# Operations with DynamoDB



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#### Overview



Monitoring DynamoDB

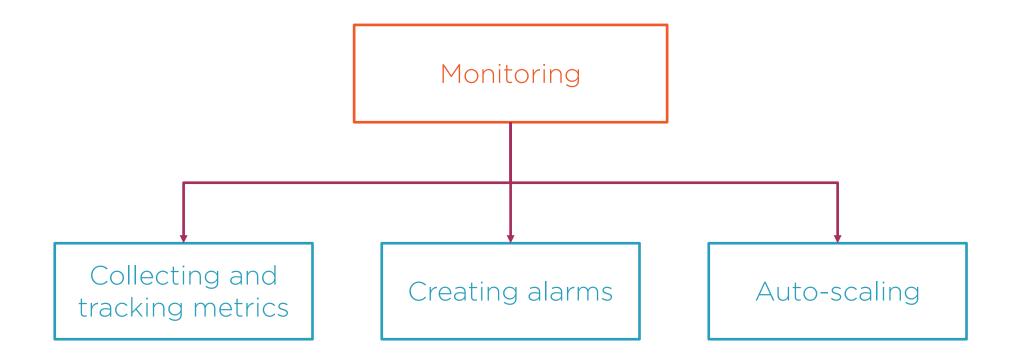
**Caching with DAX** 

Back ups with DynamoDB

**Cross-region replication** 



#### AWS CloudWatch





#### CloudWatch Metric

Namespace (e.g. AWS/DynamoDB)

Name (e.g. ReturnedItemCount)

Unique

Dimensions (e.g. TableName)

Unit (Optional) (e.g. Count)

Valid Statistics (e.g. min, max, avg)



	Metrics
Throughput	Provisioned/Consumed Read/Write CapacityUnits, Read/Write ThrottleEvents, ThrottledRequests



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Data Returned	ReturnedRecordsCount, ReturnedItemCount, ReturnedBytes
Failures	ConditionalCheckFailedRequests, UserErrors, SystemErrors
Other	SuccessfulRequestLatency, TimeToLiveDeletedItemCount



#### What to Do with Metrics?



Store custom metrics (e.g. request latency)

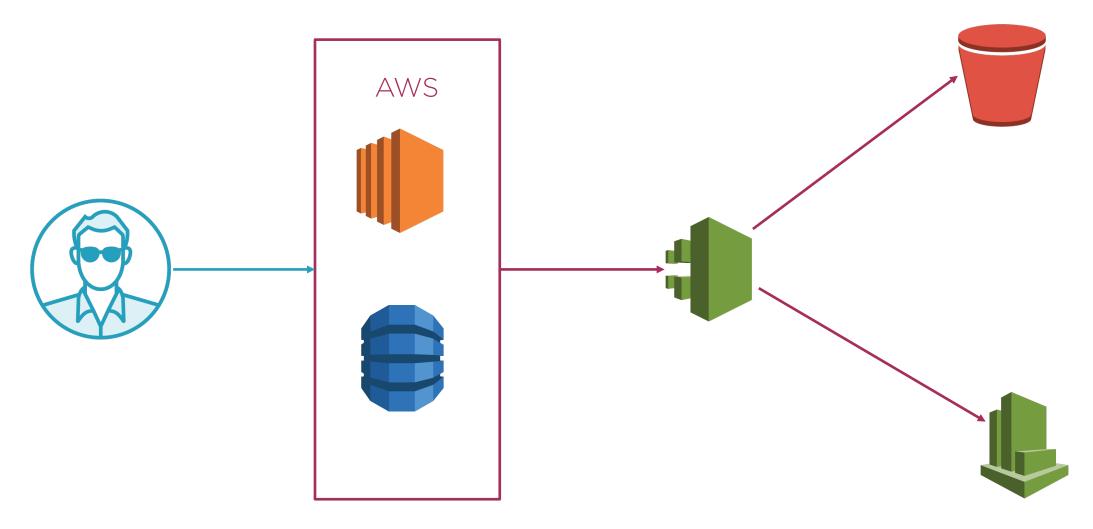
Review service/custom metrics

**Create dashboards** 

**Create alarms** 



### AWS CloudTrail





### Information Logged by CloudTrail



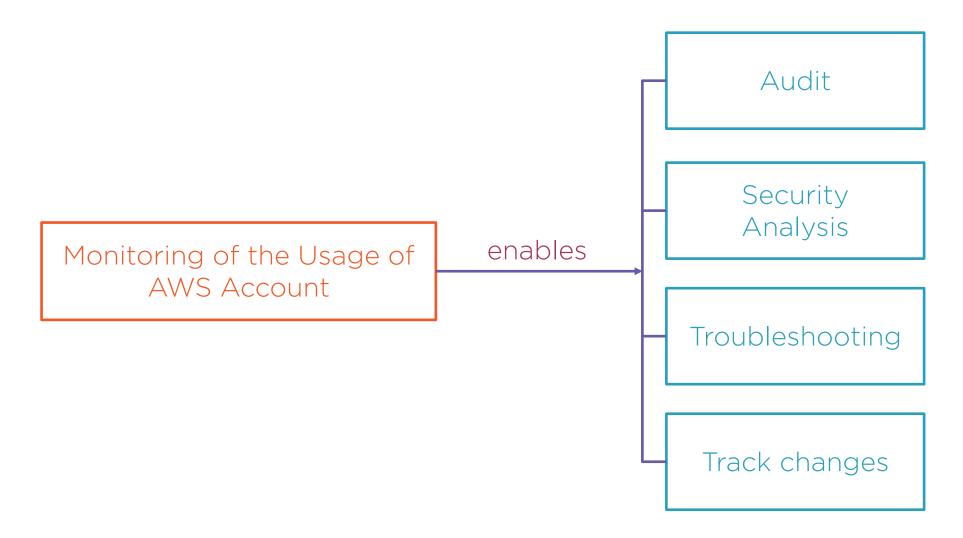
User who made API call

**API** method

**Timestamp** 

**Call parameters** 

#### AWS CloudTrail



#### What to Do with CloudTrail Events?



Search for events in CloudTrails (up to 7 days)

Store log events to S3 or CloudWatch logs

**Configure SNS notifications** 

Use third-party solutions



### Why Do We Need Caching?



**Avoid hot partitions** 

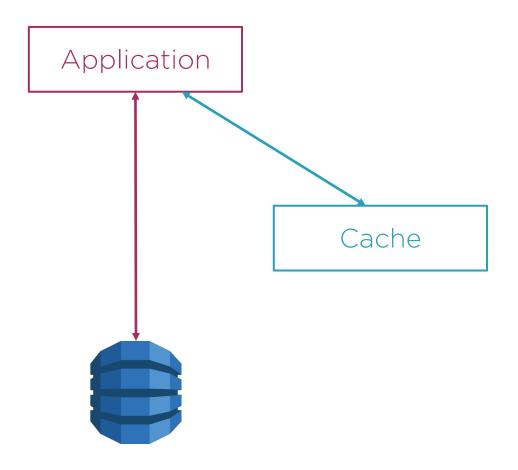
**Decrease latency** 

Read-intensive applications

Save money on provisioned capacity

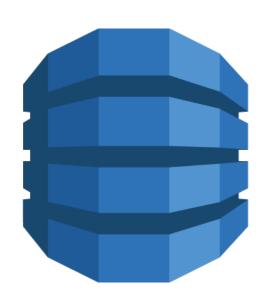


### Cache Before DAX





#### What Is DAX?



**In-memory Acceleration** 

**Submillisecond latency** 

Fully-managed/flexible

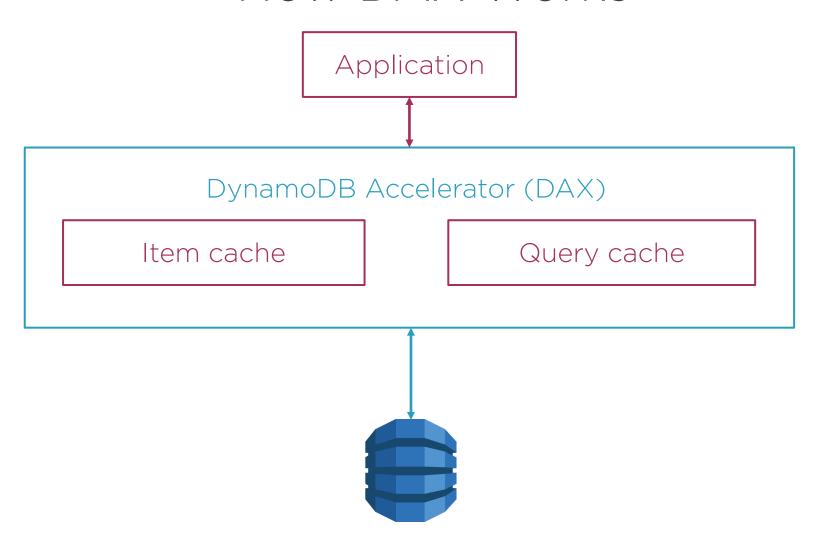
Scalable, up to 10 nodes

"Sits" between DynamoDB and application

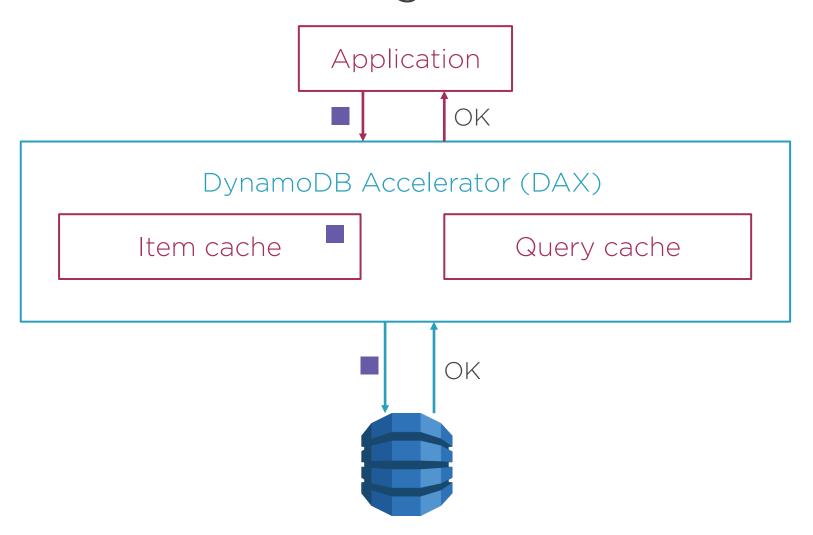
Easy to use. Same API



#### How DAX Works

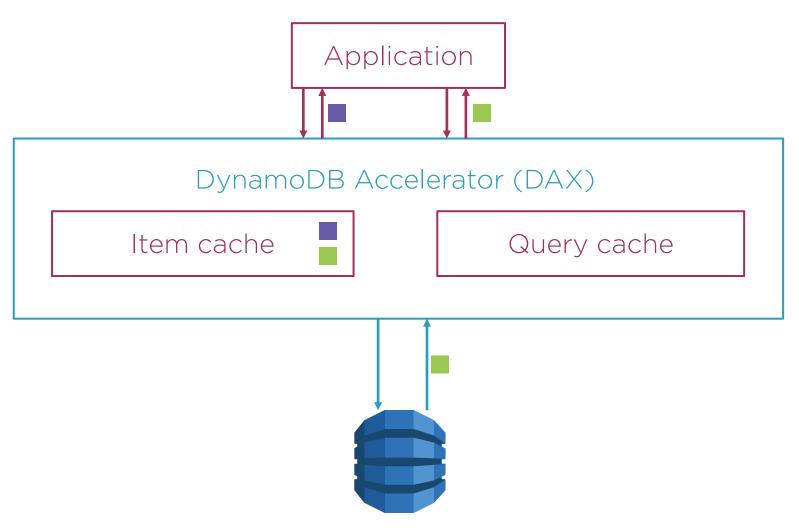


## Writing to DAX



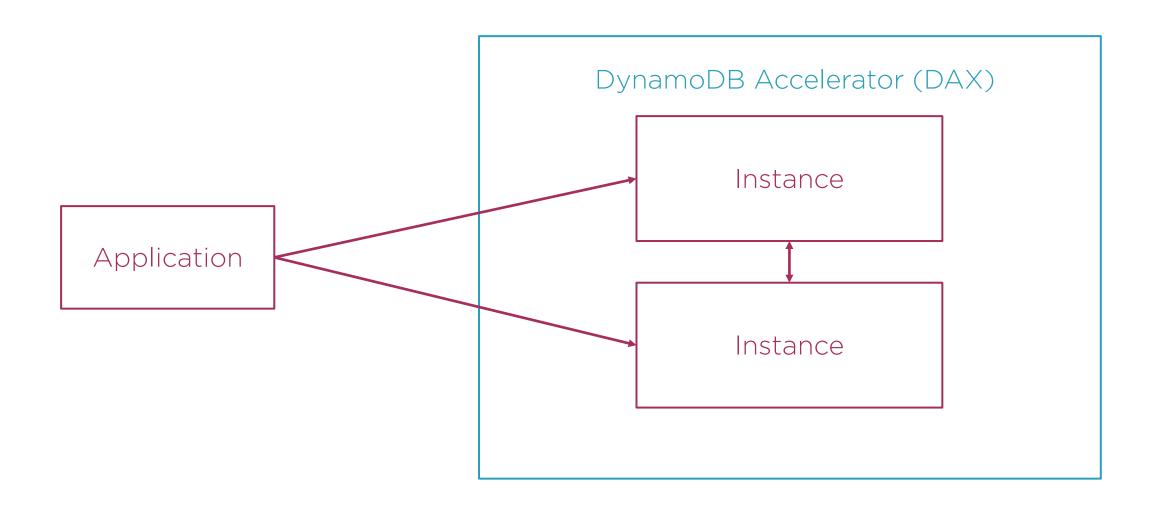


## Reading from DAX



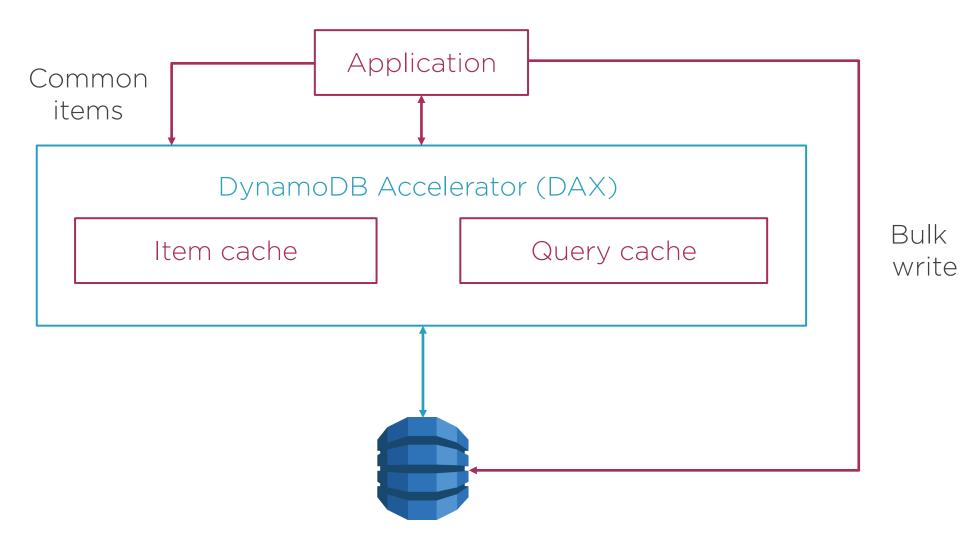


## Data Consistency in DAX



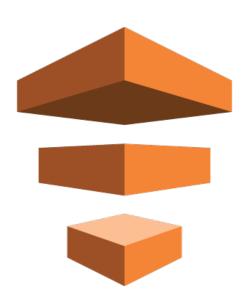


#### Write-Around





### AWS Data Pipeline



System to define ETL jobs

**Declarative** 

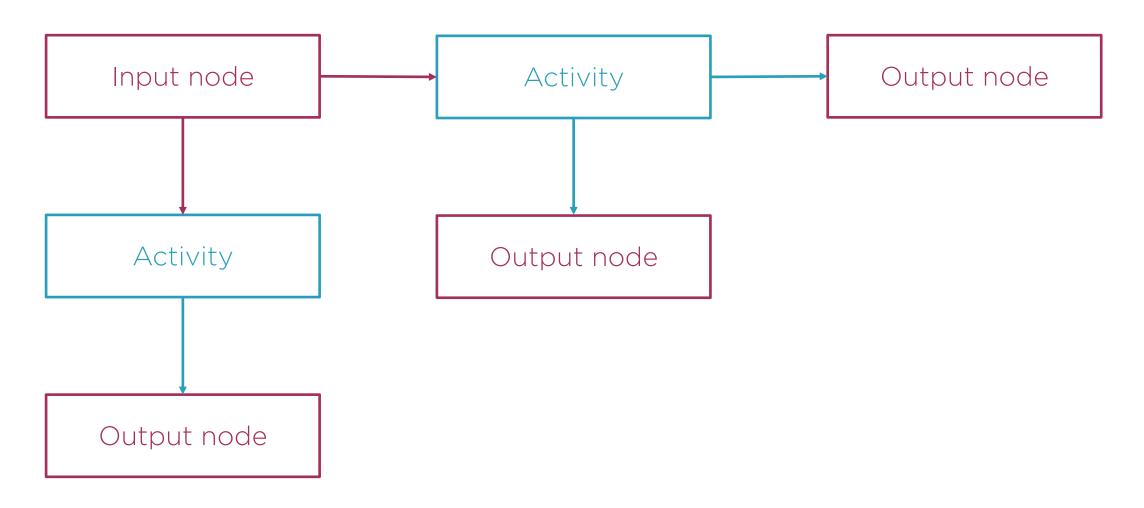
Resilient

Allows to save money

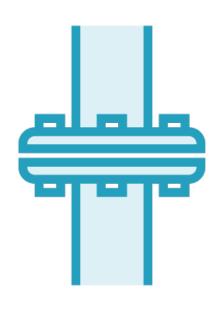
Integrated with AWS services



## Data Pipeline in a Nutshell



## Inputs/Outputs for Data Pipeline



**DynamoDB** 

**S**3

RDS/Redshift

JDBC queries/custom scripts



### Predefined Templates



DynamoDB import/export

RDS copy/restore

Copy RDS to Redshift

Load S3 to Redshift



### Cross-Region Replication

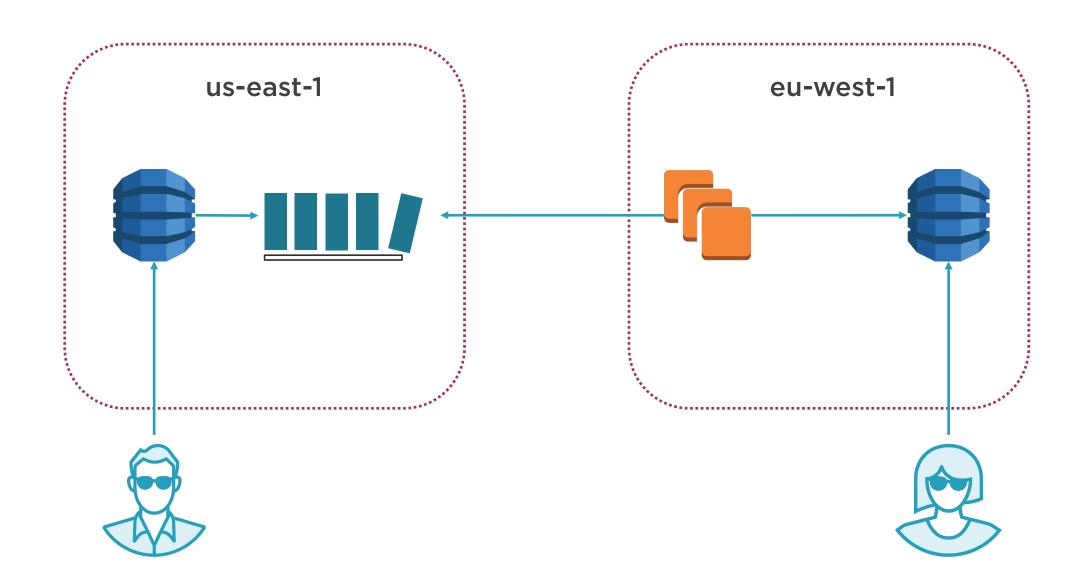


Low-latency access for global applications

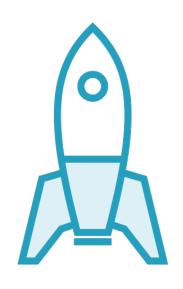
Maintain copy of your data



# Cross-Region Replication



### How to Enable Replication



Install replication tool

**Enable stream for original table** 

**Create initial copy** 

Run tool continuously



### Summary



**Covered DynamoDB operations** 

Monitor DynamoDB tables

Use DAX to implement cache

Perform back-ups

**Enable cross-region replication** 

