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## List of Splunk Queries

## 1. Query to identify failed login attempts:

```
sourcetype=auth* "authentication failure"
| stats count by user
| sort -count
```

## 2. Query to identify potential security threats:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST status=200
| rex field=_raw "password=(?<password>[^&]+)"
| eval password_length=length(password)
| where password_length >= 8
```

## 3. Query to identify privilege escalation attempts:

```
sourcetype=linux_secure su* | where user!=root AND user!=""
```

## 4. Query to identify failed SSH attempts:

```
sourcetype=linux_secure "Failed password for" | stats count by src_ip | sort -count
```

### 5. Query to identify successful SSH attempts:

```
sourcetype=linux_secure "Accepted publickey for"
| stats count by src_ip
| sort -count
```

## 6. Query to identify unusual network traffic:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic
| stats sum(bytes) as total_bytes by src_ip, dest_ip
| where total bytes > 1000000
```

### 7. Query to identify suspicious processes:

```
sourcetype=processes
| search "Isass.exe" OR "svchost.exe" OR "explorer.exe"
| stats count by user
| sort -count
```

## 8. Query to identify brute force attacks:

```
sourcetype=access_* | stats count by clientip, action | where action="failure" AND count>=5
```

## 9. Query to identify privilege escalation attempts on Windows systems: sourcetype="WinEventLog:Security" EventCode=4672 | eval user account=mvindex(Account Name,1) search "Security ID" NOT IN ("SYSTEM","LOCAL SERVICE","NETWORK SERVICE") 10. Query to identify abnormal user activity: sourcetype=access \* action=purchase | stats count by clientip, user | where count > 50 11. Query to identify potential DNS tunneling activity: sourcetype=dns | rex field=answer "data\"\s\*:\s\*\"(?<data>[^\"]+)\"" | eval data length=len(data) | where data length > 32 AND (data length % 4) == 0 12. Query to identify suspicious PowerShell activity: sourcetype="WinEventLog:Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell/Operational" EventCode=4103 | eval script block=mvindex(Message,3) | search script \_block="\*Start-Process\*" 13. Query to identify unusual file access: sourcetype=access \* action=file delete OR action=file rename stats count by user | where count > 10 14. Query to identify network port scans: sourcetype=network traffic stats count by src ip, dest port | where count > 100 15. Query to identify suspicious email activity: sourcetype=email | search "phishing" OR "malware" OR "suspicious link" 16. Query to identify potential data exfiltration: sourcetype=access\_\* action=file\_download

| where count > 10

stats count by user, dest\_ip, dest\_port

## 17. Query to identify failed VPN attempts:

sourcetype=access \* VPN AND action="failure"

## 18. Query to identify successful VPN attempts:

sourcetype=access \* VPN AND action="success"

## 19. Query to identify successful login attempts from new or unknown IP addresses:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=login
| stats count by user, src_ip
| where count=1
```

## 20. Query to identify potential SQL injection attempts:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST
| rex field=_raw "SELECT\s+(?<query>[^;]+)"
| eval query_length=length(query)
| where query_length > 50 AND query_length < 100</pre>
```

## 21. Query to identify unusual file extensions:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=file_upload
| rex field=file_path ".*\.(?<extension>[^\.]+)"
| stats count by extension
| where count > 10
```

### 22. Query to identify potential phishing attacks:

```
sourcetype=email | search "password" OR "reset" OR "verify" OR "login"
```

### 23. Query to identify traffic to known malicious IP addresses:

sourcetype=network\_traffic dest\_ip=malicious\_ip

## 24. Query to identify unusual login times:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=login
| eval hour=strftime(_time,"%H")
| stats count by user, hour
| where count < 3</pre>
```

### 25. Query to identify privilege escalation attempts on Linux systems:

```
sourcetype=linux_secure "sudo:"
| where user!="root" AND user!=""
```

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### 26. Query to identify potential brute force attacks against a specific user:

```
sourcetype=access_* user=username AND action=failure
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 5
```

## 27. Query to identify unusual DNS requests:

```
sourcetype=dns
| stats count by query
| where count > 10
```

## 28. Query to identify potential spear-phishing attempts:

```
sourcetype=email | search "CEO" OR "CFO" OR "Finance" OR "Accounting" OR "Payment"
```

## 29. Query to identify potential malware infections:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=file_download
| rex field=file_path ".*\.(?<extension>[^\.]+)"
| search extension="exe" OR extension="dll"
```

## 30. Query to identify unusual user activity:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=purchase
| stats count by user
| where count > 100
```

### 31. Query to identify potential DDoS attacks:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic
| stats sum(bytes) as total_bytes by src_ip
| where total_bytes > 100000000
```

### 32. Query to identify potential ransomware activity:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=file_delete
| rex field=file_path ".*\.(?<extension>[^\.]+)"
| search extension="encrypted" OR extension="locked" OR extension="ransom"
```

## 33. Query to identify potential insider threats:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=file_upload
| stats count by user, file_path
| where count > 10
```

```
34. Query to identify successful authentication attempts from unknown IP addresses:
sourcetype=access * action=login
| stats count by src ip
| where count \geq 5 AND NOT src ip IN (192.168.0.0/16, 10.0.0.0/8)
35. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on a specific service:
sourcetype=network traffic service=ssh
| stats count by src ip
| where count >= 10
36. Query to identify successful SSH logins from unusual countries:
sourcetype=access_* action=login service=ssh
| iplocation src ip
stats count by src country
| where count > 10 AND NOT src country="United States"
37. Query to identify potential attempts to exploit known vulnerabilities:
sourcetype=access_* method=POST
| rex field= raw "(?<exploit>CVE-\d{4}-\d+)"
| stats count by exploit
| where count > 5
38. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on a specific user:
sourcetype=access * user=username AND action=failure
stats count by src ip
| where count >= 5
39. Query to identify potential man-in-the-middle attacks:
sourcetype=network traffic protocol=tcp
| stats count by dest ip
| where count > 100
40. Query to identify potential data exfiltration:
sourcetype=access * action=file upload
| stats count by user, file_path
```

| where count > 10

```
41. Query to identify potential ransomware activity on Windows systems:
sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4663
| rex field=Object Name "\\\.*\\\(?<filename>.+)"
| rex field=filename ".*\.(?<extension>[^\.]+)"
| search extension="encrypted" OR extension="locked" OR extension="ransom"
42. Query to identify unusual network traffic patterns:
sourcetype=network traffic
| stats count by dest_ip, dest_port
| where count > 100 AND NOT dest_ip="192.168.0.1"
43. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on a specific protocol:
sourcetype=network traffic protocol=http
| stats count by src ip
| where count >= 50
44. Query to identify potential account takeover attempts:
sourcetype=access_* action=login
I stats count by user
| where count > 10
45. Query to identify potential DNS tunneling activity:
sourcetype=dns
stats count by query
| where count > 5 AND NOT match(query, "\.")
46. Query to identify potential SQL injection attempts on web servers:
sourcetype=access * method=POST uri path="*.php"
| rex field= raw "SELECT\s+(?<query>[^;]+)"
| eval query length=length(query)
| where query length > 50 AND query length < 100
47. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on a specific domain:
sourcetype=access * host=example.com AND action=failure
```

| stats count by src\_ip | where count >= 10

```
48. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on a specific application:
```

```
sourcetype=access_* uri_path="/app/login" AND action=failure
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 5
```

## 49. Query to identify potential phishing attempts through email attachments:

```
sourcetype=email
| search attachment="*.exe" OR attachment="*.zip"
```

## 50. Query to identify potential exploitation attempts on vulnerable services:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic
| stats count by src_ip, dest_port
| where count > 10 AND dest_port IN (22, 3389, 1433, 3306, 8080)
```

#### 51. Query to identify potential reconnaissance activity:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=GET | stats count by uri_path | where count > 100
```

## 52. Query to identify potential cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks on web servers:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST uri_path="*.php"
| rex field=_raw "document\.write\('(?<payload>[^']+)'\)"
| search payload="<script>"
```

#### 53. Query to identify potential privilege escalation attempts:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=privilege_escalation
| stats count by user
| where count > 5
```

#### 54. Query to identify potential web application attacks:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST uri_path="*.php"
| rex field=_raw "(?<attack>sql_injection|xss|csrf)"
| stats count by attack
| where count > 5
```

## 55. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic protocol=tcp dest_port=445
| stats count by src_ip, dest_ip
| where count > 10
```

## 56. Query to identify potential unauthorized changes to critical files:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=file_write
| search file_path="*/etc/*" OR file_path="*/var/*"
```

## 57. Query to identify potential port scanning activity:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic protocol=tcp
| stats count by src_ip, dest_port
| where count > 20 AND NOT dest_port IN (22, 3389, 1433, 3306, 8080)
```

## 58. Query to identify potential malicious PowerShell activity on Windows systems:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Windows PowerShell EventCode=4104 | search (New-Object System.Net.WebClient).DownloadString OR (Invoke-WebRequest -Uri)

## 59. Query to identify potential SQL injection attempts on web servers:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST uri_path="*.php"
| rex field=_raw "SELECT\s+(?<query>[^;]+)"
| eval query_length=length(query)
| where query_length > 100 AND query_length < 200</pre>
```

## 60. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on a specific domain controller:

```
sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4625 domain_controller="DC01"
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 5
```

#### 61. Query to identify potential DDoS attacks:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic
| stats count by src_ip
| where count > 1000
```

### 62. Query to identify potential web shell activity:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=command_execution
| search (echo|print|printf)\s+(base64_decode|eval|gzinflate|str_rot13)
```

## 63. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on a specific network device:

```
sourcetype=cisco:asa
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 10
```

## 64. Query to identify potential privilege escalation attempts on Linux systems:

```
sourcetype=access_* action="sudo command" | stats count by user | where count >= 10
```

## 65. Query to identify potential DNS tunneling activity:

```
sourcetype=dns $$ | rex field=_raw "\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}.\d{1,3}#(?<query>.+)\s+\(\d+\)\s+type: (?<type>.+)\s+class: (?<class>.+)\s+[\d\s]+flags: (?<flags>.+)\s+;[\s\s]+response:\s+no error" | search type="A" AND class="IN" AND flags="rd" | search type="A" AND class="IN" AND class="IN" AND class="IN" AND class="IN" AND class="rd" | search type="A" AND class="IN" AND c
```

#### 66. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using RDP:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4624 OR EventCode=4625 | search Logon\_Type=10

## 67. Query to identify potential command and control (C2) traffic:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic
| stats count by dest_ip
| where count > 500 AND NOT dest_ip IN (192.168.0.0/16, 10.0.0.0/8)
```

## 68. Query to identify potential PowerShell Empire activity:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Windows PowerShell | search (powershell.exe -nop -w hidden -ep bypass -c)|(iex(new-object net.webclient).downloadstring)

#### 69. Query to identify potential ransomware activity:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=file_write
| search file_path="*.crypt" OR file_path="*.locky"
```

## 70. Query to identify potential malicious traffic from a specific IP address:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic src_ip=10.1.1.1
| stats count by dest_ip
| where count > 10
```

## 71. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on web applications:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST uri_path="*.php"
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 50
```

### 72. Query to identify potential unauthorized access attempts to sensitive files:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=file_read
| search file_path="*/etc/shadow" OR file_path="*/etc/passwd"
```

## 73. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using SMB:

```
sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=5140
| search Object Name="*\\ADMIN$" OR Object Name="*\\C$"
```

## 74. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on SSH servers:

```
sourcetype=linux_secure action=invalid
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 10
```

## 75. Query to identify potential phishing attacks:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST uri_path="*.php"
| search form_action="http://www.evilsite.com/login.php" AND (input_password=* OR input_password=*)
```

## 76. Query to identify potential command injection attempts on web servers:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST uri_path="*.php"
| rex field=_raw "(?<command>cat|Is|dir)\s+(?<argument>[^;]+)"
| where isnotnull(command) AND isnotnull(argument)
```

## 77. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using WinRM:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Microsoft-Windows-WinRM/Operational EventCode=146 | search "winrs: client" AND "is starting a command" AND NOT user="NETWORK SERVICE" AND NOT user="LocalSystem"

## 78. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on FTP servers:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST uri_path="*/wp-login.php"
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 20
```

## 79. Query to identify potential privilege escalation attempts on Windows systems:

```
sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4688
| search (New_Process_Name="*\\runas.exe" OR New_Process_Name="*\\psexec.exe") AND NOT User="SYSTEM"
```

## 80. Query to identify potential beaconing activity from a compromised host:

```
sourcetype=network_traffic src_ip=10.1.1.1
| stats count by dest_port
| where count > 1000
```

## 81. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on SSH servers (failed login attempts):

```
sourcetype=linux_secure action=failed
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 10
```

## 82. Query to identify potential data exfiltration attempts over HTTP:

```
sourcetype=access_* action=file_download | search uri_path="*.zip" OR uri_path="*.tgz" OR uri_path="*.tgz" OR uri_path="*.tgz"
```

## 83. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using WMI:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=5861 | search (Operation="ExecQuery" AND QueryLanguage="WQL") OR (Operation="MethodCall" AND NOT MethodName="GetSecurityDescriptor" AND NOT MethodName="SetSecurityDescriptor")

## 84. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on MSSQL servers:

```
sourcetype=mssql_access action=failed
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 10
```

## 85. Query to identify potential privilege escalation attempts using PowerShell:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Microsoft-Windows-PowerShell/Operational EventCode=400 | search "PowerShell pipeline execution details" AND NOT "UserPrincipalName=SYSTEM@\*" AND NOT "UserPrincipalName=NETWORK SERVICE@\*"

## 86. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on email accounts:

```
sourcetype=exchangeps
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 10
```

### 87. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using RDP (successful logins):

```
sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4624 | search Logon Type=10
```

Nikhil Sharma

### 88. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on MSSQL servers (successful logins):

sourcetype=mssql\_access action=success
| stats count by src\_ip
| where count >= 10

## 89. Query to identify potential data exfiltration attempts over FTP:

sourcetype=access\_\* action=file\_upload
| search uri\_path="\*/ftp" OR uri\_path="\*/sftp"

## 90. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using SMB (successful connections):

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=5140
| search Object\_Name="\*\\ADMIN\$" OR Object\_Name="\*\\C\$"

## 91. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on RDP:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4625 | search Logon Type=10 AND Status="0xC000006D"

## 92. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on web applications:

sourcetype=access\_\* method=POST
| stats count by src\_ip, uri\_path
| where count >= 100

#### 93. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using Remote Registry Service:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4663 | search Object\_Name="\*\\REGISTRY\\MACHINE\\SOFTWARE" AND NOT User="SYSTEM" AND NOT User="NETWORK SERVICE" AND NOT User="LOCAL SERVICE"

# 94. Query to identify potential privilege escalation attempts on Linux systems (sudo usage):

sourcetype=linux\_secure "sudo:"

## 95. Query to identify potential data exfiltration attempts over DNS:

sourcetype=dns

| search query\_type=A AND query !="\*.google.com" AND query !="\*.facebook.com" AND query !="\*.twitter.com" AND query !="\*.microsoft.com"

# 96. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using SMB (failed connections):

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=5152 | search Object Name="\*\\ADMIN\$" OR Object Name="\*\\C\$" AND Status="0xC000006D"

## 97. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on MSSQL servers (failed logins):

sourcetype=mssql\_access action=failed
| stats count by src\_ip
| where count >= 10

## 98. Query to identify potential data exfiltration attempts over SMTP:

sourcetype=smtp action=send\_message | search recipient!="\*@gmail.com" AND recipient!="\*@yahoo.com" AND recipient!="\*@aol.com"

## 99. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using NetBIOS:

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=5719

| search "No Domain Controller is available" OR "This computer was not able to set up a secure session with a domain controller"

## 100. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on Telnet servers:

sourcetype=access\_\* method=POST uri\_path="\*/telnet"
| stats count by src\_ip
| where count >= 10

## 101. Query to identify potential data exfiltration attempts over FTP:

sourcetype=ftp action=putfile
| stats count by src\_ip
| where count >= 10

## 102. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using WMI (failed connections):

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=5605
| search Object\_Name="\*\\ROOT\\CIMV2" AND NOT User="SYSTEM"

#### 103. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on SSH servers:

```
sourcetype=access_* method=POST uri_path="*/ssh"
| stats count by src_ip
| where count >= 10
```

104. Query to identify potential privilege escalation attempts on Windows systems (services configuration changes):

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4697 OR EventCode=7045 | search Image\_Path="\*\\System32\\\*" AND NOT User="SYSTEM"

105. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on SNMP:

sourcetype=snmptrap
| stats count by src\_ip
| where count >= 10

106. Query to identify potential data exfiltration attempts over HTTP:

sourcetype=access\_\* method=POST uri\_path="/upload"
| stats count by src\_ip
| where count >= 10

107. Query to identify potential lateral movement attempts using DCOM (failed connections):

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=10009 | search "DCOM was unable to communicate with the computer" AND NOT User="SYSTEM"

108. Query to identify potential brute force attacks on MySQL servers:

sourcetype=mysql\_access action=failed
| stats count by src\_ip
| where count >= 10

109. Query to identify potential privilege escalation attempts on Windows systems (scheduled tasks creation):

sourcetype=WinEventLog:Security EventCode=4698 | search "Task Scheduler service found a misconfiguration" AND NOT User="SYSTEM"

110. Query to identify potential data exfiltration attempts over HTTPS:

sourcetype=ssl method=POST
| stats count by src\_ip, dest\_ip
| where count >= 10