AoPS Community

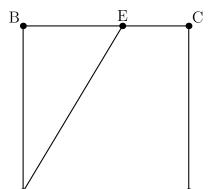
2013 AMC 12/AHSME

AMC 12/AHSME 2013

www.artofproblemsolving.com/community/c4877

by fortenforge, ahaanomegas, aZpElr68Cb51U51qy9OM, v_Enhance, djmathman, 1=2, Dynamite127, Yoshi, program4, electron, ProblemSolver1026, SteinsChaos, tc1729, antimonyarsenide, rrusczyk

- A
- February 5th
- 1 Square ABCD has side length 10. Point E is on \overline{BC} , and the area of $\triangle ABE$ is 40. What is BE?
 - **(A)** 4
- **(B)** 5
- **(C)** 6
- **(D)** 7 **(E)** 8



D

- A softball team played ten games, scoring 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 runs. They lost by one run in exactly five games. In each of the other games, they scored twice as many runs as their opponent. How many total runs did their opponents score?
 - **(A)** 35
- **(B)** 40
- **(C)** 45
- **(D)** 50
- **(E)** 55
- A flower bouquet contains pink roses, red roses, pink carnations, and red carnations. One third of the pink flowers are roses, three fourths of the red flowers are carnations, and six tenths of the flowers are pink. What percent of the flowers are carnations?
 - **(A)** 15
- **(B)** 30
- **(C)** 40
- **(D)** 60
- **(E)** 70

4 What is the value of

$$\frac{2^{2014} + 2^{2012}}{2^{2014} - 2^{2012}}?$$

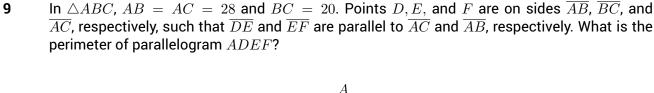
- **(A)** -1
- **(B)** 1
- (C) $\frac{5}{3}$
- **(D)** 2013
- **(E)** 2^{4024}

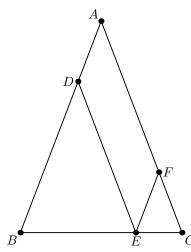
- Tom, Dorothy, and Sammy went on a vacation and agreed to split the costs evenly. During their trip Tom paid \$105, Dorothy paid \$125, and Sammy paid \$175. In order to share the costs equally, Tom gave Sammy t dollars, and Dorothy gave Sammy t dollars. What is t-d?
 - **(A)** 15
- **(B)** 20
- **(C)** 25
- **(D)** 30 **(E)** 35
- In a recent basketball game, Shenille attempted only three-point shots and two-point shots. She was successful on 20% of her three-point shots and 30% of her two-point shots. Shenille attempted 30 shots. How many points did she score?
 - **(A)** 12
- **(B)** 18
- **(C)** 24
- **(D)** 30
- **(E)** 36
- 7 The sequence $S_1, S_2, S_3, \dots, S_{10}$ has the property that every term beginning with the third is the sum of the previous two. That is,

$$S_n = S_{n-2} + S_{n-1}$$
 for $n \ge 3$.

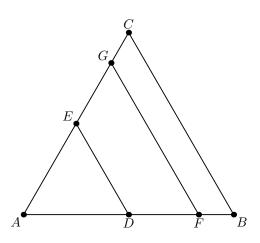
- Suppose that $S_9 = 110$ and $S_7 = 42$. What is S_4 ?
- **(A)** 4
- **(B)** 6
- **(C)** 10
- **(D)** 12
- **(E)** 16
- **8** Given that x and y are distinct nonzero real numbers such that $x + \frac{2}{x} = y + \frac{2}{y}$, what is xy?

- (A) $\frac{1}{4}$
- **(B)** $\frac{1}{2}$
- **(C)** 1
- **(D)** 2
- BC = 20. Points D, E, and F are on sides $\overline{AB}, \overline{B}$





- **(A)** 48
- **(B)** 52
- **(C)** 56
- **(D)** 60
- **(E)** 72
- Let S be the set of positive integers n for which $\frac{1}{n}$ has the repeating decimal representation 10 $0.\overline{ab} = 0.ababab \cdots$, with a and b different digits. What is the sum of the elements of S?
 - **(A)** 11
- **(B)** 44
- **(C)** 110
- **(D)** 143
- **(E)** 155
- Triangle ABC is equilateral with AB = 1. Points E and G are on \overline{AC} and points D and F are on 11 \overline{AB} such that both \overline{DE} and \overline{FG} are parallel to \overline{BC} . Furthermore, triangle ADE and trapezoids DFGE and FBCG all have the same perimeter. What is DE + FG?



- **(A)** 1
- **(B)** $\frac{3}{2}$ **(C)** $\frac{21}{13}$ **(D)** $\frac{13}{8}$ **(E)** $\frac{5}{3}$
- 12 The angles in a particular triangle are in arithmetic progression, and the side lengths are 4, 5, x. The sum of the possible values of x equals $a + \sqrt{b} + \sqrt{c}$ where a, b, and c are positive integers. What is a + b + c?

(E) 44

- **(A)** 36
- **(B)** 38
- **(C)** 40
- **(D)** 42
- Let points $A=(0,0),\ B=(1,2),\ C=(3,3),$ and D=(4,0). Quadrilateral ABCD is cut into 13 equal area pieces by a line passing through A. This line intersects \overline{CD} at point $\left(\frac{p}{q},\frac{r}{s}\right)$, where these fractions are in lowest terms. What is p + q + r + s?
 - **(A)** 54
- **(B)** 58
- **(C)** 62
- **(D)** 70
- **(E)** 75

14 The sequence

$$\log_{12} 162$$
, $\log_{12} x$, $\log_{12} y$, $\log_{12} z$, $\log_{12} 1250$

is an arithmetic progression. What is x?

(A) $125\sqrt{3}$

(B) 270

(C) $162\sqrt{5}$

(D) 434

(E) $225\sqrt{6}$

Rabbits Peter and Pauline have three offspringFlopsie, Mopsie, and Cotton-tail. These five rabbits are to be distributed to four different pet stores so that no store gets both a parent and a child. It is not required that every store gets a rabbit. In how many different ways can this be done?

(A) 96

(B) 108

(C) 156

(D) 204

(E) 372

A, B, C are three piles of rocks. The mean weight of the rocks in A is 40 pounds, the mean weight of the rocks in B is 50 pounds, the mean weight of the rocks in the combined piles A and B is 43 pounds, and the mean weight of the rocks in the combined piles A and B is A0 pounds. What is the greatest possible integer value for the mean in pounds of the rocks in the combined piles B1 and C2?

(A) 55

(B) 56

(C) 57

(D) 58

(E) 59

A group of 12 pirates agree to divide a treasure chest of gold coins among themselves as follows. The $k^{\rm th}$ pirate to take a share takes $\frac{k}{12}$ of the coins that remain in the chest. The number of coins initially in the chest is the smallest number for which this arrangement will allow each pirate to receive a positive whole number of coins. How many coins does the $12^{\rm th}$ pirate receive?

(A) 720

(B) 1296

(C) 1728

(D) 1925

(E) 3850

Six spheres of radius 1 are positioned so that their centers are at the vertices of a regular hexagon of side length 2. The six spheres are internally tangent to a larger sphere whose center is the center of the hexagon. An eighth sphere is externally tangent to the six smaller spheres and internally tangent to the larger sphere. What is the radius of this eighth sphere?

(A) $\sqrt{2}$

(B) $\frac{3}{2}$

(C) $\frac{5}{3}$

(D) $\sqrt{3}$

(E) 2

19 In $\triangle ABC$, AB=86, and AC=97. A circle with center A and radius AB intersects \overline{BC} at points B and X. Moreover \overline{BX} and \overline{CX} have integer lengths. What is BC?

(A) 11

(B) 28

(C) 33

(D) 61

(E) 72

Let S be the set $\{1,2,3,...,19\}$. For $a,b\in S$, define $a\succ b$ to mean that either $0< a-b\leq 9$ or b-a>9. How many ordered triples (x,y,z) of elements of S have the property that $x\succ y$, $y\succ z$, and $z\succ x$?

(A) 810

(B) 855

(C) 900

(D) 950

(E) 988

21 Consider

 $A = \log(2013 + \log(2012 + \log(2011 + \log(\dots + \log(3 + \log 2) \dots)))).$

Which of the following intervals contains *A*?

(A) $(\log 2016, \log 2017)$ (B) $(\log 2017, \log 2018)$ (C) $(\log 2018, \log 2019)$ (D) $(\log 2019, \log 2020)$ (E) $(\log 2020, \log 2018)$

22 A palindrome is a nonnegative integer number that reads the same forwards and backwards when written in base 10 with no leading zeros. A 6-digit palindrome n is chosen uniformly at random. What is the probability that $\frac{n}{11}$ is also a palindrome?

(A) $\frac{8}{25}$

(B) $\frac{33}{100}$ **(C)** $\frac{7}{20}$ **(D)** $\frac{9}{25}$ **(E)** $\frac{11}{30}$

ABCD is a square of side length $\sqrt{3}+1$. Point P is on \overline{AC} such that $AP=\sqrt{2}$. The square 23 region bounded by ABCD is rotated 90° counterclockwise with center P, sweeping out a region whose area is $\frac{1}{c}(a\pi + b)$, where a, b, and c are positive integers and $\gcd(a,b,c)=1$. What is a + b + c?

(A) 15

(B) 17

(C) 19

(D) 21

(E) 23

Three distinct segments are chosen at random among the segments whose end-points are the 24 vertices of a regular 12-gon. What is the probability that the lengths of these three segments are the three side lengths of a triangle with positive area?

(A) $\frac{553}{715}$

(B) $\frac{443}{572}$ **(C)** $\frac{111}{143}$ **(D)** $\frac{81}{104}$ **(E)** $\frac{223}{286}$

Let $f: \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ be defined by $f(z) = z^2 + iz + 1$. How many complex numbers z are there such 25 that Im(z) > 0 and both the real and the imaginary parts of f(z) are integers with absolute value at most 10?

(A) 399

(B) 401

(C) 413

(D 431

(E) 441

February 20th

1 On a particular January day, the high temperature in Lincoln, Nebraska, was 16 degrees higher than the low temperature, and the average of the high and low temperatures was 3°. In degrees, what was the low temperature in Lincoln that day?

(A) -13

(B) -8

(C) -5

(D) 3

(E) 11

2 Mr Green measures his rectangular garden by walking two of the sides and finds that it is 15 steps by 20 steps. Each or Mr Green's steps is two feet long. Mr Green expect half a pound of potatoes per square foot from his garden. How many pounds of potatoes does Mr Green expect from his garden?

(A) 600

(B) 800

(C) 1000

(D) 1200

When counting from 3 to 201, 53 is the 51st number counted. When counting backwards from 201 to 3, 53 is the nth number counted. What is n?

(A) 146

(B) 147

(C) 148

(D) 149

(E) 150

4 Ray's car averages 40 miles per gallon of gasoline, and Tom's car averages 10 miles per gallon of gasoline. Ray and Tom each drive the same number of miles. What is the cars' combined rate of miles per gallon of gasoline?

(A) 10

(B) 16

(C) 25

(D) 30

(E) 40

The average age of 33 fifth-graders is 11. The average age of 55 of their parents is 33. What is the average age of all of these parents and fifth-graders?

(A) 22

(B) 23.25

(C) 24.75

(D) 26.25

(E) 28

6 Real numbers x and y satisfy the equation $x^2 + y^2 = 10x - 6y - 34$. What is x + y?

(E) 8

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

(D) 6

Jo and Blair take turns counting from 1 to one more than the last number said by the other person. Jo starts by saying "1", so Blair follows by saying "1, 2". Jo then says "1, 2, 3", and so on. What is the 53rd number said?

(A) 2

(B) 3

(C) 5

(D) 6

(E) 8

Line ℓ_1 has equation 3x-2y=1 and goes through A=(-1,-2). Line ℓ_2 has equation y=1 and meets line ℓ_1 at point B. Line ℓ_3 has positive slope, goes through point A, and meets ℓ_2 at point C. The area of $\triangle ABC$ is ABC is

(A) $\frac{2}{3}$

(B) $\frac{3}{4}$

(C) 1

(E) $\frac{3}{2}$

9 What is the sum of the exponents of the prime factors of the square root of the largest perfect square that divides 12!?

(A) 5

(B) 7

(C) 8

(D) 10

(D) $\frac{4}{3}$

(E) 12

Alex has 75 red tokens and 75 blue tokens. There is a booth where Alex can give two red tokens and receive in return a silver token and a blue token, and another booth where Alex can give three blue tokens and receive in return a silver token and a red token. Alex continues to exchange tokens until no more exchanges are possible. How many silver tokens will Alex have at the end?

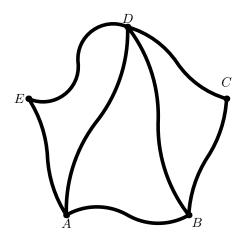
(A) 62

(B) 82

(C) 83

(D 102

- Two bees start at the same spot and fly at the same rate in the following directions. Bee A travels 1 foot north, then 1 foot east, then 1 foot upwards, and then continues to repeat this pattern. Bee B travels 1 foot south, then 1 foot west, and then continues to repeat this pattern. In what directions are the bees traveling when they are exactly 10 feet away from each other?
 - (A) A east, B west
- **(B)** A north, B south
- (C) A north, B west
- **(D)** A up, B south
- **(E)** $A \operatorname{up}, B$
- 12 Cities A, B, C, D, and E are connected by roads \widetilde{AB} , \widetilde{AD} , \widetilde{AE} , \widetilde{BC} , \widetilde{BD} , \widetilde{CD} , \widetilde{DE} . How many different routes are there from A to B that use each road exactly once? (Such a route will necessarily visit cities more than once.)



- **(A)** 7
- **(B)** 9
- **(C)** 12
- **(D)** 16
- **(E)** 18
- The internal angles of quadrilateral ABCD form an arithmetic progression. Triangles ABD and DCB are similar with $\angle DBA = \angle DCB$ and $\angle ADB = \angle CBD$. Moreover, the angles in each of these two triangles also form an arithmetic progression. In degrees, what is the largest possible sum of the two largest angles of ABCD?
 - **(A)** 210
- **(B)** 220
- **(C)** 230
- **(D** 240
- **(E)** 250
- Two non-decreasing sequences of nonnegative integers have different first terms. Each sequence has the property that each term beginning with the third is the sum of the previous two terms, and the seventh term of each sequence is N. What is the smallest possible value of N?
 - **(A)** 55
- **(B)** 89
- **(C)** 104
- **(D** 144
- **(E)** 273

15 The number 2013 is expressed in the form

$$2013 = \frac{a_1! a_2! \cdots a_m!}{b_1! b_2! \cdots b_n!},$$

where $a_1 \geq a_2 \geq \cdots \geq a_m$ and $b_1 \geq b_2 \geq \cdots \geq b_n$ are positive integers and $a_1 + b_1$ is as small as possible. What is $|a_1 - b_1|$?

- **(A)** 1
- **(B)** 2
- **(C)** 3
- **(D** 4
- **(E)** 5

16 Let ABCDE be an equiangular convex pentagon of perimeter 1. The pairwise intersections of the lines that extend the side of the pentagon determine a five-pointed star polygon. Let s be the perimeter of the star. What is the difference between the maximum and minimum possible perimeter of s?

- **(A)** 0
- **(B)** $\frac{1}{2}$ **(C)** $\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}$ **(D)** $\frac{\sqrt{5}+1}{2}$ **(E)** $\sqrt{5}$

17 Let a, b, and c be real numbers such that

$$a+b+c=2$$
, and $a^2+b^2+c^2=12$

What is the difference between the maximum and minimum possible values of c?

- **(A)** 2
- **(B)** $\frac{10}{3}$

- (C) 4 (D) $\frac{16}{3}$ (E) $\frac{20}{3}$

18 Barbara and Jenna play the following game, in which they take turns. A number of coins lie on a table. When it is Barbara's turn, she must remove 2 or 4 coins, unless only one coin remains, in which case she loses her turn. When it is Jenna's turn, she must remove 1 or 3 coins. A coin flip determines who goes first. Whoever removes the last coin wins the game. Assume both players use their best strategy. Who will win when the game starts with 2013 coins and when the game starts with 2014 coins?

(A) Barbara will win with 2013 coins, and Jenna will win with 2014 coins. (B) Jenna will win with 2013 coins, and whoever goes first will win with 2014 coins. (C) Barbara will win with 2013 coins, and whoever goes second will win with 2014 coins. (D) Jenna will win with 2013coins, and Barbara will win with 2014 coins. (E) Whoever goes first will win with 2013 coins, and whoever goes second will win with 2014 coins.

19 In triangle ABC, AB = 13, BC = 14, and CA = 15. Distinct points D, E, and F lie on segments \overline{BC} , \overline{CA} , and \overline{DE} , respectively, such that $\overline{AD} \perp \overline{BC}$, $\overline{DE} \perp \overline{AC}$, and $\overline{AF} \perp \overline{BF}$. The length of segment \overline{DF} can be written as $\frac{m}{n}$, where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. What is m+n?

- **(A)** 18
- **(B)** 21
- **(C)** 24
- **(D** 27
- **(E)** 30

For $135^{\circ} < x < 180^{\circ}$, points $P = (\cos x, \cos^2 x), Q = (\cot x, \cot^2 x), R = (\sin x, \sin^2 x)$ and 20 $S = (\tan x, \tan^2 x)$ are the vertices of a trapezoid. What is $\sin(2x)$?

(A) $2-2\sqrt{2}$ **(B)** $3\sqrt{3}-6$ **(C)** $3\sqrt{2}-5$ **(D)** $-\frac{3}{4}$ **(E)** $1-\sqrt{3}$

Consider the set of 30 parabolas defined as follows: all parabolas have as focus the point 21 (0,0) and the directrix lines have the form y = ax + b with a and b integers such that $a \in$ $\{-2,-1,0,1,2\}$ and $b\in\{-3,-2,-1,1,2,3\}$. No three of these parabolas have a common point. How many points in the plane are on two of these parabolas?

(A) 720

(B) 760

(C) 810

(D 840

(E) 870

22 Let m>1 and n>1 be integers. Suppose that the product of the solutions for x of the equation

 $8(\log_n x)(\log_m x) - 7\log_n x - 6\log_m x - 2013 = 0$

is the smallest possible integer. What is m + n?

(A) 12

(B) 20

(C) 24

(D 48

(E) 272

23 Bernardo chooses a three-digit positive integer N and writes both its base-5 and base-6 representations on a blackboard. Later LeRoy sees the two numbers Bernardo has written. Treating the two numbers as base-10 integers, he adds them to obtain an integer S. For example, if N=749, Bernardo writes the numbers 10,444 and 3,245, and LeRoy obtains the sum S=13.689. For how many choices of N are the two rightmost digits of S, in order, the same as those of 2N?

(A) 5

(B) 10

(C) 15

(D 20

(E) 25

Let ABC be a triangle where M is the midpoint of \overline{AC} , and \overline{CN} is the angle bisector of $\angle ACB$ 24 with N on \overline{AB} . Let X be the intersection of the median \overline{BM} and the bisector \overline{CN} . In addition $\triangle BXN$ is equilateral and AC=2. What is BN^2 ?

(A) $\frac{10-6\sqrt{2}}{7}$

(B) $\frac{2}{9}$ **(C)** $\frac{5\sqrt{2}-3\sqrt{3}}{8}$ **(D)** $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$ **(E)** $\frac{3\sqrt{3}-4}{5}$.

Let G be the set of polynomials of the form 25

$$P(z) = z^{n} + c_{n-1}z^{n-1} + \dots + c_{2}z^{2} + c_{1}z + 50,$$

where $c_1, c_2, \cdots, c_{n-1}$ are integers and P(z) has n distinct roots of the form a+ib with a and bintegers. How many polynomials are in G?

(A) 288

(B) 528

(C) 576

(D 992



These problems are copyright © Mathematical Association of America (http://maa.org).