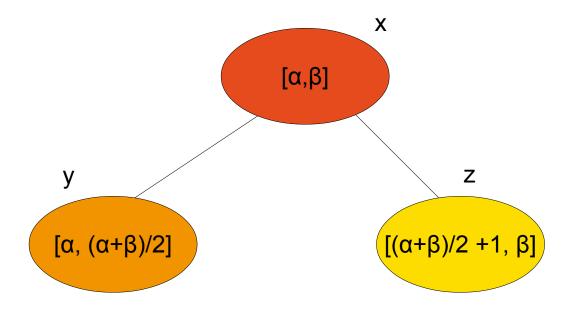
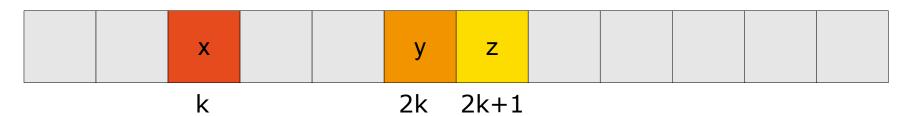


Interval Trees (αναπαράσταση στη μνήμη)



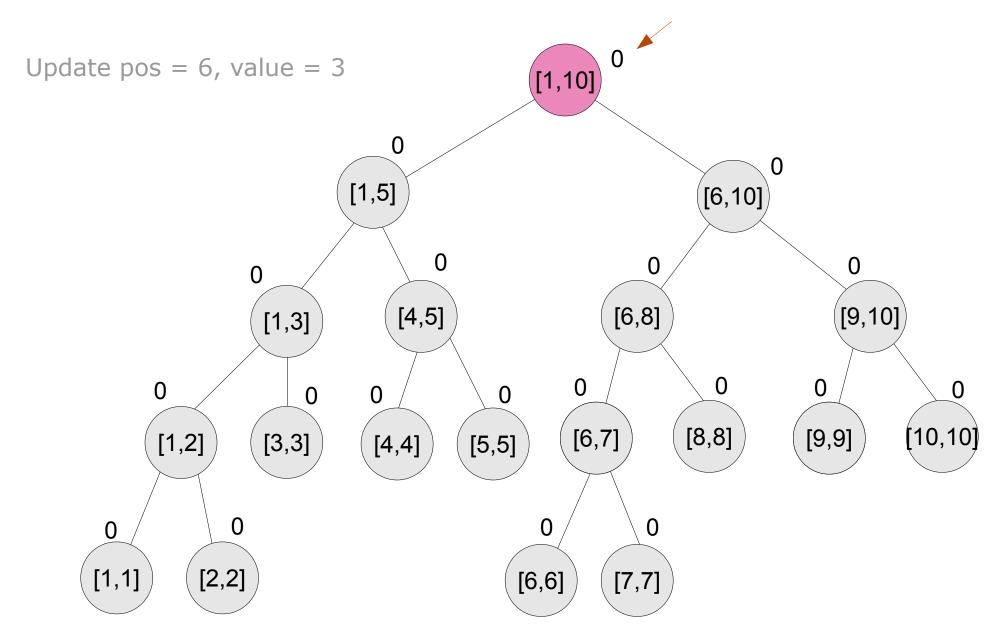
Πίνακας Τ:

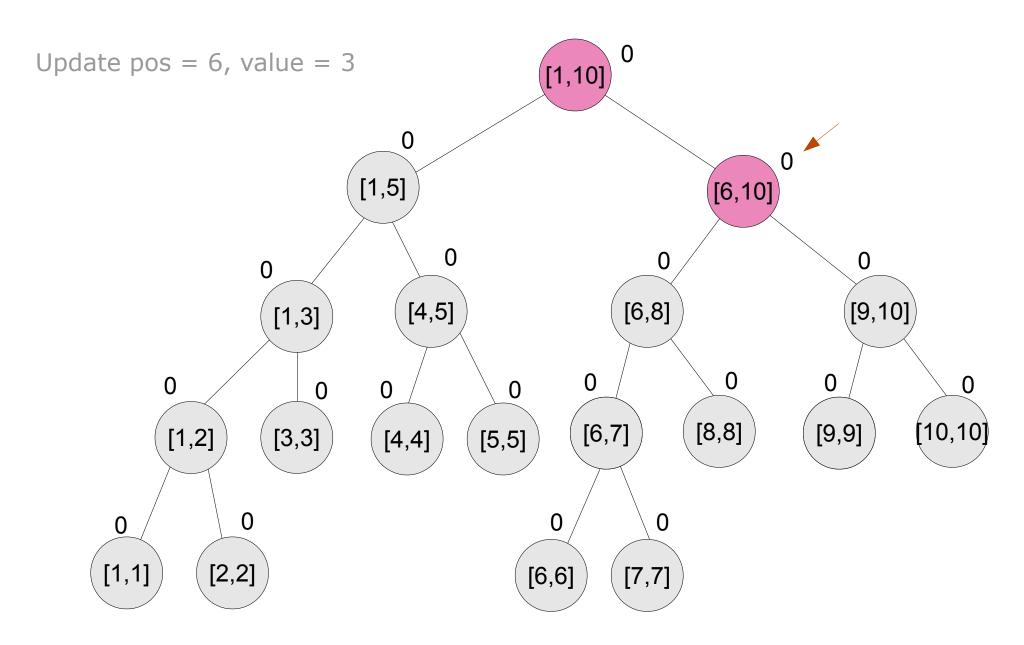


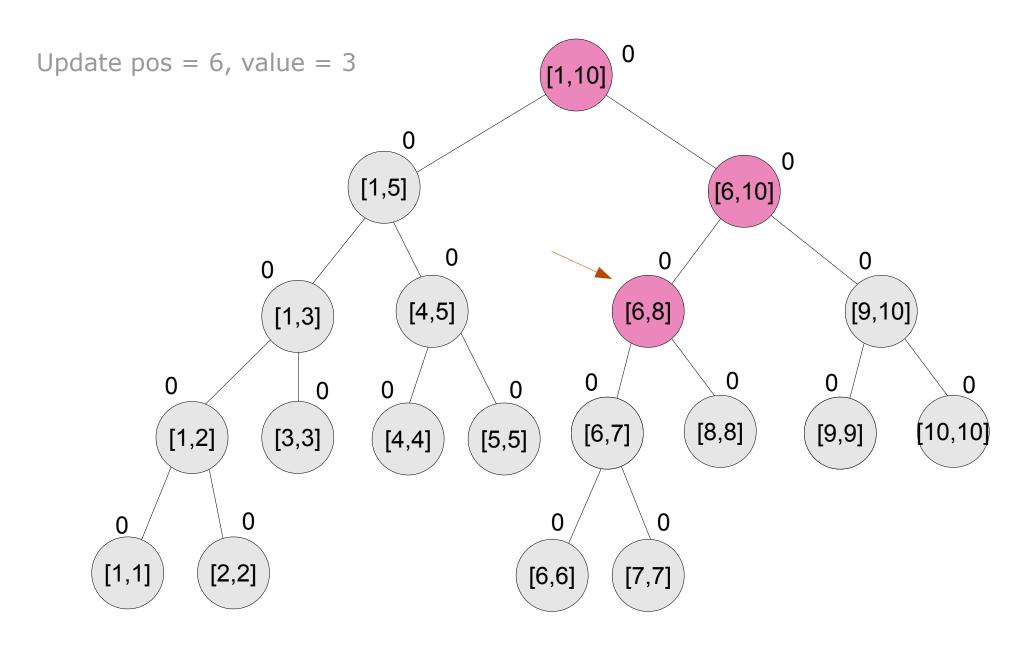
Αριστερό παιδί του k : 2 * k

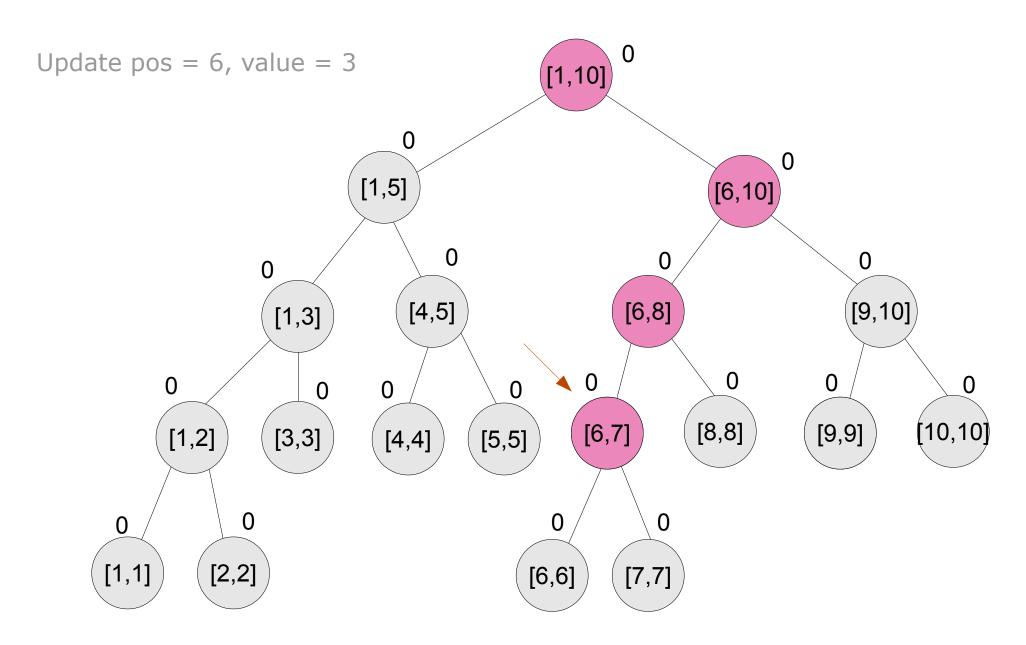
 $\Delta \epsilon \xi$ ιό παιδί του k: 2 * k + 1

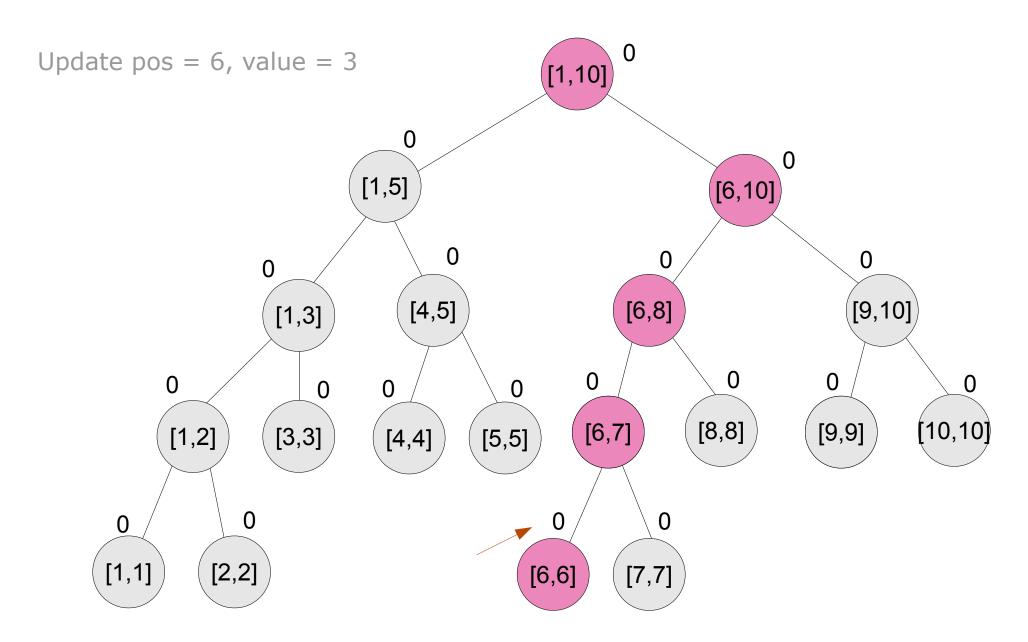
Πατέρας του k: k / 2

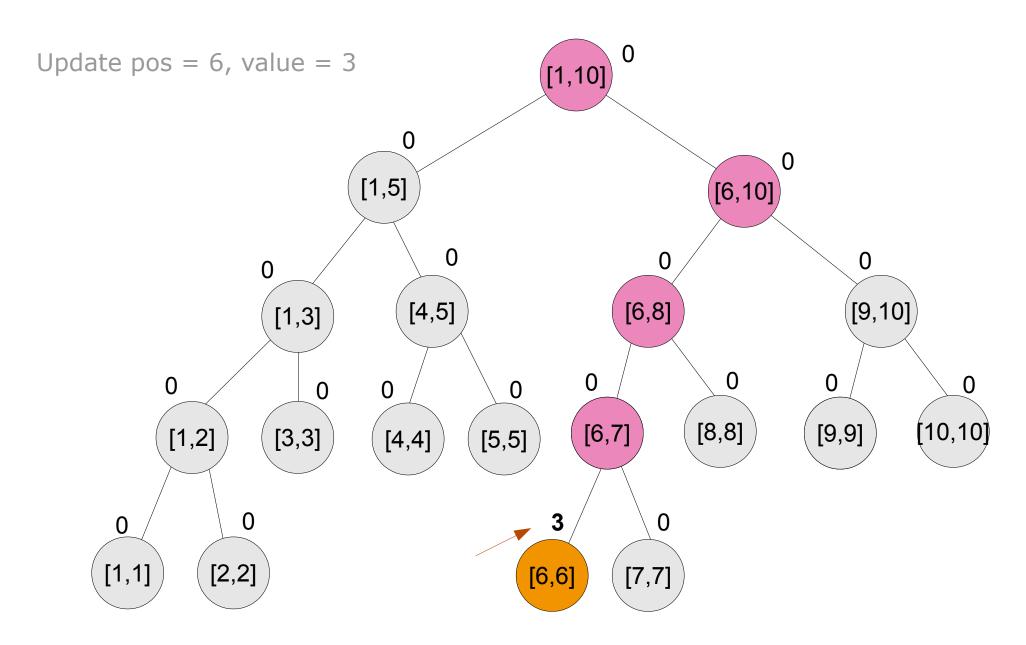


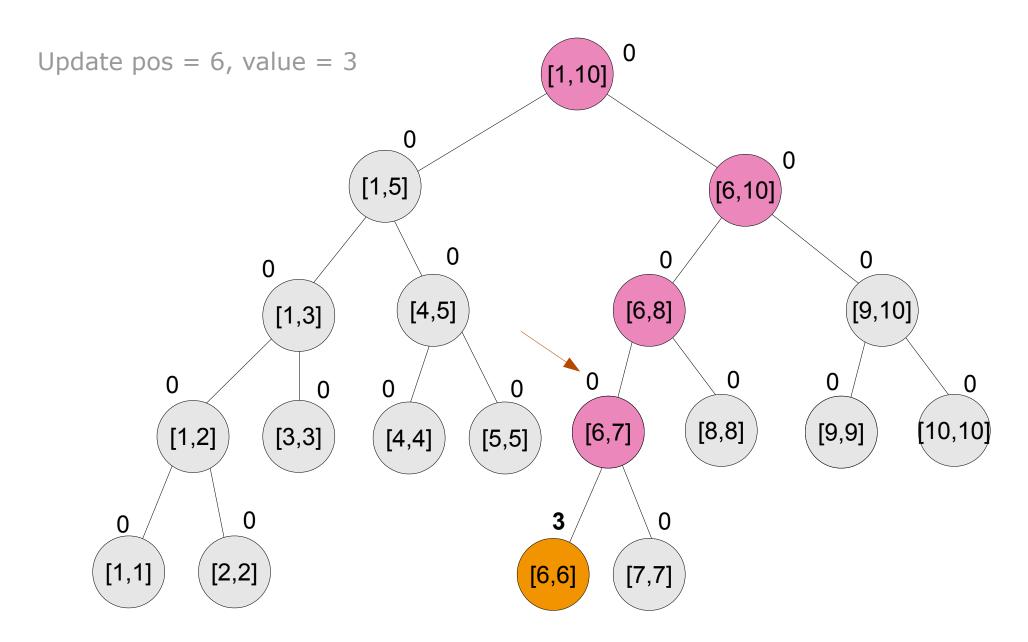


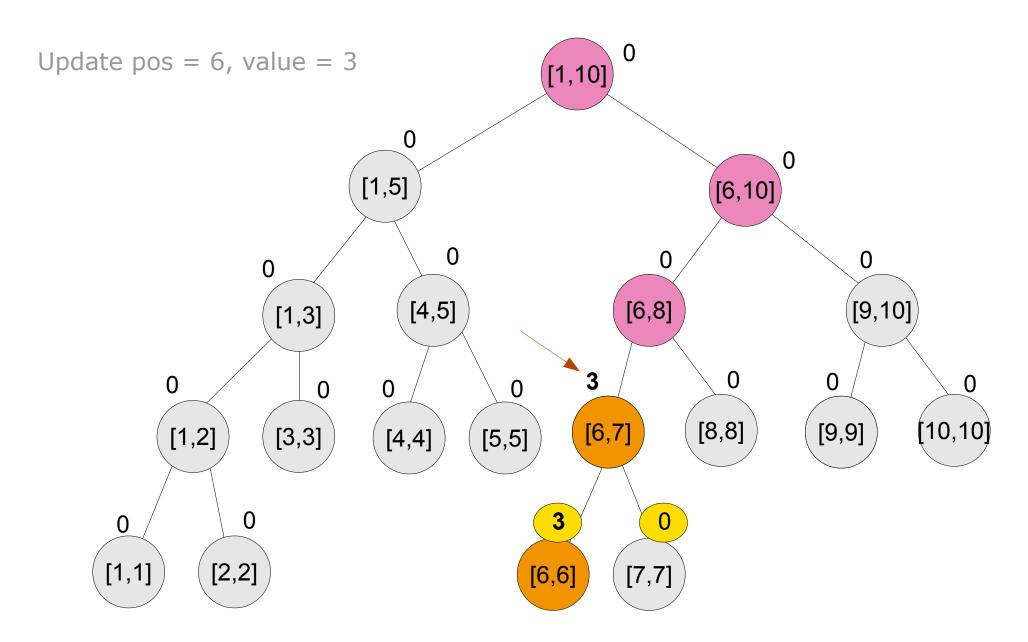


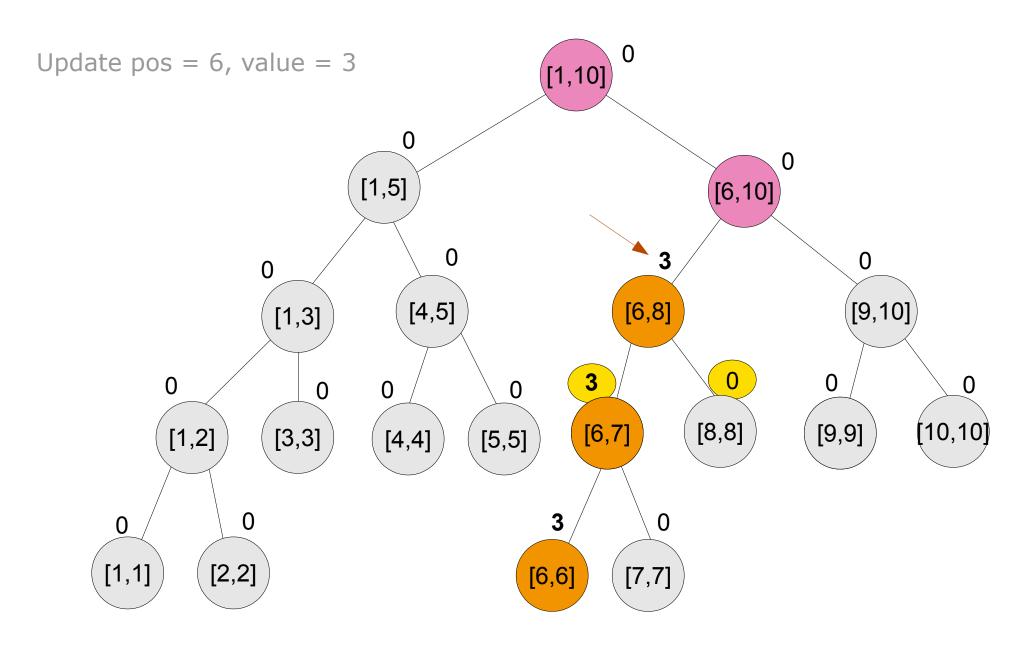


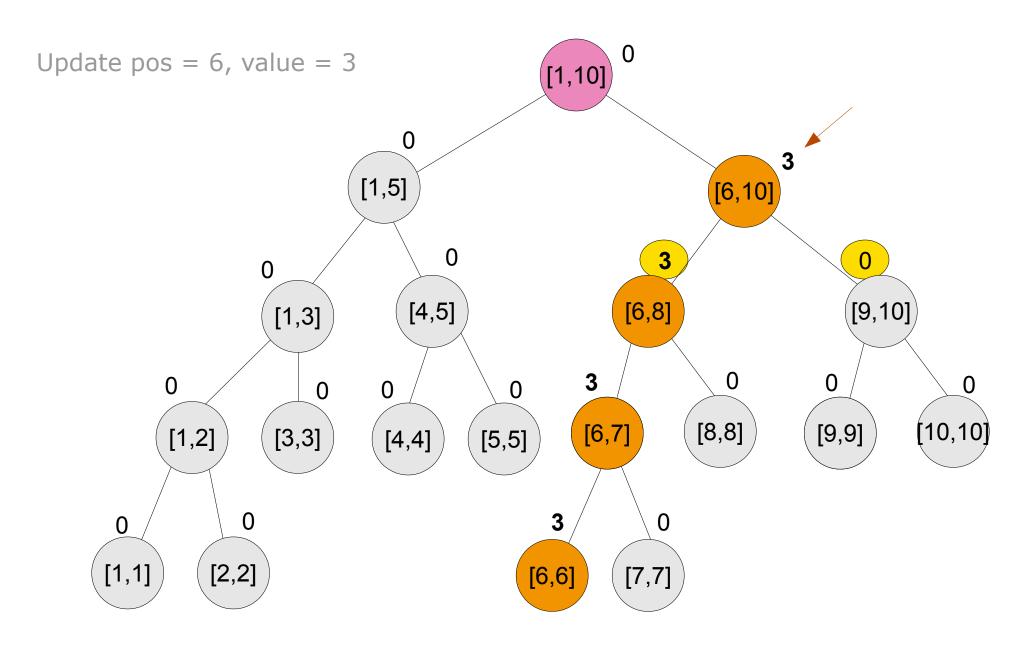


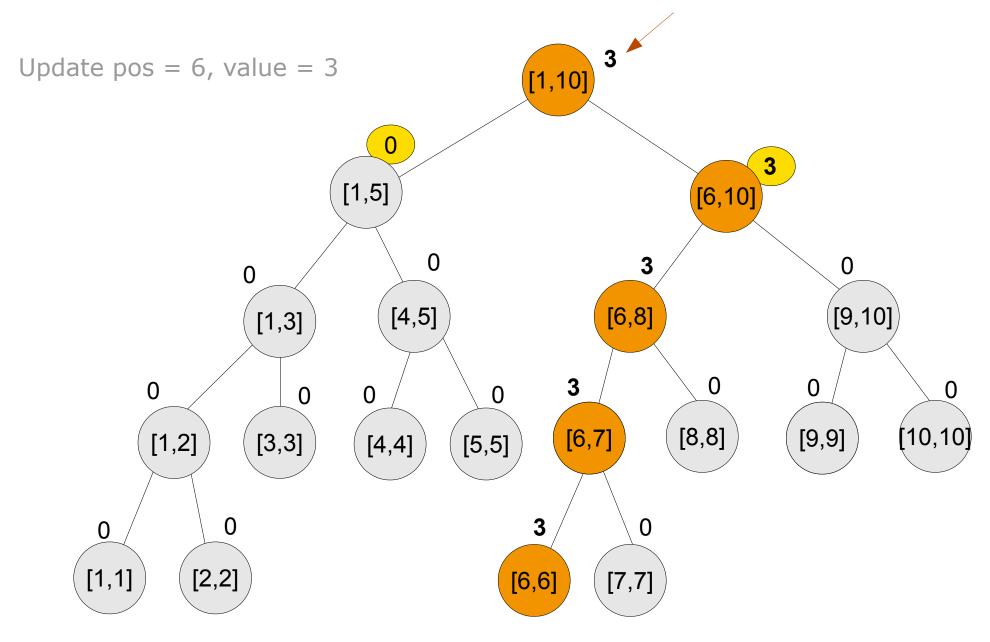


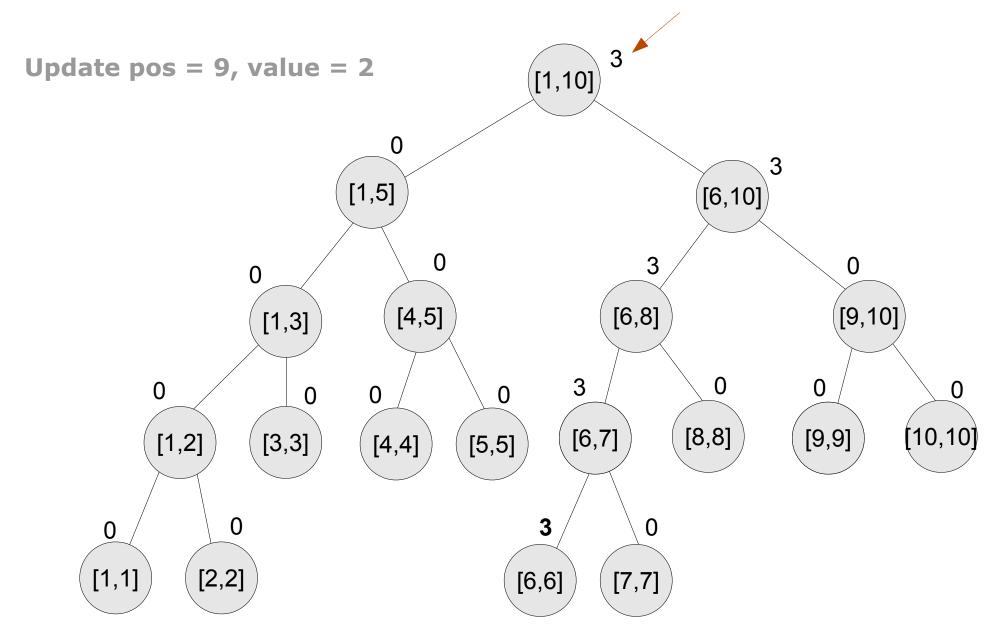


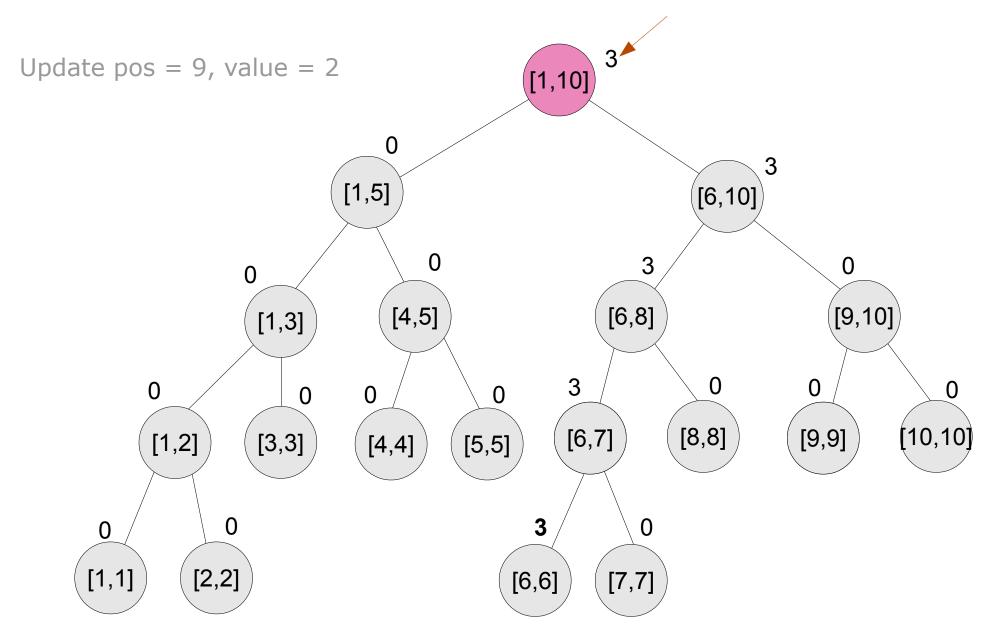


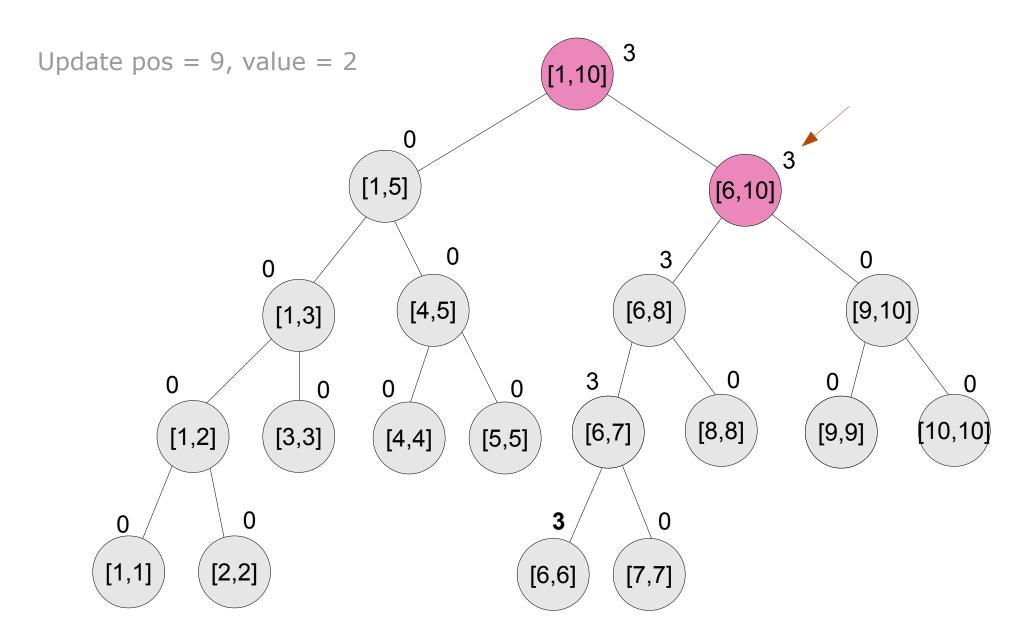


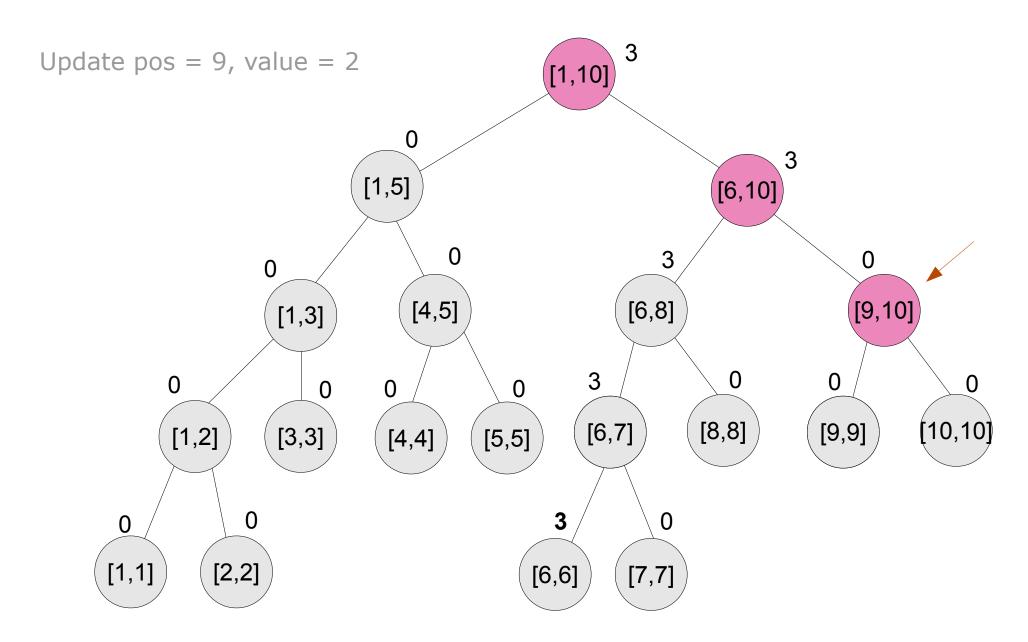


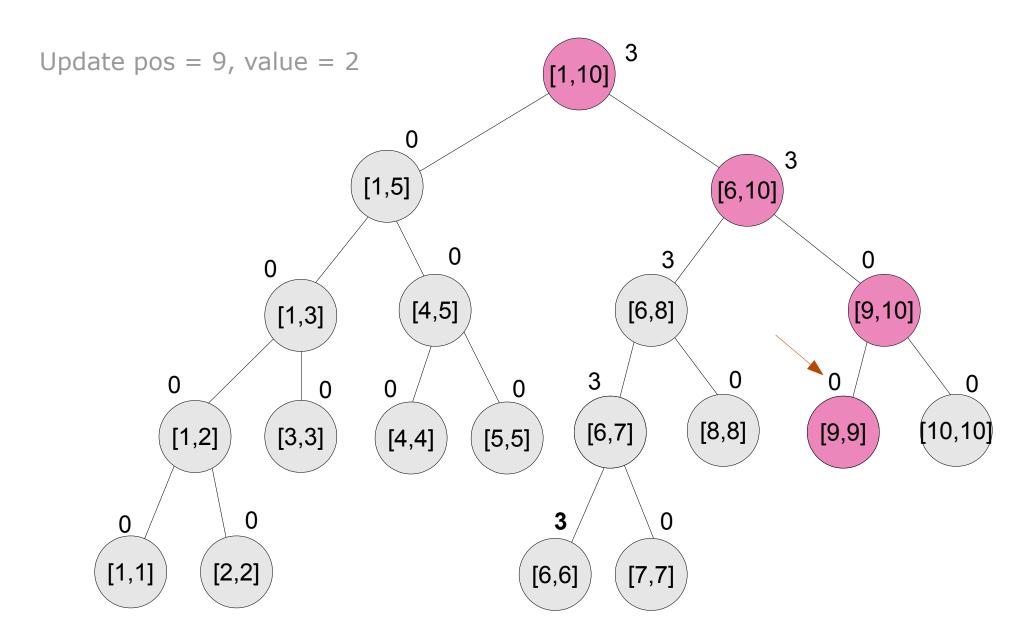


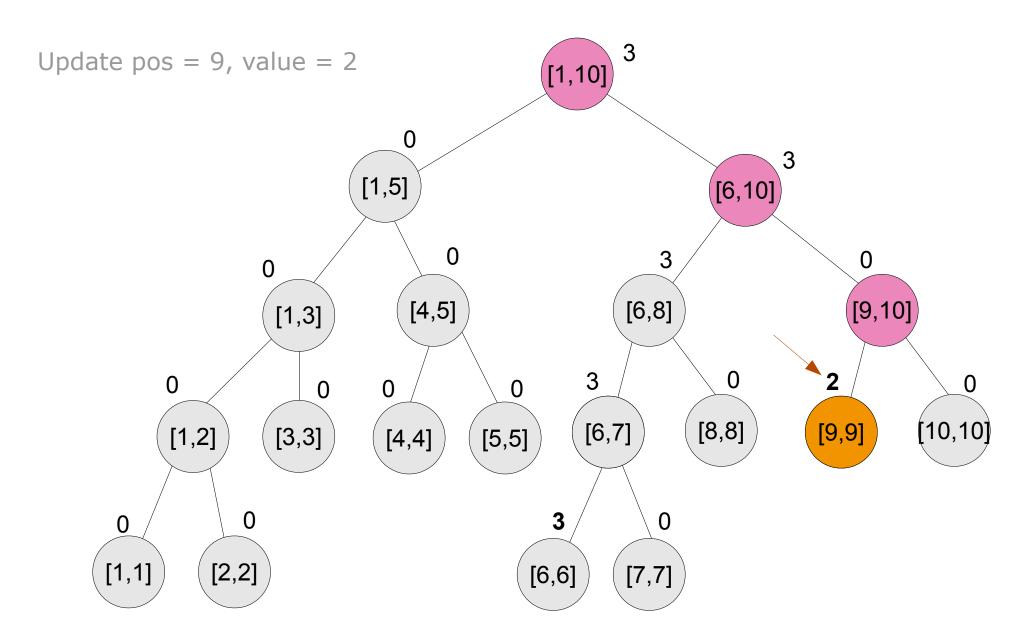


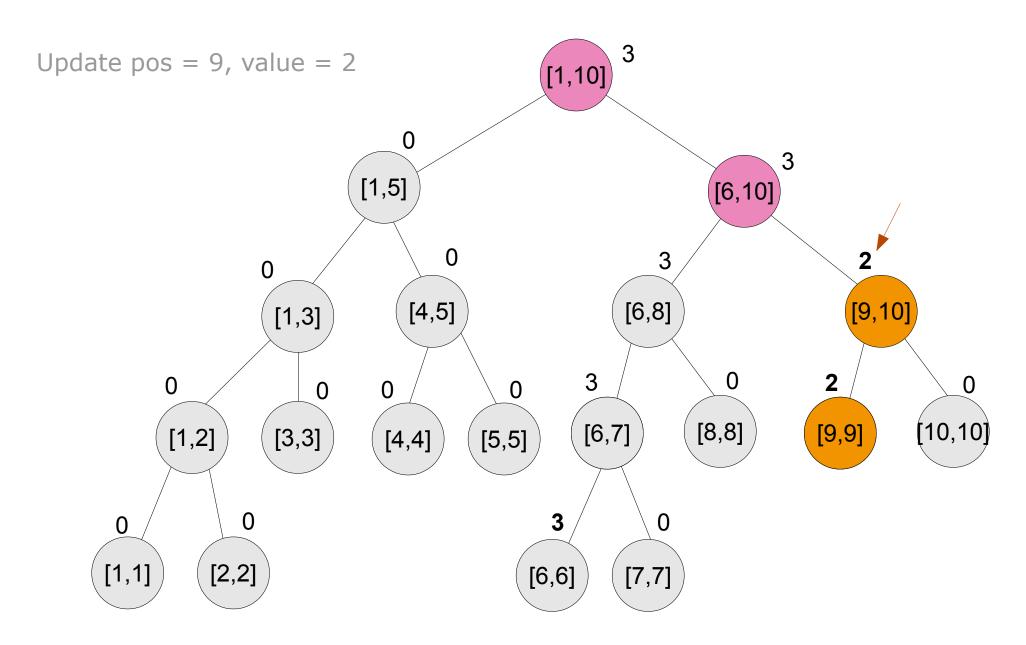


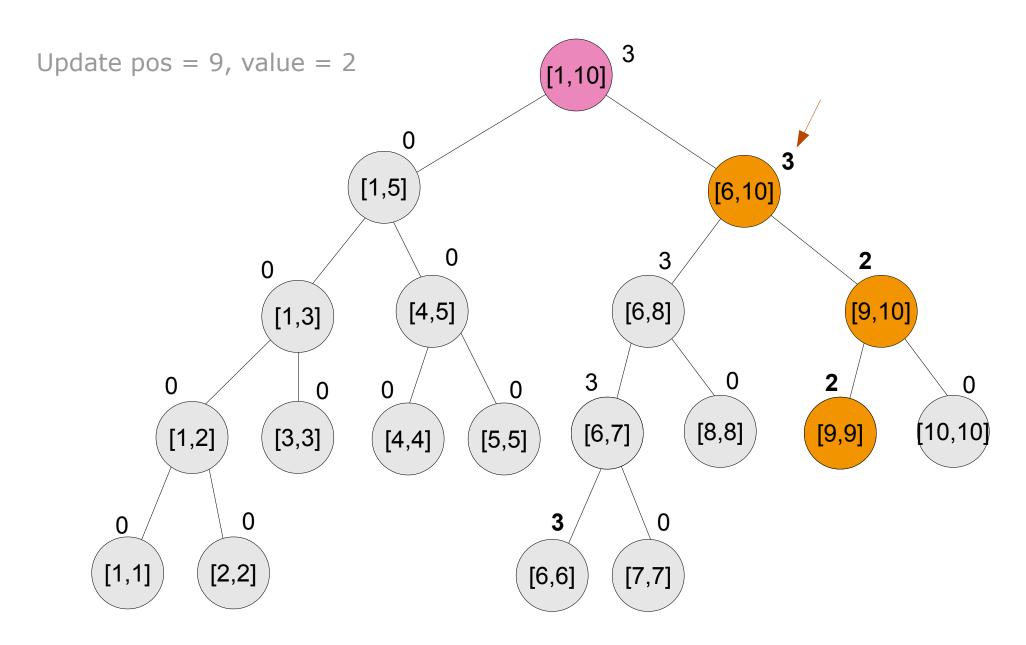


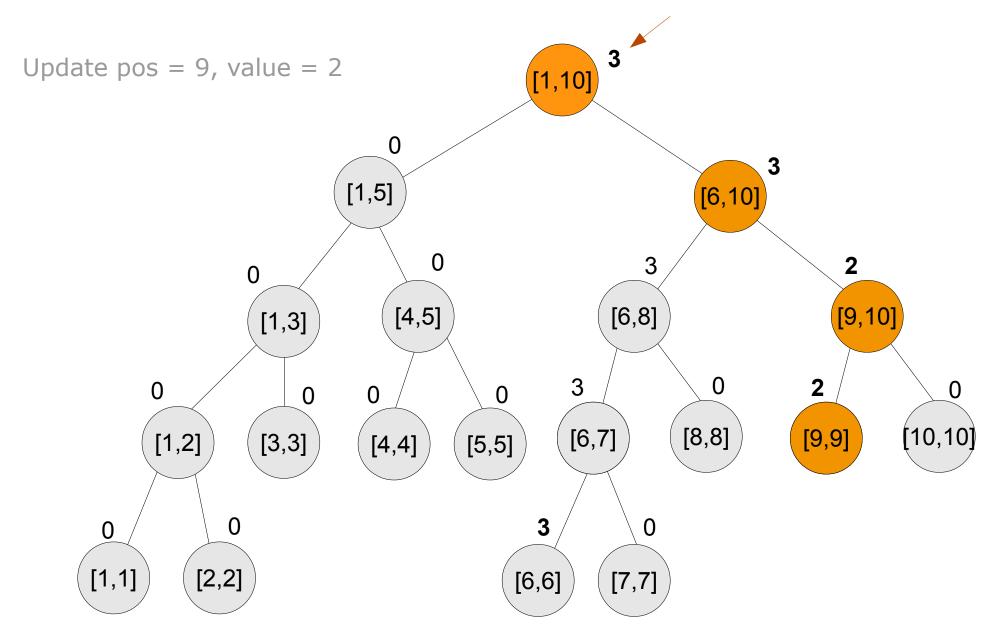




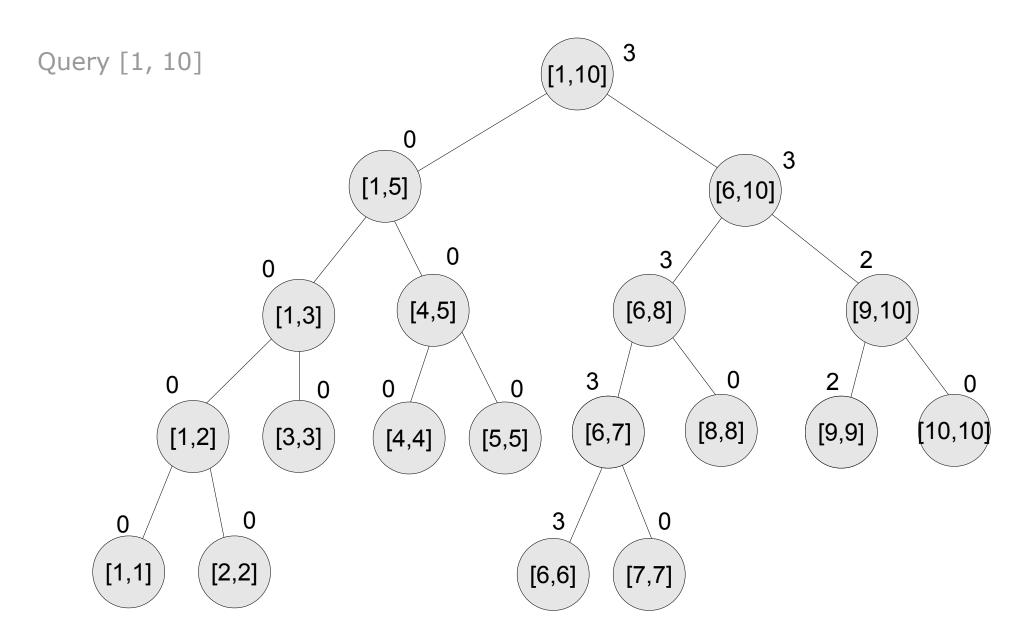


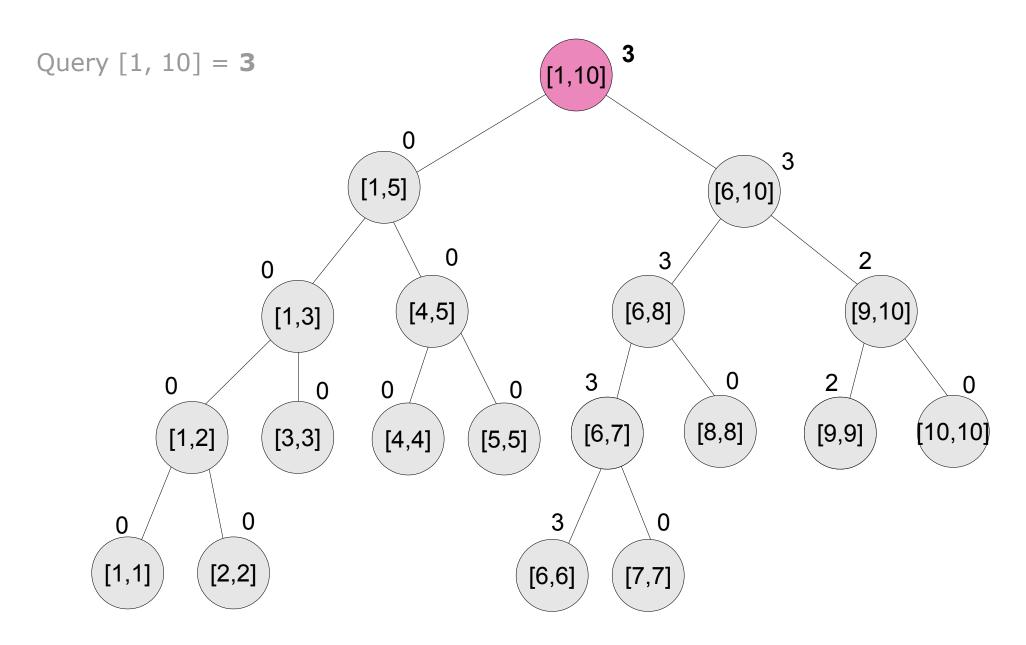


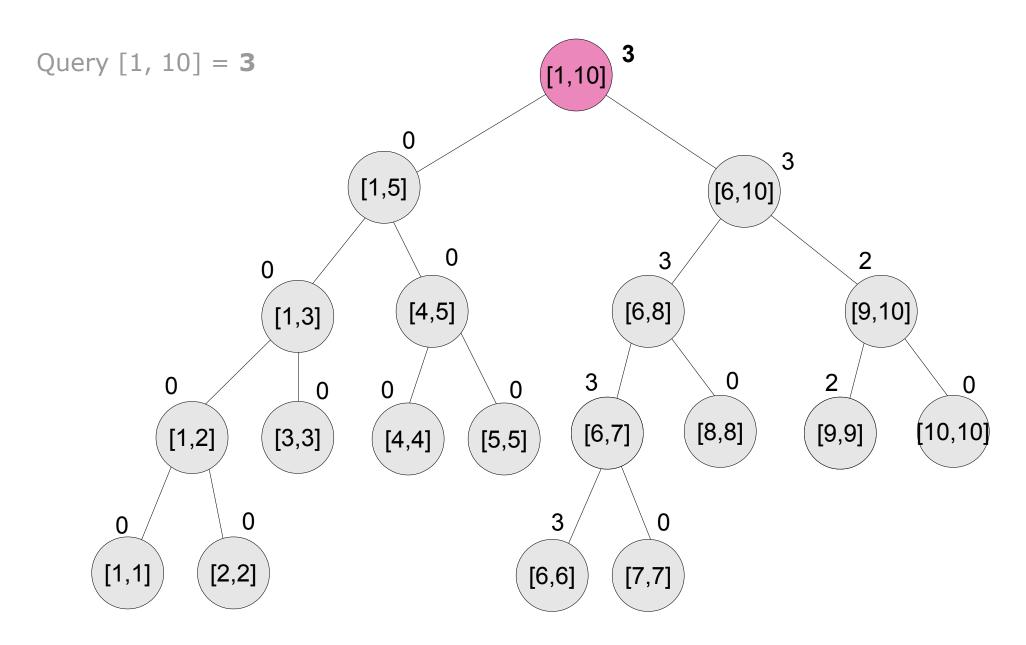


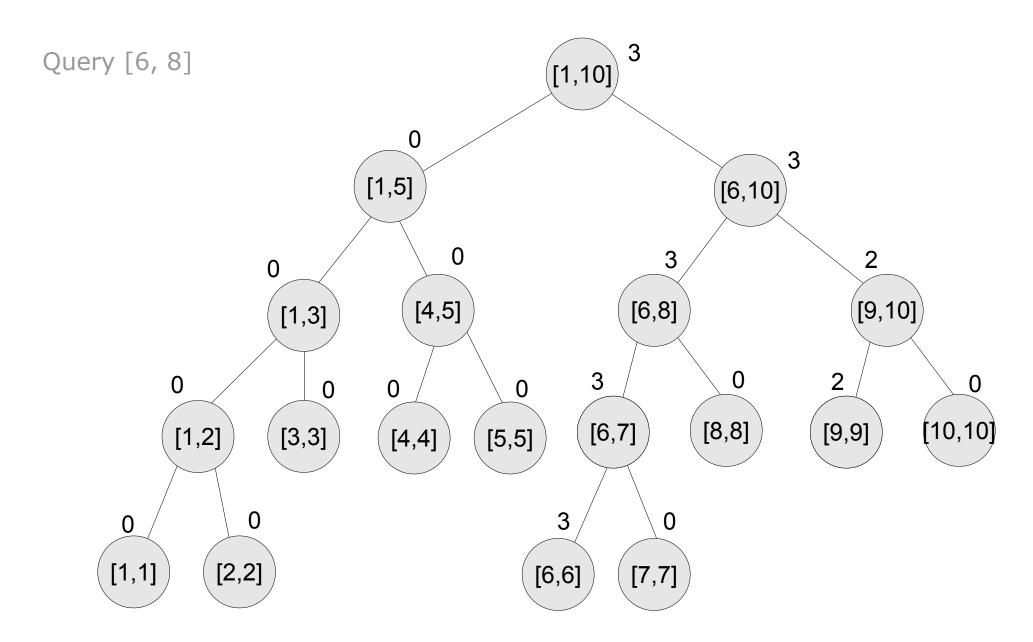


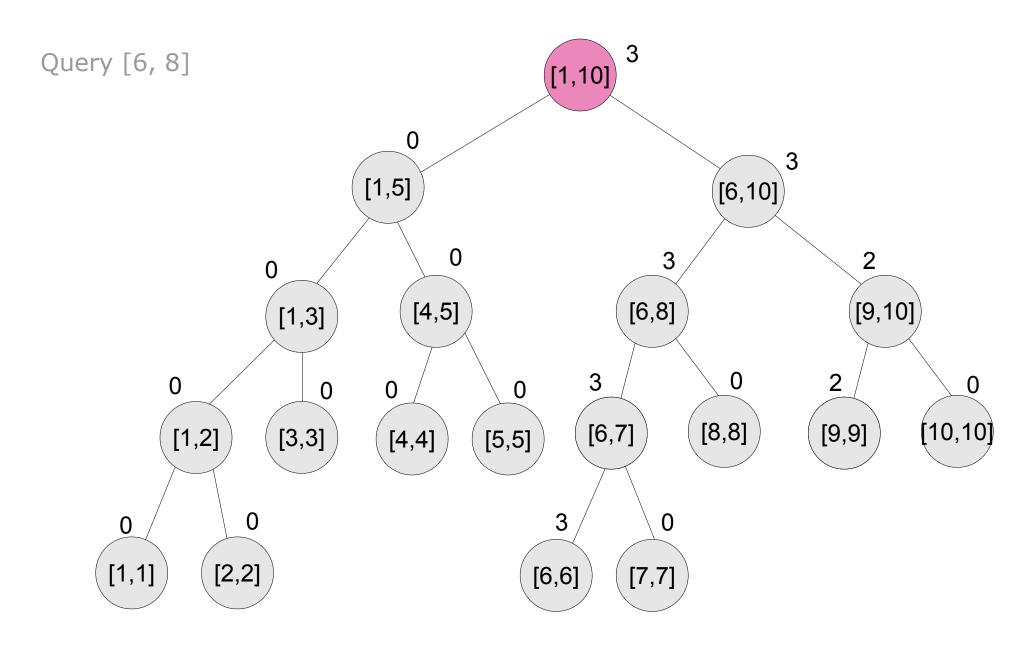
```
int update(int pos, int value, int x, int y, int id) {
   int mid;
   if (x == y) {
       T[id] = value;
   else {
       mid = (x + y)/2;
       if ( pos <= mid ) {
           update(pos, value, x, mid, 2*id);
       else {
           update(pos, value, mid+1, y, 2*id + 1);
       T[id] = max(T[2*id], T[2*id + 1]);
   }
update(pos, value, 1, N, 1);
```

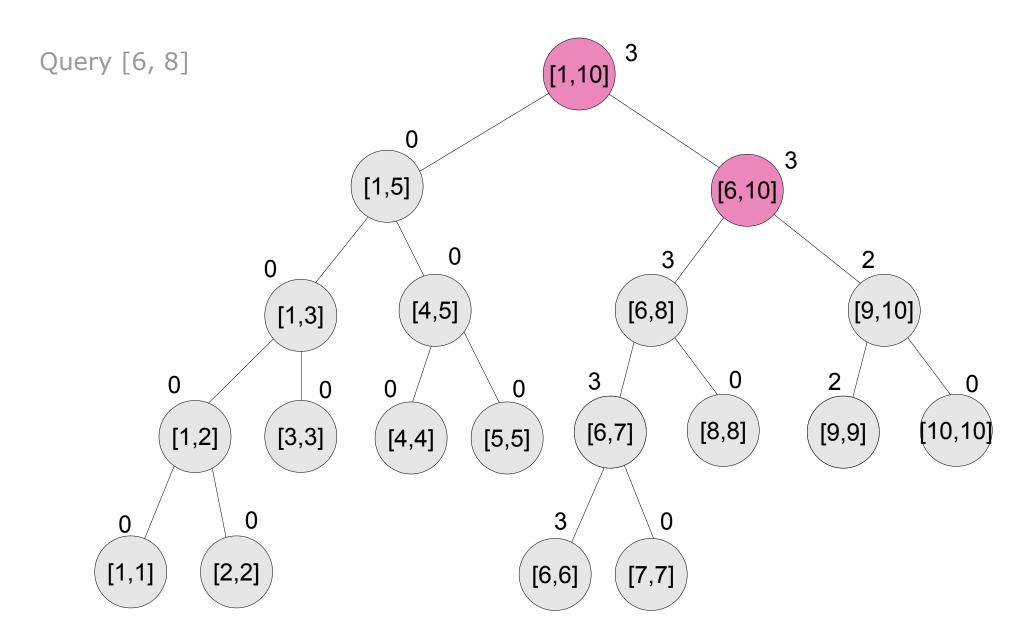


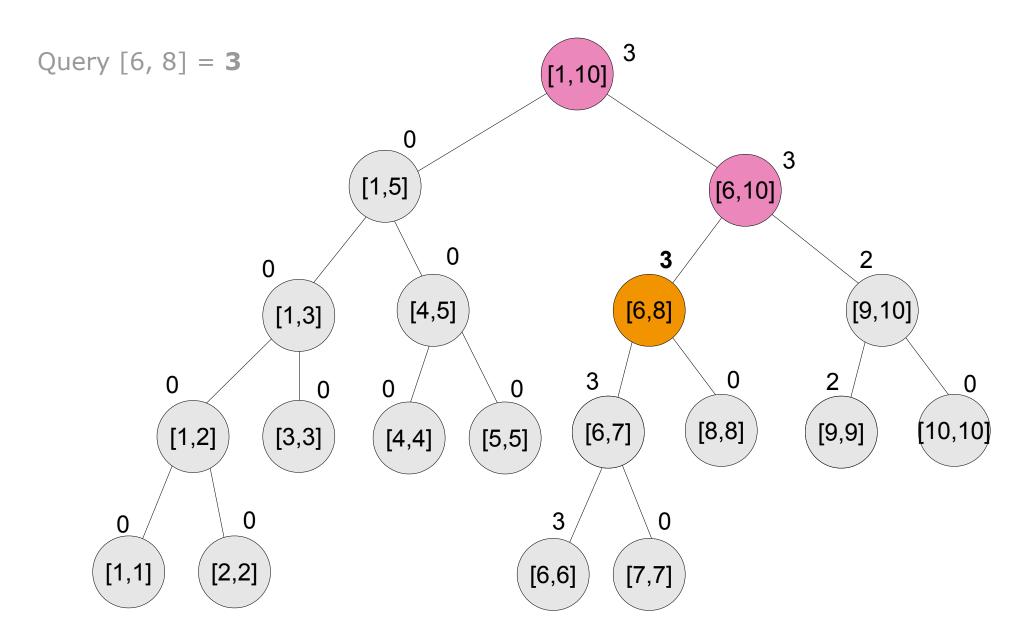


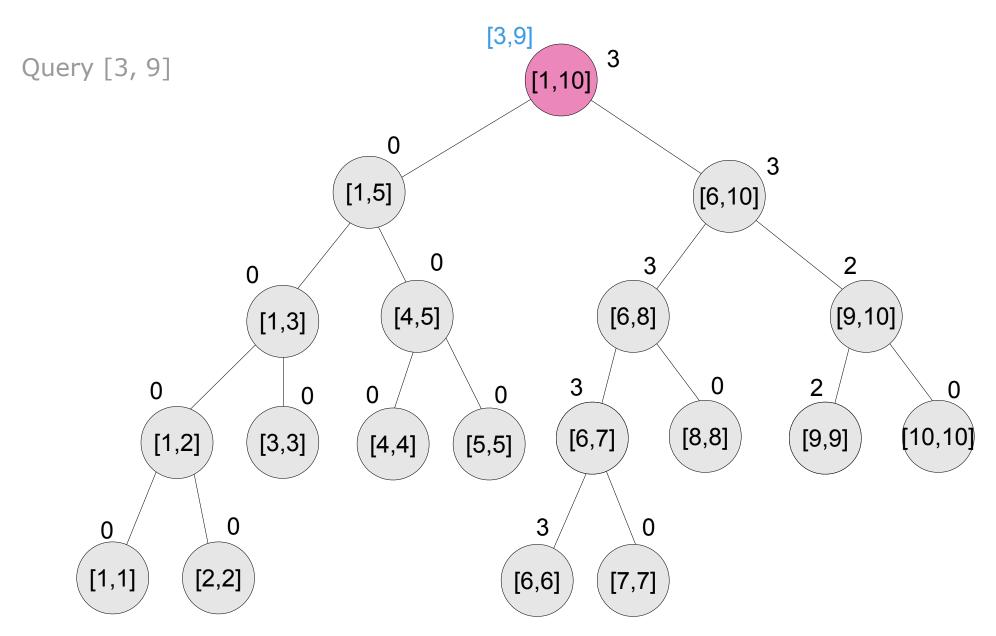


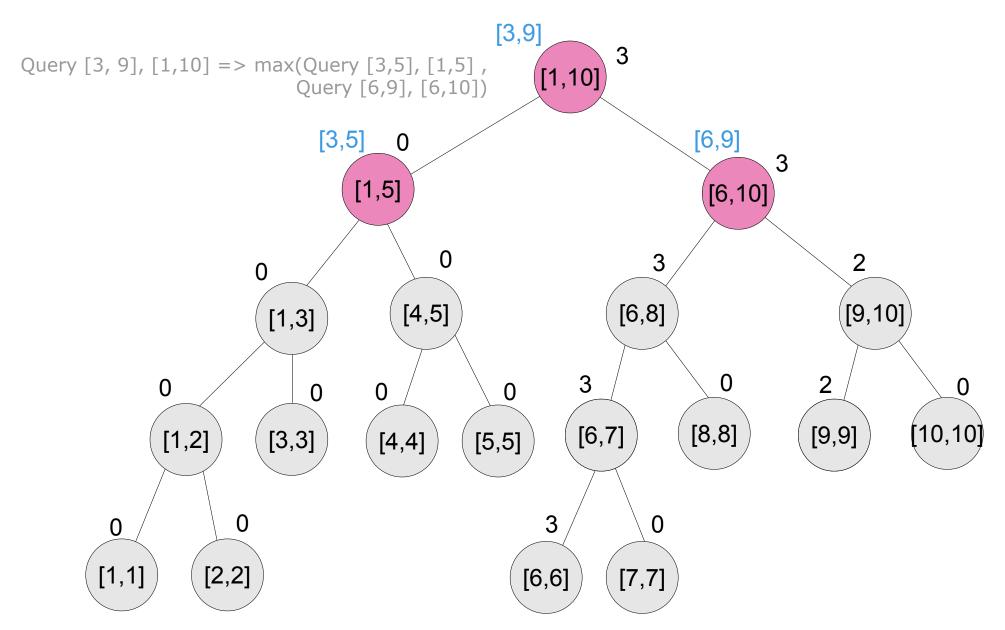


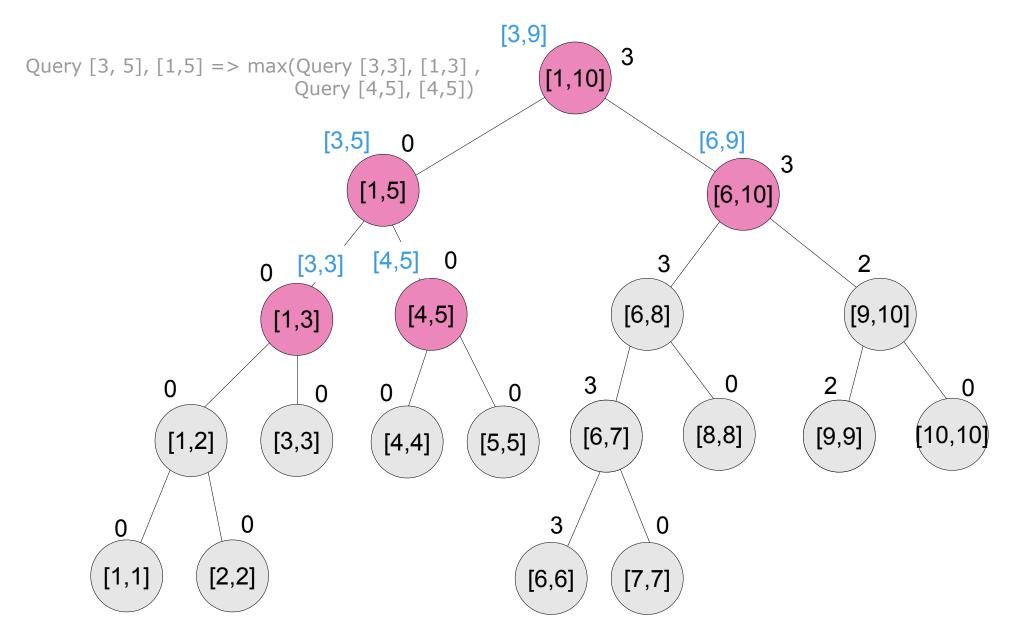


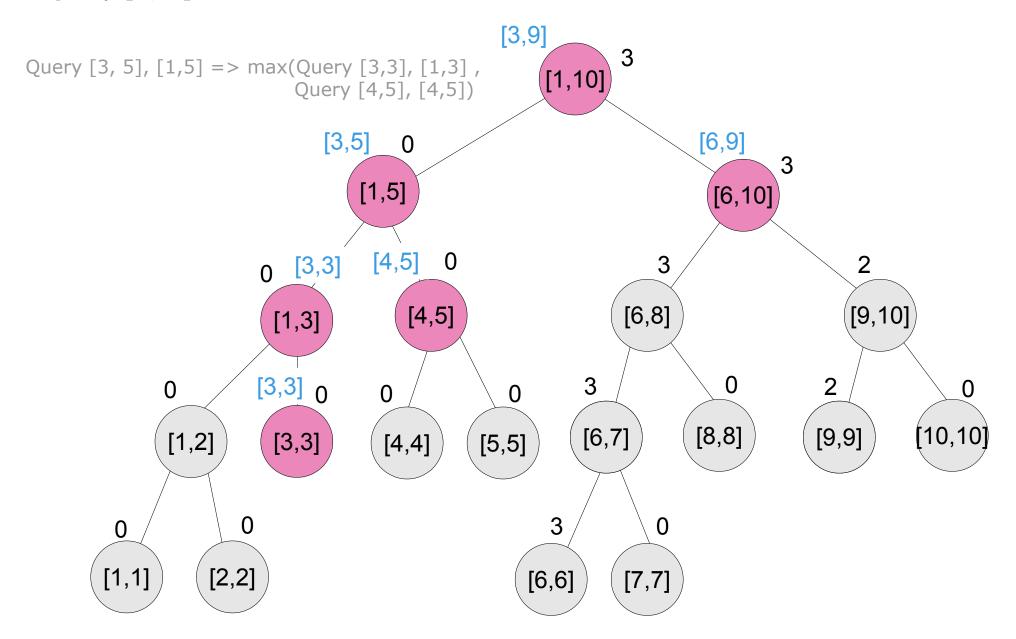


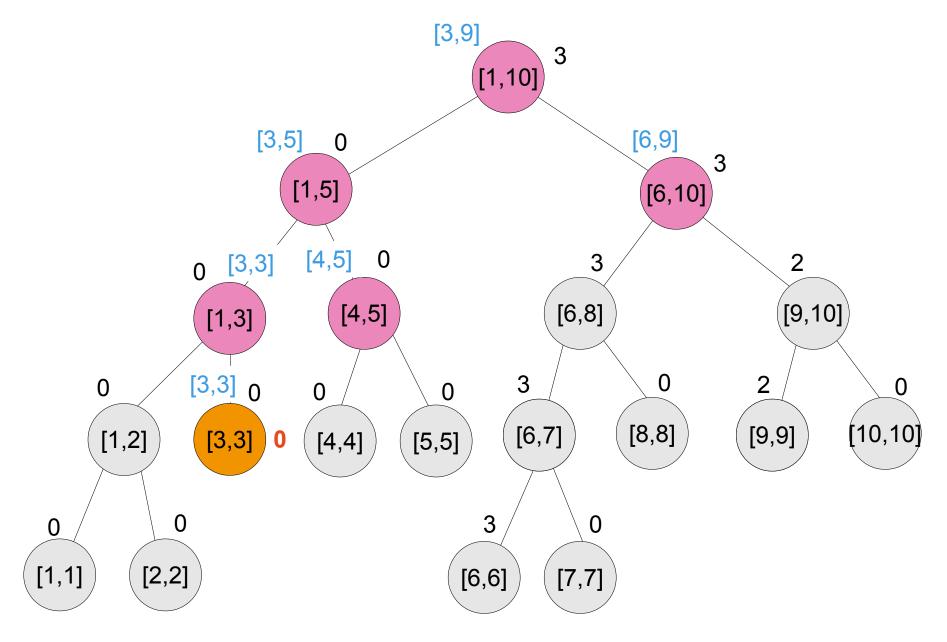


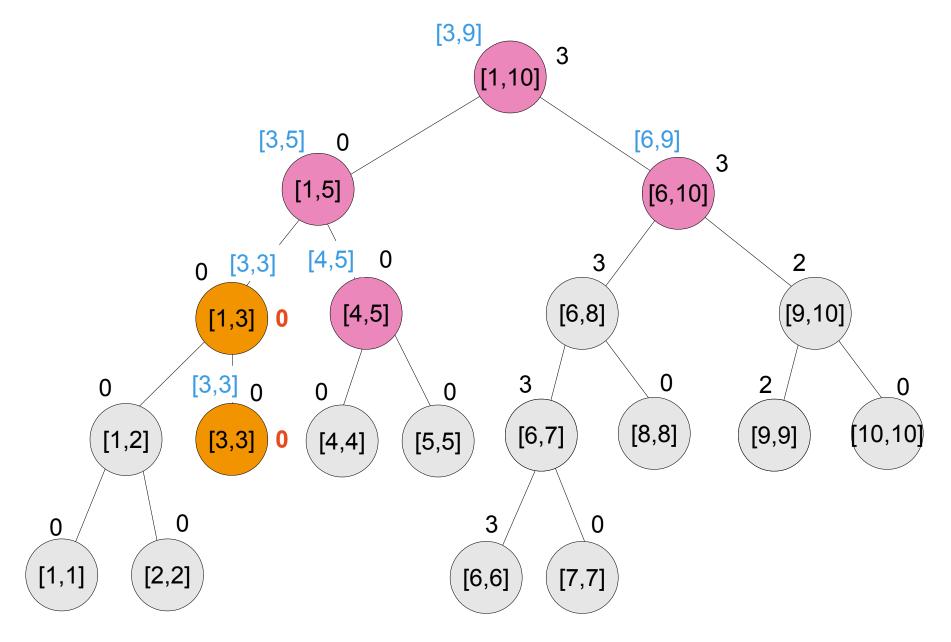


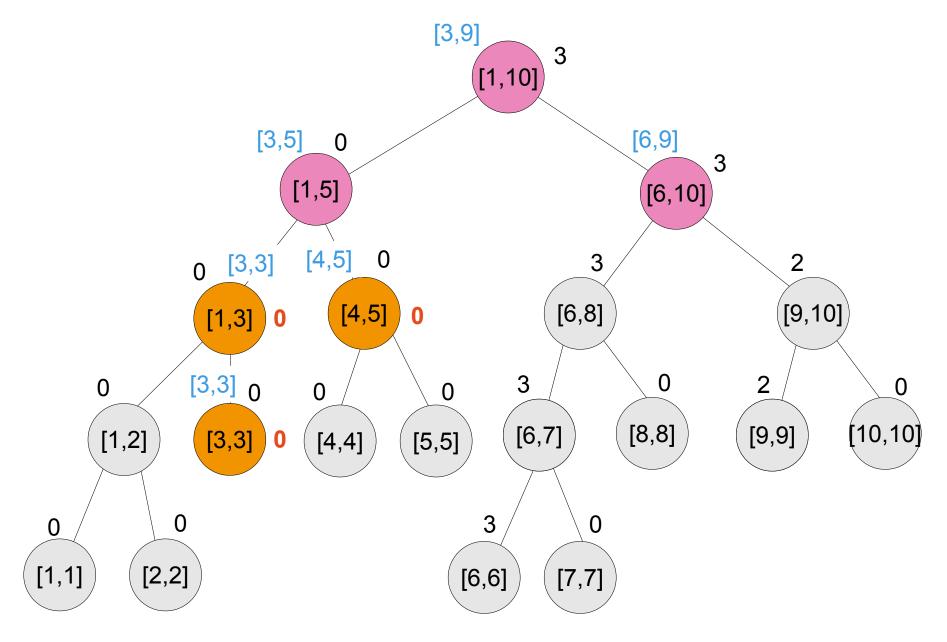


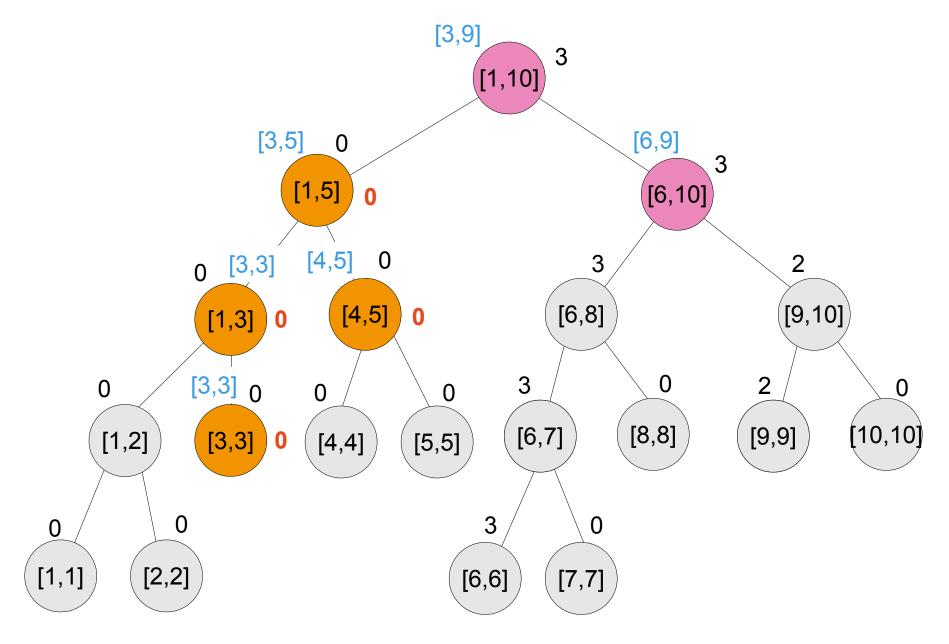


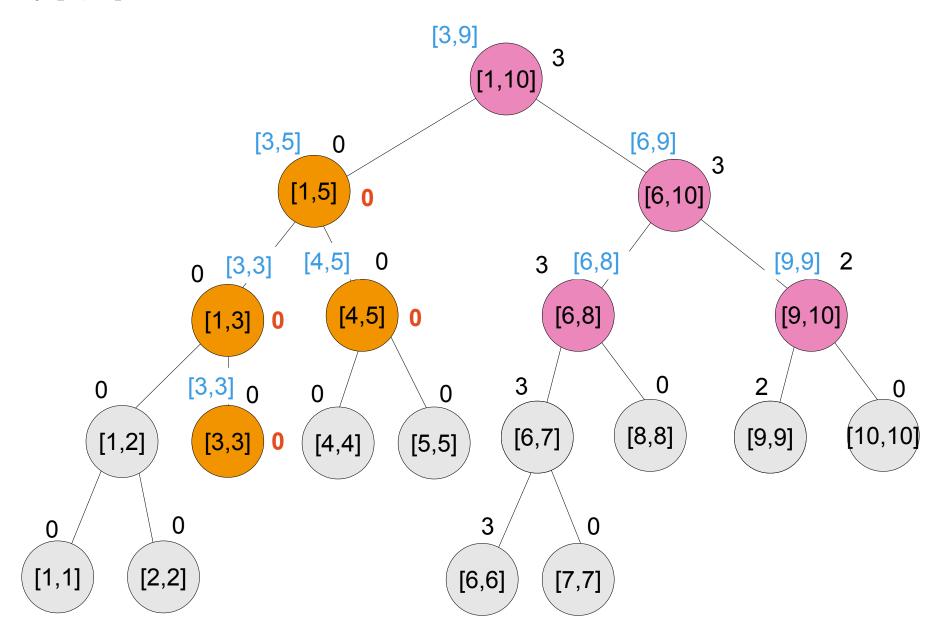


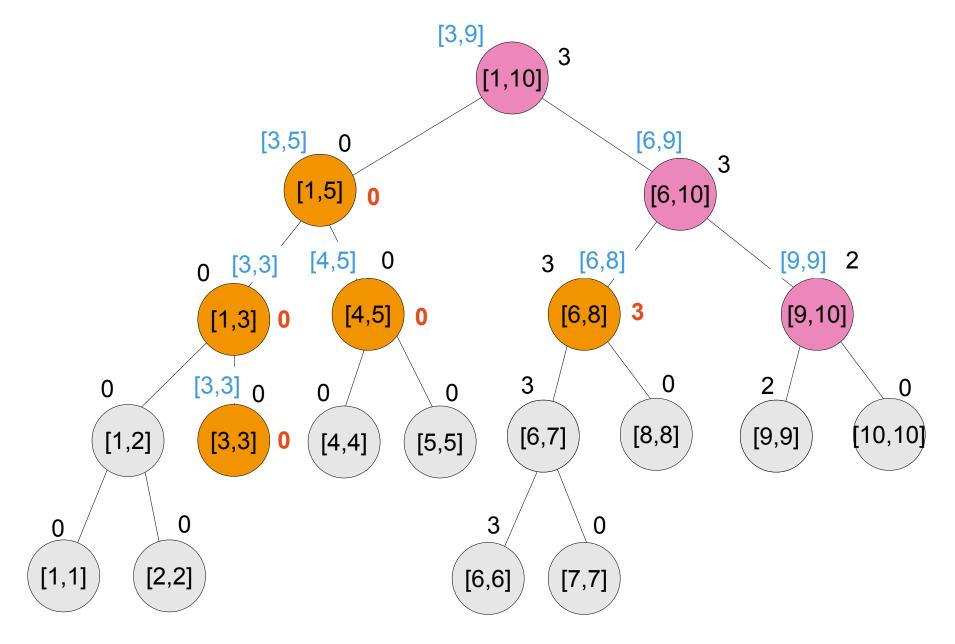


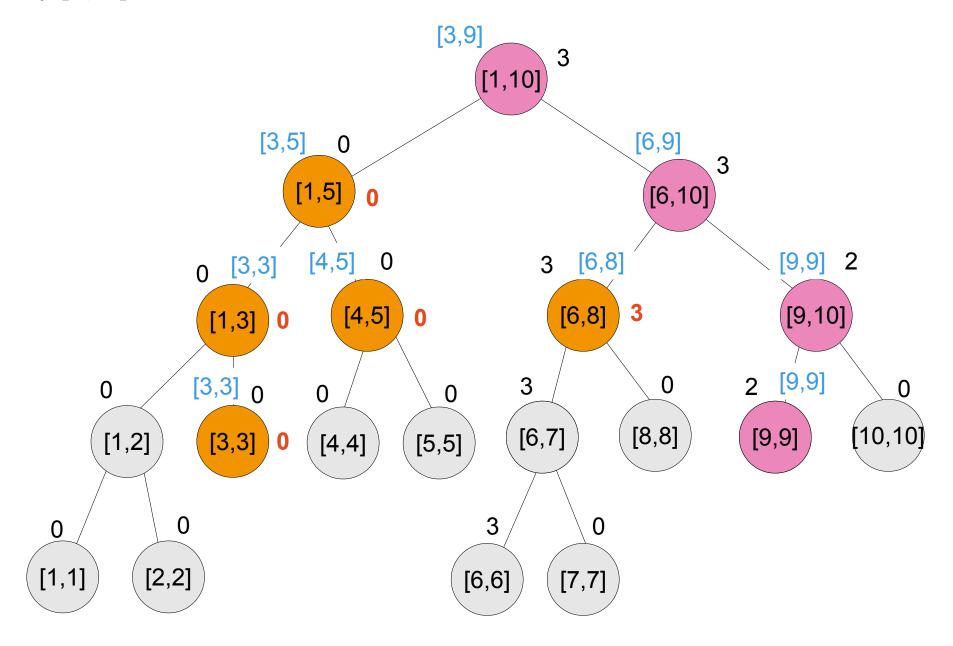


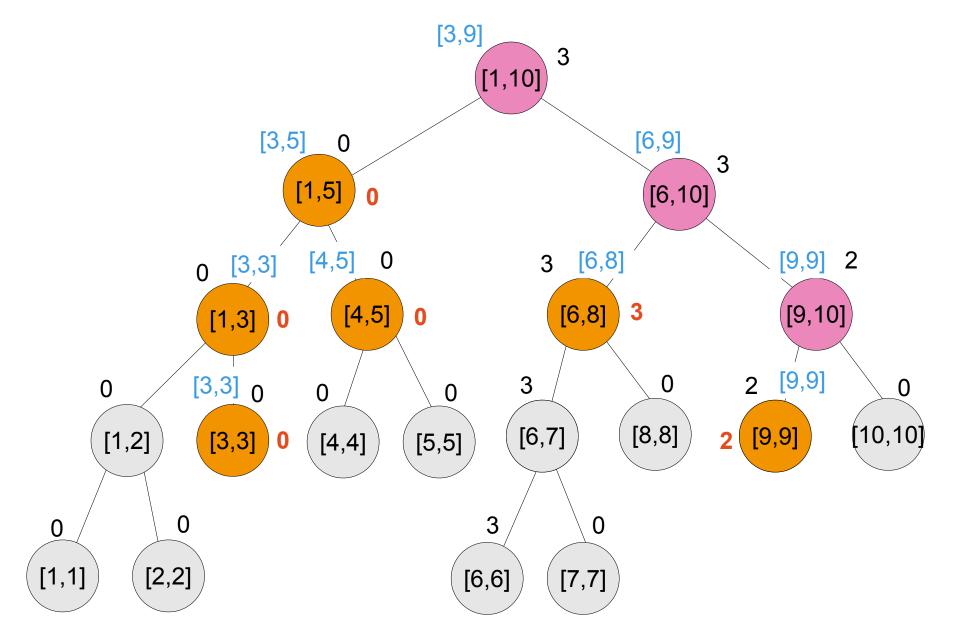


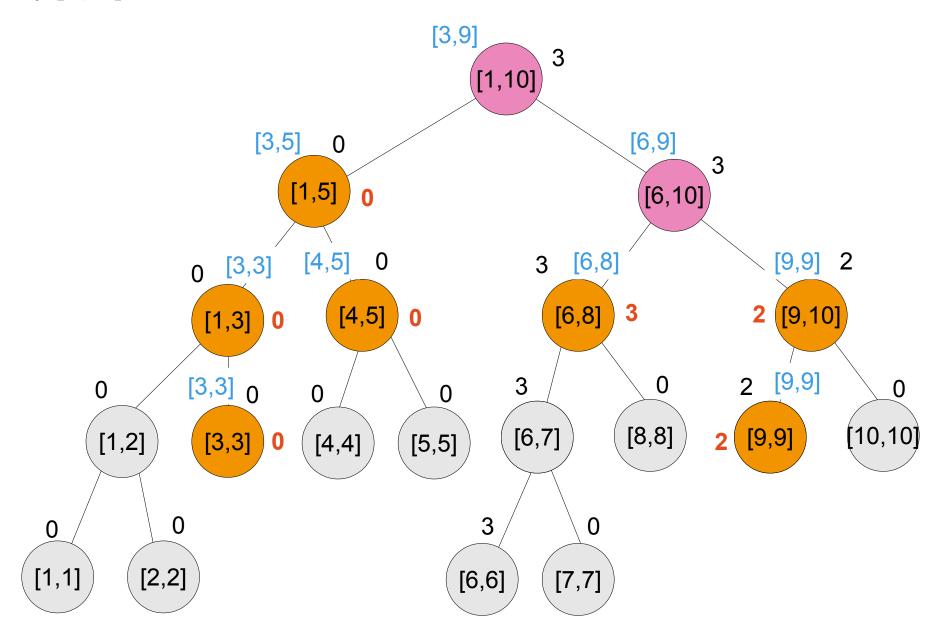


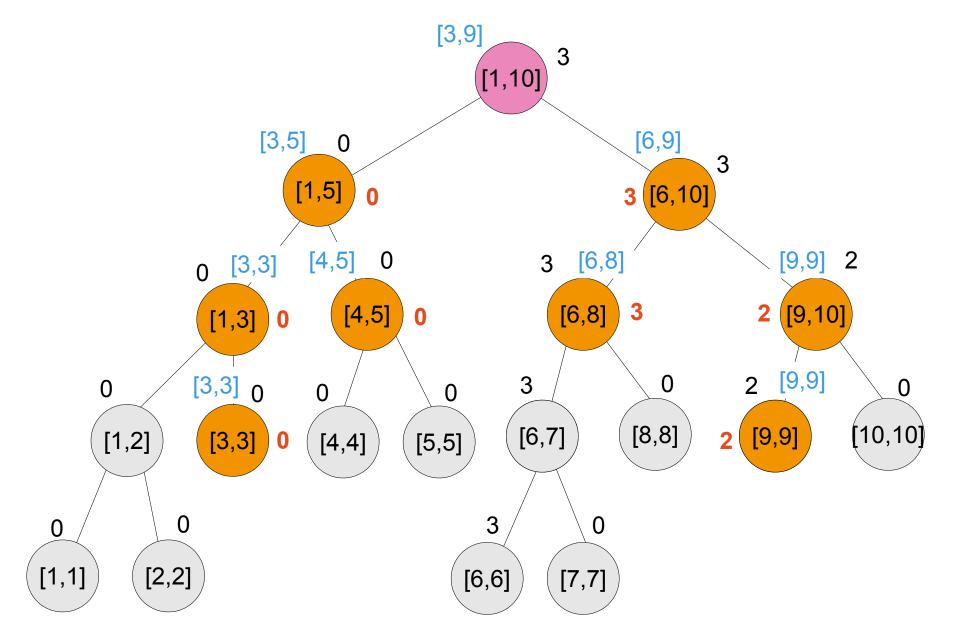


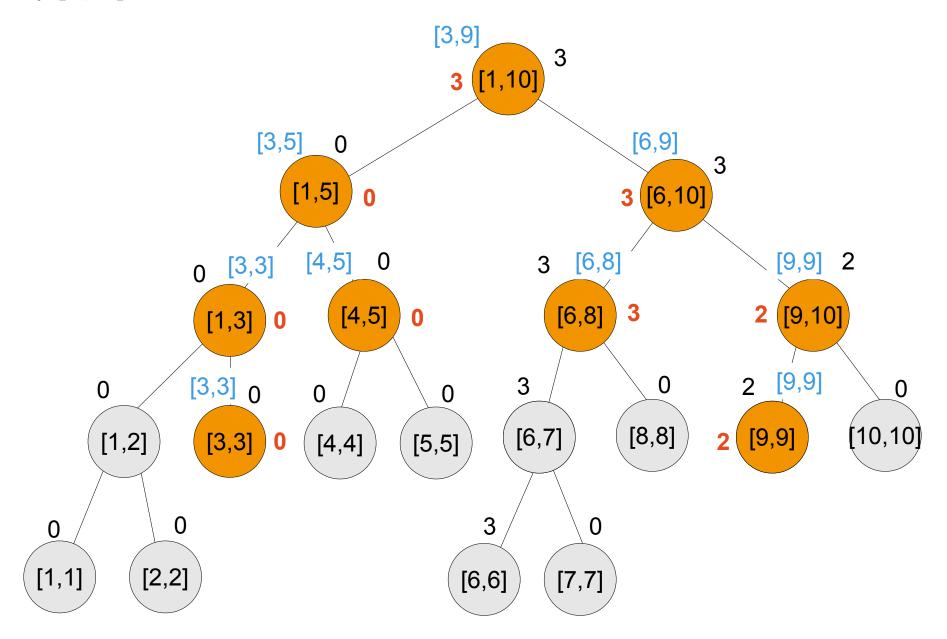




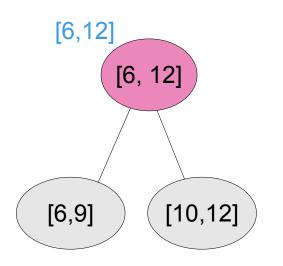






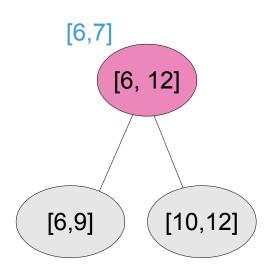


Περιπτώσεις ερωτημάτων (1η)

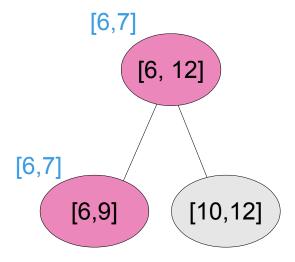


QX = x και QY = y επιστρέφουμε T[id]

Περιπτώσεις ερωτημάτων (2η)

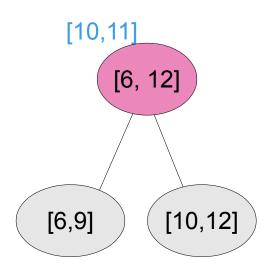


QY <= mid μας ενδιαφέρει μόνο το αριστερό κλαδί

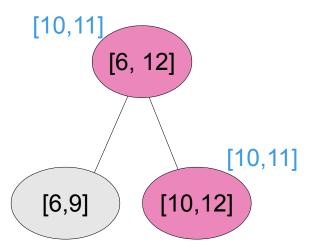


Επιστρέφουμε το αποτέλεσμα του αριστερού κλαδιού στο query με το ίδιο διάστημα

Περιπτώσεις ερωτημάτων (3η)

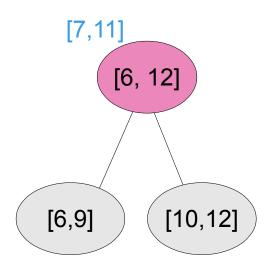


QX >= mid + 1 μας ενδιαφέρει μόνο το δεξιό κλαδί

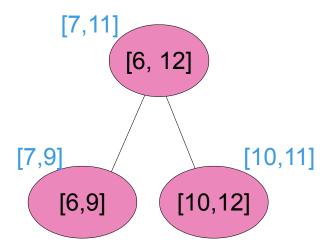


Επιστρέφουμε το αποτέλεσμα του δεξιού κλαδιού στο query με το ίδιο διάστημα

Περιπτώσεις ερωτημάτων (4η)



Όταν δεν ισχύει καμία από τις προηγούμενες συνθήκες μας ενδιαφέρουν και τα δύο κλαδιά.



Σπάμε το διάστημα ερωτήματος σε δύο ανεξάρτητα Διαστήματα τα οποία στέλνουμε στα δύο παιδιά.

```
int query(int QX, int QY, int x, int y, int id) {
   if ( x == QX && y == QY ) return T[id];
       mid = (x + y)/2;
       if ( QY <= mid ) {</pre>
           return query(QX, QY, x, mid, 2*id);
       else if ( QX > mid ) {
           return query(QX, QY, mid+1, y, 2*id+1);
       else {
           return max(query(QX, mid, x, mid, 2*id),
                      query(mid+1, QY, mid+1, y, 2*id + 1));
       }
   query(QX, QY, 1, N, 1);
```