

AWS DynamoDB Deep Dive

INTRODUCTION TO DYNAMODB



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What is DynamoDB



NoSQL database

One of the core AWS services

Provides unique features



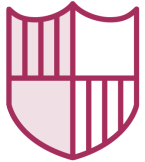
Why DynamoDB is Awesome



Massively scalable with low latency



Low operational load



High-availability



Integrated with many AWS services



DynamoDB Users

Under Armour

Airbnb

Lyft

Duolingo

Adobe



Prerequisites



NO need for DynamoDB knowledge

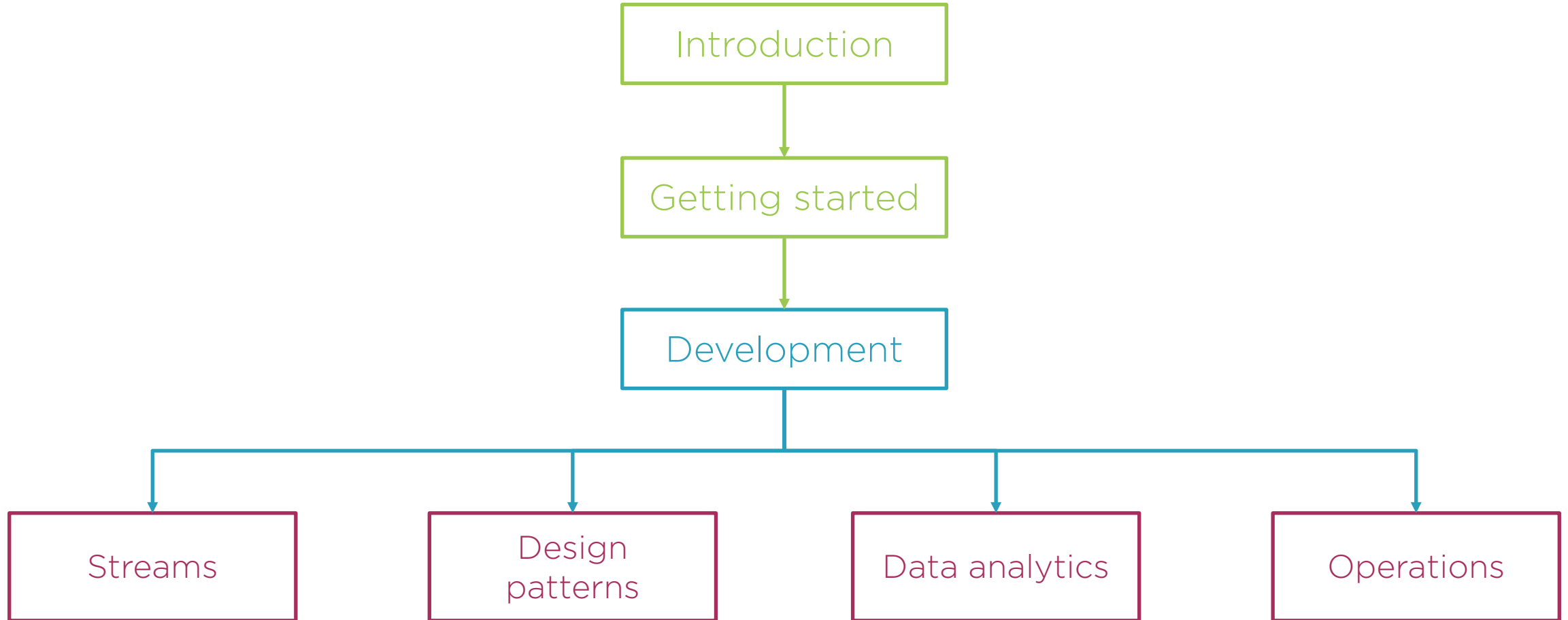
Knowledge of Java

General software development experience

Basic knowledge of AWS



Course Structure



What We Will Implement



GLOBOMANTICS

Globomantics is starting a new online shop

Expecting to work on massive scale

Need robust and scalable data storage



NoSQL Databases



Introduce NoSQL

CAP theorem

Why we can't have the best of SQL and NoSQL



SQL/NoSQL Comparison

SQL databases

Has been around for long time
One master node (vertical scaling)
SQL language
Similar to each other
ACID (Atomicity, Consistency,
Isolation, Durability)

NoSQL databases

Emerged as response to new workloads
Many nodes (horizontal scaling)
Different query languages
Wide spectrum of solutions
BASE (Basic Availability, Soft-state,
Eventual consistency)



Can I have it all?!



Three System Guarantees (pick two)

Consistency

Receive the latest data
on every read

Availability

Every requests receives
a non-error reply

Partition tolerance

System works despite
some packets dropped



Three System Guarantees (pick one)

Consistency

Receive the latest data
on every read

Availability

Every requests receives
a non-error reply

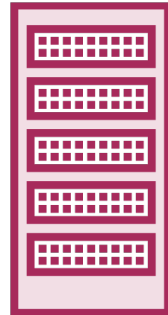
Partition tolerance

System works despite
some packets dropped

IS A MUST



Distributed System



Val

0

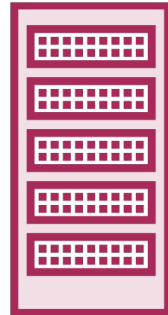


Val

0



Distributed System



Val	0
-----	---

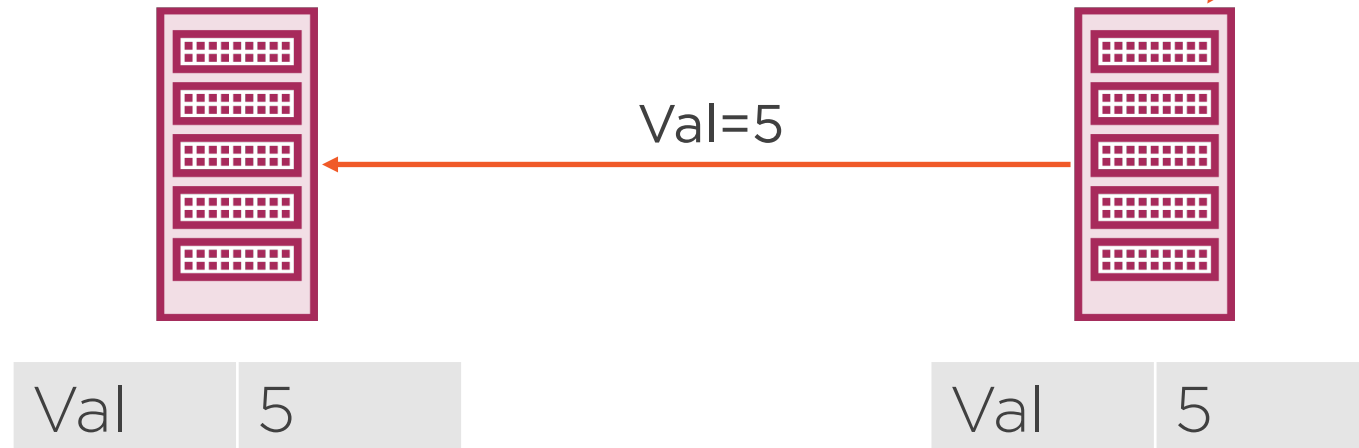


Val	5
-----	---

Val=5



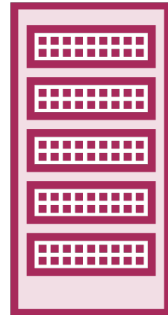
Distributed System



Read in Distributed System

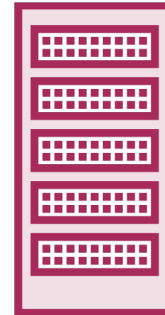


read



Val

10

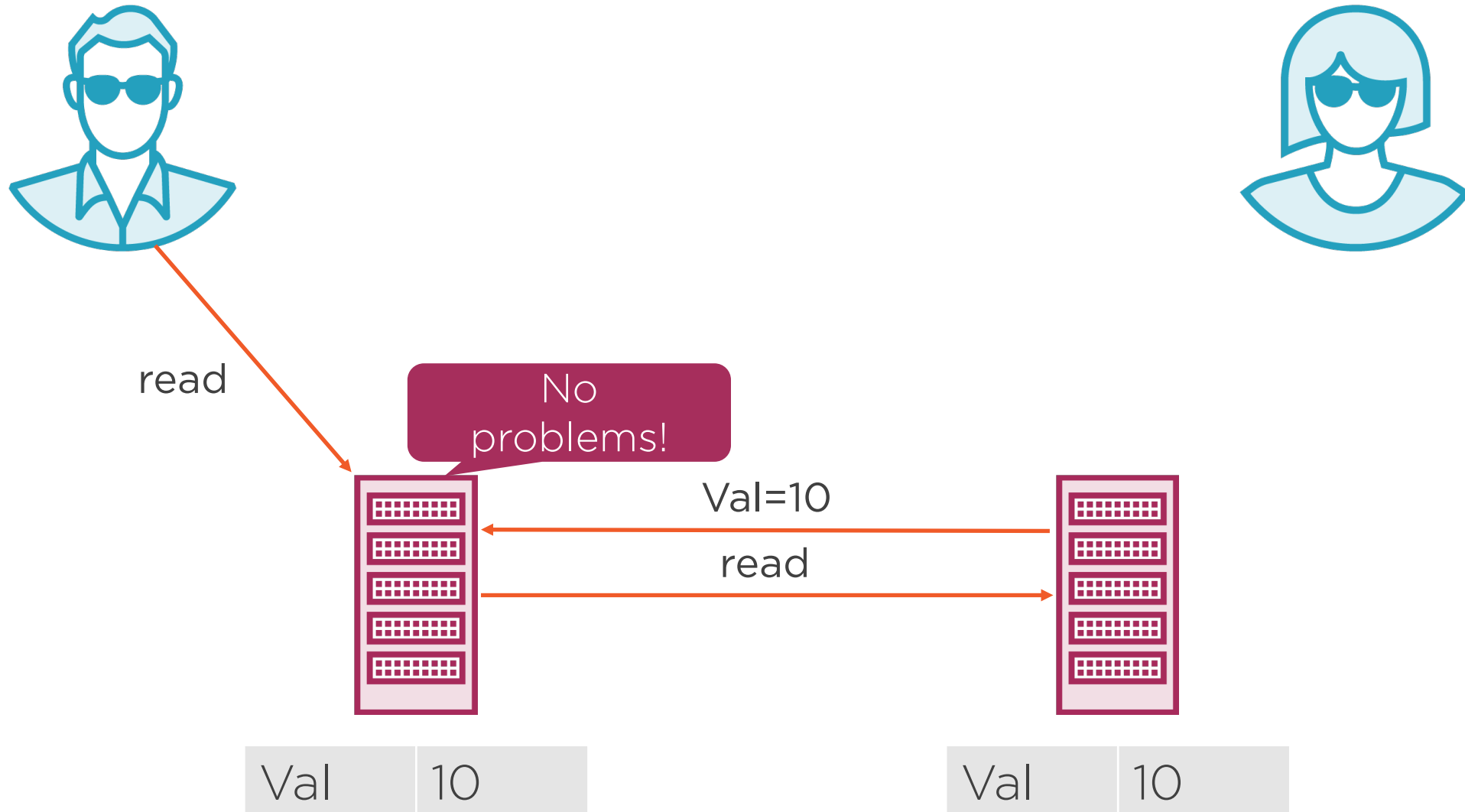


Val

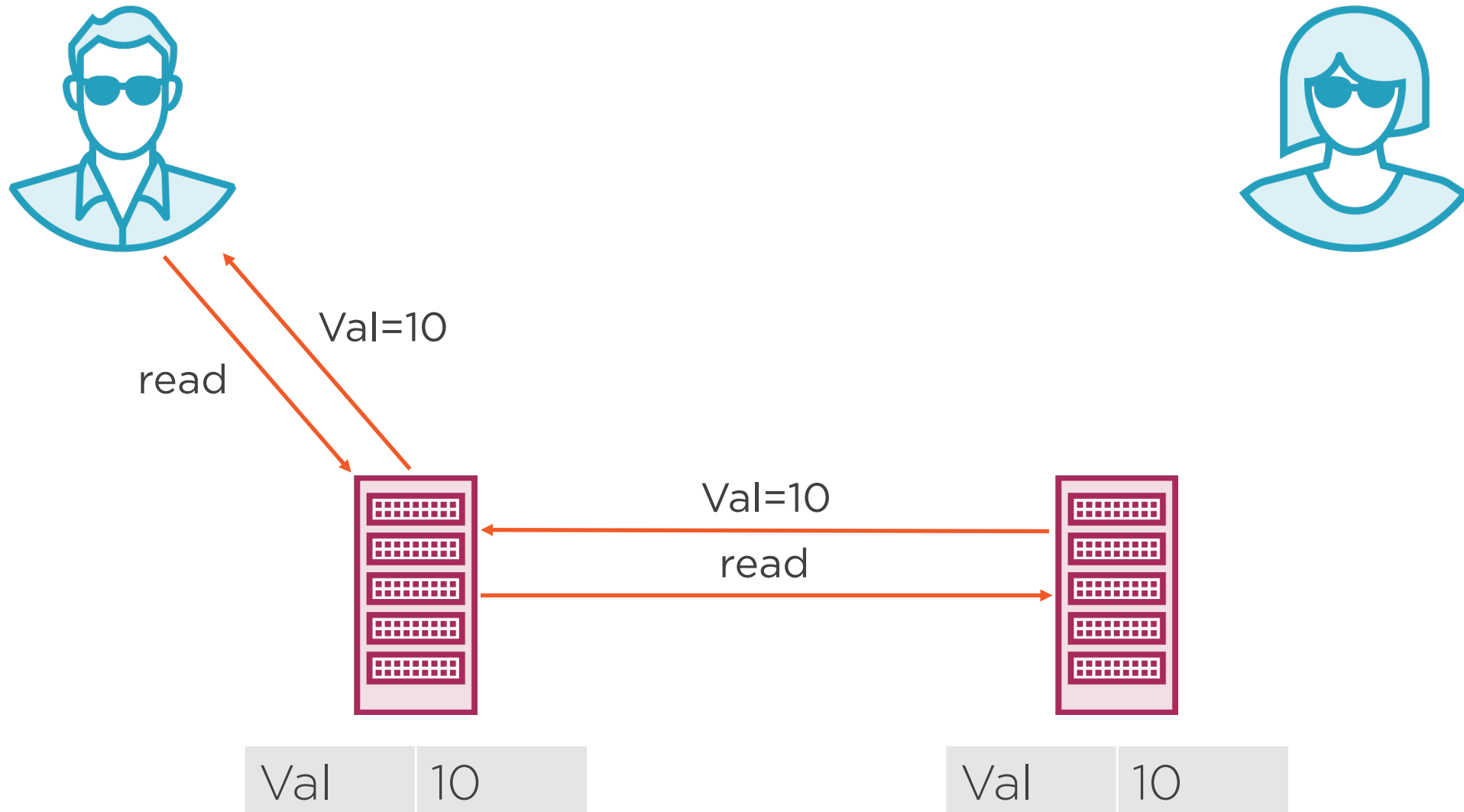
10



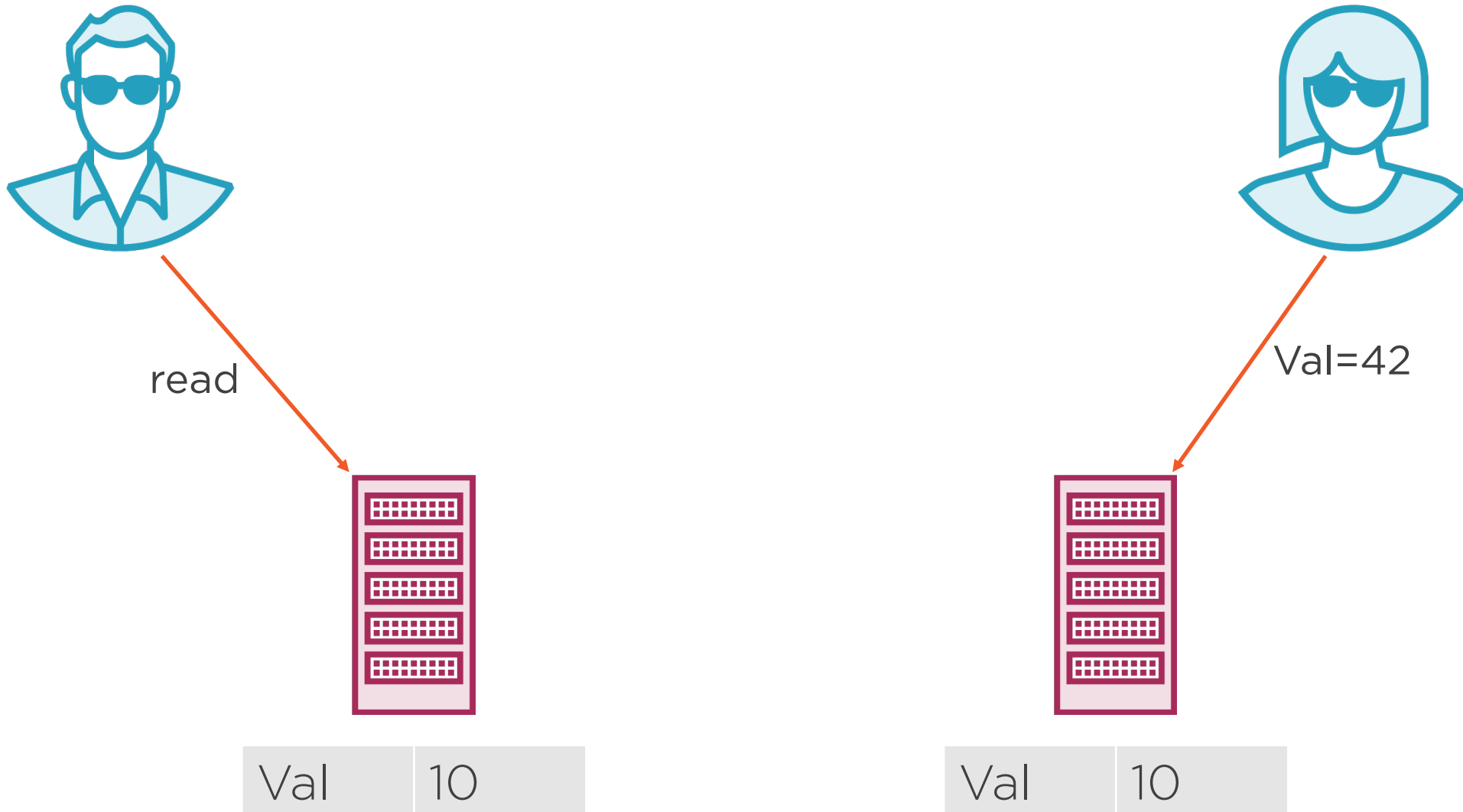
Read in Distributed System



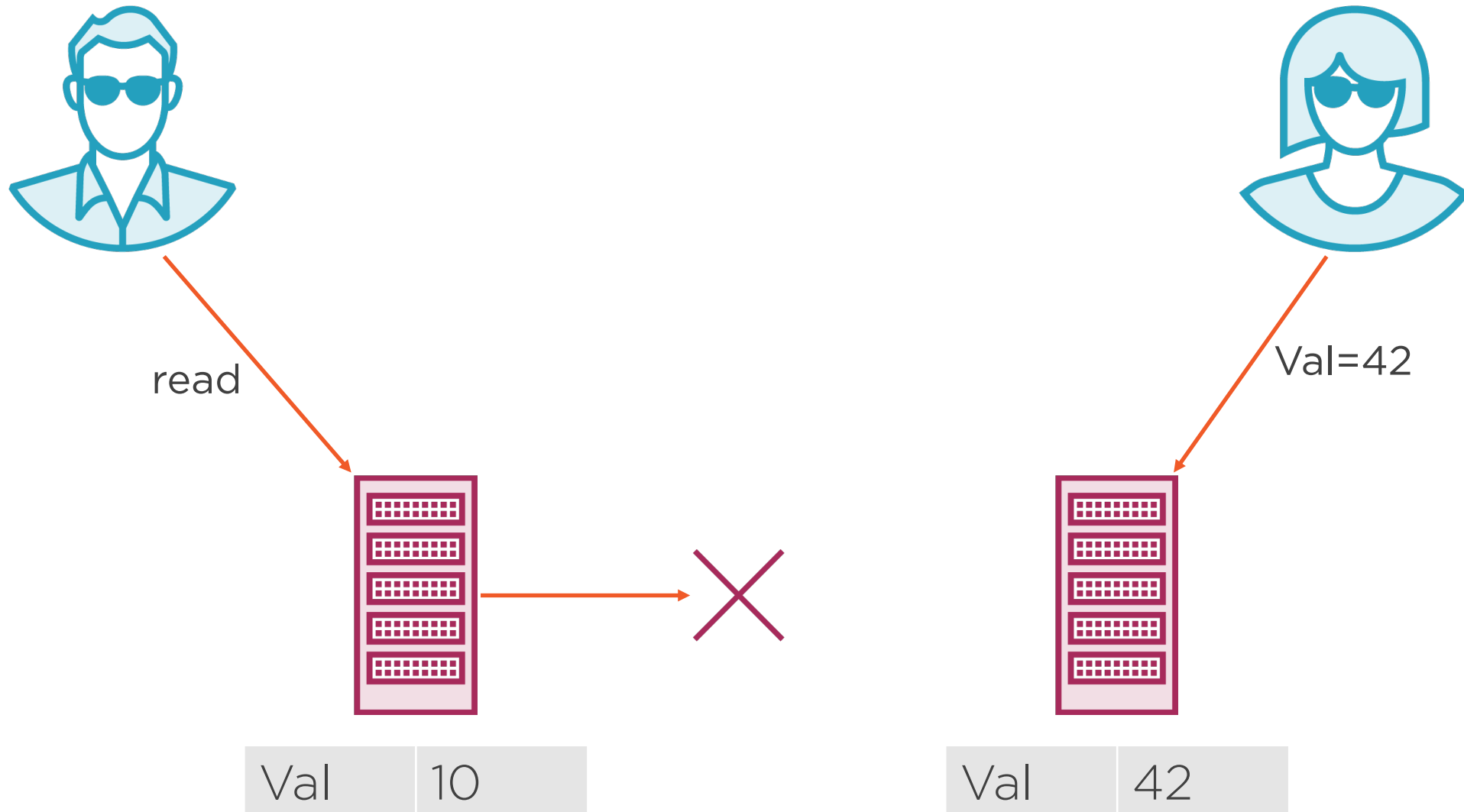
Read in Distributed System



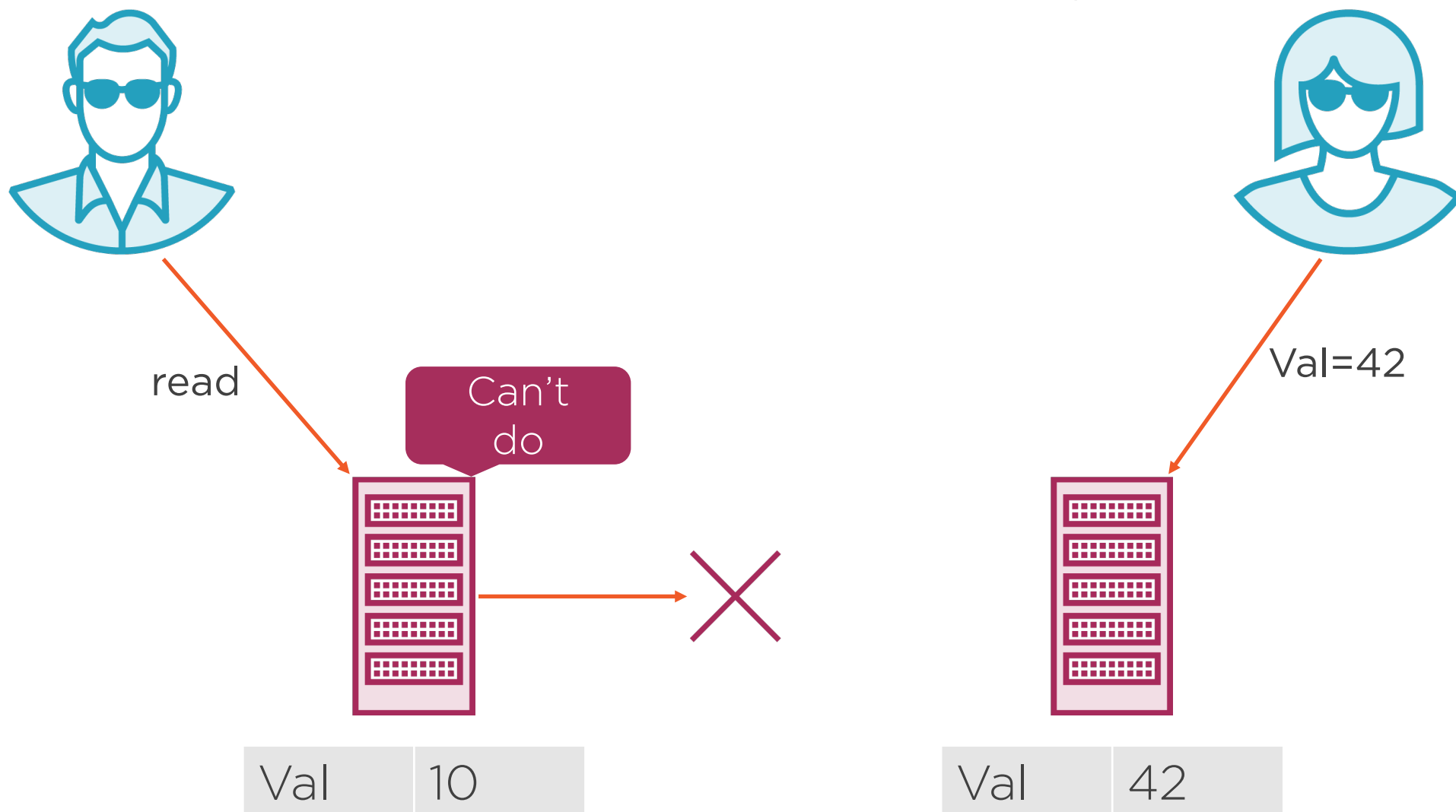
Network Partitioning



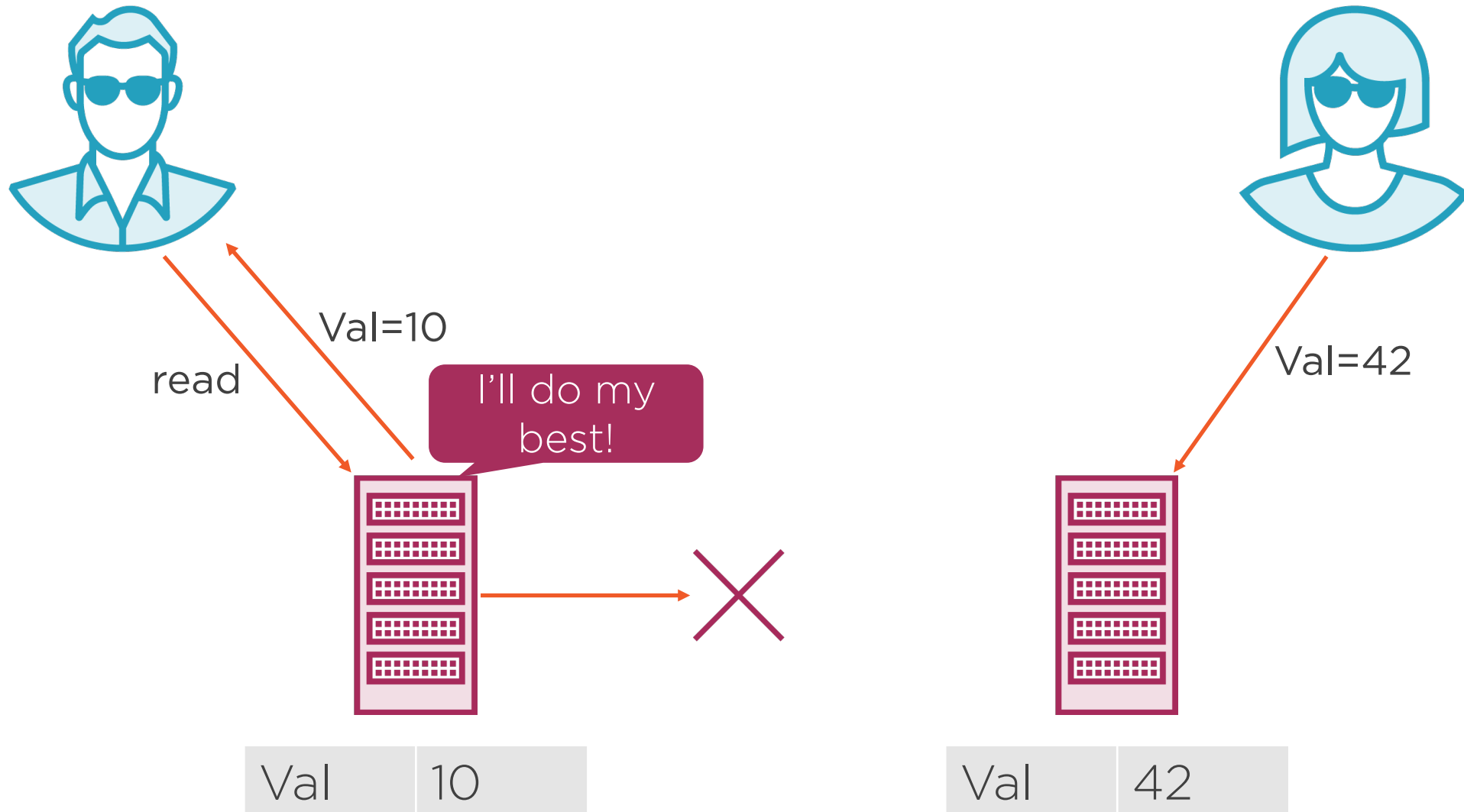
Network Partitioning



Select Consistency



Select Availability



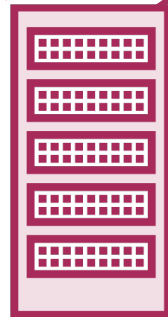
We cannot have both
Consistency and Availability
in a distributed system.



Consistency or Latency



read



What should I do?

Val	10
-----	----



Val	42
-----	----



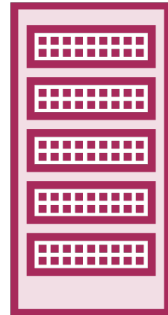
Consistency or Latency



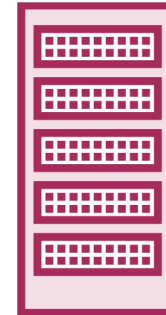
I want low latency!

read

Val=10



Val	10
-----	----



Val	42
-----	----



DynamoDB Features



Discuss DynamoDB features

How DynamoDB is different

How DynamoDB integrates with other services



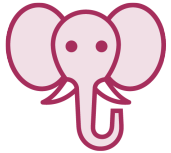
Usual Features



Key-value and document storage



Schemaless



High scale



Strong or weak consistency



Not so Usual Features



Low operations overhead



Simple API



Seamless scaling, predictable performance



Steams, triggers



DynamoDB Integrations



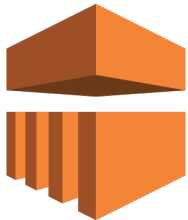
AWS Lambda



Amazon CloudWatch



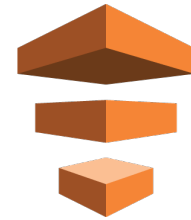
Amazon CloudSearch



Amazon EMR



Amazon Redshift



AWS Data Pipeline



Demo



Set up an AWS user to access Dynamo

Necessary if you are going to
follow examples



Summary



Why learn DynamoDB

SQL vs. NoSQL

CAP theorem

Main DynamoDB features

Created a user to access DynamoDB

Ready to start using DynamoDB

