs <- rs + mean(forest$rsq)
}
acc <- acc/fold_n
#rs <- rs/fold_n
printf("Random Forests with num trees = 20, randomization factor = 8; MSE: %f, r-squared: %f\n", acc, rs)

## Random Forests with num trees = 20, randomization factor = 8; MSE: 2573930.791600, r-squared: 0.000000
# RANDOM FORESTS BINARY CLASSIFICATION

library(randomForest)
library(leaps)
set.seed(10)
gc()

##          used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
## Ncells  2132469 113.9   3487092 186.3   3487092 186.3
## Vcells 13658669 104.3   39884615 304.3   39884592 304.3

newsDataBinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataBinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataBinary$shares > quantile(newsDataBinary$shares, 0.5), 1, 0)

newsDataTrinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataTrinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataTrinary$shares > quantile(newsDataTrinary$shares, 0.333), ifelse(
newsClassif <- head(newsDataBinary, 5000) # current classification set we're using for all classifications

fold_n = 5
folds <- cut(seq(1, nrow(newsClassif)), breaks = fold_n, labels = FALSE)
acc <- 0 # mse
for(i in 1:fold_n){
  # grab the i-th fold
  testIndices <- which(folds == i, arr.ind=TRUE)
  test <- newsClassif[testIndices,]
  train <- newsClassif[-testIndices,]
  trainX <- newsClassif[-testIndices, -61]
  trainY <- as.factor(newsClassif[-testIndices, "shares"])
  testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, -61])
  testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, "shares"])

  forest <- randomForest(x = trainX, y = trainY, ntree = 20, mtry = 8)

```

```

forestPred <- predict(forest, newdata = testX)

conf_matrix <- table(forestPred, t(testY)) # confusion matrix
acc <- acc + sum(diag(conf_matrix))/sum(conf_matrix)
}
acc <- acc/fold_n
printf("Random Forests with num trees = 20, randomization factor = 8; accuracy: %f\n", acc)

## Random Forests with num trees = 20, randomization factor = 8; accuracy: 1.000000
# RANDOM FORESTS THREE-WAY CLASSIFICATION

library(randomForest)
library(leaps)
set.seed(10)
gc()

##          used (Mb) gc trigger (Mb) max used (Mb)
## Ncells  2133028 114.0   3487092 186.3   3487092 186.3
## Vcells 10728963  81.9   39884615 304.3   39884592 304.3

newsDataBinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataBinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataBinary$shares > quantile(newsDataBinary$shares, 0.5), 1, 0)

newsDataTrinary <- data.frame(newsDataQuant) # make a copy
newsDataTrinary$shares <- ifelse(newsDataTrinary$shares > quantile(newsDataTrinary$shares, 0.333), ifel

newsClassif <- head(newsDataTrinary, 5000) # current classification set we're using for all classificat

fold_n = 5
folds <- cut(seq(1, nrow(newsClassif)), breaks = fold_n, labels = FALSE)
acc <- 0 # mse
for(i in 1:fold_n){
  # grab the i-th fold
  testIndices <- which(folds == i, arr.ind=TRUE)
  test <- newsClassif[testIndices,]
  train <- newsClassif[-testIndices,]
  trainX <- newsClassif[-testIndices, -61]
  trainY <- as.factor(newsClassif[-testIndices, "shares"])
  testX <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, -61])
  testY <- as.data.frame(newsClassif[testIndices, "shares"])

  forest <- randomForest(x = trainX, y = trainY, ntree = 20, mtry = 8)
  forestPred <- predict(forest, newdata = testX)

  conf_matrix <- table(forestPred, t(testY)) # confusion matrix
  acc <- acc + sum(diag(conf_matrix))/sum(conf_matrix)
}
acc <- acc/fold_n
printf("Random Forests with num trees = 20, randomization factor = 8; accuracy: %f\n", acc)

## Random Forests with num trees = 20, randomization factor = 8; accuracy: 0.998200

```