Ensuring Consistency between Classifiers and Classes

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Our Challenge

- How can we keep non-code development artifacts synchronized with source code?
 - requirements and feature descriptions (Microsoft Word or text documents)
 - architecture descriptions (Viseo drawings, SVG or text documents)
 - design artifacts (UML documents as encoded by XML files)
 - specifications (structured English + pragmas)

Current State of Affairs

- requirements are written by customers
- features are written by marketing
- analysis and design documents are written by "architects"
- specifications are written by programmers
- tests are written by Q/A and programmers

in general, there is no consistency check!

Our Solution: Refinement using Type-logical Grammars

Refinement Big-Picture

Formal EBON

"A logical clock.";

"TickTockClock":

```
"Joe Kiniry";
                                                                 copyright:
                                                                              "Copyright (C) 2007 Joe Kiniry";
                                                                 organisation: "School of Computer Science and Informatics, UCD";
                                                                               "lanuary 2007":
                                                                 version
                                                                               "Revision: 11":
     Informal EBON
                                                               component
                                                                 deferred class LOGICAL CLOCK
class_chart LOGICAL_CLOCK
                                                                   my_time: INTEGER -- The current time of this clock.
explanation
 "A logical clock."
                                                                   -- What is the current time of this clock?
                                                                   deferred get_logical_time: INTEGER
  "What is the current time for this clock?"
                                                                     -- concurrency: CONCURRENT
command
                                                                     -- modifies: QUERY
 "Advance the clock; update the clock's time."
constraint
                                                                       Result = mv time:
  "The time must be non-negative.",
  "Must support concurrent use by multiple clients."
                                                                   deferred advance -- Advance this clock's time.
                                                                     -- concurrency: GUARDED
                                                                     -- modifies: my_time
                                                                       -- This clock's time has monotonically increased.
                                                                       old my_time < my_time;
                                                                  invariant
                                                                   0 <= my_time;</pre>
                                                                 end -- class LOGICAL CLOCK
                                                                end --component
```

about: title:

author:

JML

```
* A logical clock.
* @title
                 "TickTockClock"
* @date
                  "2007/01/23 18:00:49"
* @author
                  "Fintan Fairmichael"
* @organisation "CSI School, UCD"
* @copyright
                 "Copyright (C) 2007 UCD"
* @version
                 "$ Revision: 1.7 $"
public interface LogicalClock {
 // The current time of this clock.
 //@ public model instance \bigint _time;
  //@ public invariant 0 <= time:
  * @return What is the current time of this clock?
   * @concurrency CONCURRENT
  //@ ensures \result == _time;
 public /*@ pure @*/ long getLogicalTime();
  * Advance this clock's time.
  * @concurrency GUARDED
 //@ assignable _time;
 //@ ensures \old(_time) < _time;</pre>
 //@ ensures (* time has been increased. *):
 public void advance();
```

Java

```
* A logical clock implementation.
* @author "Joseph Kiniry"
public class LogicalClockImpl implements LogicalClock {
 /** The current logical time. */
 private long my_time = 0; //@ in _time;
 //@ private represents _time <- my_time;</pre>
 public long getLogicalTime() {
   return my_time;
 public void advance() {
   my_time++:
```

Example Refinement

```
class_chart ALARM
explanation
  "An alarm."
query
  "Is this alarm on?"
command
  "Turn this alarm on.",
  "Turn this alarm off."
constraint
  "The alarm is either on or off."
end
```

```
indexing
  about: "An alarm.";
static_diagram
component
  deferred class ALARM
  feature
    deferred on -- Turn this alarm on.
      ensure
        is_on();
      end
    deferred off -- Turn this alarm off.
      ensure
        not is_on();
      end
    deferred is_on: BOOLEAN -- Is this alarm on?
  invariant
    on xor off -- The alarm is either on or off.
  end
end
```

```
* An alarm that is either on or off.
public interface AlarmInterface {
 /** Turn this alarm on. */
 //@ ensures is0n();
 public void on();
 /** Turn this alarm off. */
 //@ ensures !is0n();
 public void off();
 /** @returns Is this alarm on? */
 public /*@ pure @*/ boolean isOn();
```

Type-logical Semantics

- Bob Carpenter (while at CMU in early 90s)
 - lexical semantics characterizing the meaning of expressions
 - compositional semantics explains the meanings of arbitrarily complex linguistic expressions in terms of the meaning of their subexpressions and the manner in which they are combined

Logical Foundations

- simple grammars in lambda-calculus and higher-order (modal) logic
 - simple sentences in English with argument and adjunct structure
- categorical grammar based upon typetheory and its associated logic
 - coordination, quantifier scope, anaphora, unbounded dependency constructions

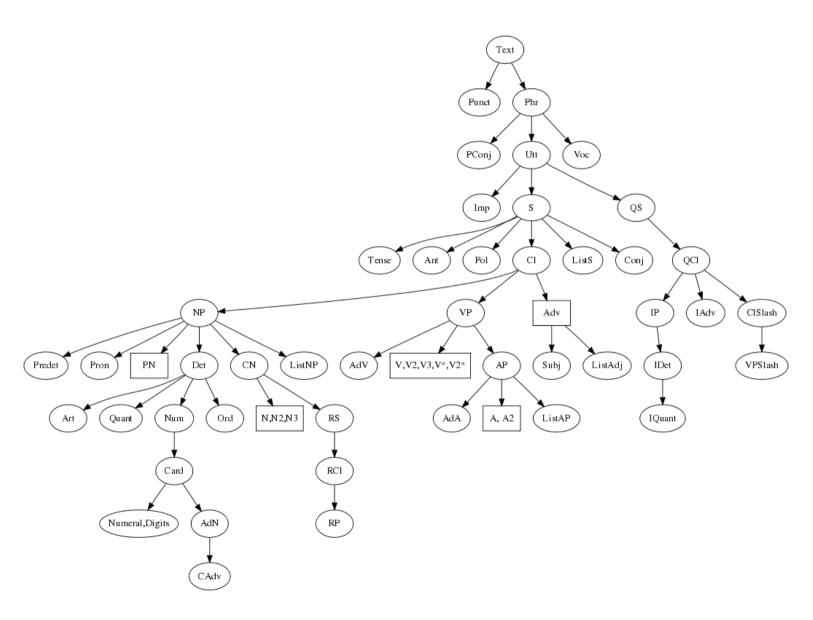
The Grammatical Framework (GF)

- Aarne Ranta's group in Gothenburg, Sweden
- FLOSS special-purpose functional language and NLP framework for writing grammars
- interfaces with Haskell, Java, JavaScript, etc.
- encode categorical grammars a la Carpenter
- is a logical framework a la PVS/Coq/Isabelle
- has been used to translate: mathematical proofs into English, formal specifications into English, natural languages, etc.

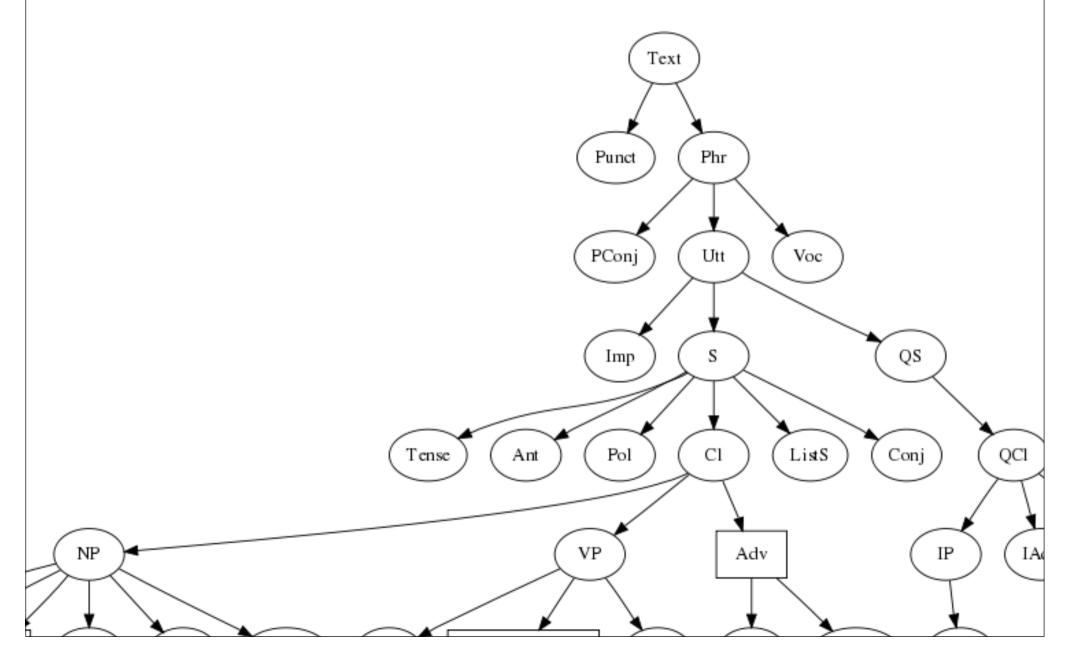
GF Language Features

- static type checking
- higher-order functions
- dependent types
- pattern matching with data constructors and regular expressions
- module system with multiple inheritance and parameterized modules

Categories in GF



Categories in GF



CFGs in GF

```
Pred. S ::= NP VP;
Compl. VP ::= V2 NP;
John. NP ::= "John";
Mary. NP ::= "Mary";
Love. V2 ::= "loves";
```

John loves Mary

Returns the natural logarithm (base e) of a double value.

Separating Abstract and Concrete Syntax

- each rule is converted to two judgements
 - fun, declaring a syntactic function
 - lin, giving its linearization rule

```
Pred. S ::= NP VP ===> fun Pred : NP -> VP -> S lin Pred np vp = np ++ vp
```

GF Grammars

- grammars are divided into two **modules**
 - **abstract** module (cat and fun judgements)
 - concrete module (lincat and lin judgements)

| Judgement | Interpretation |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| cat C | C is a category |
| fun f: T | f is a function of type T |
| lincat C = L | C has linearization type L |
| $\lim_{t \to \infty} f(xs) = t$ | f xs has linearization t |

Execution Strategy

- develop an abstract grammar for software engineering artifacts
 - categories for system, cluster, class, description, explanation, query, command, constraint, and other semantic properties
- create concrete grammars for each concrete syntax
 - restricted English found in documentation
 - EBON CFG
- define type refinements between categorical types

Kind Theory

- paraconsistent, autoepistemic, categorical logic of reuse
- used to describe relationships between reusable artifacts and their instances
 - informal description ← formal model-based specification ← BISL ← source ← object code
 - informal EBON ← formal EBON ← JML ← Java source code ← Java bytecode

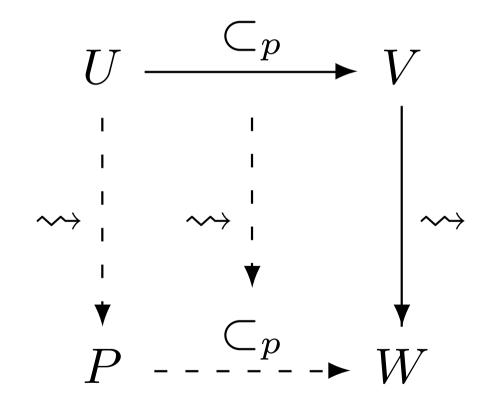
Commuting Diagrams

if

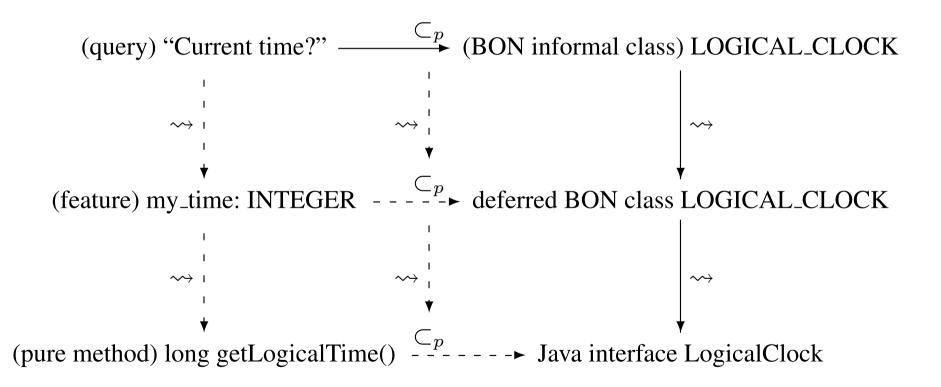
- U is a part of V and
- V interprets to W

then

- U interprets to P
- P is a part of W
- an interpretation of "part of" exists



Feature Refinement



In Action

```
class_chart ALARM
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  "An alarm."
query
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command
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In Action

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end
```

ALARM≜
this→Expl⊗

on: this→B⊗
turn_on: this→B→this⊗
turn_off: this→B→this

The BON Tool Suite

- BONc: compiler-like framework for EBON (parser, type-checker, doc generation, etc.)
- Beetlz: refinement checker and generator between EBON and JML (fully round-trip)
- BON Eclipse perspective (integrates graphical and textual view of EBON)
- GF-based refinement (refinement checker and generator between informal and formal EBON)

Next Steps

- mechanical formalization of refinement in HOL
- integration of type-logical grammar work
- verification of refinement implementation
- extended static checking for English
- integration with WordNet and OpenCyc
- semantic types via JML contracts

Thanks

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