

National University of Computer & Emerging Sciences, Karachi Fall-2018 CS-Department



Lab Final

| Course Code: CL205 | Course Name: Operating Systems Lab | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
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| Student Roll No: | Section: | | |

"If there is something, you don't know today. You will surely learn afterwards. Life is not an exam hall."

| exam hall." BEST OF LUCK! | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
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| urs and I'll break. | | | | | |
| Max Marks: 40 points | | | | | |
| nd threads? (5 marks) | | | | | |
| Output | | | | | |
| Output | | | | | |
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```
Write appropriate system calls in the blanks
                                                                                (5 marks)
int main(void) {
      int shmid;
      key t key;
      char *shm, *s;
      key = 2211;
      fflush(stdin);
      if((shmid = ____(key, MAXSIZE, IPC_CREAT | 0666)) < 0)
             die("error");
      if((shm = ____ ( ____, NULL, 0)) == (char*) -1)
             die("error");
      for(s = shm; *s != '\0'; s++)
             putchar(*s);
      *shm = '*';
      printf("\n");
      exit(0);
}
Advantage of FIFO over pipe is
                                               Which is Fastest IPC?
   a) related processes can communicate
                                                   a) Message Queue
   b) unrelated processes can communicate
                                                   b) shared memory
   c) all of the mentioned
                                                   c) Socket
                                                   d) All of the mentioned
   d) none of the mentioned
What are the two basic function for any module?
                                                                                (5 marks)
Command for compiling module ______
Command for adding module to kernel ______
What is the output on the terminal after compiling?
printk(KERN INFO "Hey! \n");
printk(KERN_INFO "Final Paper of OS");
printk("GoodBye");
return 0;
What is the difference between the two program?
                                                                                (2 marks)
pthread t t[N];
                                             pthread t t[N];
 for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
                                              for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
 pthread_create(&t[i], NULL, thread_func,
                                              pthread create(&t[i], NULL,
NULL);
                                              thread_func, NULL);
 for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
                                              pthread_join(t[i], NULL);
 pthread_join(t[i], NULL);
```

| True or false: Code in an OpenMP | program that is covered by | a pragma is execute | ed by all threads. |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| | | | (1 marks) |

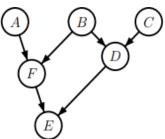
A bank has four counters to give their services to customers.

- Counter 1 is used for Cash Withdrawals
- Counter 2 is used for Deposits
- Counter 3 is used for submitting Challans
- Counter 4 is used for Bank Inquiry

| ement this system using OpenMP for total counter. | (5 marks) |
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Write a sketch of a C program that uses Pthreads to execute the five functions in a way that is maximally parallel, but adheres to the above dependency graph.

The edge from node B to node D means that functionB must be called, and must return, before functionD can be called. (2 marks)



Write all possible output on executing the code below?

(3 marks)

```
sem_t mutex;
int i=0;
void* thread(void* arg)
  Int a= * ((int*)arg);
  i++;
  printf("\nEntering..\n");
  sem_wait(&mutex);
  i++;
  printf("\n %d Entered..\n",a);
  printf(" Value of i is %d",i);
  sem_post(&mutex);
}
int main()
  sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
  pthread_t t1,t2;
  pthread_create(&t1,NULL,thread,&0);
  pthread_create(&t2,NULL,thread,&1);
  pthread join(t1,NULL);
  pthread_join(t2,NULL);
  sem_destroy(&mutex);
  return 0; }
```

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A car is manufactured at each stop on a conveyor belt in a car factory. A car is constructed from the following parts - chassis, tires, seats, engine, the top cover, and painting. Thus there are 6 tasks in manufacturing a car. However, tires, seats or the engine cannot be added until the chassis is placed on the belt. The car top cannot be added until tires, seats and the engine are put in. Finally, the car cannot be painted until the top is put on.

A stop on the conveyor belt in your car company has four technicians assigned to it - Abe, Bob, Charlie, and Dave. Abe is skilled at adding tires and painting, Bob can only put the chassis on the belt, Charlie only knows how to attach the seats, and Dave knows how to add the engine as well as how to add the top.

Write code for Abe, Bob, Charlie and Dave to be able to work on the car, without violating the task order outlined above. (5 marks)

| | a code snippet which sets defau Cand func B to floating point error | It behavior of ctrl+ ignores ctrl+Z, ass | ign funcA to (5 marks) |
|-------------|--|--|---------------------------|
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| | | | |
| What | is the output on executing the coo | de below and pressing ctrl+Z 3 times? | (2 marks) |
| int ma { | in(void) | Output | |
| l | <pre>int i; signal(SIGSTP, quit); signal(SIGKILL, quit);</pre> | | |
| 1 | for (i = 1; i <= 20000000; i++) { } | | |
| } | | | |
| void q | uit(int sig) { signal(sig, quit); cout<<"Ha Ha"; | | |
| | | | |